Dictionary of Occult, Hermetic and Alchemical Sigils

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Antiquissimi Sapientes, quos Graeco sermone Philosophos appellamus, si quae naturae vel artis reperissent arcana, ne in pravorum notitiam devenirent, variis modis atque figuris occultabant.

When the wise men of old (whom we call in the Greek tongue 'Philosophers') found any arcana, any hidden things, either of a natural kind, or resulting from the activities of man, they were accustomed to hide these in various ways and with the aid of figures. They did this in order that these might not be understood by the wrong kind of people.

CROLLIUS, De Signaturis, seu vera et viva Anatomia Majoris et Minoris Mundi, 16,12.

Introduction

THE TEXT OF THIS DICTIONARY has been designed as a reference, guide and source-book for those involved in general occult studies. Towards this end it presents, under 1,500 headings, the meanings of over 9,000 sigils which appear in European alchemical, astrological, geomantic and related hermetic sources, along with a unique graphic index by means of which the majority of such sigils may be identified.

Before setting out the scope, plan and practical considerations relating to this dictionary, it might be as well for me to explain why I have chosen the relatively rare word sigil to designate the graphic forms dealt with in the text, when the layman might well be tempted to use such words as symbols, signs or even glyphs.

The word symbol is not sufficiently specialised for my purpose, since it carries a literary as well as an iconographic connotation. In a sense, anything may be a symbol of anything else, provided that an analogy is drawn, or some explanation for the symbolising given. Thus, the mediaeval bestiary could take the apparently absurd symbol of the vulture as representative of the Virgin Mary, simply because it was currently believed that a vulture brought forth its young parthenogenetically. Without a literary explanation, tacit or otherwise, alongside such a symbol, then the meaning would be obscure, and is the example given if not heretical, then at least obscene. Only very rarely does a literary explanation stand between the sigils and their 'meanings', and even then only in the various 'graphic systems' (see for example the entry under ORIGIN), for which adequate bibliographic reference is given

within the entry. For example, the curious sigil 'Wy is one of the forms for VIRGO, and has been accorded a certain literary tradition which links it with the Virgin Mary: in the entry I have made reference to this possible graphic etymology, from the initials MV (Maria Virgo). even though in my opinion this etymology is entirely fanciful. The point here is that the 'vulture' symbol requires literary explanation, the sigil for Virgo does not, though such an explanation may throw light on its origin or purpose as a sigil.

The word sign has a very wide application, ranging from gestures and tokens made by the body, to a whole battery of devices designed for the purpose of communication. As a word, therefore, it has connotation far boyond the special sense of 'occult' or 'graphic' which I certainly wish to imply within this dictionary. Additionally, the word sign in this general sense may be easily confused with the word in its special astrological application: the sign of the zodiac is one of the twelve divisions of the ecliptic band, and not, as is sometimes erroneously supposed, the 'graphic symbol' used to denote one of these zodiacal divisions. Thus, the arc of thirty degrees (tropical) between Cancer and Virgo is the sign of the zodiac LEO: a picture of a lion may well be intended to be a symbol of this zodiacal Leo, but the graphic form of a actually the sigil for Leo.

The word glyph is sometimes used in occult contexts, but in its proper application it should be restricted to sculpture and architecture, for it is supposed to refer to symbols appearing in relief work. In the nineteenth century a number of words were derived from 'glyph' relating to the relief processes in the printing industry; perhaps this alone should provide grounds for rejecting the word from the present context. There is no doubt that certain glyphs have become sigils - this is true of many occult sigils derived from the Egyptian hieroglyphics. For example, the hieroglyph ANKE and its component RU, undoubtedly both glyphic in origin, are now frequently used as sigils in their common forms and \bigcirc

These general observations may indicate why I have felt compelled to adopt the word sigil in the face of apparent competition from other words.

In fact, its very derivation, from the late Latin sigillum, encourages its use within an occult context, for this word appears frequently in mediaeval magical contexts, and has even been used specifically for certain astrological symbols and devices which were supposed to be amuletic in power. Further, the word in the eighteenth century did carry the specialised meaning of 'a small image'. Since most of the graphic forms in this dictionary are to some extent amuletic - that is, charged with power - and many are 'small images' of cosmic processes, and in almost every case linked with the occult, then the word sigil connotes very well the field to which I have restricted myself here.

Having explained the key word of the title for this dictionary, I must now deal with its intended readership. I have designed the text in such a way that it will be valuable to both specialists and general workers in fields directly or peripherally related to occultism. In particular, it is intended for those whose research brings them into contact with occult or hermetic texts, ancient or modern - for historians of the occult, for astrologers, for those interested in the 'history of ideas', for art students and art historians.

The book needs no justification so far as historians of the occult are concerned: without doubt there is a great need for such a work as this. I cannot pretend that the specialist will meet with many sigils from his own field with which he is not already familiar, but one may be certain that he will find in the dictionary some indication of how the sigils familiar to him were seen and interpreted in related fields outside his own specialisation. This much is guaranteed simply because I have endeavoured to use the sigils recorded by specialists in a wide range of occult and hermetic areas. A specialist in alchemical fields cannot avoid having some passing acquaintance with astrological sigils, for example, but it is unlikely that the full wealth of astrological sigils will have been appreciated by such a specialist. Again, a specialist in astrology, or the history of astrology, may well be surprised to discover the extent to which the development of astrological sigils has been bound up with the prevailing religious and occult notions concerning the nature of symbolism. Such ideas as these are intimated in the bibliographic

sources given alongside the presentation of the sigils.

Practical astrologers are, by the very nature of their subject, required to have some knowledge of the history of their art, and to be aware of something of the 'graphic theory' underlying the sigils they use. This dictionary will be of great value to such individuals, for it will reveal something of the variety and wealth of astrological sigils and of related graphic theories of symbolism. At the same time, this text may offer a serious challenge to the superficial 'histories of astrology' and 'histories of the occult' which, under different authorship and title, but with much the same moribund content, appear each year with depressing regularity. These sigils, and the sources from which they are abstracted, indicate that the history of astrology and the occult is not at all what the superficial historians suppose. Those who would wish to combat this nonsense could do no better than commence with a study of certain of the source-book material given in support of the sigil forms presented here. I know from experience that it is difficult to be a practical astrologer, or interested in the history of the subject, without becoming fascinated by the inner meanings of the sigils, which speak a language at once arcane and cosmic, reminding one of the definition of a symbol given by HAASE 1975 as 'essentially purposive... it points to some Higher Order for whose characteristics it is a kind of abbreviation'. The bibliographic sources give more often than not hints and guesses at the 'Higher Order', at the inner meaning, though in this field, perhaps more than any other, one must have the eyes to see, and the mind to understand.

Those individuals who find themselves interested in what is nowadays called 'the history of ideas', but which in earlier days was called merely 'history' (on the fair assumption that men were motivated precisely by ideas, and not merely by 'social' or 'economic' pressures), cannot fail to find this dictionary useful, for underlying many of the sigils one finds traces of an ancient wisdom, expressed in a graphic precision which is surprising. Additionally, the lines of thought expressed in the combinations of sigils and bibliographic reference will provide a fertile ground for further research into the history of ideas,

albeit ideas in graphic forms. A useful history of the influence of graphic expression has still to be written, and it would be encouraging to think that the indications set out in this dictionary might contribute to such a work. The study of occult sigils often has the effect of pulling together certain literary themes with the artistic expression associated with them. For example, the influence of John Dee's curious MONAD 堂 on subsequent graphic theory is considerable, and a grasp of the Englishman's influence on Boehme's use of sigils, so ably studied by FREHER 1717, and introduced to modern scholarship by MUSES 1951, might indicate to the historian lines of thought by which the ideas and painterly expression of William Blake might be approached in a new and valid way. Several of the ideas relating to secret and heretical influences in the history of art set out in GETTINGS 1978 took their origin from a study of sigils - notably the discoveries relating to the Taurean-Piscean symbolism in that remarkable basilican church of San Miniato al Monte, in Florence, and the curious use of the dual sigils O) and C in the Rosicrucian symbolism of St. Pierre, in Such examples could easily be multiplied - especially in regard to mediaeval and Remaissance works of art.

Such an observation reminds us that art students, and especially those fine art students who find themselves interested in arcane matters — a most common thing in the modern climate — will find this collection of sigils a stimulating source for research and experiment. I need hardly say that students of graphics have for a long time been in need of such a book in order that they might grasp something of the rich graphic tradition which underlies the history of their subject, and even modern symbolism. Not only the sigils themselves, but also the supporting bibliography — especially those titles which deal with graphic theories — will provide stimulus for further research, and perhaps contribute further to the development of a graphic theory of forms.

The general historian requires a dictionary such as this for reasons which scarcely require discussion - the book is designed precisely to aid in the deciphering and amplification of obscure historical documents. The art historian is, perhaps unwittingly, desperately in need of a book

of this nature, for many of the apparently meaningless scrawls, symbols and decorative motives in mediaeval works of art, costume decorations and so on are in fact occult sigils, intended to encapsulate meaning, and now require precise identification. The structure of this dictionary provides at least a preliminary statement of the kind of systematic work which may be done in this and related fields. It is becoming increasingly obvious to some historians that the development of art is itself the history of the injection of powerful ideas from hidden and sometimes unidentifiable sources at important moments in history. For example, at the one extreme of our European culture, we see the dependence of art not only on the banking systems developed by the Medici, but also on the occult ideas which this family encouraged in secret, and which fed the development of Renaissance art to a freedom of human expression rooted in an occultism which only the Council of Trent was able to deflect. PANOFSKY 1967 has hinted at such roots of occultism in our culture, in much the same vein as WIND 1958; in a more occult setting, COLLIN 1954 has touched upon the similar occult influences in other contexts. the other extreme, in modern times we find RINGBOM 1970 indicating the dependence of modern art on the works of such esoteric and occult lines of thought as Theosophy and Anthroposophy. My own study of related themes, in GETTINGS 1978, presents a bird's eye view of this relationship between certain occult themes and heretical praxes and the history of art. With such a historical situation revealing itself, we need no justification for attempting a preliminary survey of the occult sigils used by secret schools and individual occultists.

So far as I am aware, this is the first attempt to collect together under one heading, and with an index guide, so large a number of occult sigils. The two books which have to some extent served a similar function as the present one are altogether limited in scope, and do not even pretend to the advantages of this dictionary. The work of SOMMERHOFF 1701, which so obviously influenced profoundly the more easily available GESSMANN 1906, is restricted to alchemical sigils, and in this realm is indispensable, not merely in the very number of sigils which are presented, but also in the breadth of definition offered.

Excellent as it is, the book is largely unavailable, and is in any case intended for specialist alchemists and for a medical profession which is defunct. The work of SHEPHERD 1971 touches upon the occult field only in the most perfunctory manner, the intention being to provide a worthwhile reference within a modern context of signs and symbols; the occulta which he does record from cabbalistic and hermetic sources are sparse, and give no useful source. For example, SHEPHERD 1971 gives the sigil \sqrt{f} for the zodiacal sign Capricorn, which is all well and good so far as it goes: my own entry under CAPRICORN lists no fewer than eighty different sigils, alongside bibliographic sources.

Perhaps it would be appropriate to give some indication of how this dictionary was compiled, and an idea of its underlying structure. The work was constructed by the relatively simple, if somewhat tedious and laborious, process of examining and collating a large number of previous compilations which relate occult sigils to particular meanings. The work was rounded off by a thorough survey of the most important texts in which occult theories of symbolism and graphic forms were discussed. The resultant collection of sigils, and their simplified meanings, were then collated, assorted, creamed for utility, and then arranged in alphabetical order, according to meaning, and set out in the form presented in this dictionary. With a vast consumption of index cards, a special graphic index was evolved to facilitate the identification of individual sigils. This important contribution to the dictionary is explained on page 323,

The structure of the main body of the dictionary is that of an alphabetical listing, in which the greater number of some 9,000 sigils have been classified under about 1,500 headings. Each entry is accorded a neading, a hanging indent in capitals, followed by an abbreviated class list, and a reference which contains at least one bibliographic source from just over 300 titles, indicating the provenance of the sigil recorded in the entry. In many cases, the entry includes also a brief note intended as a guide towards a deeper insight into the meaning of the sigil.

Within the dictionary I have included a selection of the more important secret alphabets. All of these are probably too well known to any

longer merit the title 'secret', yet their presence in all standard occult works, and their virtually unrecognized survival in certain paintings of an esoteric intent, requires that they at least be touched upon as pertinent to the theme. My aim has been to record the best known of the scripts, and, by virtue of the explicit bibliography of sources, to point the reader to other alphabets, should his interest lead him on to further Although I include only about 50 actual alphabets within the body of this work, I accumulated in my researches over 300 which I originally considered worthy of inclusion, and yet, when it came to the business of setting these down, it seemed merely an offence to the patience of the reader, and carried too far into a relatively obscure The short account of the two basic classes of European specialisation. scripts - the HEBRAIC SCRIPT and SECRET SCRIPTS - will at least serve as a sort of introduction to this fascinating field, and obviates any claboration bere.

Not only was it not advisable for me to deal with all known secret alphabets, but also it proved impossible to deal thoroughly with each individual script. Generally I have chosen one sample alphabet, even though in almost every case several variants are known to exist. For example, the entry on RUNES is as long and thorough as space permits, yet I did not even touch upon the derivative secret scripts, or the eryptographic use of runes - hence, I make no mention of the tent runes or the branch runes, which a thorough treatment would have to include. Equally, I have not included the numerous 'code' or Temuric alphabets, such as the atbash, in which the first letter of the alphabet is substituted for the last letter, the second for the penultimate, and so on, or the common Albam or Avgad, based on letter substitutions. Such systems, whilst quite certainly used in secret writings, and on magical amulets, are only distantly related to occult symbolism. On similar grounds I have not included any of the cryptic writings connected with Gematría, a system of word exchange based on numerical values, nor the traditional Notarikon, based on the abbreviation of words to the initials of those words (and sometimes to the final letters of those words) giving rise to puzzling secret scripts.

The main body of this dictionary, comprising the alphabetical entries, is designed to compress a large amount of useful information into a small space, and towards this end each entry follows a schema designed to classify and explain the individual sigils.

The hanging catchword in capitals is a heading, which generally indicates the object symbolised by the sigil, rather than the name of the sigil itself. Wherever possible this heading is the traditional name attached to the object symbolised within the bermetic source from which it was derived. In some cases, however, it has obviously been necessary for me to select or invent a name for identification, even though no indication of the precise name appeared in the source. In such cases I have simply used my own discretion. For example, the choice of the word WRATH for the sigil given by Boehme \supset might be reasonably questioned by those unfamiliar with Boehne's cosmology, yet this word catches more precisely the theosophist's high anthropomorphic vision, than would a word such as DARK or NEGATIVE, which might well be used to contrast with his sigil for that Outpouring which he calls LIGHT, and to which he gives the mirror-image sigil $\, \subset \, . \,$ I have wherever possible used one word for the heading, but this should not blind one to the Eact that all occult sigils are multilayer in meaning; for once BLAVATSKY 1877 was not being obscure when she claimed that many occult sigils are intended to be read on seven levels! probably this undoubted septembry nature of sigillic meaning which to some extent explains why I feel somewhat frustrated in the definitions I have given many of these sigils, for virtually every sigil could be the subject of at least a paragraph of explanation, and in some cases, indeed, as with such sigils as the ankh $\overset{\bullet}{+}$ the sphragis $\overset{\bullet}{+}$ or the monad $\overset{\bullet}{+}$ a whole book might well be usefully written. The format of the book has determined that the meaning of each sigil be dealt with mainly by providing a reference - by setting the sigil in an available context with the result that many of the multilayer connotations and dynamic speculations implicit within the sigillic form have been ignored. some cases I have even had to ignore some of the more important bibliographic scurces for such ideas, in order to avoid perplexing the

reader with too much complexity of supportive explanation. For example, it would have been possible to present a deeply esoteric explanation for the analysis in STEINER 1906 for the sigil for CANCER to the activity of the soul, and revealing the duality of the sigil as expressive of a corresponding duality within the soul, involved with the power of the soul to construct the physical body. No justice may be done in brief to STEINER 1906, and indeed a thorough treatment of the idea behind his explanation would take us into a literature as ancient as Porphyry, as modern as Goethe. In such cases I have restrained myself, and have substituted in the place of prolix explanation and bibliographic reference a set of more 'accessible' explanations, in the hope that the more bibliographic reference will induce the reader to further research. This does not mean, of course, that the deeply esoteric has been entirely expunded but it does mean that the esoteric is merely hinted at, in order to avoid obfuscation. The attendant limitations of explanation are to be experienced especially in connexion with the sigils from the hermetic Rosicrucian stream, and in the explanation of sigils derived from such authors as Boehme and Blavatsky, in which cases my entries are in almost every case virtually apologetic thumb-nail sketches of profoundly significant occult vision.

Arising from this endemic complexity of the occult tradition has been my doubt, in some cases, as to how the sigils should be named. This is a problem which is especially prevalent in the alchemical sections, for it is in this field that the nomenclature is especially rich. For example, the encyclopaedic work of SOMMERHOFF 1701 lists no fewer than 40 different names for SAL AMMONTAC, and even more for SULPHUR, and yet I was reduced to presenting such material under one heading. The impossibility of doing this sensibly in every case has resulted in a degree of duplication of sigils, and the provision of entries which might be taken - by those involved in exoteric studies, at least - as the same substance or conception. Needless to say, I have attempted to avoid the complex cross-referencing to which this 'endemic complexity' leads, and wherever possible I have used the most well-known traditional name.

Immediately after each heading, the entry is prefaced by an

abbreviation for the class list, the group of hermetic studies in which the sigil is most commonly found. These abbreviations are:

Alc. Alchemical

Ast. Astrological

Geo. Geomantic

Mag. Magical

Occ. Occult

Pal. Palmistic

Rel. Religious

Naturally, it will be found that there is considerable overlapping of boundaries, especially among the sigils used in the astrological and alchemical contexts. I have tried to avoid confusion, and yet have attempted at the same time to be fairly comprehensive, by using a system of cross-reference. For example, the astrological JUPITER is referred to the alchemical TIN, and the two entries constructed separately, even though it is understood that the two groups of sigils are frequently interchangeable.

The Alchemical group includes by far the greatest number of sigils, mainly because for almost two thousand years there has been a tradition of listing sigils and their names, and many such lists have survived. In order to avoid prolixity, and the mere recording of sigils for the sake of recording, I have restricted myself largely to compiling these entries from some twenty or so books and manuscripts which I myself regard as the best keys to the sigils. Additionally, I have exercised my own discretion as to which sigils to include, rejecting all the dubious ones, and those without clear or agreed meanings. This explains why I have in some cases suppressed cortain of the meanings from the sigils given in such sources as THESAURUS 14C, for example, since a few of these are illegible or dubious as copies; it explains also why I have not recorded some of the sigils in the invaluable GESSMANN 1906, since certain of the meanings recorded - and indeed, certain of the sigils - are questionable. I have in almost every case restricted myself to reproducing the sigils which have entered in the Western tradition, which has of course meant that many useful lists have been rejected. This explains why the lists of Greek sigils preserved so thoroughly by ZURETTI 1932 have not been

incorporated to any extent into my text, whilst the other, less denerous lists, from such sources as BERTHELOT 1885 have been included. Equally, the vast numbers of Arabic, Egyptian and Syrian sigils which may be found in manuscripts and in specialist articles, have not been included, save those which are (perhaps) interesting from the point of view of graphic etymology, and the forms relating to astrology, given by such authors as LUEDY 1928, within a larger study of symbolism. In view of this it might surprise the reader to find so many sigils which have been preserved from the Hebraic tradition, yet here I would argue that many of these sigillic forms have found their way - albeit unrecognized - into the mainstream symbolism of mediaeval and Remaissance art. Many of the 'decorations' and apparently meaningless 'doodles' on the hems of the Saints' clothing in such works of art are in fact derived from the orient and from the Hebraic, in an 'arabism' which would have shocked many mediaeval artists, had they recognised their sources! Many of these sigils are obviously derived from secret alphabets (which is one reason why I have included such textual scripts within the present work), other are more perplexing, being both difficult to track down and interpret, even when found alongside forms more easily identifiable - as for example along the Madonna's hea in Raphael's Ansidoi Madonna in the National Gallery, London, only one of which is immediately recognisable as being from the astrological or alchemical tradition: 🖯 💥 💢 🛱 the standard sigil for PISCES JC which is of course extremely significant within the context of the secret structure and symbolism of this painting. On the other hand, fascinating sigils for Which I was able to determine a meaning from a separate text which was not itself a Western form, led to difficulties.

The Astrological entries have received a more thorough 'graphic etymological' treatment than the others. This has been possible simply because extant documentation permits a clearer picture of the development of these sigils to be constructed. Surprisingly, these astrological sigils reveal graphic etymologies which confound the more popular theories concerning their forms. I have avoided recording the more irresponsible

and imaginative 'graphic etymologies' which have been accorded many of the astrological sigils, yet at the same time I have attempted to give some indication of the common idea underlying a particular form by recording the popular etymology, even in those cases where I know this Thus, I have avoided mentioning the imaginative got to be accurate. interpretations of SUCHER 1971, and yet have recorded the antiquated suggestions of AGRIPPA 1510, and even the modern 'rationales' by such astrologers as HONE 1951. Inevitably, in view of the close tie which used to exist between astrology and astronomy, one or two of the sigils recorded for astrology are still in use in astronomical circles. tried, however, to avoid recording the large number of abbreviations, symbols and short-forms which are used in modern astronomy, except of course when these are found also in hermetic sources. Needless to say, I have refrained from including the astrological sigils accorded highly specialist meanings in the various sequences of the secret alphabets which include astrological forms; even so, in one or two cases I have found it necessary to refer to certain of these, for the sake of clarity, as for example in the entry for ASCENDANT. In a few cases, especially where the astrological bordered on the purely occult areas, a number of sigils are known to me which I have not been able to include in the present work simply because they are not drawn or reproduced alongside literary explanations. One of the most interesting of such sigils is that found on the sword blade in the hand of Michael in Piero della Francesca's famous painting in the National Gallery, London: So far as I know, this sigil has no attestation, yet it is extremely important as a symbol in that it is found frequently in Michaelic imagery. Now, whilst this sigil is not (so far as I am aware) discussed in any of the books on symbolism, it is quite clearly linked with the concept of Michael as the leader of the seven so-called Archangels (in fact, in Trithemian lore, the Secundadeis) which came into Western occultism from the Arabs, by way of Peter of Abano. It is, furthermore, a sigil actually described in extant literature, for the SOHAR SHEMOTH refers to 'Six luminosities' (which) form a circle, surrounding a seventh Luminosity in the centre', a description which is precisely reflected in the Michaelic sigil. This

sigil is linked with many occult ideas — with the concept of the QUINTESSENCE (in that the outer circle is the basis for the hexagrammic sigil of the ELEMENTS: XX) and it would be no difficult matter to link the sigil, via TRITHENIUS 1522, with the 'Seven Ages' or periodicities, and indeed with many other septenaries. Such sigils I could not properly include within this Dictionary, in spite of their intrinsic interest to me, and their undoubted importance within the esoteric tradition.

The Geomantic section refers exclusively to the correct use of the word, and not to anything suggested by the modern popular misuse. Geomancy properly relates to the art of contacting spirits by means of earths. stones and minerals, usually in order to predict the future. so-called 'geomancy' associated with ley-line studies, which are so popular, and so misunderstood, today, is merely an example of the wrongful annexing of an ancient word which had already a specific connotation and denotation. The misuse, which is daily on the increase, very probably arose because those who developed the various ley-line theories were unfamiliar with the deeper occult tradition, and certainly unfamiliar with spiritoid prediction. The misuse was thoroughly compounded by a common failing among nineteenth-century sinologists in translating the Chinese term feng shui, a system distantly related to the modern telluric studies of ley-lines, quite wrongly as 'geomancy'. The traditional geomency of Western occultism is a predictive art, involved with contacting spirit agencies, and it is in this sense that the entries are included in this text.

The Magical entries are limited almost exclusively to the more common of the numerous sigils apportioned to the vast hordes of demons. This list is short within the present text because I have felt it necessary to limit demonic activity, for fear it would possess entirely the book. My aim has been to record only the most interesting sigils, and then only those for the more infamous demons. I have limited the choice strictly to those which are simple in form. A glance through the hundreds of demon sigils in any common grimoire or specialist text - for example, SCHEIBLE 1848 - will indicate something of the temptations of complexity and inutility which I have managed to resist:

are two examples of sigils for MEPRISTOPHIEL which I did not record from the many supplied by SCHEIBLE 1848. Within this magical section I have avoided also recording protective sigils, such as tallsmans used to ward off the evil eye, and those designed to attract beneficent forces or spirits. The majority of these sigils are the equivalent of emotional doodles, with none of the cosmic significance of true occult sigils. They are best left in oblivion, and in any case usually legitimately exclude themselves from the present context simply because they do not express a clear meaning. An exception to this veto is the inclusion of many early Christian sigils (especially those presented so ably by TESTA 1962) which were originally either occult or esoteric, and were later quietly appropriated for magical and talismanic use.

The Occult entries include those sigils which do not fall easily into any of the other categories, and which still express occult ideas, if only by virtue of being involved with a graphic system of occult thought or symbolism. Such consideration underlies the reason why the entry under CROSS is marked Occ. rather than Rel., for it is precisely the occult context which is of interest to us, rather than the traditional religious view. It may be found that within this general Occult series I have had to exercise more fully than in other sections my prerogative to provide verbal equivalents for sigils which were not given names by their originators or recorders. I have tried to mitigate the effects of this by providing useful cross-reference.

The Palmistry section is admittedly the shortest, and the sigils within it might well have been swallowed up by the Occult heading, save for the fact that Palmistry is not strictly speaking an occult study, even though the symbols and sigils used in the chirognomical and chiromantic traditions are derived from occult sources.

The Religious entries are restricted exclusively to those sigils which are linked with the occult stream in general, or with the hermetic stream of esoteric Christianity in particular. In making choice of sigils from

the vast number available, I have had to exercise my own judgement, without giving specific reasons for particular inclusions. For example, when I record the ancient sigil given by BOCK 1931 as symbolic of CHRIST, from a glyph recorded in the tomb of Domitilla \mathcal{L} , I chose the sigil because of its connexion with the Piscean imagery attached to Christ (see GETTINGS 1978), and because it combines solar imagery, as well as the cross, integrated within the more obvious image of an anchor. The neighbouring glyphs in this same source could hardly be taken as symbolic of Christ in that there is no supporting evidence - they are no doubt esoteric glyphs, and whilst one may make an informed guess at their meaning, one does not actually know what they mean. It would not have been possible to discuss in detail all such choices and rejections in the construction of this book. One may take it that if a common symbol which has found its way into a sigil form is not included in the text, then there may be serious doubts as to the meaning ascribed to it. This certainly explains why I have rejected so many of the sigils in such a work as VERARDI 1972, for many of these, is spite of being accorded an esoteric meaning in connexion with the trulli art of Alberobello, really belong to the exoteric tradition, and in most cases permit quite other interpretations to those given by VERARDI 1972.

Following the class abbreviation is the actual entry which, without exception, gives a bibliographic reference to the list of literary sources set out on page 293ff. This reference consists of a word and date. The word is either the name of the author or a keyword taken from the title of the work, chosen in order to provide a distinctive reference; the date is the date of publication (not always the first edition), or the century of compilation. This date is not in itself intended to indicate the antiquity of the sigil given in the reference, but merely designates an accessible source as a starting point for further research. This explains why certain of the astrological forms, though Graeco-Byzantine, are recorded by the modern references such as BERTHELOT 1685 or NEUGEBAUER 1959.

This bibliographic reference is provided also as a source-list for those who wish to pursue more deeply the levels of meaning ascribed to

particular sigils, or revealed in various graphic etymologies. This of course means that the bibliography has been limited to those texts which record specifically the sigils, as well as give an explanation or account of their denotation or meaning. This explains why, for example, I have chosen to quote BLAVATSKY 1888 in connexion with the CROSS symbolism without mention of the important RAGON 1853 (the source upon which BLAVATSKY 1888 leaned), simply because no sigils are given by RAGON 1853. For similar reasons neither BURCKHARDT 1958 nor GUENON 1975, both of whom deal excellently with the symbolism of the cross, are mentioned in the entry.

Since I have determined to include material from texts which give both a sigil and an explanation for the sigil, I have in some cases omitted some sigils simply because no graphic form was recorded in the sources where the sigils themselves were described, and their meanings given. For example, if merely the literary traditions had been my concern, then it would have been possible to give the sigil XX under the entry for ETHERIC, for there exist descriptions of such a sigil (as a 'five-pointed star') in, for example, BLAVATSKY 1898, associated with the glyph which I have seen many times on ancient remains in Egypt. In its glyph form the sigil is sometimes shown with the sigil for the Sun would of course have been useful to record this solar-centred figure, for within the traditional occult cosmogenesis the etheric forces are linked directly with the sun itself (see for example WACHSMUTH 1923). Occultists are aware that this sigil symbolises the otheric body - is indeed a vestigial drawing of the human etheric body itself - and in this connexion had a profound influence on early Christian art. For example, the so-called orantes in catacomb paintings are not in fact intended to show figures in prayer, as most art historians assume, but as BOCK 1931 says, are 'representatives of the departed', being schematic drawings of the liberated etheric body. However, whilst several good occult sources do give descriptions (and indeed diagrams) of this symbolic form, I have not been able to find a graphic representation alongside a name or a meaning. For this reason I have had to omit the sigil from the text.

With all these bibliographic references there is the danger that In

simply abstracting a sigil from its context much of the complexity, and certainly its multi-layer structure, will be lost. An example of this may be found in the simple entry under SWASTIKA, the sigil said to be the oldest of all graphic symbols. The entry deals only briefly with the meaning of the sigil, yet as BLAVATSKY 1877 says, 'It is not too much to say that the compound symbolism of this universal and most suggestive of signs contains the key to the seven great mysteries of the Kosmos' - a daunting enough thought for any compiler of sigils. Thus, my bibliographic reference after SWASTIKA is intended to point to some of the occult depth within BLAVATSKY 1877, and in turn to the various bibliographic references which this author herself adduces.

The inclusion of references under the conditions set out above has of course led to the use of certain titles which might - and with good reason - be sneered at by the academic purist. For example, the highly personalised symbolism of KOCH 1930, who in fact reveals little knowledge of occult symbolism, has been included because his sigils and meanings, whatever their merit, have already entered into the bloodstream of occult symbolism. The same might be said concerning the work of CIRLOT 1962, who demonstrates little real familiarity with graphic symbolism, yet through his writings has influenced a whole generation towards a particular method of interpretation. Naturally, such imaginative constructions, whatever their intrinsic value, must be recorded in such a work as this: no good lexicographer could afford to reject a word from his dictionary simply because it is sometimes spelled wrongly, or given a silly definition! It follows from this procedure that the scholarship underlying my own researches has had to encompass all levels of academicism, ranging from the brilliance of NEUGEBAUER 1943, who has put the study of the ancient sigils on an entirely new footing, to the embarrassment of ALBERTUS 1974, who cannot spell even the English names attached to the sigils he lists, let alone the Latin.

The sigils themselves are listed chronologically by date of biblio-graphic reference, and then alphabetically within the same chronological period. In a few cases, as for example in the entry PLANETARY SYMBOLS, I have treated the entry alphabetically throughout, in order to avoid

It is evident that the date attached to the reference does confusion. not always indicate the earliest known use of a particular sigil, even though in many cases it does give some indication of the period during which the sigil was being used with a particular meaning. It is worth pointing out here that the dating of sigils - particularly occult sigils is generally a most difficult exercise. Even in those cases where it is possible to track down the provenance in a general way, a precise date is generally elusive. For example, it is possible to indicate the provenance of the modern sigil for the Sun 🔘 as being Italy (perhaps Florence) round about 1480; yet one cannot determine from available sources whence this sigil was derived for occult use. My article under SOLAR 1978 sets out some of the problems regarding this particular sigil, and this may be taken as representative of the general problem of dating sigils. problems which arise in regard to the dating of alchemical sigils is even more pronounced than with the astrological ones, for these have been copied and re-copied with more or less care from late mediaeval sources, many of which are now lost. Generally I have followed in the footsteps of GESSMANN 1906, and have merely indicated that they are 'mediaeval', even when informed guesswork would suggest that they are much older.

It may surprise the layman that even the relatively modern sigils for the signs of the zodiac and the planets are difficult to date. Whilst one may survey the development of their forms from Graeco-Byzantine sources, in most cases the modern forms did not appear until relatively late. My own view is that they were promulgated by esoteric schools - perhaps indeed by the School of Chartres and its subsidiaries - but there is, so far as I know, no certain historical records which show by whom or when such work was done. Certainly, the introduction of printing to the West had a profoundly settling effect on the forms of the sigils, if only by virtue of the fact that typefaces generally included the range of specially cut founts of astrological sigils.

This might have been a convenient point to present a commentary on the history of the theory underlying occult symbolism, which has a considerable bearing on the development of the sigils: however, the sigils themselves have left little space here for such a study, and

I must content myself with augmenting the bibliography with certain relevant works which themselves deal with the history, even though within specific and somewhat specialised scholastic areas. The development of alchemical sigillic forms has been treated with reasonable thoroughness - for example in the excellent works of CROSLAND 1962, CARBONELLI 1925 and ZURETT1 1932. On the other hand, virtually everything written around the theory of astrological symbolism does not stand the test of even the most elementary scholastic investigation - though such authors as Brouault 1664, Kriegsmann 1665, HUET 1679 (whose ideas appear to have influenced most modern writers on the subject) are worth study. theory of occultist symbolism fares only a little better, simply because those who did know (as opposed to those who pretended to know) wrote little, and usually about only a few of the sigils. Thus, the excellent work of BLAVATSKY 1888, whilst worth close study, yields few sigils, yet the relatively imaginative work of WIRTH 1927, in which he attempts to reconcile the tradition of the Hebraic and nec-Platonic Cabbalistic tradition with the alchemical tradition, with a view to throwing light on the 22 major arcana of the Tarot pack, produces many sigils, most of which are of little real value within the esoteric setting of the sigillic tradition. In the comparison evinced here, the numerates are perhaps less important than the qualities of the work involved: BLAVATSKY 1888 did know what she was writing about, whereas WIRTH 1927 did not, yet (such is the development of such things in popular occultism) it is the sigillic forms of Wirth which are now more widely spread in our culture, and even used by those who should know better.

An entry which gives more information than a mere bibliographic reference is generally intended either to throw more light on a particular sigil, or to suggest ideas for further research: in no way is such an entry designed to give a full account of the derivation or meaning of a sigil. One of the main problems in the approach to occult sigils is that the majority of them mean very many things, and in some cases the precise meaning may be gathered only from a given context. For example, in the single manuscript I list as ALCHEMY 1650, the sigil $-\Theta^-$ is accorded three different meanings - REVERBERATIO, EARTH and SALT - and it is only from a

particular context that one may decide which of these three meanings is intended by the sigil.

This problem is Further complicated by the undisguised intention of many alchemical texts to speak in riddles, presumably to the initiated few. A good example may be found in the alchemical term AIR, for which the most common sigil is a variant on \(\sum_{\text{om}} \) The uninitiated might quite reasonably assume that the name and the sigil refer to the mixture of gases in which we are immersed, but a survey of the SHGRT LEXICON of WAITE 1894 will rapidly disenchant him, for this records that 'Eugenius Philalethes says that the air is not an element, but a certain miraculous hermaphrodite, the cement of two worlds, and a medley of extremes. It is the sea of things invisible, and retains the species of all things whatsoever. It is also the envelope of the life of our sensitive spirit. The Pirst Matter of the philosophers is compared to air because of its restlessness.'

Such considerations should rightly lead those interested in matters of scholarship to exercise caution when consulting this Dictionary, for there may be no doubt whatsoever that the terms used by the early occultists do not always correspond to the meanings we take for granted in our modern usage. A perusal of the encyclopaedic SOMMERHOFF 1701 will quickly demonstrate the absurdity of assuming that the meanings are even remotely the same - indeed, a glance at the notes on Venus microcosmi in the entry under VENUS should indicate some of the difficulties here. Again, a reading of the entry under PHLEGMA in the text is also relevant, for it might be reasonable to assume that the phlegma of the alchemists was that sputum to which we refer when we use the derivative term, or perhaps linked with the theory of the humours, and hence tied up with the rich theories of the TEMPERAMENTS - however, as SOMMERHOFF 1701 reveals, this phlegma is an especially important distilled liquid used in the alchemical search for the Philosopher's Stone, and presumably the sigils given alongside the name would refer to the alchemical meaning, rather Thus, in specialist work, where a than to anything merely modernprecision of meaning is required, it would be as well to consult such a specialist as SOMMERHOFF 1701, or a similar reliable Lexicon, in order to

ascentain the real meaning contained within the sigil, as intended by those who used the sigil. Specialist requirements apart, however, the present Dictionary has been designed so that it corresponds to modern denotations and connotations (the frequent use of the Latin names is intended as a mute reminder that a strict translation does not always carry one to the sense intended in a modern usage), though naturally within a field where it is taken for granted that things are rarely what they seem to be. It is probably because so many of the ancient sigils were intended for levels of understanding which are no longer generally accessible that the complicated diagrams and co-ordinations of sigils in such a text as GEHEIME 1788 are, for all their apparent aim of setting out Rosicrucian lore, largely incomprehensible save to a few specialists. No dictionary may take into account such refinements and complications, and the result is that certain of the explanations of the sigils are on a level somewhat removed from the levels intended by the early occultists. A fine example of this loss of meaning may be seen in the sigil for SULPHUR 💠 which may in one context refer precisely to the element, in another to the fixed principle underlying natural phenomena, in another to the alchemical union of Earth and Fire, and on another level simply to 'Spirit'. On each of these different levels, the materiality of sulphur itself (and consequently its sigil) may be related to one of the Three Principles, the sigils for which are $A
ot
abla \Theta$ the potentialities emanating from the Chaos of Materia Prima. Such considerations as these indicate how, in the field of hermetic symbolism at least, a linear thinking is almost a hindrance to right understanding; yet the fact is that all classification systems - especially those of a dictionary - are in themselves linear in form and intention.

It is clear therefore that, the nature of hermetic symbolism being what it is, the need to be usefully simple has led to the sacrifice of a certain quality of 'inner' meaning. For example, in the alchemical text GASELLA 1615, which is in some respects a model of occult graphic symbolising, it is difficult to root out the many subtle explanations of the sigil \(\frac{\times}{2}\) which is termed Nuntius, and which I have listed quite simply as MERCURY, in a wild injustice to both Mercury and CABELLA 1615.

In this seventeenth-century text the sigil is treated in the manner of the best alchemical texts, which is to say with apparent confusion. author's hints and guesses are obviously designed to discourage linear thinking, and if followed expertly do indeed lead to a series of multidimensional meanings which are very impressive in themselves, though hard to resolve into a few explanatory words such as would be required of a The meaning is indeed to be eased out of this dictionary of this kind. hermetic text, in the process beloved by the tortuous, highly spiritual, sentient-thinking of the late-mediaeval alchemists. In regard to his sigil Nuntius GABELLA 1615 points out that this is the Mercurial Nuncio, suggesting that it is both a mediator between the solar and lunar forces, as well as between the solar and the elemental. By subtle choice of words he indicates that Mercury must contain a dangerous element itself, in that it mediates between the volatile Sulphur and the inert Salt of the Philosophers, the former being an especially difficult substance to Since Mercury does partake of danger, it is linked with the planet Mars, the idea being a visual throwback to a previous sigil which shows 'Mystical Mars' as a sigil composed of Sun, Moon and the four Elements (a form related to the MONAD of DEE 1564). The word chosen by GABELLA 1615 for Mars is a corrupt form of the Latinised Greek Pyroesis, obviously intended to suggest the burning nature - a quality which one would not immediately associate with Mercury, even though its volatility is well recognised. Here then, in one paragraph, two or three diagrams, and a few literary allusions, one has nuances which link the 'planet' Mercury with cosmic forces, with the Sun and the Earth, with the alchemical processes, with the danger of such processes, with inner fire, and indeed with the whole cosmic question of Martian forces, along with its well-known undertones of degeneration and regeneration (through its planetary rulership over the zodiacal Scorpio and Aries). There is no obvious way in which even an indication of such subtle 'sentient-thinking' - almost Chinese in its literary and pictographic allusion - may be expressed briefly, as would befit a dictionary entry. I have, therefore, stripped merely one idea from this multi-layer structure, and have left only the bibliographic reference as crutch for the reader. This is

unfortunately the case for many of the entries, but the very nature of occultism appears to demand such treatment.

In certain cases I may appear to have exceeded my brief, for I have felt it appropriate to give meanings for sigils which have not been allocated a precise meaning by an author, but which have been 'explained' by a further image, sigil or symbolic design. This happens rarely in the text, but a notable example is from MICHAELSPACHER 1616, who gives twelve intriguing sigils alongside his images for the constellations or zediacal signs. For example, the sigil O+X is given beneath the image for Taurus. These sigils are not explained within the text, but are in fact meaningful when the zodiacal associations with either certain alchemical processes or certain materials are taken into account. In this particular case, it is true that my entries give three alternative 'meanings' - a zodiacal, a materiality and a process - which may even be considered conjectural, but I feel that this is better than offering no explanation at all for this well-known group of sigils.

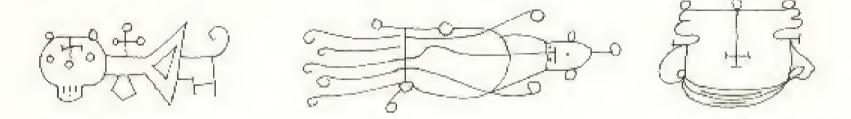
I have felt little compulsion to include the graphically interesting sigils given by such sources as HASSENFRATZ 1787, for whilst these do have the appearance of being 'occult sigils', and are in many respects. derived from the tradition of alchemical symbolising, the system is designed to serve the new spirit of scientific inquiry, and may therefore not be considered occult in the sense understood within this present context. In a sense, it has been difficult to determine at what point one should draw a line between the 'occult' and what is merely exotic or or exsteric symbolism; no doubt my choices and exclusions will not please every reader. In this sense, then, save within the obvious occulta of literature, especially in those fields relating to Theosophy or Anthroposophy, and to some of the 'inventions' of KCCH 1930 or CIRLOT 1962, my study of the sigilla may be said to terminate with the work of DALTON 1808, or with the like-minded HASSENFRMTZ 1787. If we seek a 'symbol' of the influence of eighteenth-century rationalism on the development of sigillic forms, then we may see it in the proposal of the latter author - authors, indeed - who sought to distinguish the 'earths' by the Aristotelian form ∇ and the alkalis, potash and sedas, with

the \triangle thereby, in the innocent use of a sigil marking a profound break with an ancient tradition. This is by no means the place to make a study of the modern symbolism which has attached itself to modern Chemistry since those days - CROSLAND 1962 has sketched a useful outline of this development - but the fact that I end more or less with DALTON 1808 in the alchemical realm should not lead the reader to suppose that this is the end of the matter for other occult areas. It is worth observing, indeed, that whilst the alchemical tradition appears wholly swallowed in the modern Chemistry, until this latter once more discovers or recalls its original purpose, the sister arts of astrology and its embracing occultism have survived relatively intact, and are both spawning new sigils and symbols, though admittedly of less validity and vitality than those promulgated by the ancient mystery centres.

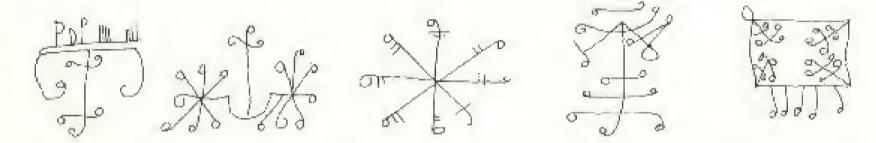
The very nature of the subject has required that I exercise a controlled personal discrimination, especially in those cases where the precise meanings of sigils are not known - for example, only a few of the sigils used on the embroideries of his figures by Raphael are still known to us, and therefore I have included only those which are understood (without entering into the refined areas of academic polemics). In the case of the majority of the sigils for spirits I have been especially careful to record only the most frequent. For example, I think that there would be little purpose in listing the numerous sigils given in TRITHEMIUS 1650, ranging from the relatively decorative f for the spirit G amam, to the laconic forms such as f for G for f for f for f for f for f and f and f are f and f are f for f and f are f are f and f are f are f and f are f and f are f are f and f are f are f are f and f are f and f are f for Cabariel. In regard to the secret scripts Which abound in occult manuscripts, I have resisted the temptation to include certain of the forms, alphabets and sigils which are not strictly occult, even when these have obviously been designed for purposes involved with what would nowadays be termed 'black magic'. Most of the demonological secret scripts are virtually the equivalent of private shorthand.

Above all, I have chosen to be limited in the choice of which sigils to include by size and complexity. It would have been aesthetically pleasing to give the large sigils for the demons which appear in certain of the more extensive demonslogical manuscripts, as for example the

seventy. two spirit sigils from LEMEGETON 17C, of which the following are three:



Equally exciting would have been the record of the lovely sigils from the thirty-six decans recorded in LAMBECIUS 1500:



Unfortunately, the very complexity of their forms render it impossible to copy them out on the scale envisaged within the present format and scope. Exclusion is partly justified in any case simply because the majority of these are not so much sigils as decorative motifs or designs. that in such exclusions due to size it is the Rosicrucian sigils which have suffered especially, as a glance through such a text as GEHEIME 1788 Thus, even the ROSY CROSS itself was almost rejected as a sigil, for even the most simple form of the rose at the centre of the cross is graphically complicated. Refuctantly, I have also excluded the occult images in FREHER 1717, for these are highly pregnant symbols, verging almost on the domain of symbolic devices, rather than sigils, and whilst it would have been useful to give a record of this worthy summary of Boehme's cosmoconception, the present format precluded this. Naturally a sigil may range in size from a more dot to the elaborate design of the LAMBECIUS 1500 decanates just reproduced, and this has meant that there has had to be some fine borderline at which a sigil is included or rejected because of size. I have been somewhat eccentric in regard to this borderline, and have not felt it necessary to explain myself, except in terms of what I consider to be useful within the expressed aims of this dictionary. For example, whilst the very sizes of the sigils given by

BERTHELOT 1887 for the so-called 'mystic drawings' from Greek sources, which no doubt were intended to represent alchemical operations (perhaps analogous to our own atomic equations) has led to rejection



I have none the less included the large and relatively complex sigil for SCORPIO from the mediaeval Italian source given as LUCCA 17C and many variants of the sigils for fixed stars, such as those listed in Appendix 2, page 316, from AGRIPPA 1531.

Another factor I have had to bear in mind in regard to the question of inclusion and rejection is that of utility. Had I recorded sigils merely because they are 'occult', without reference to modern needs, then there would have been no end to the volumes of this book. I have been very selective in terms of what I feel is needed by a fairly specialist reading For example, Following what I imagine to be the needs of a modern reader, I have rejected almost all the fascinating sigils in KIRCHER 1655, quaint and imaginative as they are - these sigils would be of value only to a specialist in seventeenth-century transcriptions of foreign alphabets, ideas and occulta, far removed from the traditions with which we are dealing here. In any case, such a specialist would be sufficiently familiar with KIRCHER 1655 not to require the aid of a dictionary, save in the questions of minutiae. In view of such an important exclusion, it might be argued that I have included some material which is dubious. For example, an alert reader might argue that the sigils for the lunar mansions which I do Include are not in fact sigils, but merely visual guides or mnemonics, for those who sought to locate the areas along the ecliptic. They might argue, for example, that the form I give for VENTER ARIETIS, the second mediaeval lunar mansion, is not in fact a sigil, but three stars along the ecliptic, delta Arietis (sometimes called Butein), epsilon and zeta Arietis. Such an argument would be supported by an examination of the night sky, and also by the fact that the twenty-first massion, called Desertum (by a deligate twist

of irony, Al Baldah, 'the City', is the Arabian manzil equivalent), is given no sigil by the source MANSIONES 14C, and is merely located between the mansions PASTOR and TREBS. No doubt the origin of these curious sigils - if indeed they are sigils - must be sought in the distribution of the fixed stars which mark the entrances to the twenty eight mansions - in marked contrast to the sigils for the signs and constellations. However, certain lists, as for example that given by ABANO 1303, show that early attempts were made to originate or preserve sigils for the lumar mansions, as though for magical purposes probably involving simple amulet construction.

It is especially in regard to sigils known to be derived from ancient texts that I have exercised discretion, since many of these have now little value, and in the majority of cases their precise meaning and application have been lost. Thus, many of the Greek sigils listed in such sources as FRESNE 1688 or OMONT 1894 have been rejected. Not only have many of the ancient sigils names which are obscure in application, and even the subject of remote academic argument, but also the names have frequently no known application within occult contexts. For example, the sigil \Re given under the name $A\pi \delta \kappa
ho
ho
ho$ which may mean 'a firebrand', 'a blister', or 'a thilblain', which may be a mistake for the Αποκλιγα which is an astrological term for a sign preceding a nodal centre, may as a sigil be taken as a close relation to the Greek form of DAIMON such considerations would lead more to confusion than clarification in an encyclopaedic entry. On the other hand, certain sigils which have survived, but which refer to ideas no longer used or understood in occult contexts, have an antiquarian or palaeoglyphic interest. For example, the sigil recorded by OMONT 1894 for the pars called $\Delta lpha v \mu
u
u$, for which the sigil is \Re had a wide application as one of the important $\ltimes \lambda \circ \rho \circ \iota$ in Greek astrology: this sigil has been recorded for its antiquarian interest even though it refers to an idea long fallen out of use by astrologers.

The problem of 'meaning' is especially acute in the ancient texts, and in some cases it is possible to form an approximate idea of the particular occult significance of a sigil only from the form of that sigil itself.

For example, the Greek term Σύνοδο(recorded by OMONT 1894, has itself a very wide application, meaning in general 'an assembly' or 'meeting', and it has specialised use within grammatical, fiscal and even sexual contexts. The Greek sigil attached to this name (is a compound of Greek forms for Moon and Sun, and these leave one in no doubt that a syzygy is implied, even though this could relate to the astrological aspect of conjunction or opposition, and even though it is possible that the sigil was intended to express a synodic relationship between the two luminaries, as these periods were of great importance to the Greek astrologers, and relate to certain 'mystic numbers' attached to the planets. More specifically, the sigil could refer to the metonic cycle of 19 solar years, 235 lunar months, or to the 25 so-called 'Egyptian' years' of 409 lunar months. An attempt to arrive at a true understanding of the original meaning of the sigil is beset with difficulties beyond the capability of the merely academic mind, and such a sigil may be recorded for purely antiquarian reasons. At times, however, specialist knowledge may unravel the meaning of certain sigils otherwise lost to us so far as meaning is concerned. For example, the word κλήρες for which the sigil (more precisely, abbreviation) ky has been given, has a meaning both within a magical connotation, involved with eleromancy, and within a specialised astrological meaning, relating to the modern conception of pars (for example, the $\kappa\lambda\eta\gamma\sigma$) rox $\eta\gamma$ is the equivalent of the Arabian parsfortunae), and it is from the astrological contexts recorded by scholars such as FRESNE 1689 that one is led to ascribe an astrological meaning to the sigil. More generally, however, it is impossible, without extensive palaeographic study, to determine the particular application, and only a general hint of meaning is possible, with the result that it would be quite fatuous to include the sigil in a dictionary of this kind. this, it must be admitted that certain sigils with distinctive names have not been considered worthy of inclusion simply because their definitions are unknown, and their application within an occult context unclarified.

In relation to the Greek and Latin texts in particular, I have tried to avoid recording mere abbreviations, on the principle that this is supposed to be a dictionary of sigils. Naturally, this does not mean

that I have excluded those abbreviations which are clearly intended to rank as sigilla (as for example the Greek sigil % just mentioned), and those sigils which are clearly derived from abbreviations, as for example the forms recorded under ASCENDANT. This rule has led to the exclusion of certain forms which historians might regard as sigils, and the inclusion of others which other historians might regard as being merely abbreviations. For example, from the Greek collection recorded in BERTHELOT 1885 I have included both A and A which in my opinion are sigils, even though derived from the the Greek terms Mayoup and Arberto Such exclusions and inclusions have been determined ultimately by my own personal opinions.

It goes without saying that I have not thought it necessary to insert sigils which have been preserved in erroneous form. It is unfortunately no rare thing for sigils, and indeed whole batches of sigils, to be printed in reverse from copperplate, or to be given upside-down by careless printers. For example, the second line of Divine Letters in AGRIPPA 1531 was printed upside-down in WHITEHEAD 1897, producing a series of magical formulae with which no ancient occultist was ever familiar. BARRETT 1801, an indefatigable and extremely careless recorder of occult lore, managed to get a line or so of his geomantic figures upside-down, and inevitably these have been recorded by certain later dubious 'historians', who have never bothered to examine primal sources, or are unaware of the graphic theory underlying the construction of such sigils.

I have made one or two important and necessary exceptions to this general rule. For example, I have recorded the mistakes made by HEYDON 1664 concerning certain of the geomantic spirit sigils, which he copied wrongly from AGRIPPA 1531 (see for example AMNIXTEL or SORATH), and in turn I have recorded the mistake of AGRIPPA 1531 in regard to HIRCUS. Such inclusions, against the general rule, were required because these widely published mistakes have themselves been adopted as the correct forms as a result of the industry and ignorance of later copyists.

The few appendices commencing at page 314 have been included in order to present the general reader with a synoptical view of the development

of the more frequently used sigils. Especially interesting is the development of the astrological sigils for the zodiacal signs and planets, which may be studied from the selection given from four mediaeval manuscripts in comparison with the 'modern' forms preserved by ACRIPPA 1531, and given an apparently accidental *imprimatur* by the printing press. Of antiquarian interest is the comparison which may be made between the alchemical sigils taken from WORLIDGE 1651 with the neo-alchemical forms presented by BERGMANN 1785.

Occultism being what it is - a personal, if not to say heretical, approach to life - I have taken for granted that the reader will be either specialist enough, or interested enough, to make this dictionary his own by extending it. Towards this end, a number of blank sheets have been bound into the text, after the INDEX OF SIGILS, at page 410. that the personal efforts of the reader will be such as to remedy the omissions and defects which the book doubtless promulgates. The very manner in which this text was constructed has determined that mistakes should occur. For technical reasons I was required to type out the text personally and then insert by hand the sigils which I had collected: it is inevitable that in such laborious transcribing of forms - in some cases, three or four times, between manuscript or book, and the final entry within this text - errors should have crept in. trials and tedium of the index system - which in its very extent makes this Dictionary unique - must also have led to unobserved errors which will be far from unobservable to those who use the text frequently. If I may excuse such errors in advance, and perhaps deflect the darts of criticism, let me say that all the deficiencies are due merely to lack of scholarship, and in no way arise from lack of love for the subject. If this truth is held in mind, then my intentions will be misinterpreted only by what Crollius termed 'the wrong kind of people', from whom the ancients in any case sought to hide the true meanings of their sigils, ne in pravorum notitiam devenirent. A more important truth is expressed in the words of Carlyle which BLAVATSKY 1888 chose to head her chapter on 'Symbolism and Ideographs': A symbol is ever, to him who has eyes for it, some dimmer or clearer revelation of the God-like.



ABSORBENT EARTH Alc. GEOFFROY 1718 👽 DIDEROT 1763 🐺

ABSTRACT See DISTILLATION and SEPARATE

ABYSS Occ. Sigil given by MOMER 1723 \bigcirc with \bigcirc as alternative, indicating chaos confusum, the first of the ten links in the so-called Golden Chain, presumed to be linked with the three elements within Boehme's first Divine Outpouring (see GRAY 1952).

HOMER 1757 \bigcirc LAW 1772 \bigcirc See also CHAOS, and HOLY DEITY.

ACETUM See VINEGAR

ACHIMER Ast. Mediaeval sigils for the binary alpha Virginis, sometimes called Arista or Spice, given by HERMETIS 13C \longrightarrow and EVANS 1922 \longrightarrow in a form adopted as a variant for the modern sigil SPICA.

ACID Alc. LUEDY 1928 A

DIDEROT 1763 gives the sigil (4) for 'marine acid', which is probably derived from that given by GEOFFROY 1718 for 'acid of sea salt': (4) GEOFFROY 1718 gives the sigil (4) for acidic.

SCHEFFERS 1775 gives the sigil (4) for Acidum Salis; (4) for Acidum Iluonis mineralis; (4) for Acidum Arsenici; (4) Acidum

sacchari; + Acidum urinae or Phosphori; + Acidum formicarum and the sigil - for Acidum aereum (but see CARBON DIOXIDE).

The sigil for Lavoisier's Acide Nitreux is recorded by CROSLAND 1962 - See also ACIDUS and AQUA FORTIS.

ACIDUS Occ. Sigil given by HOMER 1723 for 'corporeal acidic aspect of the Spirit of the World (Anima Mundi)'; () the third of the ten links in the so-called Golden Chain, presumably linked with the three elements within Boehme's first Divine Outpouring (see GRAY 1952).

ACIEL Mag. SCHEIBLE 1848 gives two simple variants (among several complex sigils) for this demon: 47-50

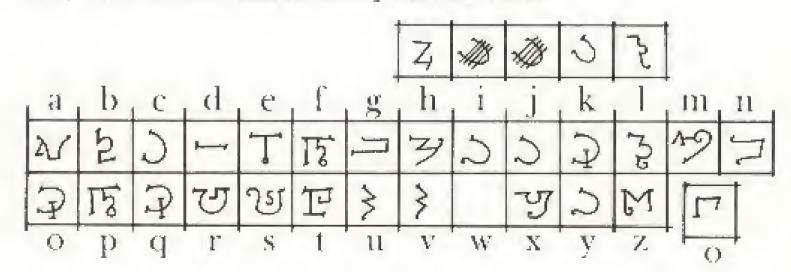
ACQUISTTIO See AQUISITIO

ACTIVE Occ. CIRLOT 1962 gives the sigil \int to represent 'the active, dynamic principle'. KOCH 1930 gives $\left| \left| \right| \right|$ for 'active intellect'.

ADAMAS Mag. A sigil given by SIGNA 17C among a list of precious stones, to be interpreted as diamond or adamantine Almost certainly it is the quality of 'hardness' which is intended.

ONOMASTICUM 1574 C

ADAMIC SCRIPT Occ. One of the numerous SECRET SCRIPTS derived from the Hebraic tradition of alphabets (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), but adapted for the Roman alphabet. The version below is that recorded by CHRISTIAN 1870, with variant characters by RIVIERE 1938:



This script is almost identical with the Raphaelic script.

- ADATIEL Mag. Two of the more simple sigil forms for this demon are recorded by SCHEIBLE 1848:
- ADNACHIEL Mag. Mediaeval variants for the 'angel' of Sagittarius, given by BRAHE 1582: χ^2 of χ^2 of See SPIRIT OF SAGITTARIUS
- AERUGO Alc. Verdigris 'specifically from copper' is given the four sigils # 5 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ by SCHNEIDER 1962, but these are almost certainly a confusion with traditional sigillic forms for AIR.

AES See BRASS, COPPER and CRUDE METAL

AESTAS See SUMMER

AES VIRIDE See VERDIGRIS

AGATE Mag. Mediaeval sigil for the semi-precious stone, sometimes called Achases or Achates, recorded by SIGNA 170:

AGIEL Mag. This is the presiding intelligence of Saturn (along with the spirit ZAZEL), but the sigil given under this name by HEYDON 1864 is intended to represent the letter A in the secret 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii': **; ***

AGNI See TEJAS

AMENUM A10. SOMMERHOFF 1701 \ominus \Box LUEDY 1928 \ominus \Box SCHNEIDER 1962 $\overleftarrow{\nabla}$ $\overleftarrow{\ominus}$

The most common sigil for this 'second element' is riangle but AIR this is by no means representative of the mixture of gases we know to today under the name 'Air': in the esoteric tradition, Air is, as WELLING 1735 puts it, 'The Spiritual and Invisible Air which existed before the descent of Lucifer': the Occult Air. A modern sigil is given by DE VORE 1947, within an astrological context: = whilst a 'cabbalistic' form is recorded by SHEPHERD 1971: 4 There are very many mediaeval variants, of which the following are the most common: ALCHEMY 1650 ♀ → KIRCHER 1655 TTTT J TABLE 1676 X CROLLIUS 1670 A FRESNE 1688 Z ALCHEMICAL 17C R D SEELTON 17C A SIGNA 17C → 井 夕 〇 SOMMERHOFF 1701 A 寸 公 分 井 > 丑 DIDEROT 1763 😝 🛶 GEHEIME 1795 **△** GESSMANN 1906 🛶 🐪 会 😾 🖅 SCHNEIDER 1962 T WALTER 1970 See also ELEMENTS

AIR HAND Pal. Sigil originated to serve modern chirognomy, intended to denote the male Air hand form, given in GETTINGS 1965: σ^7 . The female Air hand form is represented by the sigil: Φ

AIR TRIPLICITY Alc. Whilst in practical terms any of the sigils in the forms intended to denote AIR may be used to represent the astrological

Air triplicity (Gemini, Libra & Aquarius), AGRIPPA 1510 gives a composite sigil derived from the sigillic forms most frequently used for these zodiacal signs:

AKASA See AKASHYA

- AKASHYA Occ. Sometimes called Asasha or Akasa, this is without doubt the oriental equivalent of the European invisible 'fifth' element, the QUINTESSENCE (see BLAVATSKY 1888): The sigil is described as 'a transparent white circle with dots', the latter representing chhidra, holes or spaces in substance. A sigil is given by AVALON 1919 and is associated with the Visuddha or throat chakra.

 PERSONAL 1980 See ETHERIC and QUINTESSENCE
- ALABROTH Alc. Sigil given in ONOMASTICUM 1574, the substance being described as a 'sweet salt':
- ALA CORVI Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the double star delta Corvi sometimes called Algorab, given in HERMETIS 13C 1-1-6 A variant of this sigil was given by AGRIPPA 1510 and printed in AGRIPPA 1531, with slight variations in a form which is now regarded as standard in European occultism: 1-1-00
- ALAYOCH Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the fixed star alpha Aurigae, sometimes called HIRCUS, Amalthea and CAPELLA, given by HERMETIS 13C which records also a related variant:
- ALBUM Alc. Sigils for 'whiteness' or 'paleness', sometimes also used for 'white of egg'.

 ALCHEMICAL 17C P SIGNA 17C ~~~~

 See also ALBUMEN
- ALBUMEN Alc. Generally this sigil was restricted to 'white of egg' or 'glair'.

FRANCKLYN 1627 D SHELTON 17C (C SOMMERHOFF 1701 で み) ② 8 ALCHEMY 1650 (\$\sigma (\sigma) \infty \end{array} \end{array}

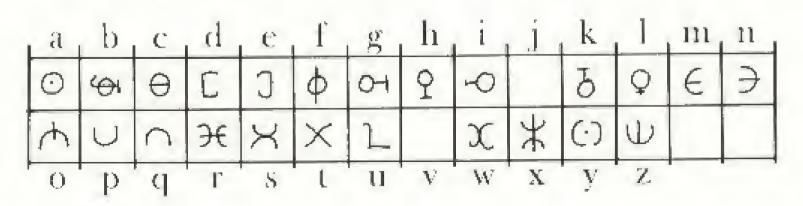
ALBUS Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures, for which a multitude of variants (dots, stars, floral devices, etc.) is used in the same four-fold arrangement Albus is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element Water, the planet Mercury, and the zodiacal sign Cancer. The following sigils are derived from late-mediaeval sources, and are sometimes used to denote the planet MERCURY, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531 早 早 录 又 文 HEYDON 1664 只 See also ALBUM

ALCALI See ALKALI

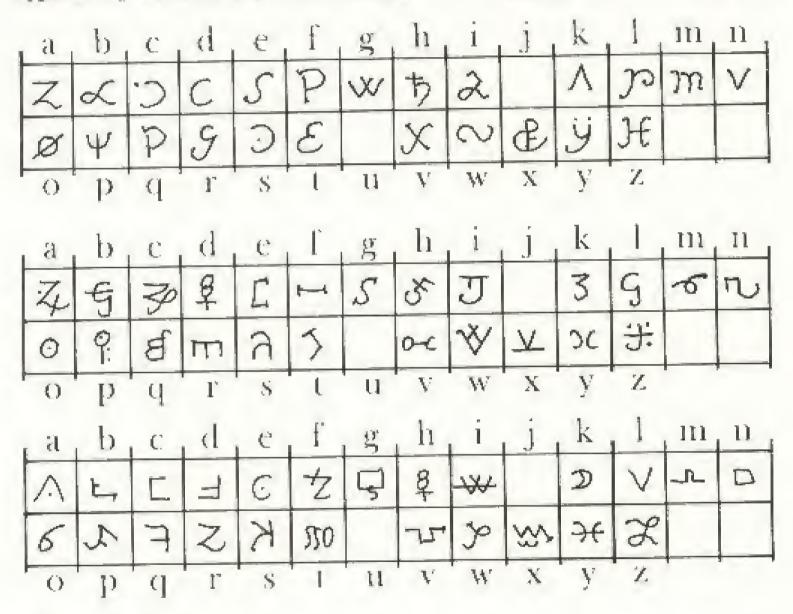
ALCALICUS Occ. Sigil given by HOMER 1723 as 'corporeal alkali' of the eternal becoming of God, the fourth in the ten links of the sc-called Golden Chain, associated with the second (female, creative, expansive) of Boehme's Divine Outpourings (see GRAY 1952):

ALCHEMIST SCRIPT Occ. A large number of apparently unrelated secret scripts called 'Alchemical alphabets' have been preserved in occult and alchemical texts, the general idea being that sigils normally used to denote substances or processes are substituted for the letters of the alphabet. VIGNERE 1586 records a fairly typical example, which is given here, along with a number of variants to it from SELENUS 1624:



	a	b	C	d	ϵ	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	111	n
		4		G		Ф						2	e	
	\bigcap	J	0)(7		m	カ	4		
-	0	p	q	Γ	S	1	U	V	W	X	У	Z		,

The following three, all preserved by SOMMERBOFF 1701 are again fairly typical of these scripts, combining astrological and alchemical sigils apparently without any real feeling for 'meaning' or secret symbolism:



See also SECRET SCRIPTS.

Alc. A sigil is given by KOCH 1930, though without a stated ALCOHOL SCHNETDER 1962 gives the sigils $bar{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ $rac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ for source: =O+ spiritus vini rectificatissimus, but see SPIRIT OF WINE.

HERMETIS 13C gives the sigil for alpha Tauri: XALDEBARAN Ast.



ALEMBIC Alc. In esoteric alchemy, the symbol is used for the human physical body, in which the Great Work of transmutation takes place: in excteric alchemy, the term refers to the vessel used for the process of distillation. The latter meaning is probably intended by the following mediaeval sigils:

SIGNA 170 A AS
GESSMANN 1906 F

VALENTINE 1671 XX A A B XX XX SCHNEIDER 1962

many derivatives have been compounded within the tradition of SECRET SCRIPTS, amongst which a selection from BARTOLOZZI 1675 may be regarded as the most well known: See however HEBRAIC SCRIPT. The letter and its sigil derivatives have been used generally to suggest the idea of 'beginning'. WIRTH 1927 equates aleph with the first areanum of the Tarot pack, the JUGGLER, and thus with zodiacal Taurus, the constellation Grion, and with the Mercury of the Alchemists. He traces a graphic etymology with the forms which demonstrate a vestigial bull's head, or that of an Ox:

ALKALI Alc. ONOMASTICUM 1574 4 Sceneider 1962 P 8 2 LI
See also SAL ALKALI

ALKANET Alc. Sigils recorded from Greek manuscript by BERTHELOT 1885, for 'dyer's bugloss': * The same source gives a related sigil for Laodician Alkanet: **

ALL THINGS See HOLY DEITY

ALPHA Occ. A variety of sigils used from early Christian times, and based on the first letter of the Greek alphabet, generally intended to convey the idea of 'creative beginning' and frequently used conjointly with OMEGA, 'the end of all things': A A

etymological roots which go back to pre-Christian traditions. TESTA 1962 records a series of sigils from such early Christian sources, all of which are related to the alpha \wedge \wedge \wedge \wedge a series which culminates in the form of the triple alpha, symbolic of the Soly Trinity: \wedge \wedge

See also MORTAL ADAM

ALPHABETS See SECRET SCRIPTS

ALPHECCA Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the fixed star alpha Coronae

Borealis, sometimes called Alfeca and ELPHEIA, given by HERMETIS 13C:

A variant from mediaeval sources is recorded by

EVANS 1922 under the (erroneous) name Lucia corona Scorpionis:

From such sources AGRIFPA 1531 derived his sigil which has entered the European cocult stream:

ALTAMECH Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the fixed star alpha Bootis, sometimes called Arcturus and Alchameth, given by HERMETIS 130: Land EVANS 1922 records a mediaeval version: Land Land Land From such sources AGRIPPA 1531 derived his sigil which has entered the European occult stream: Land

LUEDY 1928 1

SCHNEIDER 1962 N J 75 [25

See also ALUMEN PLUMEUM, CALCINATED ALUM and POTASH

ALUMEN CALCINATUM See CALCINATED ALUM and POTASH

ALUMEN PLUMEUM Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 叶魚月手業⊕®#© SCHNEIDER 1962 ア # © 和のエピタッサー

ALUMEN SACCHARINIUM Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

AMALGAM Alc. A large number of variations exist, mainly related to the four sigils recorded by SHELTON 17C 本本 SIGMA 17C 基 and DIDEROT 1763 # The following sigils are mediaeval variants:

ALCHYMIA 1563 本 VALENTINE 1671 本本 身 E SIGNA 17C 本 SIGNA 17

- AMBER Alc. ALCHEMY 1650 gives two sigils 23 33 but see WHITE AMBER and YELLOW AMBER.
- AMBRIEL Mag. The most common mediaeval characters for the 'angel' of Gemini are given by BRAHE 1582: 7 5

 However, the name is used also for one of the geomantic spirits for which AGRIPPA 1531 gives the sigil QC and HEYDON 1664: E.

 TRITHEMIUS 1503 gives a variant: #

AMETHYST Mag. SIGNA 17C gives the sign $\frac{\eta}{\sqrt{1}}$

AMISSIO Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures, for which a multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) is used in

the same four-fold arrangement: Amissio is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Fire, the planet Venus and the zodiacal sign Libra. The following sigils are derived from late-mediaeval sources, and are sometimes used to denote the planet Venus, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

- AMMONIA Alc. Sometimes referred to as volatile alcali, the mediaeval sigil is recorded by GESSMANN 1906: Two common sigils are also used, though these are so ubiquitous, and are intended to cover so many other denotations and connotations, that they render most texts obscure. PORTA 1593 gives the triangle A for example, whilst the star is also quite common, as for example recorded by CARBONELLI 1925 for SAL AMMONIAC:
- AMNIXIEL Mag. Supposed by HEYDON 1664 to be a geomantic spirit, for which he gives the sigil (1) but this is wrongly copied from the Hebrew of AGRIPPA 1531, who gives the sigil (1) for the genius of LOETITIA and of zodiacal Pisces.
- AMPHORA Alc. Mediaeval sigil recorded by GESSMANN 1906
- ANAEL Mag. The most common mediaeval sigil for the angel of Venus is given by TRITHEMLUS 1503: ACAN though in theory any of the common sigils for VENUS may be used, as for example in SHEPHERD 1971.

 BARRETT 1801 confuses this sigil with that for the Archangel MICHAEL: ACAN SCHEIBLE 1848 gives several other variants, including: EAR SOURCE SPHERE OF VENUS
- ANGEL Occ. A Greek sigil is recorded by BERTHELOT 1885: \mathcal{J} whilst a common mediaeval sigil (an abbreviation, in fact) is given by CHASSANT 1884 for angelis: and KIRCHER 1655 gives the form $\overline{\mathcal{N}}$

whilst OLIVER 1826 gives the sigil \sum as 'an ancient Egyptian symbol for the angel'. SUCHER 1975 appears to link the sigil for LEO with the sphere of the Angels, which is traditionally the SPHERE OF THE MOON: \int

ANGELIC SCRIPT See CELESTIAL SCRIPT

ANGER See WRATH

ANGULAR Ast. A modern sigil for this astrological concept is given by DE VORE 1947, for both 'angular houses' and 'angular signs':

ANIMA See SOUL and ANIMALIA

ANIMALIA Geo. Sigil given by HOMER 1723 as the sixth of the ten links in the so-called Golden Chain:

In the Theosophic tradition (see BOEHME 1730) the term animalia does not imply brutish, as derived from 'animal', but rather soul-enfilled, as from the Latin anima: in later theosophy the term would refer to a being possessed of an astral body.

GESSMANN 1906 \(\mathcal{Z} \) \(\mathcal{Z} \) WIRTH 1931 \(\mathcal{D} \)

ANIMATE WORLD Occ. Sigil given by KIRCHER 1655 under this heading, but probably the author had in mind the idea of the ASTRAL WORLD: $\sqrt{\gamma}$

ANIMUS Rel. A mediaeval contraction is given by CAPPELLI 1949: a_{δ}

ANISE Alc. Mediaeval sigil recorded by SHELTON 17C: \cong

ANKH Occ. Semetimes called ank and ansated cross, it is one of the sigils used from earliest times against barrenness (see BUDGE 1930): The BLAVATSKY 1888 sees it as a form of VENUS (\$\beta\$), and claims that it symbolises 'that mankind and all animal life had stepped out of the divine spiritual circle and fallen into physical male and female generation'. Additionally, BLAVATSKY 1888 claims that it is the

ANNULOS See PLANETARY SYMBOLS.

ANNUS See YEAR

ANNUS PHILOSOPHICUS Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 records that the 'Philosophic year' is actually an ordinary month - a 'mensis vulgaris', for which he records the sigils: -6- -6- 33 EE

ANTARES See COR SCORPIONIS

ANTIMONY FLOWERS Alc. GESSMANN 1906 & F & &

ANTIMONY GLASS See ANTIMONY VITRUM

ANTIMONY HEPAR AIG. SCHNEIDER 1962

ANTIMONY REGULUS *10. FRANCKLYN 1627 吉 古
SOMMERHOFF 1701 F ま 下 学
GESSMANN 1906 さ ち 文 斤 SCHNEIDER 1962 曾

ANTIMONY VITROM Alc. SOMMERBOFF 1701 〇 工 尓 古 娑 序 모 GESSMANN 1906 古 太 ②

APADIEL Mag. Mediaeval sigil for the demon, given by SCHEIBLE 1848 4

APAS Occ. Sigil for the tativa which forms the manifestation of the Third Logos on the Astral Plane (see HOUDT 1910): AVALON 1919, who records the sigil, says that it is white in colour: This is the oriental equivalent of the esoteric water element, and is associated with the svadhishthana or Spleen chakra.

APOLLO Ast. A sigil given by THIERENS 1931 for the escteric planet, which he distinguishes from the common sigil for the SUN (Helios): \S

APOLLONIAN SCRIPT Occ. A late-mediaeval secret alphabet which has been recorded in a number of versions, as for example that given by VIGNERE 1586 to a Greek alphabet (the claim that it was the script of Apollonius of Tyana is of course entirely suppositious):

Α	B	F	\triangle	E	Z	H	0	. 1	K	^	M	N	Ξ
A	V	5	0	C	P	F	0	1	9	M	3		3
X	7	T	B	Z	2	7	S.	Z	t				
0	11	P	Σ	7	Υ	ф	×	The .	n				

A version constructed to the Roman alphabet by RIVIERE 1938 is worth recording for it shows the dependence upon the earlier form:

a	b	C	d,	e	f	g	h	i	j_	k	1	111	11
X	7	光	0	w	あ	n	4	2		9	17	5	T
X	7		F	B	4				3	7			
0	þ	q	Т	S	t	u	V	W	X	У	Z		
F	Z				8								
2	4	•			0								

AQUA See WATER

AQUA FOETIDA See AQUA MERCURII

AQUA FORTIS Alc. A large number of mediaeval sigils have survived, but usually these consist of a graphic play with either A or F, or with the single letter F and the common sigil for WATER (∇).

onomasticum 1574 Y alchemy 1650 & A A

FRANCKLYN 1627 🔀

CROLLIUS 1670 🤝

ALCHEMICAL 17C Vfr 田 Z Z/軸 本 SHELTON 17C V

SIGNA 17C 🗸 🕁 😁

SCHNEIDER 1962 🖽

SOMMERHOFF 1701 records a number of sigils for a formula For aqua

GESSMANN 1906 P-1 キカダダダダを収なみかいり 田 图 2559 2559 44 14

AQUA MERCURII Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 records the following sigils Ior aqua foetida: 不 知報 量 基

AQUA PLUVIALIS See RAIN WATER

AQUA REGIS Alc. A large number of mediaeval sigils has survived, but the majority of these consist of a graphic play with the letter R and the most common sigil for WATER (∇).

ALCHEMY 1650 A ALCHYMIA 1563 26 ... -- -- -- -- --- Yra Ac 8 legal o- 50 5

AQUARIUS Ast. Sigils for zodiacal sign of the Waterbearer, also used indiscriminately for the constellation of the same name. The printed version is based on the most common mediaeval version, given by BYGINUS 1482: XX and derived ultimately from Egyptian forms (see NEUGEBAUER 1959). Said by AGRIPPA 1510 to be based on the shape of waves, though this is not a water sign. The graphic form is also, rather foolishly, traced by certain modern astrologers to the idea of 'electric waves'.

Ancient Egyptian (demotic): BERLIN 42AD 3

STOBART 2C ===

SPIEGELBERG 1911 3 ____

Graeco-Byzantine, c.500AD: NEUGEBAUER 1959 💥

ASTRONOMICAL 1400

DIGBY 12C 4/1

LEUPOLDI 14C

JANUA 140 think

ASTROLOGICAL 15C

TABLES 150

SIGILLIS 170 & WW CARRICHTERUS 18C

WELLING 1735 🏡 MAGIE 18C XXX

LUEDY 1928 records a related sigil from the Syrian alchemicalastrological tradition: EEEE DEUTSCHE 1980 苯

A sigil for the constellation Aquarius is given by LEUPCLDI 14C: 📀 See also SPIRIT OF AQUARIUS

See WATER OF LIFE AQUA VITAE

AQUISITIO Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures, for which a multitude of variants (dots, stars, floral devices, etc.) is used to denote the same four-fold arrangement: : Aquisitio is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Air, the planet Jupiter and the modiacal sign Aries. The following sigils are derived from the late mediaeval sources, and are sometimes used to denote the planet JUPITER, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

ARATRON Mag. Mediaeval sigil for the planetary spirit of Saturn, given by TRITHEMIUS 1503: SCHEIBLE 1848 gives a variant:

See SPHERE OF VENUS ARCHAE

- These spiritual beings are traditionally linked with Occ. ARCHANGEL the sphere of Mercury (in the more ancient cosmologies), but SUCHER 1975 appears to link these beings with the sigil for CANCER: (99) See ANGEL and SPHERE OF MERCURY.
- Occ. In her complex numerological study, BLAVATSKY 1888 lists a number of graphic archetypes which combine in various ways to express occult or hermetic ideas - in this she was following a tradition perhaps introduced by AGRIPPA 1510 and developed by GABELLA 1615. The most important of these archetypes are the central point (\cdot), the three (\triangle), the five (\maltese) and the seven (\trianglerighteq), which may

be symbolised by (XX). A further set of four archetypal sigils are explained at length by WIRTH 1927: $\bigcirc + \triangle \square$ See in this connexion HERMETIC TETRAD.

The basic archetypes give rise to such symbolism as is found expressed in the sigils for BODY ERECT, CROSS, DECADE, DEITY, ETHERIC, OGDOAD, ONE, SEPTENARY MAN, and so on.

ARCTURUS See ALTAMECH

ARENA See SAND

ARGENTUM See SILVER

ARGENTUM MUSICUM See SILVER PAINT

ARGENTUM PICTORIUM See SILVER PAINT

ARGENTUM VIVUM See QUICKSILVER

ARIEL Mag. Several mediaeval sigils have been preserved for this demon (or spirit), the more simple of those recorded by SCHEIBLE 1848 being the following:

ARIES Ast. Sigils for the zodiacal sign of the Ram, also used indiscriminately for the constellation of the same name. The printed sigil is derived from the manuscript tradition, such as LAMBECTUS 1500

Y and AGRIPPA 1510

The sigil is said by AGRIPPA 1510 to be based on the shape of the Ram's horns, but this is unlikely. SUCHER 1971 suggests that it is a pictograph of exploding and imploding spirit, whilst GABELLA 1615 explains its form as a graphic expression of the equinox, and gives it a curious sigil (∩.∩) which is linked with one of the sigils for FIRE.

Ancient Egyptian (demotic):

STOBART 2C 3 SPIEGELBERG 1911 7 & ZZ

pigby 12c 3°

Janua 14c

ASTROLOGICAL 15C

QUADRANTIS 15C

BLUNDEVILLE 1602

SIGILLIS 17C

SIBLY 1790

MODERN ASTROLOGY 1899

WILCZKOWSKY 1947

WILCZKOWSKY 1947

ASTRONOMICAL 1400 %
MANSIONIBUS 1482 %
BONATTI 15C %
PICCOLOMINI 1558 PROWSSE 17C Y

BOUCHE-LECLERCQ 1899 7 000

NEROMAN 1937 5

BURCKHARDT 1967

LEUPOLDI 14C gives a sigil for the constellation of for which AGRIPPA 1510 gives a variant:

LUEDY 1928 records a related sigil from the Syrian alchemical-astrological tradition: \sum See also MYSTERIOUS PLANETS and SPIRIT OF ARIES

ARISTA See ACHIMER

ARMENIAN BOLE ALC. SHELTON 17C & & GESSMANN 1906 9-\$ TAB

ARSENIC Alc. A multitude of sigils and variants exist, of which the most common are the mediaeval ones reproduced by CARBONELLI 1925:

0-0 S J D C ALCHYMIA 1563 ₺ 75 ≢ #

ONOMASTICUM 1574

PORTA 1593 8

A number of sigils are recorded by BERTHELOT 1885 from ancient Greek manuscripts: 5

See also ARSENIC SUBLIMATE, ARSENIC SULPHURUM, RED ORPIMENT, RED SULPHURET OF ARSENIC, WHITE ARSENIC and YELLOW ARSENIC.

ARSENIC SUBLIMATE Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 > SET SOLUTION SCHNEIDER 1962 SCHNEIDER 1962

ARSENICUM ALBUM See WHITE ARSENIC

ARSENICUM CITRINUM See YELLOW ARSENIC

ARSENICUM RUBRUM See RED ORPIMENT

ARSENICUM SULPHURUM Alc. Mediaeval sigils given by GESSMANN 1906 $\stackrel{<}{\Leftrightarrow}$

ASBESTOS Alc. Two ancient Greek signls recorded by BERTHELOT 1885: $\langle A \rangle$

ASCENDANT Ast. Three variant sigils of circa 500AD, graphically derived from the word horoscopos, the name originally given in the Greek astrological tradition to the degree of ecliptic ascending in a given chart, are listed by NEUGEBAUER 1959:

Sometimes an abbreviation for the word Ascendant, and even for 'first house' prima domus, is also used:

SCHEMA 15C Page SMITH 16C of GETTINGS 1977 Po? 1002

MARY 16C of ASTROLOGY 17C of position EBERTIN 1970 A

The sigil recorded for oxiens in MANSIONIBUS 1482 $\mbox{\ \ \ }$ appears to be part of a secret alphabet (since the letter 'd' is named septembrio, yet is a letter never used for the Imum Coeli).

ASCENDING NODE Ast. The north NODE of astrology has from ancient times been signified by the sigil () but the following form is copied from an ancient Greek text by OMONT 1894 @ 9 This is said to be the kephali or anabibazon, the equivalent of the modern CAPUT of modern astrology, but the sigil is probably a mistake, the correct form being given in the same manuscript for the CAUDA, the

Greek oura or katababazon:

ASHES Alc. VALENTINE 1671 \subseteq SIGNA 17C \gg \oplus $\stackrel{\square}{\leftarrow}$ DIDEROT 1763 $\stackrel{\square}{\leftarrow}$ \bigcirc See also ASHES OF LEAD and ASHES OF WOOD

ASHES OF HARTS EASE Alc. CROLLIUS 1670 1

ASHES OF LEAD Alc. Medimeval sigils given by GESSMANN 1908: 2 05

ASHES OF TIN Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

ASHES OF WOOD Alc. Mediaeval sigil given by GESSMANN 1906: E

ASMODEL Mag. Three of the most common mediaeval sigils for the 'angel' of Taurus, recorded by BRAGE 1582: 🚱 🏳 🔘 🔘

ASTEROID Ast. Modern sigil given by NEROMAN 1937: %

ASTRAL WORLD Occ. Mediaeval sigils given by KIRCHER 1655 for the sidereum, by which he probably meant the 'astral world', rather than the stellatum, or zone of the fixed stars: jt to see also ANIMALIA and ANIMATE WORLD.

ASTROLOGER Ast. A fifteenth-century contraction for astrologus is recorded by CAPPELLI 1949: $\phi \in \mathcal{C}_0$

ASTRONOMIA Ast. A mediaeval contraction is recorded by CHASSANT 1884, though there is little difference between astronomia and astrologia in mediaeval texts: astronomia

ATHANOR Alc. Most of the sigils for the constant-heat digesting

furnace of exoteric alchemy consist of vestigial drawings, and are scarcely sigils as such. DIDEROT 1763 gives a fairly standard common example:

GESSMANN 1906 records three mediaeval sigils under the name of

Atheneum: 🖨 Ţ 🐵

See also AHENUM and CUCURBITA

ATHENEUM See ATHANOR

ATHER See ETHERIC

ATLANTIDES See PLEIADES

ATLANTIS Occ. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the sigil — for the 'earth globe' esoterically seem as the 'unity of the spiritual world' - the top half of the circle being contrasted with the duality of the lower half, the symbol of the duality of the 'material world', which she sees as a fitting sigil to express the Earth state when the male-female polarity fully developed. The sigil may therefore be taken as relating to the Epoch of Atlantis, rather than to the continental mass itself. See also EARTH.

ATRAMENTUM See VITRICL

AURIPIGMENTUM See ORPIMENT

AURUM See GOLD

AURUM FOLIATUM See GOLD LEAF

AURUM MUSICUM Alc. SIGNA 17C of 6Dt ALCHEMICAL 17C of SCHNEIDER 1962 aX SOMMERBOFF 1701 records the following as aurum pictorium: X X +O+

AURUM PICTORIUM See AURUM MUSICUM and GOLD PAINT

AURUM POTABILE See POTABLE GOLD

AUTUMN Occ. Sometimes the sigils are used in the seasonal sense, but at other times there is the more specific sense of harvest, of the Jupiterian process.

FRANCKLYN 1627 \Leftrightarrow SHELTON J.7C \Leftrightarrow 2_____

GESSMANN 1906 ? 20

KOCH 1930 JA

ALCHEMY 1650 24 SOMMERHOFF 1701 25 25

AVACHIEL Mag. Mediaeval sigil given by AGRJPPA 1531 as ruling spirit of zodiacal Sagittarius: \bigvee The same spirit was supposed by HEYDON 1664 to be a geomantic genius of AQUISITIO.

SCRIPT), for which many sigillic derivatives are given within the tradition of secret alphabets, as for example in the well-known series recorded by BARTOLOZZI 1675:
WIRTH 1927 equates Ayn with the Tarot arcanum the HOUSE OF GOD, with the constellation Ophincus and the zodiacal sign SCORPIO. In his record of the vestigial pictographic forms, he suggests a link with the concept of the Bye:

AZERVEL Mag. SCHEIBLE 1848 records a sigil intended as the 'afternoon symbol' for the demon:

AZOTE Alc. DALTON 1808 (D

B

BABALEL Mag. A sigil given by AGRIPPA 16C for one of the two demons associated with the planet Mars:

BABCHIEL See SPIRIT OF PISCES.

BABYLONIAN SCRIPT Occ. One of the many forms for this secret alphabet is recorded by VIGNERE 1586:



This alphabet is one of the HEBRAIC SCRIPTS, and appears to be very closely related to the so-called CHALDEAN SCRIPT.

See SECRET SCRIPTS

BACCEUS Ast. Sigil introduced by TEIERENS 1931 for the 'planetary principle' of the Roman Bacchus, the Greek Dionysos: \$\frac{2}{3}\$

BALM Ala, Two mediaeval sigils recorded by DIDEROT 1763: 1

BALNEUM MARIAE See GRADES OF FIRE.

- BARBIEL Mag. Several mediaeval sigils have survived for this demon, of which the one recorded by SCHEIBLE 1848 is the most simple:
 The name is used also for the 'angel of Scorpio', for which BRAHE 1582 records three sigils:
 YOU For scorpio'.
- BARCHIEL Mag. BRAHE 1582 gives two sigils for this demon +O+P D = 0 whilst AGRIPPA 1531 records a sigil which is linked with the geometric tradition: $\angle OO$
- BARYTES Alg. DALTON 1808
- BATH Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives sigils specifically for the Balmeum Mariae MB To V C M M GESSMANN 1906 gives $B \not= B_L$ but see GRADES OF FIRE for the more specialist sigils.
- BAZARACHIEL Mag. Three mediaeval sigils recorded by SCHEIBLE 1848 for this demon: 27 / // // Line
- BEELZEBUS Mag. The sigil given by SCHEIBLE 1848 is merely an abbreviation β and this demon is more frequently depicted in the form of a fly, sometimes in a vestigial drawing, in reference to the supposed meaning of his name as Lord of the Flies.
- BEFAFES Mag. One of two sigils for demons linked with the planet Mars, given by AGRIPPA 16C:
- BEGINNING See ALPHA and MORTAL ADAM
- BELL METAL Alc. Mediaeval sigil for aes campanorum given in SIGNA 17C: \mathbb{Q} GESSMANN 1906 gives: \mathbb{Q}
- BELOCH Mag. Name (perhaps confused with Beliar) and sigil given by

HEYDON 1864 for spirit, intended to represent the letter B in the secret alphabet of 'Angels and Genii': $\frac{*}{*}$

BENJAMINE FLOWERS Alc. Mediaeval sigils recorded by GESSMANN 1906: 🕏

- BETHOR Mag. Mediaeval sigil for planetary spirit of Jupiter recorded by TRITHEMIUS 1503 1 SCHEIBLE 1848 SEEPHERD 1971
- BEZOAR STONE Alc. Several variant forms of a simple graphic are given by GESSMANN 1906:
- BILE alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records the following sigil from an early Greek manuscript which is clearly a short-form for chyle: X
- BIQUINTILE Ast. Sigil for the astrological aspect of 144° given by RAPHAEL 1900: II
 SIMMONITE 1890 records a common abbreviation: BQ
- BIRDSEGGS Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from an early Greek manuscript: $\mathring{6}\odot$

BIRTHPLACE See RU.

BISMUTH Alc. Mediaeval sigil given by SIGNA 17C A with a later version recorded by DIDEROT 1763: SCHNEIDER 1962

BITUMEN STONE AIC. SOMMERHOFF 1701 A

BLACKMAL Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C 1

BLACK SOAP AIC. DIDEROT 1763

BLACK SULPHUR See BRIMSTONE and SULPHUR NIGRUM

BLACK TALC Alc. Two mediaeval sigils recorded by DIDEROT 1763: 숙 📮

BLEND Alc. Mediaeval sigils recorded by DIDEROT 1763: \prod

- BLISDON Mag. Sigil for a demon linked with the planet Mercury, given by AGRIPPA 160:
- BLOODSTONE Alc. Mediaeval sigil given by SHELTON 17C + with a some-what dubious alternative by FRANCKLYN 1627: O

 See also HARMATTE
- BLUE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records the following short-form from an ancient Greek manuscript: KV

 Two variants, presumably mediaeval, are given by DIDEROT 1763: W 53

 But see also lapis lazuli under LAPIS
- BLUE VITRIOL Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 (D-4DIDEROT 1763 (D-4But see VITRIOL
- BOBOGEL Mag. One of two demons linked with the Sun, recorded by AGRIPPA 160: 2-2-2-2

BODY Occ. Mediaeval sigil given by SIGNA 17C - A later form recorded by GESSMANN 1906 is presumably derived from the Latin corpus:

BODY ERECT Occ. In her graphic system of symbolism, BLAVATSKY 1877 gives | but see also ONE.

BOIL Alc. SIGNA 170 A SOMMERHOFF 1701 746 See also GRADES OF FIRE

GESSMANN 1906 XX XX

BOILED CIL Alc. Mediaeval sigil given by GESSMANN 1906: $\stackrel{o}{\circ}$ \circ

BOILED WINE Alc. Mediaeval sigil given by GESSMANN 1906

BOILER Alc. Most forms for the alchemical cucurbita are vestigial drawings, though DIDEROT 1763 gives two sigils: 👝 🕤

bole alc. Alchemy 1650 \oplus \wedge Shelton 170 \times SOMMERHOFF 1701 7 89 коон 1930 Ф

GESSMANN 1906 & Co SCHNEIDER 1962 d

See also ARMENIAN BOLE, RED BOLE and WHITE BOLE

BONES Occ. The sigil recorded by CHASSANT 1884 from mediaeval sources is obviously a contraction for the Latin ossa: O

BORAX Alc. A large number of sigils, most of them originally mediaeval derivatives, have been recorded: the most common are WORLIDGE 1651 1 V CROLLIUS 1670 7 SOMMERHOFF 1701 8 TO 2Q TO CIV & Co L I I Q RXYO+HVAI 016 \$ 81 4+ B on 4

POISSON 1891 で GESSMANN 1906 24 24 24 4 日 日 人 で R で V 小 ア 東 チ ム 日 LUEDY 1928 20 る ーを SCHNEIDER 1962 牙 87 上。215

BORNOGO Mag. One of the two demons linked with the Sun, recorded by AGRIPPA 16C:

- BOTARION Alc. The sigil recorded from an ancient Greek manuscript by BERTHELOT 1885 is probably intended to denote a Digestion Vessel:
- BOTTLE Alc. The word in its nounal use is designated usually by a simple vestigial drawing, as in the mediaeval example given by GESSMANN 1906 which represents the ampulla of the alchemists. When a verbal use is intended, then a sigil recorded by GESSMANN 1906 may be used which in fact means 'bottle when cleared': A Sometimes the sigils for LUTUM SAPIENTIAE are used in a strictly esoteric sense for the idea of bottling and sealing, though this is probably a late and inappropriate use of the sigils.
- BRACHIUM Alc. Sigil given by MANSIONES 14C for the 7th of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Dhira in the Arabic system: 0000 A sigil for the amulet relating to this lunar mansion (called finis Geminorum) is given by ABANO 1303: 1800.
- BRASS Alc. There is much confusion regarding the alloys of the alchemists, and this naturally reflects in the sigils. In some cases the sigils for aes refer to any crude metal dug from the earth; in other cases to the common alloy of copper and tin. The alloy of copper and zinc is probably intended for the majority of the following sigils, but the meaning may only be derived from the context. For example, it is likely that the forms given by GESSMANN 1906 designate COPPER and even aes ustum.

VALENTINE 1871 🕂

SHELTON 17C & S

DEDEROT 1763 只年《今 GESSMANN 1906 ~~~ 2 5 0 0 日 井 5 0 ● ※ 3 0

BRICK DUST Alc. As with the sigils for BRICK, the most common forms are vestigial drawings, as for example those given by GESSMANN 1906 below. Sigils are also derived from the initials of the Latin farina laterum, as for example in the forms given by DIDEROT 1763: Find the GESSMANN 1906 [13] [15] [15]

BRIMSTONE Alc. A sigil is given under this name by KOCH 1930 but this is actually the late-mediaeval form for 'black sulphur' - see SULPHUR NIGRUM - 'brimstone' being the vernacular at one time for SULPHUR.

BRONZE Alc. The observations under BRASS are relevant to this metal, though bronze is an alloy more easily identifiable through the sigils, being more commonly the aes of the alchemists. However, confusion still reigns, and sigils for BRASS and COPPER are often employed in cases where bronze should be sigillated.

ALCHEMICAL 17C X Q GESSMANN 1906 \$\frac{1}{2} \text{ C-} \text{ C-} \text{ See also BELL METAL.}

BRORGES Mag. Sigil for the demon linked with the planet Saturn, given in AGRIPPA 16C: 43

BURNED ALUM See CALCINATED ALUM

BURNED BRASS See AES USTUM

BURNED COPPER See AES USTUM

BURNED HARTSHORN See HARTSHORN

BURNED LEAD See CALCINATED LEAD

BURNED FEBBLE Alc. GESSMANN 1906

BURNED TARTAR See CALCINATED TARTAR

BURNED VITRIOL See CALCINATED VITRIOL

BUTMONO Mag. Sigil for the demon linked with the planet Jupiter, given by AGRIPPA 16C: 157

BY DEGREES Alc. Mediaeval sigil for a term used in alchemy meaning 'gradually' or 'in stages', and having nothing to do with the term used in its astrological sense. ALCHEMICAL 170: /M

BYSS Occ. LAW 1772 @ See ABYSS

C

CABBALISTIC SCRIPT See HEBRAIC SCRIPT

CADENT Ast. Modern sigil given by DE VORE 1947 for both the "cadent house" and the "cadent sign": $\dot{\mathbb{L}}$

CALAMINE ALC. SIGNA 17C 子 W 卡马 GESSMANN 1906 早 数 单 / 』 文 丁 o 专 运 W 企 写

CALCINATE Alc. The most common mediaeval sigils appear as part of a compound in the form recorded by FRANCKLYN 1627:

ALCHYMIA 1563 FA P P FRANCKLYN 1627 P POISSON 170 POISSON 1891 P FANCKLYN 1906 P FANCKLYN 1928 T FORMAN 1906 P FANCKLYN 1928 T FORMAN 1962 F FANCKLYN 1928 T FORMAN 1962 F FANCKLYN 1928 T FORMAN 1962 F FANCKLYN 1928 T FANCKLYN 1928 T

CALCINATED ALUM Alo. SHELTON 17C 分 5 中华中央型

CALCINATED BRASS See AES USTUM

CALCINATED COPPER See AES USTUM

- CALCINATED HARTSHORN Alc., SOMMERHOFF 1701 🛨 🖑 CCV GESSMANN 1906 🎷 💙 💥 "V
- CALCINATED LEAD Alc. Two sigils from the Greek alchemical tradition are recorded by BERTHELOT 1885 kh b Sessmann 1906 h h
- CALCINATED SILVER Alc. Two sigils are recorded from the Greek alchemic tradition by BERTHELOT 1895 \bigoplus \bigoplus The sigils recorded by SOMMERHOFF 1701 \bigoplus \bigoplus and that derived from this source by GESSMANN 1906 \bigoplus probably refer to the alchemical process of 'silver calcination'.
- CALCINATED TARTAR A10. ALCHEMICAL 17C 13+ 9/34 \times 3 \times 3 \times 6 \times 6 \times 7 \times 9 \times 9
- CALCINATED TIN Alc. A sigil derived from the Greek alchemical tradition is recorded by BERTHELOT 1885: \S
- CALCINATED VITRIOL Alg. SHELTON 170 \bigcirc
- CALCINATION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil + next to the sigil for the sign or constellation Aries, either to symbolise the alchemical process of calcination or (less likely) the alchemical ANTIMONY. See CALCINATE.
- CALX Alc. The sigils sometimes clearly refer to the ancient meaning

of lime or QUICKLIME, sometimes to the more modern meaning of the powder or friable substance obtained by the calcination of metals or ninerals.

CROLLIUS 1670 \mathbb{Y} VALENTINE 1671 $\mathbb{W} \in \mathbb{F}$ SHELTON 17C \mathbb{W} SIGNA 17C $\mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z}$ SOMMERHOFF 1701 $\mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z}$ SCHNEIDER 1962 $\mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \setminus \mathbb{Z}$

See also CALX CHYMICUS, CALX METALLORUM, CALX OVORUM and CALX TARTARIS Under the heading Calx SOMMERHOFF 1701 lists also Calx Saturni: 5Calx Solis \Re and Calx Veneris: \bigoplus

CALX CHYMICUS Alc. Mediaeval sigils recorded by ALCHEMICAL 17C: \propto $2\frac{\mu}{L} = \frac{7}{4} \circ \mathcal{R}$. \mathcal{N}

CALX METALLORUM Alc. A large number of mediaeval sigils is recorded by GESSMANN 1906, of which the following are worth recording: 0 $\textcircled{\infty}$ 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 7 7 7 7 1 1 2 3

CALX OVORUM Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 A SCHNEIDER 1962 Cap

CALX SOLIS See CALX

CALX TARTARIS Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 \$\frac{1}{4}\$

VALENTINE 1671 \$\frac{1}{4}\$

But see also CALX

CALX VIVA See QUICKLIME

CAMAEL Mag. Mediaeval sigil for the 'angel' of Mars, given by BARRETT 1801, but derived from the sigil given by TRITHEMIUS 1503 for SAMAEL:

CAMBRIEL Mag. Sigil for geometric spirit given by HEYDON 1664, perhaps in error from AGRIPPA 1531: \square

CANANEAN SCRIPT Occ. One of the numerous scripts preserved under this name is the version given in relation to the Roman alphabet by RIVIERE 1938

	a,	ь	C	d	e	f	g	h	î	j	k]	111	11
-	4	8		0	H		17	H	X		57	A	3	35
	n	75	N	ge.	K	Z	n			4		4	0	
+	О	p	q	Γ	S	t	11	V	W	X	У	Z	0	

This secret alphabet was originated for the Hebrew alphabet (see for example HEBRAIC SCRIPT), and has been taken over from one of the several versions called the CHALDEAN SCRIPT:

1	×	7	1	7	7	1	1	п	υ	,	0	3	מ	5
	M	85	M	20	H	h	3	M	8	X	56	A	5	35
	4				Z	To Secretary St.								
	D	ע	=	7,	~	7	Ш	L						

CANCER Ast. Sigils for the zodiacal sign of the Crab, used indiscriminately for the constellation of the same name. Printed version of the sigil derived from one of several related forms in the Graeco-Byzantine tradition (see NEUGEBAUER 1959 below), given by HYGINUS 1482: Said by AGRIPPA 1510 to be based on the movement of the crab, though this is entirely fanciful.

Ancient Egyptian (demotic): BERLIN 42AD STOBART 2C SPIEGELBERG 1911 SPIEGELBERG 1911 STOBART 2C SPIEGELBERG 1911 SPIEGELBERG 1911

JANUA 14C %

MANSIONIBUS 1482 %

BONATTI 15C %

TABLES 15C %

HERMETIS 16C %

TRITHEMIUS 1650 %

TRACTS 17C %

WELLING 1735 %

STEINER 1910 %

BURCKHARDT 1967 %

RUDHYAR 1970 %

ASTROLOGICAL 15C #
QUADRANTIS 15C #
SCHYNAGEL 1500 6 S
SIGILLIS 17C #
ASTROLOGY 17C S
VALLEMONT 1707 69
STEINER 1906 S
SUCHER 1958 S
SUCHER 1970 S
SUCHER 1970 S

LEUPOLDI 14C gives a sigil for the constellation Cancer as does

AGRIPPA 1510:]

See also COSMIC EGG, MOON ARCANUM and SPIRIT OF CANCER

- CANE Alc. Two mediaeval sigils recorded by GESSMANN 1906: T G
- CANIS Ast. Sigil for the 13th lunar mansion, called Al Awwa in the Arabic system, given in MANSTONES 14C: 200-
- CANIS MAJOR Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the binary alpha Canis Majoris, sometimes called Sirius, given in HERMETIS 13C: The A related variant is given by AGRIPPA 1510, which has become the standard sigil in astrology:
- CANIS MINOR Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the binary alpha Canis Minoris, sometimes called Procyon, given in HERMETIS 13C: **

 A related variant given in AGRIPPA 1510 has become the standard sigil in astrology: ***

 EVANS 1922
- CAPELLA Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the fixed star alpha Aurigae, given in HERMETIS 13C under the name of ALAYOCH of this sigil was wrongly transmitted by AGRIPPA 1510, with the result that the sigil in common use may be confused with that for ALDEBARAN.

The CUPELLA is sometimes called a 'capella'. See also ALAYOCH

CAPILLUS Ast. Sigil for the eleventh lunar mansion, called Al Zubrah in the Arabic astrological system, given by MANSIONES 14C: $\frac{\sigma}{\sigma}$ $\frac{\sigma}{\sigma}$ A sigil for the amulet linked with this mansion, called Venter Leonis, is recorded by ABANO 1303: $\frac{\sigma}{2}$

CAPRICORN Ast. Zodiacal sign of the Goat-fish, frequently mis-termed the Goat: the sigils are used indiscriminately for the constellation of the same name. AGRIPPA 1531 derives the mediacval sigil from the tail of the goat, but this is entirely fanciful, and it is likely that the common form is derived from the duality of the goat-fish form.

The printed version is from the manuscript tradition, as given by HYGINUS 1482 FIRMICUS 1499 and LILLY 1647 VI

The sigils for this sign are numerous, and to avoid confusion the entries below have been set out in three sections - MODERN VARIANTS, COMMON VARIANTS (on the modern forms), and RARE forms.

MODERN VARIANTS

SIBLY 1790 V3 サ MODERN ASTROLOGY 1899 Vゴ NEUGEBAUER 1959 でっ

CIRLOT 1962 %

NEERACHER 1967 4

SUCHER 1970 >3

COMMON VARIANTS

CHAUCER 150

SCHYNAGEL 1500

PICCOLOMINI 1558 🗶

AGRIPPA 16C 4

MARY 16C VC

BLUNDEVILLE 1602 Z

ALCHYMICAL 17C 28-

LUCCA 17C

TABLE 17C 26

CHRISTIAN 1870 🏂

VREEDE 1954 %

BURCKHARDT 1967 &

HADES 1969 💢

HOROSCOPES 15C S

DARIOT 1557 S

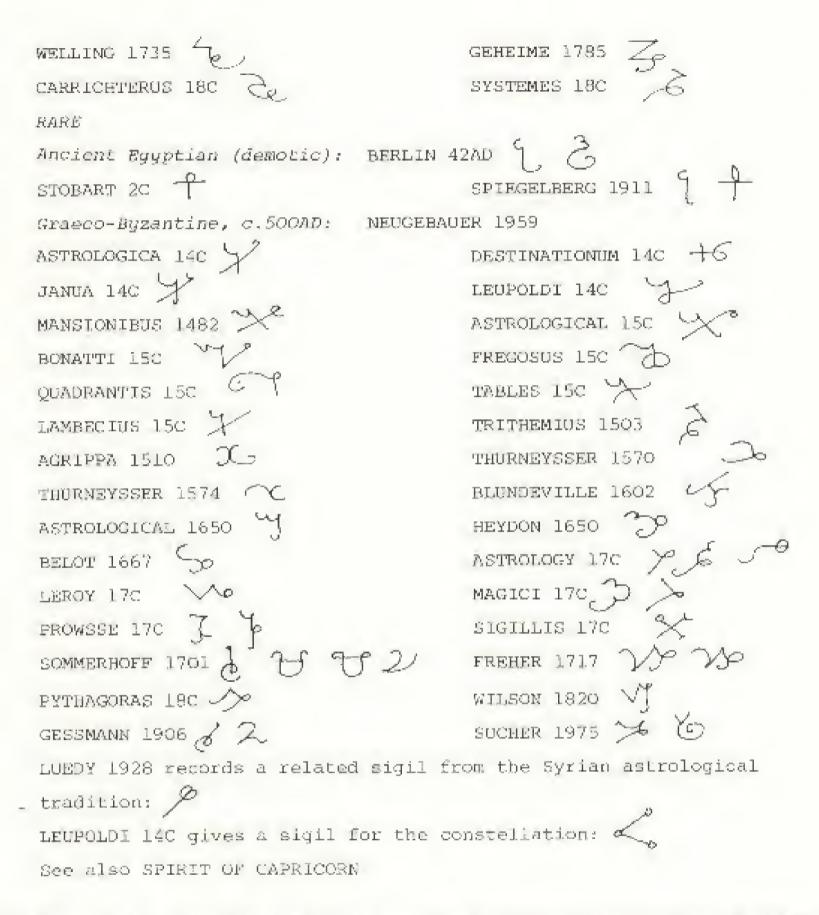
GIUNTINI 1583 S

HERMETIS 16C S

SMITH 16C S

HOROSCOPE 1614

RULES 17C A T



refers to caput draconis, 'the dragon's head', originally an astrological term, but now used in astrological, alchemical and geomantic contexts. The term in its astrological sense refers to the Moon's north Node, the point at which the ascending orbit of the Moon intersects the ecliptic. The sigil most commonly used is mediaeval in origin, derived from the ancient Greek (see NODE), as for example the form given by LILLY 1647:

divided into two parts - one listing the astrological and alchemical sigils, the other listing the geomentic sigils.

ASTROLOGICAL AND ALCHEMICAL

ASTROLOGICA 14C

CANONES 15C +

SIGNIFICATIONES 150 H

SCHYNAGEL 1500 \

JANUA 14C C

BONATTI 15C

TABULAE 15C =

DEUTSCHE 1961

A mediaeval abbreviation is given by CHASSANT 1884: C_3 It is not uncommon for modern ephemerides to give this sigil in a form which may be confused with that more accurately used for LEO: \sqrt{C} GEOMANTIC

The most common form is that used for one of the sixteen geomantic figures: This caput draconis is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element Earth and the zodiacal sign Virgo: a multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) is used to denote the same fourfold arrangement. The following sigils are from late mediaeval sources, and are sometimes used in astrological and magical contexts to connote the force and nature of astrological caput (above) as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531 Y Y V V the same source gives also the form $\overline{\underline{T}}$ which is surely wrong.

HEYDON 1664 records a sigil \underline{Y} which is also incorrect.

CAPUT ARIETIS See CORNUA ARIETIS

CAPIT CANCRI See OCULUS

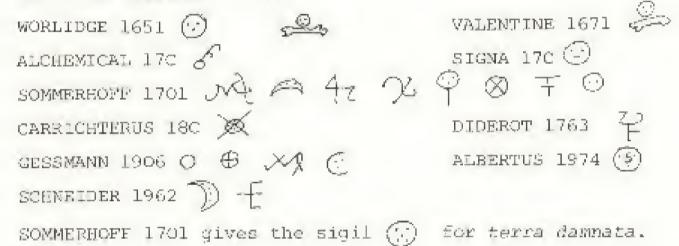
CAPUT CANTS Ast. The 5th of the lunar mansions, called Al Hak'ah in

the Arabic astrological system, a sigil for which is given by MANSIONES 14C: $\frac{10}{300000}$

A sigil, or group of sigils, linked with this mansion (under the name of finis Tauri et Ceminorum), is recorded for amuletic use by ABANO 1303: $\sqrt{5}$

CAPUT DRACONTS See CAPUT

CAPUT MORTUUM Alc. Usually this alchemical residue is signified by a vestigial drawing of a human skull, the 'death's head', but one or two other variants exist:



CAPUT TAURI See COR TAURI

CARBON DIOXIDE Alc. SCHEFFERS 1775 gives the sigil $\stackrel{\textstyle op}{=}$ for his acidum aereum, for which BERGMANN 1785 gave the variant: $\stackrel{\textstyle op}{=}$

CARCER Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures: []: A multitude of variants (dots, stars, floral devices, etc.) are used to denote the same four-fold arrangement. Caroer, 'prison', is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Earth, the planet Saturn, and the zodiacal sign Pisces. The following sigils are derived from the mediaeval tradition, and are sometimes used to denote the planet Saturn, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531 🖒 🖒 🖒 🗘 🗘 🗘

CARDINAL See CARDINALITY

- CARDINAL CROSS Ast. Sigil introduced, with a complicated supportive rationale, by BAILEY 1934 to represent the four cardinal zodiacal signs (Aries, Cancer, Libra and Capricorn):
- CARDINALITY Ast. Modern sigil for the cardinal quality, recorded by DE VORE 1947: $\begin{subarray}{c} \end{subarray}$ See also CARDINAL CROSS.

CASK See CUPELLA

CASSEROLE Alc. Two mediaeval sigils recorded by DIDEROT 1763: ξ

CASSIEL Mag. Three mediaeval sigils for this angel of Saturn recorded by BARRETT 1801: 2 7 - though the last sigil is given by TRITHEMIUS 1503 as for ORIPHIEL.

SCHEIBLE 1848 records many mediaeval variants: 7/7/7/7/7/7/8

See also SPHERE OF SATURN

CASSRIEL Mag. SCHEIBLE 1848 gives soveral sigils for this demon: $\frac{1}{2}$

- CASTOR OIL Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek sigil for this liquid: \leftarrow
- CAUDA Ast. Usually the single word cauda refers to cauda dracomis (the dragon's tail), which was originally an astrological term, but which is now used in both alchemical and geomentic contexts as well. In the astrological tradition it was intended to denote the Moon's south NODE, the point at which the descending orbit of the moon intersects the ecliptic. The sigil most commonly used is mediaeval (though derived from the ancient Greek), as given in LILLY 1647: The entries below are divided into two parts, the first being ASTROLOGICAL, the second GEOMANTIC.

ASTROLOGICAL

JANUA 14C D

BONATTI 15C A

SIGNIFICATIONES 15C Z

SCHYNAGEL 1500 A

STRAGGLING 1824

GEOMANTIC

A basic sigil is given for one of the sixteen geomantic figures, called cauda draconis: A multitude of variant sigils exists (with stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) used to express the same four-fold arrangement. Cauda is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element Fire, and the zodiacal sign Sagittarius. The following sigils are derived from the mediaeval tradition, and are sometimes used in astrological and magical contexts to express the idea of cauda draconis in its astrological sense, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531

AGRIPPA 1531

AGRIPPA 1531

A A A

AGRIPPA 1531 I A A A A A

CAUDA CAPRICORNI Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the fixed star delta

Capricorni, sometimes called Deneb Algedi, given in HERMETIS 13C

AGRIPPA 1531 gives a variant which has entered the European occult

tradition:

CAUDA LEONIS Ast. The 12th of the lunar mansions, called Al sarfah in Arabic astrological system, for which MANSIONES 14C gives a mediaeval sigil: $-\Theta--$

A series of sigils linked with this lunar mansion (called finis Leonis et principis Virginis, and perhaps linked with SPICA) is given for amuletic use by ABANO 1303: 8000

CAUDA SCORPIONIS Ast. The 19th of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al shaula in the arabic astrological system, a sigil for which is given by MANSIONES 14C: 000000 000000

A sigil linked with this lunar mansion (called finis Scorpionis et caput Sagittarii) is given for amuletic use by ABANO 1303: %

CAUDA URSAE Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the double star alpha Ursae

Minoris, sometimes called Polaris, Stella Polaris, Cynosura or the

Pole Star, given by HERMETIS 13C:

AGRIPPA 1531 gives a variant which has entered the European occult

tradition:

AGRIPPA 1510 gives: 2990

EVANS 1922 (mediaeval):

CAUSTIC METAL See CALX.

CELANDINE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek sigil: LX.

CELESTIAL SCRIPT Occ. A number of secret alphabets, variously called 'celestial', 'angelic' or 'supercelestial', has been recorded in various occult texts, among the most well-known of which is that given by AGRIPPA 1531:

	K		1,	7	7	1	ī	П	ט	,	٥	5	מ	13
C	X	~	0	0-0	T	9	oTo	99	99	1	0	2	y!	2
8	9		Trans.	Y	-	4	999	0-				8		
		7	0	0-7	8		W	9 1				Table.		
-	D	ע	=	X	₹	7	T	T						

The more or less genuine 'celestial' scripts have been derived from the Hebraic alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), but some writers, such as RIVIERE 1938 have adapted these for the Roman alphabet. Below is his 'angelic' alphabet, compared with his 'celestial':

		~				_				-			
N	\Box					J	E	ш		الہ	3		7
a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	111	1)
1/3			1			J	E	मा।		7	3	\$	3
3	3	8	9	20	H		2				2		
0	p	q	Г	S	t	u	V	W	X	У	Z		
1	50	8	4	7	0		J	1			20		

But see also SECRET SCRIPTS.

- CELESTIAL VAPOUR Alc. The sigil given in the collection of Greek texts by BERTHELOT 1885 relates to aithali ouranou: ——— which BERTHELOT 1885 translates somewhat materialistically as 'celestial vapour', though the form of the sigil would suggest something of a spiritual nature perhaps relating to the smoke of the pythonic oracles, or even (though more doubtfully) to the etheric forces described in the theosophical tradition.
- CEMENT Alc. In most contexts it is clear that a verbal use is intended by the sigil.

 SHELTON 17C 至 DIDEROF 1763 Z 以してGESSMANN 1906 records several mediaeval sigils: 全 ス ラ マ 米

SCHNEIDER 1962 4

CENTRAL POINT See ARCHETYPES.

CERA See WAX.

CERES Ast. Sigil given by WILSON 1819 for 'planet' (in fact an asteroid) in orbit between Mars and Jupiter: 2

KOCH 1930 4 SIDGWICK 1973 ①

CERUSSA See WHITE LEAD.

CHALAMINT STONE ALC. FRANCKLYN 1627 $\frac{I\phi}{\phi}$,

- CHALCITE Alc. The sigil is derived from an abbreviation of the Greek word recorded by BERTHELOT 1885, and probably relates to copper pyrites:
- CHALDEAN SCRIPT Occ. One of the numerous secret alphabets in the tradition of HEBRAIC SCRIPT. The alphabet recorded here is that

given by VIGNERE 1586:

	×	⊒ ,	2	7	13	1	7	n	υ	7	٦	۲	מ	1
	M	85	M	20	H	n	2	m	0	8	56	A	3	35
0	4	n	X	X	7	Xe	な	Z						
1	0	y	5	7.	7	7	W	D						

The alphabet has nothing to do with the historic Chaldean cuneiform, but in mediaeval terminology Chaldean was synonymous with astrologer.

CHALK Alc. Two mediaeval sigils are recorded by GESSMANN 1906; igtriangledown FRANCKLYN 1627 gives two sigils for 'chalk containing gold': igtriangledown

CHAOS Occ. DEE 1564 gives the sigil $\frac{1}{1}$ but see also ELEMENTS and ABYSS.

CHARACTER Occ. A short-form or abbreviation for character in the sense of 'sigil', and with reference to the planetary or alchemical symbols, is found only in manuscripts, as for example in CONJURATION 14C: There exists a wide range of different sigils referred to in occult literature as 'characters', many of which are listed in this dictionary under the heading of PLANETARY SYMBOLS: but see also CHARACTERS OF ELEMENTS and HERMETIC SIGIL.

CHARACTERS See PLANETARY SYMBOLS.

CHARACTERS OF ELEMENTS Alc. The following sigils are given by BRAHF

1582 as characters, but these are not intended to act as sigils in the

ordinary sense for the relevant elements: they are intended for simple
amuletic use.

AIR: の中中でPiv与フィップ・サールー EARTH: ソルド よれ 日前 ピフ ま デー デー FIRE: ア の 切 ペッ 6 mc ト 2 「 で マ し で WATER: Y で R モ ル 塩 コ シュ キー ビ ト THREE AIRS, THREE EARTHS, THREE FIRES, THREE WATERS and WATER.

CHARCOAL Alc. Two mediaeval sigils given by GESSMANN 1906: $\hat{\mathbb{T}}$

- CHARIOT Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 7th arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic ZAIN, and associates with it the sigil ‡ which is the so-called CROSS of Lorraine, which WIRTH 1927 sees as the primitive form of the Zain (though a more precise etymology for the graphic vestigial form is that of a 'decorative staff' within the Egyptian hieroglyphics). WIRTH 1927 also associates the two sigils 🖒 🕇 with the arcanum, presumably because these are to be found within the compositional structure of the design.
- CHENOR Mag. Sigil used for a spirit (perhaps the original Chaniel) by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter C in the secret writing called the 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':
- CHERUBIN Occ. SUCHER 1975 appears to link the sigil for Aquarius XX with the sphere of the Seraphim, which is traditionally associated with either the 'sphere' of the stellatum or with the zodiacal sphere itself. In effect, each of the sigils for the four fixed signs of the zodiac (TAURUS, LEO, SCORPIO and AQUARIUS) could theoretically be used to represent one of the individual cherubs, but most symbolists have recourse to pictorial images, rather than sigils.
- CERTST Rel. A large number of sigils, most often involved with the symbolism of the CROSS, have been used to symbolise Christ, and the following consists merely of a selection taken from occult sources:

 SCHEIBLE 1848
 BOCK 1931
 SHEPHERD 1971
 SHEPHERD 1971
 CERTINGS 1978
 CETTINGS 1978
 CERTINGS 1978
 C

The same source lists also a number of related sigils under CHRISTMON and JESUS, along with $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ CHASSANT 1884 records a mediaeval range: $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ See also CHRIST TRIUMPHANT.

- CHRYSOCOLLA Alc. Early mediaeval sigil, probably derived from the ancient Greek, recorded by SHEPHERD 1971 for solder of gold:
- CHRYSTALLUS Alc. Two sigils given by SIGNA 170: 9- 200
- CINDERS Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 一完 C CROLLIUS 1612 年

 VALENTINE 1671 卡 SIGNA 17C ※ 年

 SOMMERHOFF 1701 一、 十 元 量 计

 DIDEROT 1763 ② GESSMANN 1906 モ ※ モ

 For cinis clavellatis SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives 早 年 ソン

 For cineris salicis SIGNA 17C gives 零 火 光 千 千
- CINNABAR Alc. The common alchemical term for the red form of mercuric sulphide though the sigil is also used for the pigment vermilion. WORLIDGE 1651 $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{Z}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{=}$ CROLLIUS 1612 $\stackrel{\bullet}{Z}$ CROLLIUS 1670 $\stackrel{\bullet}{=}$ VALENTINE 1671 $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{=}$ $\frac{33}{33}$

SHELTON 17C 全号 5 SIGNA 17C 33 3 8 8 8 ま
SOMMERHOFF 1701 D D 日 73 書 8 字 書 33 GESSMANN 1906 Z CARBONELLI 1925 33 SCHNEIDER 1962 (A)

BERTHELOT 1885 records two Greek sigils: 🔘

CINNABAR OF ANTIMONY Alc. Two sigils given by DIDERCT 1763: 💍 💍

CIRCULATING FIRE Alc. Mediaeval sigils given by GESSMANN 1906, mainly derived from the common sigil for FIRE: 🛆 👌 🧸 🧧 🖾

Sigil given by HERMES 1613 in a series of graphic CIRCULUS DUPLEX 000. occult structures: (0) The duplex symbolises the idea of spiritual growth - an inner quality is protected within the nutrient of a shielding outer quality. The sigil may also be interpreted as being symbolic of the alchemical process itself.

Occ. Sigil derived from Dee's MONAD by Boehme, and called by CLAVIS him 'the Seven Forms of Spirit' relating to his Wirkende Eigenschaften (see MUSES 1951):) The sigi) combines the 'Seven Forms' of the seven planets: Saturn-Moon which gives 'Harsh desiring Will': 50

Mercury-Jupiter which gives 'Bitter or stinging': 32Mars-Venus which gives 'Anguish till the "flash of Fire": $\mathscr{T}\, \Psi$ Sup which itself represents the 'flash of Fire' and the 'Fire World': \odot Venus-Mars which gives 'Light or Love, where the water of Eternal Life

flows: 28

Jupiter-Mercury which gives 'Noise, sound or Mercury': 2, 2Moon-Saturn which gives 'Substance of Nature': (h) MUSES 1951 presents variants of these, according to Freber, in the order given above, but with a more thorough interpretation and with COAGULATE Alc. The sigils below, all of which are mediaeval in origin, refer to the verbal use of the word. But see also COAGULATION

WORLIDGE 1651 —— XX ALCHEMY 1650 —

VALENTINE 1671 —— XX DIDEROT 1763 —— HE COAGULATION

LUEDY 1928 [8]

COAGULATION Alc. Sigil given by CEHEIME 1785 for the alchemical process of 'thickening substances': 美 signa 17c 4 サート も ま は まっ 2 6 円 GESSMANN 1906 W 8 9° 7
See DISSOLVE.

COBALT Alc. ALCHEMICAL 170 SCHEFFERS 1775 C BERGMANN 1785 SCHNEIDER 1962 FS'

COBALT Alc. ALCHEMICAL 170 SCHEFFERS 1775 C

SCHEFFERS 1775 C

SCHEFFERS 1775 C

SCHNEIDER 1962 FS'

COHABITIO Alc. The word refers to an alchemical process. WORLIDGE 1651 \hookrightarrow ALCHEMY 1650 \hookrightarrow

COLCOTHARUM Alc. Mediaeval sigils given by GESSMANN 1906: $\Phi \mapsto \Phi$

COMET Ast. Modern sigil recorded by SHEPHERD 1971: 0

COMMISTIO See MIX

COMMON SALT See SALT

COMPOSE Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the forms $\rightarrow +$

COMPOSITION ALC. An ancient Greek sigil is given by BERTHELOT 1885: $^2\gamma^9$

CONCENTRATED SPIRIT OF WINE Alg. GESSMANN 1906 $^{\circ}$

CONCH Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 😂 🗞

CONDENSED VAPOUR Alc. An ancient Greek sigil is recorded by BERTHELOT 1885: $\sqrt[3]{}$

CONGEAL AIC. DIDEROT 1763 Z AA

- CONGELATION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil ()+X next to the sign or constellation Taurus, either to symbolise the alchemical process of Congelation, or (less likely) the alchemical Bitumen.

CONJUNCTION Ast. An aspect in which two or more planets are in the same degree of the zodiac. The common form of the sigil is precisely that found in mediaeval manuscripts, as for example in SIGILLIS 17C δ' ASTROLOGICAL 15C ϕ — KALENDAR 15C ϕ — HOROSCOPE 1614 ϕ^0

A series of individual sigils, intended to denote particular planetary conjunctions has been given by AGRIPPA 1510:

SATURN AND JUPITER: 25 45

SATURN AND MARS:

JUPITER AND MARS 2

SATURN, JUPITER AND MARS: 4

- CONSTRUCTION Occ. A modern sigil given by CIRLOT 1962 to represent 'the constructive principle within totality', symbolised by the TERNARY acting upon the QUATERNARY within INFINITY, thus:
- CONVERT Alc. Sigils used only in descriptions of alchemical processes in the mediaeval form given by GESSMANN 1906:
- COOPERTA Ast. Fifteenth of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Ghafr in the Arabic astrological system, given by MANSIONES 14C: $^{\circ}$.

The following sigils have been recorded by GESSMANN 1906, relating to the alchemical copper:

BERTHELOT 1885 gives an ancient Greek form for cyprus copper \mathbb{R} and one for copper ore \mathbb{R} in addition to two sigils from chalkos \mathbb{R} and two for copper pure: \mathbb{R}

- COPPERAS Alc. Term generally applied in alchemical texts to the sulphates of copper, iron and zinc (blue, green and white copperas, respectively), but now generally applied to the iron sulphates, also called green VITRIOL. Another term is WHITE VITRIOL.

 Copperwater is another general term, for which ONOMASTICUM 1574 gives: O BERTHELOT 1885 records the Greek form which is derived from the abbreviation of chalcanthos.
- COPPER FILINGS Alc. Two sigils common used in the mediaeval period for COPPER are listed by BERTHELOT 1885 from ancient Greek texts as denoting copper-filings: Σ
- COPPER LEAF Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records two ancient Greek sigils which were used for copper leaf: $\frac{2}{4}$
- COPPER ORE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 gives an ancient Greek sigil which was still in use during the mediaeval period, though sometimes used for COPPER:

COPPER WATER See COPPERAS

- CORAL Alc. DIDEROT 1763 igtriangleq igtr

- CORNUA ARIETIS Ast. First of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Sharatain in the Arabic astrological system, for which a sigil has been recorded by MANSIONES 14C: %

 A sigil linked with this mansion, but used for amuletic purposes, is recorded by ABANO 1303:
- CORNUA SCORPIONIS Ast. The 16th of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Jubana in the Arabic astrological system, a sigil for which is given by MANSIONES 14C: $^{\odot}$
- CORONA Ast. The 17th of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Iklil al Jabhah in the Arabic astrological system, for which a sigil is given by MANSIONES 14C: \$\frac{2}{3}\$
 A sigil designed for amuletic use, and linked with this mansion (called finis Libri) is given by ABANO 1303: \$\frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{3}\$

CORFUS See BODY

- COR SCORPIONIS Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the binary alpha Scorpii, sometimes called Antares, given by HERMETIS 13C: The AGRIPPA 1510 gives a variant which has become the commonly accepted sigil: The same name is used also for the 18th of the mediaeval lunar mansions, (called Al Kalb in the Atabic astrological system), and a sigil for this is recorded by MANSIONES 14C: Oo
- COR TAURI Ast. The fourth of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Dabaran, in the Arabic astrological system, a sigil for which is given by MANSIONES 14C: But see also ALDEBARAN.

 A sigil clearly linked with this fourth mansion, but called Caput tauri et venter, is given an amuletic use by ABANO 1303: The mansion called Caput Tauri is the third of the lunar mansions, and is given the sigil by MANSIONES 14C, and the amuletic sigil by ABANO 1303, who terms it finis Arietis.

- COSMIC EGG Occ. In his account of Tarot symbolism, WIRTH 1927 gives the sigil frequently used for CANCER occ. as the 'fecundated cosmic egg' of the Chinese. See also PHILOSOPHIC EGG.
- COSMOS Occ. Sigil derived by WELLING 1735 to symbolise the complete universal character of light and darkness working together:

 HOMER 1723 gives the two sigils $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ as the last in the chain of God's coming into being, the so-called Golden Chain, representative of the Cosmos, as opposed to the CHAOS at the beginning of the chain.

COVERED FOT Alc. CROLLIUS 1670 \bigvee But see CRUCIBLE.

which manifests from the 'concealed riangle '.

CREATION Occ. A sigil given by WELLING 1735 is taken to symbolise the six days of Creation, or the elements as an outflow of the Divine Fire of the Godhead:

BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the simple sigil \(\triangle \) along with a profoundly escheric account of the relationship between the sign TAURUS and the PLEIADES in the constellation of that name, which she terms (in full

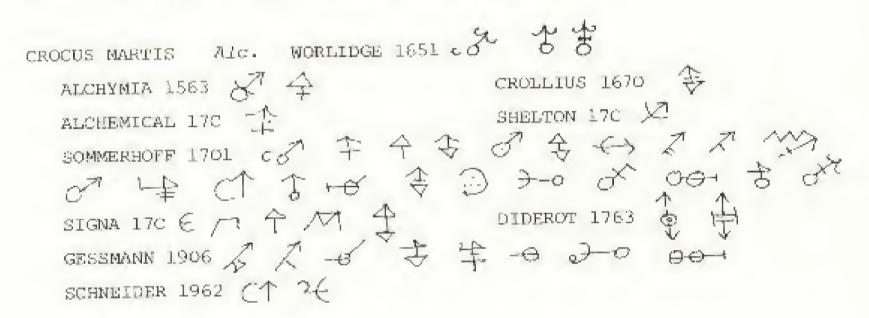
accordance with the Cabbalistic tradition) the sidereal septemate,

The relationship between the 'invisible' creative force of the sign Aries and the manifestation of the 'matter' of Taurus is also given a sigillic form by SUCHER 1975 in his highly personal graphic symbolism. He claims that the creative force of Aries γ may 'in a symbolic sense' be read as the TAU form: γ But see also SACRIFICE. A further attempt to symbolise in graphic form the idea of creation has been made by KOCH 1930, with a sigil which is (among other things) unfortunately an ancient sigil for the earth: φ

- CREATIVE INTELLECT Occ. A somewhat personal sigil, based on the common sigil for the element FIRE, is given by KOCH 1930:
- CREATIVE POTENCY Occ. BLAVATSKY 1877 gives the signil P to cover the idea of latent creativity, but see also CREATION, ONE and ORIGIN.

CROCUS ANTIMONY Alc. GESSMANN 1906

CROCUS AROMATICUS See CROCUS and SAFFRON FLOWER



CROCUS METALLORUM Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

CROCUS VENERIS Alc. This alchemical substance is generally regarded as being the same as AES USTUM, but the sigillic tradition would suggest that this was not always the case.

VALENTINE 1671 $\overset{\frown}{+}$ $\overset{$

CROSS Rel. Along with the related SWASTIKA, this is one of the oldest of sigils, almost universal in use and application. In her study of the ancient symbolic language, BLAVATSKY 1888 gives much space to the cross, which she sees as being derived from the union of male and female, Spirit and Matter, this meeting being 'the emblem of life eternal in spirit on its ascending are, and in matter as the ever resurrecting element - by procreation and reproduction'. spiritual male is the vertical line | whilst the differentiated matter-The former is said to be invisible, the line is the horizontal: -latter on the plane of objective perception. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives also the sigil (as the 'astronomical cross of Egypt', but the Tau-Cross which is reversed and encircled is discussed in its esoteric connexion with the crucifizion of CHRIST, for a simple version of this sigil is the Rose Cross: (+) A large number of variant sigils is recorded in occult sources, in addition to the standard forms listed by traditional names below. For example, a tree-cross given by VERARDI 1972 is said to unite the three worlds of the Celestial, Terrestrial and Infernal: TESTA 1972 reproduces many early Christian cross sigils, among which are the axe-cross, tau-cross and the curious hampt-cross, all of TESTA 1962 also reproduces the various which are listed below. cross-forms given in the famous Poem XIX by Paulinus of Nola, of which the following are out of the ordinary: Y * * 第 日田 AU Y2 Y

The following alphabetical list of cross-names does not give sources simply because they are so common: they have all at one time or another appeared in occult sources.

CROSSING THE RIVER See TRANSITUS FLUVII

- CROSSWHEEL Occ. The third of Boehme's Divine Outpourings in the 'becoming of God', described as the 'first matter of all sublunary bodies' in HOMER 1723:

 But see HOMER'S GOLDEN CHAIN.
- CRUCIBLE Alc. The most common mediaeval sigils are vestigial drawings of containers, but WORLTDGE 1651 gives: \(\neq \times \) \(\neq \times \) VALENTINE 1671 \(\neq \times \times \times \times \) \(\neq \times \times \times \times \) \(\neq \times \times \times \times \times \times \) \(\neq \times \t
- CRUDE METAL Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C Q X
- CRUDE WINE ACID Alc. A sigil given by GESSMANN 1906 is probably late mediaeval: $\Box +$
- CRYSTAL Mag. ALCHEMY 1650 C+ DIDEROT 1763 &

CRYSTAL OF SATURN Alc. DIDEROT 1763 ~Z % %

CUCURBITA Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 © \$\frac{2}{5}\$

LUEDY 1928 \$\frac{C}{2}\$

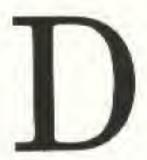
SCHNEIDER 1962 gives the sigil \$\frac{C}{5}\$ and for cucurbita coeca: \$\frac{A}{5}\$

See also BOILER

- CUPELLA Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the sigils $\mathcal{T} \in \mathcal{X} \in \mathcal{X}$ of or capella, 'the container in which separation of the impure from the pure metals takes place'.

 The sigil given by SIGNA 17C is probably intended to symbolise the wooden cask or cupula: $\mathcal{T} \circ = (\text{but see CUPELLATION})$ SIGNA 17C gives sigils for cupellare, which probably refer to the idea of 'casking in a wooden tub': $\mathcal{T} \circ \mathcal{L} \circ \mathcal{X}$
- CUPELLATION Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records two Greek variants, both short-forms for the Greek word used to designate the process of testing or assaying or refining (precious) metals in a cupel:

CYPRUS COPPER See COPPER.



DAIMON Ast. The Greek word daimon is confused in many contexts with the modern 'demon', which is unfortunate, since only the Greek kakadaemon works evil, and the Greek referred to an altogether higher intelligence. In the astrological system of the ancient Greeks, the daimon (more exactly, the klipos daimonos, 'the part of the daimon') was that degree of the zodiac in mirror-image, relative to the Ascendant, of the pars fortunac, for which a sigil is recorded in OMONT 1894:

The Greek sigil recorded under the name daimon by BERTHELOT 1885 may not be related to this astrological pars:
NEUGEBAUER 1959 records an early Graeco-Byzantine variant:

DALETH Occ. The fourth letter of the Hebrew alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), for which many derivatives are given within the tradition of secret alphabets, notably the series recorded by BARTOLOZZI 1675: The formula with the Tarot arcanum the EMPEROR, and in his treatment of the graphic etymology from the vestigial drawing of the Egyptian hieroglyphic traces the form of the letter to the idea of door: 444444

DARKNESS Occ. Sigil derived by WELLING 1735, probably from the alchemical form for NIGHT, to symbolise the setting free of the subternanean destructive forces of darkness:
OLIVER 1826 gives the sigil as a symbol of the profound secrecy or 'darkness' under which the initiates were placed, the form being a vestigial drawing of the Masonic trowel:

ALCHEMY 1650 9 DAY Alc. ALCHYMIA 1563 -2 VALENTINE 1671 FRESNE 1688 SIGNA 17C & 3 0- 3 GESSMANN 1906 II Lo J J A & S P L C BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek sigil for days: ddCHASSANT 1884 records a mediaeval abbreviation (for dies): $\sqrt{}$ KOCH 1930 gives the sigil \bowtie for the rune Dag. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives a series of sigils, most of them recorded by GESSMANN 1906 above, but notes that 'among alchemists (Medicos) not only the time of sunlight, but the nightime itself makes up a day a Dies Waturalis'. Within such a framework, the sigils given under DAY AND NIGHT are also relevant to the idea of 'day'. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives: 1 1 5 5 0 - TO O - - - - O O DAY AND NIGHT ALC. FRANCKLYN 1627 SCHNEIDER 1962 BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek form (but in this connexion, see the note relating to SOMMERHOFF 1701 in DAY above): $\sigma^{
ho}$ CROSLAND 1962 records a Greek form for 'days': 🏋

DEATH ARCANUM Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 13th arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic MEM, and associates with it the sigil VM which

See also NIGHT

he claims to be derived from the primitive form for mem - though, of course, the connexion with 'water' expressed in the Egyptian hieroglyph as a vestigial drawing (see JENSEN 1970), and the connexion with the sigil for SCORPIO, are also relevant. WIRTH 1927 relates the card to the sigil for SATURN 5 presumably because the form may be traced in the structure of the design, and because this planet is exoterically linked with the idea of death.

DEATH'S HEAD See CAPUT MORTUUM

DECAD See SENARY

DECADE Occ. In her complex numerological study BLAVATSKY 1888 gives a sigil for the decade which is linked with the ten of the Sephinothic tree, the 'celestial fruits, the ten or 10 to born out of the two invisible male and female seeds making up the 12, or the Dodecahedron of the Universe'.

DECILE Ast. A sigil (abbreviation) is given by SIMMONITE 1890 \mathbb{D}_{ϵ}

DECOCTION Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 X DIDEROT 1763 +8

DEGREE Alc. An abbreviation of the Latin gradus recorded by GESSMANN 1906, is not intended to represent the degree of astrology:

DEITY Occ. Sigil recorded by BLAVATSKY 1888 to record 'unity within zero':

the symbol of Deity, the Universe and Man, linked with the DECADE.

DEMON See DAIMON

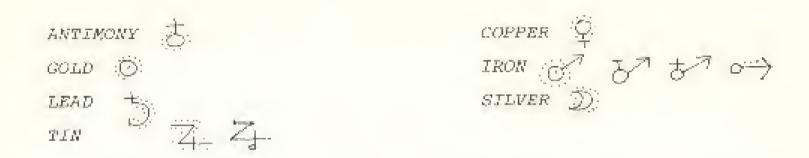
DEMONS Occ. Usually the sigils preserved in the occult tradition are designed to represent individual demons, listed in this Dictionary by

the most common names, but KIRCHER 1655 gives a sigil which appears to refer to demons as a class: ER

- DESCENDANT Ast. A sigil is given by NEUGEBAUER 1959 for the Western horizon of the horoscope, from the Greek Dysis: \triangle
- DESCENDING NODE Ast. The following sigil is copied from the Greek text given by OMONT 1894: 6 It is said to be the katababazon or oura, the equivalent of the modern CAUDA, but this sigil is quite probably a mistake, the correct form being given in the same manuscript for anabibazon or kephali: 6 See NODE.
- DESCENDING SALVATION Occ. Sigil given by KOCH 1930 in his highly personalised rationale of symbolism:
- DEVIL Occ. The most common sigil for this Gentleman is the inverted pentacle, said to represent the goat physicgnomy as a vestigial drawing:
- DEVIL ARCANUM Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 15th arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic SAMEK, and accords it the sigillic associations of the reversed pentagram (see DEVIL above) A and what he terms the 'primitive Samek', which he gives as which is in fact (see JENSEN 1970) the Old Phoenician form, and may have been derived from a vestigial drawing of a fish. WIRTH 1927 associates the card with Auriga.

DIANA Sec SILVER

DIAPHORETICS Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 records a series of late-mediaeval sigils for the metals and minerals of diaphoretic agency, which in each case is constructed from the most common sigillic form:



DIDO Ast. Hypothetic planet claimed by WEMYSS 1927 to be the ruler of the zodiacal Virgo, for which he gives the sigil:

DIED See DEATH.

DIGEST Alc. The term is applicable only to the alchemical process, and not to the human.

VALENTINE 1671 3

DIDEROT 1763 💍 💍

POISSON 1891 8

SCHNETDER 1962 48 D 33 42

ALBERTUS 1974 👸

SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives for digestic and digere the forms T + 55 8 + 8 + 8 two of which were wrongly copied by GESSMANN 1306: 33 -9 + 48

- DIGESTION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil O+ next to the sign or constellation Leo, perhaps to symbolise the alchemical process of Digestion.
- DIN Mag. Sigil given by HEYDON 1664 for a spirit (perhaps Dina) and used to represent the letter D in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii': *-*

 -

DIONYSOS See BACCHUS.

DISORDERED INTELLECT Occ. Sigil given by (perhaps originated by)

KCCH 1930: —

DISSOLUTION Alc. A mediaeval sigil is given by DIDEROT 1763: $\overline{\mathbb{W}}$ MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil $\overline{\mathbf{G}}$ next to the sign or

constellation Cancer, perhaps intending to symbolise the alchemical process of dissolution associated with this zediacal sign.

GEHEINE 1785 gives a sigil for the alchemical process, which he contrasts with the sigil for COAGULATION, thus: $\frac{4}{5}$

dissolve alc. valentine 1671 1 fgessmann 1906 O S X X

DISTILLATION Alc. Many late-mediaeval sigils are recorded for the various forms of distillation, among which the following are the most commonly used:

DISTILLATE WORLIDGE 1651 🖎 🛝 SIGNA 17C == € 67. VALENTINE 1671 (ALBERTUS 1974 9t GESSMANN 1906 😂 ALCHYMIA 1563 2 ≠ -8 DISTILLATION PROCESS ALCHEMY 1650 -S- ALCHEMICAL 170 E 394

SOMMERHOFF 1701 -SM 28 -2 3 5 0 0 5 4 + # 2 □ 9 99e 19 琴 F 8 7 7 5 C DIDEROT 1763 & SHELTON 1.7C D POISSON 1891 -GESSMANN 1906 AS ATTU A 50- E 19 SCHNEIDER 1962 5 GESSMANN 1906 🖸 DISTIL IN ASHES DISTIL IN SAND GESSMANN 1906 DISTILLATED WINE SIGNA 17C A D DISTILLATED VINEGAR TABLE 1676 \$\frac{1}{4}\$ SIGNA 17C \$\frac{1}{4}\$. DIDEROT 1763 👉 😽 but see VINEGAR. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil \rightarrow next to the sign or

DIVINE LETTERS See PLANETARY SYMBOLS.

DIVINE POWER Occ. Sigil given by SHEPHERD 1971 as triceps rune:

constellation Virgo, perhaps to symbolise the alchemical process of

distillation, or (less likely) the alchemical RED ORPIMENT.

DOMINIONS See SPHERE OF JUPITER

DOMUS See HOUSE

DRACHMA Alc. Mediaeval sigils for a measurement of weight, given in an ancient Creek form by BERTHELOT 1885: G

SIGNA 17C 20 DIDEROT 1763 5

GESSMANN 1906 3 A C Sij 3A

CAPPELLI 1949 records a mediaeval abbreviation: A,

DRAGON'S BLOOD Alc. DIDEROT 1763 3 5

DRAGON'S HEAD See CAPUT

DRAGON'S TAIL See CAUDA

DREGS Alc. SCHNEIDER 1962 $\Im \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \Im \left\{ & \Im \left\{ \right\} \end{array} \right.$ See also FAEX VINI

DRINK Ale. GESSMANN 1906

DROP Alc. GESSMANN 1906 gives several contractions for the mediaeval contraction gutta G g gtt

DRY Alc. GESSMANN 1906

DRY SUBLIMATION Alc. SCHNEIDER 1962 -5

DULL FIRE Alc. The term is used in relation to GRADES OF FIRE, and has nothing to do with the occult Dark Fire.

GESSMANN 1906 2 2 2 2 2

DUNG Alc. Several sigils (probably mediaeval) have been recorded by GESSMANN 1906 specifically for horsedung: \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc

DICTIONARY OF OCCULT, HERMETIC AND ALCHEMICAL SIGILS

DUO FRATES See TWO BROTHERS

DYNAMIS Ast. SUCHER 1975 appears to link the sigil for Taurus of with the SPHERE of the Dynamis, which is traditionally (in terms of the Pseudo-Dionysian hierarchies) associated with the SPHERE OF MARS.



excite Ast. A highly personal (and modern) sigil for the zodiacal sign or constellation SCORPIO is given by SUCHER 1975: ~~ The author claims that the sign for the Eagle used in ancient times to stand in place of Scorpio, an esoteric idea for which the symbolic form is the Eagle of St John (see FOUR EVANGELISTS), the esoteric sigil that for Scorpio. But see also SIGIL 1978.

EARTH Occ. BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek sigil: — Since this form is contrasted with that for HEAVEN (Ouranos), it is clear that it refers to the globe of the earth, rather than to the alchemical element. The majority of the following sigils were intended to denote the mystical 'third element', which is neither the globe of the Earth, nor the 'earth dust'. In an astrological context it might refer to the EARTH TRIPLICITY which is manifest in the macrocosm as the zodiacal Taurus, Virgo and Capricorn, in the microcosm as the melancholic temperament. In its alchemical sense, a sigil would refer only to the 'third element'.

ALCHEMY 1650 → □ ▼ ×

CROLLIUS 1670 ♥

ALCHEMICAL 17C ♥ ⊕ ⊕ ♂ Rt T

SIGNA 17C ⊕ TR ♥ ♥ ⊕ ♀

SOMMERHOFF 1701 ♥ ⊕

SCHEIBLE 1848 *

WALTER 1970 ♥

WALTER 1970 ♥

KIRCHER 1655 TAN

FRESNE 1588 →

SHELTON 17C XXX7

DIDEROT 1.763 ③ ♀

GENEIME 1765 ₺ ♥

CARBONELLI 1925 ♀

SHEPHERD 1971 ‡

A sigil given by WELLING 1735 represents the Spiritual and Invisible Earth, the occult Earth which existed before the descent of Lucifer: OLIVER 1826 gives as 'an ancient Egyptian symbol' for the element Earth the sigil: 🕴 BLAVATSKY 1888 gives a series of three sigils for which she maintains both an exoteric and esoteric meaning; in each case the exoteric meaning is the globe of Earth. The sigil represents the 'first ideal World, self generating and selfimpregnating', and hence a fitting symbol for the Third Race, better known as the Lemurian. The sigil Tepresents the 'unity of the spiritual world' contrasting with the duality of the 'material', a sigil which symbolises the Earth state when the male-female polarity developed, and hence a fitting sigil for the Fourth Race, commonly termed the Atlantean. The sigil 🕇 esoterically represents the condition of the earth fallen into generation, or into the production of its species through sexual union: this last sigil was noted by BLAVATSKY 1877 as intended for the physical Earth (the globe), and is commonly used in this sense nowadays, as for example in SUCHER 1970, where it is used as the centre of the geocentric charts, to distinguish them from heliocentric diagrams: however EPHEMERIDES 1766 uses 💍 HALL 1959 gives the sigil - for both the physical Earth and for See also THREE EARTHS and EARTH TRIPLICITY. ANTIMONY.

EARTH HAND Pal. Sigil used in modern chirognomy to denote the male Earth hand, sometimes called the Practical hand form, recorded in GETTINGS 1965:
This source gives also the sigil for the female Earth hand, which is confused with that for the male:

EARTH OF LEMNO Alc. Mediaeval sigil given by GESSMANN 1906 📙 📆

EARTH STLVER See SILVER ORE

EARTH TRIPLICITY Ast. Sigil recorded (perhaps originated) by AGRIPPA 1510, but rarely found later, since the elemental natures of the zodiacal signs Taurus, Virgo and Capricorn (here encapsulated into

one sigil) are more usually symbolised under one or other of the sigillic forms for EARTH:

- EBULLITION Alc. Mediaeval signls are given by both DIDEROT 1763; K and GESSMANN 1906; F6 See also BOIL
- ECLIPSE Ast. Whilst this phenomenon might be presented in a horoscope through a sigil for either CONJUNCTION or OPPOSITION (normally between Sun and Moon), sigils are given by RAPHAEL 1902 for Eclipse of the Sun D& and for Eclipse of the Moon D&O

 See also OCCULTATION.
- EGG Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 O D GESSMANN 1906 D
 BERTHELOT 1885 records the single sigil © for egg from ancient
 Greek sources, and a double form to indicate the plural: © ©
- EGGSHELL Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records three sigils from ancient Greek manuscripts: \langle \leftarrow \langle

EGG WHITE See ALBUMEN

EGYPTIAN SCRIPT See HEBRAIC SCRIPT

ELECTRUM Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records several sigils for electrum from different Greek manuscripts: A ALCHEMY 1650 gives a common mediaeval form: A LUEDY 1928 gives a sigil for elektron

ELEMENTAL BODY See MATERIA PRIMA

ELEMENTAL WORLD Occ. KIRCHER 1655 Y

Occ. The elements of occultism have virtually nothing to do ELEMENTS with the elements of modern science, and must not be confused with The ancient occult elements are exoterically four: AIR, EARTH, FIRE and WATER, with an escteric 'fifth' element, usually termed the QUINTESSENCE, all of which are well provided for, so far as sigils go. As a group of four or five, they are symbolised in a variety of ways, the most common early sigil being that given by SHELTON 170: 2 and (the so-called SEAL OF SOLOMON) given by SOMMERHOFF 1701 XX which is in fact the graphic origin of the four most common sigils for the FOUR ELEMENTS, in the order listed above: $ext{$\triangle$} \ orall$ A sigil given by GABELLA 1615 is explained as representing the four elements in union - providing a basic unit which (along with the sigils for Sun, Moon and Aries - see the MONAD of Dee) was supposed in the Rosicrucian stream to form the ancient underlying structural base of the planetary sigils. DEE 1564 also gives the cross + which he terms, among other things, CHAOS, and links it with the sigils for MORTAL ADAM and IMMORTAL ADAM in his esoteric Christian symbolism. This element sigil he calls 'middle', presumably because it is caught. between the solar and lunar forces, and in connexion with the Christos he terms it 'Sacrifice on the cross'. Whilst SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the standard list of sigils for the four elements (listing a printer's error for Air V which has been perpetuated by later copyists as the genuine sigil), he lists four sigils which are intended to represent the idea of the four elements as a unity: 1 4 \$ 55 GESSMANN 1906 expands on these with at least one bad copy: [4] SOMMERHOFF 1701, under his section on the Elementa or Principia, also gives sigils for the five elements which he lists - Spirit $\frac{-\sqrt{1-s}}{s}$ Salt \bigcirc Sulphur \diamondsuit Water \bigvee Earth \bigvee of which the last two (in accordance with an Aristotelian classification) are said to be

passive, the others active. He says, quite rightly, that other authorities list only three elements, though these are the elemental principles of Salt Θ Sulphur Φ Mercury Ψ See also CHARACTERS OF ELEMENTS and MINERALTA

- ELIM Mag. Sigil for demon given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter E in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii': 光本人
- ELPHEIA Ast. Sigil given by AGRTPPA 1510 for the fixed star alpha Corcnae Borealis, as variant of the mediaeval sigil given for ALPHECCA:

EMETIC TARTAR Alc. GESSMANN 1906

EMETIC WINE ALG. GESSMANN 1906 🗡

- the Hebraic DALETH (see MEBRAIC SCRIPT), and accords it the sigillic form \triangle delta, also the fourth letter of the Greek alphabet, which he says should represent for the Emperor the triangle with the eye in the centre, the so-called 'eye of Providence': \bigcirc WIRTH 1927 also associates this card with the sigil for SULPHUR \bigcirc the form for which may be traced in the composition of the traditional design.
- EMPRESS Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 3rd arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic GIMEL (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), and accords it the sigil of the so-called 'receptive triangle' as well as the 'set square' a form derived from the gamma, the third letter of the Greek alphabet.

 WIRTH 1927 associates the card with the modiacal VIRGIN, and accords it the standard sigil:

END See IMMORTAL ADAM and OMEGA

FNOUGH Alc. Abbreviation which may be taken as a sigil, derived from

the Latin quantum satis, given in ALCHEMICAL 17C: 9,5

EOH Occ. Sigil given by KOCH 1930 as rune for horse: M

- EQUAL AIC. All the variant sigils recorded by GESSMANN 1906 are presumably abbreviations of the late Latin ana, 'equal in quantity':
- EQUINOX Occ. A basic sigil from the Residencian stream of symbolism, recorded by GABELLA 1615: \(\lambda\). This sigil is derived from the common form for ARIES (\(\gamma\)\) by John Dee for his MONAD, and is linked with the meeting at a single point of the Sun and Moon, as well as with the concept of equal hours of day and night. It is in a similar spirit of symbolising that DEE 1564 gives \(\tau\) as the symbol for FIRE, as derived from the first point of Aries, the equinoctial point. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the sigil \(\sigma\) as 'the two equinoxes and the two solstices placed within the figure of the earth's path'.
- ESSENCE Occ. SOMMERGOFF 1701 gives for essentia:

 KOCH 1930 gives a dot as sigil, presumably derived from his personal interpretation of the graphic etymology of the sigil be calls EYE OF GOD:

 In the sequence of sigils described by BLAVATSKY 1888, the first sigil represents the undifferentiated spirit, 'the one infinite and unknown Essence' which 'exists from all eternity':

 This sigil is the first in a series of stages relating to the idea of material MANIFESTATION.

 See also QUINTESSENCE and UNITY.

ESSENCE OF TARTAR Alc. Several mediaeval sigils for the salt are given by GESSMANN 1906: 42 4

ESSENTIAL OIL See ESSENCE.

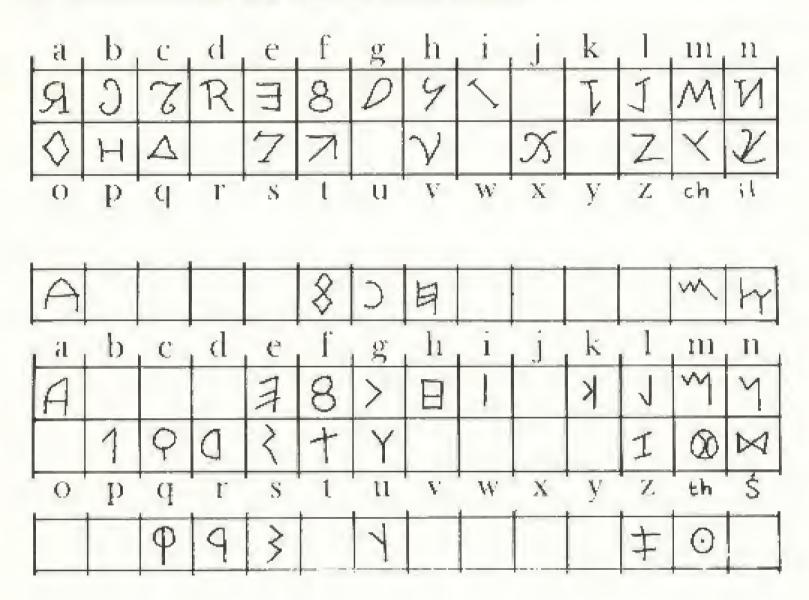
ESSENTIA QUINTA See QUINTESSENCE.

- ETERNAL DARK Occ. Sigil given by BOEBMEN 1635 to represent the 'kingdom of darkness dwelling in itself and the 'eternal nature in the anger': As a sigil it is a component of the ETERNAL LIGHT.
- ETERNAL LIGHT Occ. Sigil given by BOEHMEN 1635 to represent the 'Spirit in the essence', the flash (also symbolised by the sigil for the SUN).

 The sigil is 'eternity and time, God in love and anger, moreover heaven and hell':

 As a sigil it is a composite of the ETERNAL DARK and the SALNITER.
- ETERNITY Occ. In her basic sigil components used in astrology HONE 1951 gives the sigil of to represent the 'never ending' and 'spirit or primal power' (though this term has nothing to do with the Archai of the Dionysian system of hierarchies). KOCH 1930 gives (somewhat imaginatively) a sigil for eternity:
- SCHEFFERS 1775 gives a sigil $_{o}^{o}$ for Ather, which may in $\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{O}}}$. ETHERIC fact be related to the Newtonian concept, rather than to the occultist. A sigil given by GEHEIME 1785 is perhaps intended for the equivalent However, see also VEGETABILIA. of the Paracelsian ens veneni: A sigil form given by AYMES 1975, representative of the meeting of the 'sclar' and 'lunar' forces (the etheric and astral respectively), may be the resicrucian symbol which is the basis for the modern rival of the form as for example in MERCURY 1977: these may be traced to a sigil-BERGMANN 1785 gives " for Aether. diagram in STEINER 1923: 😽 See also the reference to the idea of sigils for the etheric in the Introduction to this DICTIONARY, on page 13. See AKASHYA, CELESTIAL VAPOUR and QUINTESSENCE.
 - eTRUSCAN SCRIPT Occ. One of the secret alphabets recorded within the occult tradition (see SECRET SCRIPTS), under a variety of different names and letter-orders. One of these alphabets, preserved by VIGNERE 1586 (see next page), illustrates in an interesting way the derivation of the so-called secret scripts from historic alphabets, for the distinguishing letter for the f sound of the Etruscan historic

alphabet has the forms (recorded by JENSEN 1970): 8 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ which are continued in the secret Etruscan alphabet. It is accordingly interesting to compare the alphabet given by VIGNERE 1586 (first below) with a regular historic form (and variations) recorded by JENSEN 1970 for non-occult purposes (second group below).



In other respects this so-called 'Etruscan' of the occult tradition closely resembles the historic Faliscan, and is close in many of its letter-forms to the so-called NOACHITE SCRIPT.

EUCHARIST Occ. Several variant forms are given by BOCK 1931, as used by the early Christians: \bigotimes \bigoplus +

EVANGELISTS See FOUR EVANGELISTS

EVENING Alc. KOCH 1930 gives a modern sigil which is (presumably) a graphic rationalisation for 'the setting sun': \bigcirc

- evolution Occ. In her complex numerological study, BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the sigil (1) as a symbol of the 'evolution and fall into generation or matter'. But see also EARTH
- EXALTATION Alc. The sigil given by ALCHEMY 1650 is for the alchemical process, and has nothing to do with the astrological doctrines concerning the exaltation of planets: ———

EXHALATION Occ. KIRCHER 1655 FK

EXPECTANT SOUL Occ. KOCH 1930 gives a modern sigil: \forall

EXTRACT Alc. CARRICHTERUS 18C $\textcircled{\bullet}$ GESSMANN 1906 + ALBERTUS 1974 $\overset{\leftarrow}{\leftarrow}$ SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives $\overset{\leftarrow}{\leftarrow}$ for extractio sicca.

EXTRACT OF CORAL Alc. CARRICHTERUS 18C

EXTRACT OF GOLD Alc. CARRICHTERUS 180

- EXUSIAL Ast. SUCHER 1975 appears to link the sigil for Gemini \prod with the Sphere of the Exusiai, which is traditionally associated with the SPHERE OF THE SUN.
- EYE Occ. BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek form, and a variant from the alchemical tradition: \bigcirc \bigcirc
- EYE OF ETERNITY Occ. Name and sigil given in Boehme's graphic system as recorded by LAW 1772, representing that 'which cannot be pourtrayed' in a figure which 'comprehends all whatever God and Eternity is': This sigil is derived from the union of LIGHT, WRATH and the ELEMENTS.
- EYE OF GOD Occ. Sigil given by KOCH 1930, which is of course the post-mediaeval sigil for the SUN: \bullet See also HOLY DEITY



FAEX VINI Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 $\frac{\partial C}{\partial C}$

FALL OF MAN Occ. Sigil given by BLAVATSKY 1888 in the sequence of sigils outlined in MANIFESTATION, to symbolise the disappearance of the spiritual circle from the sigil for ORIGIN which denotes the complete descent of Mankind into matter:

FEMALE Occ. The most common sigil is that adopted from the mediaeval traditional forms for VENUS; \square and this has been taken into the modern canon; however, GEHEIME 1785 gives; \square

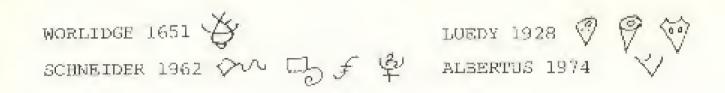
The sigil given by BERTHELOT 1885 is for a verbal use, 'to ferment'.

MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil in next to the sign or constellation Capricorn, perhaps to symbolise the alchemical process of fermentation.

FERMENTUM ALBUM See SILVER

FERUGO See RUST

FILTER Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 records for filter the signiff and for the process of filtration the forms $\Diamond \neg \Diamond \neg \uparrow 33 \not \ominus \overset{\&}{+} \neg \neg$



FINIS AQUARII See HAURIENS PRIMIS

FINIS ARIETIS See COR TAURI

FINIS CANCRI See FRONS

FINIS GEMINORUM See BRACHIUM

FINIS LEONIS See CAUDA LEONIS.

FINIS LIBRI See CORONA.

FINIS SCORPIONIS See CAUDA SCORPIONIS.

FINIS TAURI See CAPUT CANIS.

FIRE Occ. The majority of the following sigils were originally intended to denote the 'principal and spiritual' of the four elements, sometimes called the 'heavenly', rather than to refer to the incandescent gases which we nowadays call 'fire'.

For example, SOMMERHOFF 1701 notes that fixe is 'the efficient cause, adeoque influens in offectum' and provides the following sigils:

ALCHEMY 1650 A A A Z ZZ ZZ A SIGNA 17C A CARBONELLI 1925 A KOCH 1930

BERTHELOT 1885 records the sigil A for fire from the ancient Greek alchemical tradition, but this sigil applies equally to the 'fire' planet MARS.

DEE 1564 gives the sigil \(\text{)}\) for alchemical fire though it is evident from the text that he has in mind that the sigil also represents the elemental fire (see MONAD) which sigil he calls the 'the mystical sigil of Aries': his disciple GABELLA 1615 appears to have linked it in a variant form with the elemental fire: \(\text{\text{\text{}}}\)

WELLING 1735 gives a sigil linked with the ancient form derived from the SEAL OF SOLOMON \(\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{}}}}\) which he says is the 'Spiritual and Invisible Fire', that occult Fire which existed before the descent of Lucifer. OLIVER 1826 gives \(\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{disciple Fire'}}}}} \) as an 'ancient Egyptian' sigil for elemental Fire. On a more material plane, SIGNA 17C records the sigil \(\text{\text

FIRE HAPTISM See THREE BAPTISMS.

FIRE HAND Pal. In modern chirognomy, a sigil used to denote the male Fire hand type, sometimes called the Intuitive hand form, given by GETTINGS 1965: \mathcal{O}^1 The female hand type is given the related sigil: \mathbb{P}

FIRE PROOF Alc. Sigil recorded by GESSMANN 1906: $ec{ec{ec{ec{v}}}}$

FIRE TRIPLICITIES Ast. A sigil recorded by AGRIPPA 1510, but rarely used afterwards, is an uncomfortable union of common sigils for the fire signs Aries, Leo and Sagittarlus:

FIRST Occ. CHASSANT 1884 records two mediaeval abbreviations for the Latin prima: $\frac{a}{5}$ $\stackrel{?}{\triangleright}$

FIRST HOUSE See ASCENDANT.

FIVE See ARCHETYPES

- FIX Alc. The sigils are used in the alchemical sense of fixating.

 FRANCKLYN 1627 (+ ALCHEMY 1650)

 SHELTON 17C (+ ALCHEMY 1650)

 SOMMERHOFF 1701 (**)

 POISSON 1891 (**)

 SCHNEIDER 1962 (**)
- FIXATION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the signiful next to the sign or constellation Gemini, perhaps to symbolise the alchemical process of Fixation, though the signiful is a variant for ORPIMENT, SCHNEIDER 1962 gives the signiful for Fixatio: \forall
- FIXED Alc. For the alchemical application, GEOFFROY 1718: \checkmark For the astrological application, see FIXITY
- FIXED CROSS Ast. A sigil introduced by BATLEY 1934 as diagram to express the combination of the four fixed signs of the zodiac (Taurus, Leo, Scorpio and Aquarius):
- FIXED SAL ALKALI #10. GEOFFROY 1718 💮 🗸
 DIDEROT 1763 💮 🤍
- FIXED STAR Ast. From early mediaeval times the fixed star has been symbolised by means of a cross or by a circle (for example, see the manuscript MANSIONES 14C), though KIRCHER 1655 gives the sigil became and SYSTEMES 18C gives: but when such a sigil is confined to the horoscope figure, the star is generally intended to indicate the influence of a particular fixed star, which is usually named within the horoscope (for example, see TBN EZRA 1485).

 A common variant is by often used to distinguish the sigil from

A common variant is \nearrow often used to distinguish the sigil from that used for the SEXTILE aspect, which also is found in horoscope

charts. In an example from PEARCE 1893, in the horoscope for King George V, the sigil precedes the name Aldebaran - however, in a manuscript copy of this figure, the star sigil is changed to a small square [] which symbolises the star. This form is however very rare, and appears to be restricted to the USA. The following fixed stars have been accorded individual sigils in the astrological tradition: ALDESARAN, Algol (CAPUT ALGOL), Algorab (ALA CORVI), ALPHECCA, Antares (COR SCORPIONIS), Arcturus (ALTAMECH), CAPELLA, Deneb Algebi (CAUDA CAPRICORNI), PLEJADES, Polaris (CAUDA URSAE), Procyon (CANIS MINOR), REGULUS (see also COR LEONIS), Sirius (CANIS MAJOR), SPICA, Vega (VULTUR CADENS). In his study of Rosicrucian symbols, CABELLA 1615 gives the sigil () whilst dealing with stars, but the form itself is ambiquous within the text.

FIXED SULPHUR Alc. SIGNA 17C 🕏

FIXITY Ast. Modern sigil for the fixed quality, given by DE VORE

1947: [.] But see also FIXED CROSS

flavour alc. diderot 1763: 8 📲 🐤

FLOUR Alc. The two sigils given below may be applied to any 'fine POWDER'.

SIGNA 17C & SCHNEIDER 1962
See also MEAL

GESSMANN 1906 F & X FOOD &

FLOWERS Alc. The chemical, rather than the botanical, is intended in

the short-form sigil recorded by GESSMANN 1906: 7/

PLOWERS OF ANTIMONY Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 & 5

FLOWERS OF BRASS Alc. ONOMASTICUM 1574 }

DIDEROT 1763 \$\forall \forall \foral

FLOWERS OF LEAD Alc. DIDEROT 1763

FLOWERS OF STEEL Alc. DIDEROT 1763

FLOWERS OF SULPHUR AIC. SOMMERHOFF 1701 年 中
POISSON 1891 兄 GESSMANN 1906 仝

FLOWERS OF VITRIOL Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

FLUX AIC. SIGNA 17C 💠 G

- FOG Als. BERTHELOT 1885 gives the sigil $\overset{\mathbf{E}}{\mathsf{N}}$ derived from the Greek Nephele meaning 'condensed vapour'.
- the zero, or unnumbered, but generally held to be the 22nd and final card in the series) of the Tarot pack to the Hebrew TAU, and accords it the sigil O which alchemically is related to ALUM, and of course recalls the zero of our own numeration: the implication within this choice of sigil is that the 'fool' should be seeking to make the zero into a SUN sigil: .
- FORM Ast. LEO 1914 gives the sigil \bigoplus which represents 'all definite-ness of form or limitation, such as birth, life periods of varying

lengths, death or change of form and the moulding of forms that are coming into manifestation'. It is very likely that LEO 1914 was regarding the sigil as a representation of the basic horoscope figure. LEO 1914 also gives the ordinary sigil for the MOON D to symbolise 'the most subtle form of matter'.

See also MANIFESTATION.

FORMIC ACID Alc. SCHEFFERS 1775

FORTNIGHT See WEEK.

FORTUNA MAJOR Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures. Fortuna (as it is often called) is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element Earth, the 'planet' Sun, and the zodiacal sign Aquarius. A multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) are used to denote the same four-fold structure. The following sigils are derived from the late mediaeval tradition, and are sometimes used to denote the Sun, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531 abla bar b

FORTUNA MINOR Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures:

A multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) is used to denote the same four-fold arrangement. Fortuna Minor is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Fire, the 'planet' Sun, and the zodiacal sign Taurus. The following sigils are derived from the late mediaeval tradition, and are sometimes used to denote the Sun, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531

AGRIPPA 1531

AGRIPPA 1531

EEYDON 1664

FORTUNE Ast. NEUGEBAUER 1959 records a Graeco-Byzantine sigil for the equivalent of the Arabian PARS (fortuna), the modal point occupied by the Moon when the Sun is regarded as being placed on the horoscopos (Ascendant degree) in a chart: -9-

FOUNTAIN WATER Alc. SIGNA 170 6^{15} JF ∇ $\overline{\forall}$ See also WATER.

relating to the so-called SEAL OF SOLOMON is used to denote the four elements, and explained as a form containing the golden ball of the Schamagin:

DEE 1564 gives the simple cross — and the exploded cross— to symbolise the four elements,

OLIVER 1826 gives — as an 'ancient Egyptian' symbol.

FOUR EVANGELISTS Rel. The Evangelists are most frequently symbolised individually in terms of astrological associations. SAINT MATTHEW is linked with the winged human of AQUARIUS: XXX SAINT MARK is linked with the lion of LEO: 0/2 SAINT LUKE is linked with the bull of TAURUS: SAINT JOHN is linked with the eagle (redeemed sign) of SCORPIO: \mathcal{W} In theory any of the sigils listed for these four fixed zodiacal signs may be used to symbolise the Evangelists - see GETTINGS 1978. As AGRIPPA 1531 listed wrongly (though without sigils) the relationships between the elements and the signs, the correspondencies have been wrongly copied ever since - for example, WIRTH 1931 associates Luke with TAURUS eta and EARTH, Mark with LEO $\sqrt{\ }$ and FIRE, but John with SCORPIO My and AIR, though zodiacal Scorpic is actually a Water sign. In turn, WIRTH 1931 also associates Matthew With AQUARIUS XX and with WATER, though the latter sign is actually an Air sign, in spite of its name. KOCH 1930 adapts two Christian sigils specifically for the four Evangelists:

FOURFOLD MAN Occ. Sigil given by STEINER 1906 as representative of the fourfold nature of man, symbolising the physical, etheric, astral and Ego 'bodies': []
See also HIGHER MAN

FOURTH RACE See EARTH

FRACTURE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 CCC

FRONS Ast. Tenth of the mediaeval lumar mansions (in full, frons Leonis), called Al Jabhah in the Arabic astrological tradition, a sigil for which is given by MANSIONES 14C: 6.0.

A series of sigils, intended for amuletic use, and called finis Cancri,

is associated with this mansion, and recorded by ABANO 1303: 🕫 🎞 🛨 🕂

FROTH OF NITRE Alc. DIDEROT 1763 ① 🤇

FRUIT BRANDY Alc. GESSMANN 1906 🛇

FULL MOON Ast. Three ancient forms are recorded by OMONT 1894 To and NEUGEBAUER 1959 (The second of the last two significants) are intended to denote the most recent full moon to the hirthtime recorded in the figure.

SMITH 16C gives a related significant which appears to apply to the most recent conjunction as well as the opposition noted above:

FUMUS See SMOKE

FUNDERE Alc. SIGNA 170 XA

FURNACE Alc. Almost all the sigils which are not merely vestigial drawings of furnaces have come from alchemical mediaeval sources:

SIGNA 17C II SOMMERHOFF 1701
DIDEROT 1763
GESSMANN 1906
SIGNA 17C gives a sigil for furnus cupellatori:
and one for furnus pubarion:

FUSION Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701



GABRIEL Mag. As this Archangel is ruler of the MOON, almost any of the sigils given for this 'planet' might be used to symbolise him.

TRITHEMIUS 1503 16 10 10 BRAHE 1582 1582 159 159 SCHEIBLE 1848 1594 1594 1595 See also GRAPHIEL, SPHERE OF THE MOON and SPIRIT OF AQUARIUS

GARNET Alc. FRANCKLYN 1627 SHELTON 17C SOMMERHOFF 1701 5- GESSMANN 1906 5SCHNEIDER 1962

Ast. The most common modern sigil for the zodiacal sign of the 'Twins', also used indiscriminately for the constellation of the same name, is given by HYGINUS 1482, derived ultimately from the ancient manuscript tradition (see NEUGEBAUER 1959 below): T said by AGRIPPA 1510 to be based on the idea of 'embracing', though most modern explanations are based on the idea of communication. Ancient Egyptian (demotic) BERLIN 42AD Graeco-Byzantine, c500AD NEUGEBAUER 1959 TI OTT TO THE WALTER 1970 Gives a Co. WALTER 1970 gives a Greek variant which was also used for 'lead': ┼ ASTRONOMICAL 1400 JANUA 14C TL MANSIONIBUS 1482 🔼 LEUPOLDI 14C SCHYNAGEL 1500 ASTROLOGICAL 15C 🔀 QUADRANTIS 150 🔾 📞 BONATTI 15C

LAMBECIUS 1500	T
ASTROLOGY 17C	#-
TABLE 17C jt	
VALLEMONT 1707	=
BOUCHE-LEGLERC	D 1899 🗐
NEROMAN 1937	हि र

BLUNDEVILLE 1602 \(\textstyle \) \(\te

LUEDY 1928 records a related sigil from the Syrian astrological

GENIUS OF EARTH Occ. AGRIPPA 1531 26

GENIUS OF FIRE Occ. AGRIPPA 1531

GENIUS OF WATER OCC. AGRIPPA 1531 O

GENUINE SULPHUR Occ. GESSMANN 1906 gives the mediaeval

sigils: 🕀 🥍 🧸 ⋤

See also SULPHUR

GEOMANTIC SIGILS Geo. The sixteen figures of the geomantic tradition have been accorded very many variant forms - for example, the figure AMISSIO has been expressed in the forms given by AGRIPPA 1531 TABULAE 15C and SCHMUCTEN 1642: See each of the entries under the names given below for the associate 'geomantic characters':

ALBUS	1 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Toronto.	FORTUNA MINOR	** ** ***
AMISSIO	*** p 0 a		LOETITIA	
AQUISIT10	1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-	POPULUS	** 000
CAPUT	F 0 0	-	PUELLA	* * * *
CARCER	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	<u></u>	PUER	** ** ** · ·
CAUDA	4 0	* · ·	RUBEUS	11 00 =
CONJUNCTIO	4,4 60	:	TRISTITIA	*** 000
FORTUNA MAJOR		7	VIA	0 0

many variants and derivative forms are given within the tradition of secret alphabets (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675:

WIRTH 1927 equates gimel with the Tarot arcanum of the EMPRESS, and thus with the zodiacal Virgo. WIRTH 1927 traces the graphic etymology of the Hebrew form from vestigial drawings relating to early alphabets \(\lambda \lambda \

GINGER Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 ZZ

GLASS A10. ONOMASTICUM 1574 XX

VALENTINE 1671 ALCHEMICAL 17C OSSIGNA 17C OSSI

LUEDY 1928 records a sigil from the Syrian alchemical tradition RERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek form:

GLUE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 \gtrsim C

COD Occ. A sigil derived from the Boehmian philosophy, recorded by LAW 1772, 'comprehends all whatever God and Eternity is': that see EYE OF ETERNITY. CHASSANT 1884 gives several mediacval abbreviations for the Latin Dous: DD do do koch 1930 gives three sigils which are derived from the theosophical image for ONE is and the ancient image for the TRINITY: A tracker 1655 coch See also DEITY.

GOLD Alc. Since in the alchemical and astrological tradition gold is synonymous with SUN, all the sigils used for this 'planet' may be used to denote the metal, and indeed may denote both at the same time. The following sigils are specifically given for gold, but as the sigils given under the entry for SUN indicate, they and related variants are used for the solar body.

BERTHELOT 1885 records for the metal the ancient Greek astrological sigil for the Sun: A ALCHYMIA 1563 ()

WORLINGE 1651 OD & A O F E A - A S

CROLLIUS 1612 ① SHELTON 17C 第 共 英 X 子 ⊕ SOMMERHOFF 1701 台 G C P O 古 P 4 L7 AN 口 も P 禁 係 船 労 ケ あ よ み と O も C 見 ラー+O+ Oー

GOLD ALLOY Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek sigil:

GOLD DUST ALC. GESSMANN 1906

GOLD FILINGS Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek sigil:

GOLD FOIL AIC. DIDEROT 1763 🗹 🕀 GESSMANN 1906 🖸

GOLD LEAF Alc. SCHNEIDER 1962 ①

BERTHELOT 1885 records a few sigils from the Greek alchemical tradition: [] ②

GOLD LITHARGE ALC. GESSMANN 1906 Z A A B 5

GOLD PAINT Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

SCHNEIDER 1962 But see also AURUM MUSICUM

COLD SAFFRON Alc. GESSMANN 1906 VVC

GOLD SOLDER Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records two sigils from ancient Greek alchemical texts: A

GOLD SPIRIT See SPIRIT OF GOLD

GRADE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 records mediaeval abbreviations and sigils restricted to the verbal use: T May M

GRADES OF FIRE Alc. There are four different grades, each linked to the four elements, for which ALCHEMY 1650 gives the following sigils: EARTH A

WATER BM TO T

These are usually termed (respectively), the aerial, cineris, igne aperto and balneum mariae.

SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the following sigils for the four grades:

X & 3 5

SHELTON 17C gives a simple series $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ while GESSMANN 1906 records a (mediaeval) sigil which stands for the general idea of 'grades of fire': "" This last sigil may be adapted in various combinations with the standard sigils of the elements, so that for example \triangle may be used to indicate igne aperto.

LUEDY 1928 records the sigils for the four grades in a simple progression: X XX XXX

SOMMERHOFF 1701 lists other systems, one of 8 and one of 9 grades, but provides no related sigils.

Alc. A measure of weight, one twentieth of the SCROPULUM. GRAIN GESSMAN 1906 🔀 😜 💯 DIDEROT 1763 2 12

- GRAPHIEL Mag. Sigil for spirit (in cabbalistic lore an alternative name for GABRIEL) given by HEYDON 1864, to represent letter G in secret writing called 'the Alphabet of Angels and Genii':
- GRATE Alc. Mediaeval sigil recorded by GESSMANN 1906 and apparently restricted to verbal use: k
- GRAVEL BATH Alc. GESSMANN 1906 gives several mediaeval variants based apparently on the idea of arena, or sand: $\mathbb{A} : \mathbb{S} : \mathbb{R}$
- GREATER WORLD Occ. WELLING 1735 reinterprets the modern sigil for the SUN as an image of the lesser world (the point, which represents the human being), standing within the ambient of the Greater World (the circle which represents the Macrocosm), deriving of from to some extent he is following the symbolic forms of DEE 1564, as set out in his study of the MONAD, but WELLING 1735 reasons that the inner nature of man is potential gold (the sigil for the Sun is also of course the sigil for GOLD), and is eternal and indestructible.

 DEE 1564 gives the sigil, later called the circulus simplex in the Rosicrucian literature, to represent the Macrocosm and as one of the three basic forms which link the invisible and celestial spiritual world (that is, the Greater World) with the visible world, the open product of Nature:
- GREEN Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a short-form from a collection of Greek alchemical texts: $\times \rho$
- GREEN VITRIOL Alc. DIDEROT 1763 (F)
- GUM Alc. Generally the sigils would appear to relate to the gum arabic but other resin gums may also be signified.

 ALCHYMIA 1563 + + FRANCKLYN 1627 FF S

 ALCHEMICAL 170 + SHELTON 170 FS S

SOMMERHOFF 1701 Sty Good of 960 65

DIDEROT 1763 JG Sty GESSMANN 1906 records the following as general sigils for 'gum' 969 4;

A pop Sty Sty With the following specifically listed as for 'gum arabic': G 969 POP Sty Good For Schneider 1962 gives the sigil for 'gum arabic'.

See also GLUE and LUTUM SAPIENTIAE

GYPSUM Alc. SIGNA 17C B



HAEMATITE ALC. SIGNA 17C & SOMMERHOFF 1701 / 8 + 5 + 5 + 6 SCHNEIDER 1962 & See also BLOODSTONE

HAGITH Mag. Sigil given by TRITHEMIUS 1503 as sigil for a spirit of Venus:

HACONEL Mag. Sigil for demon linked with the Moon, given by AGRIPPA 16C:

HALF Alc. Two sigils given by GESSMANN 1906, probably derived from the Latin semis: β BERTHELOT 1885 records an ancient Greek form from the alchemical tradition: ζ

HALF-DRAGMA Alc. DIDEROT 1763 35

HALF-LITRE Alc. DIDEROT 1763 +

HALF-OUNCE Alc. DIDEROT 1763 $\frac{6}{3}$

HALF-PUGILLUM Alc. Mediaeval sigils recorded by GESSMANN 1906 related to the abbreviation for the Latin pugillus semis:

- HAMALIEL Mag. BRAHE 1592 gives several sigils, all mediaeval in origin, for the angel associated with the zodiacal Virgo: \(\frac{1}{1} \cdot \infty \sqrt{1} \cdot \infty \sqrt

- HANDFUL Alc. Sigil given by GESSMANN 1906 is probably an abbreviation of the Latin manipulus: \mathcal{M} a measure sometimes wrongly confused with the PUGILLUM.
- HANGING MAN Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 12th card of the Tarot arcana to the Hebrew LAMED, and accords it the sigil which is the symbol of the 'completion of the Great Work (of alchemical transmutation)', presumably because this sigillic form may be traced within the structure of the card (this being a reversal of the structure within the WORLD ARCANUM).

HARDNESS See ADAMAS

- HARTSHORN Alc. The sigil given by GESSMANN 1906 is no doubt an abbreviation of the Latin cornus cervi: CC
 ALBERTUS 1974 | >
 SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives for 'burned hartshorn' the forms: # 5
 while GESSMANN 1906 gives: 5 5 5 5 5
- HASMODAI Mag. Sigil supposed by HEYDON 1664 to be a geomantic spirit, ruler of VIA and POPULUS, but the sigil appears to be a poor copy of that given by AGRIPPA 1531 as ruling spirit of the Moon. HEYDON 1664 gives by whilst AGRIPPA 1531 gives:
- HASMODEL Mag. Sigil given for geomantic spirit by HEYDON 1664, genius of AMISSIO, but an identical sigil is given by AGRIPPA 1531 as ruling spirit of zediacal Taurus:
- HAURIENS PRIMUS Ast. The twenty-sixth mediaeval lunar mansion, called Al Fargh al Mukdim in the Arabic astrological tradition, a sigil for which is recorded in MANSIONES 14C: 7

 A sigil designed for amuletic use, and associated with this mansion (called finis Aquarii), is given by ABANO 1303:
- HAURIENS SECUNDUS Ast. The twenty-seventh of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Fargh al Thani in the Arabic astrological tradition, a sigil for which is recorded in MANSIONES 140: 8
- HE Occ. The fifth letter of the Hebrew alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), for which very many derivative forms have been given in the tradition of secret alphabets, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675 N WIRTH 1927 equates He with the arcanum the POPE in the Tarot pack, and thus with zodiacal Aries. His list of earlier alphabetic forms for the letter, all related to the proto-Hebraic, A A A A A He derives from the idea of

'window', though it is more likely that the vestigial drawings were originally derived from the Egyptian hieroglyphic with the pictorial value of 'a shout of jubilation' - see JENSEN 1970.

HEAT Alc. The following sigils are obviously derived from the main sigillic forms for FIRE, though heat is specified within the

FRANCKLYN 1627

KIRCHER 1655 K)

SHELL'ON 17C \triangle

LUEDY 1928 -

See also GRADES OF FIRE.

HEAVEN Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 gives a Greek sigil derived from the ancient alchemical tradition, which could be confused with the basic sigillic form for LIBRA, but which is specifically recorded for the heavens:

HEAVENLY SCRIPT See CELESTIAL SCRIPT

HEBRAIC SCRIPT Occ. The Hebraic characters used in various sections of this Dictionary are those listed as standard by WIRTH 1927:



This alphabet does not diverge in any significant way from the orthodox 'square' Hebraic forms: the Roman orthography has been determined with reference to the general occultist literature, and a short entry for each of the 22 letters has been included in the entries. characters are, of course, derived ultimately from a deeply significant magical structure, relating both to sound values and to the ancient pictographic symbolism, and it is probably this which has contributed so much to the development of the secret and magical scripts associated in occultism with the language. The simplest intention underlying such scripts is that a sigil be derived from the Hebraic form to represent that letter, and to connote the charge of magical meaning implicit in the sound, pictographic form and its A good example may be seen in one of corresponding numerical value. the most famous of such secret alphabets, the celestial in the form preserved by AGRIPPA 1531:

K	J	A	7	,T	1	ī	П	υ	,	0	5	מ	2
X	Z	0-1	0	\prod°	9	-	99	Ů	1	2	2	M	2
U	39	9	X	20	2	U	7						
0	¥	5	7,	₹	7	T	T.						

However, the interpretation of such scripts is rendered especially difficult by the wide-spread Notarikon techniques used by both the cabbalists and the occultists, and by the prevalent use of Gematria and Temurah - all of which render interpretation a hazardous business. The synoptical 'magical' alphabet given by WIRTH 1927 in his study of Tarot symbolism is actually related to the historic Moabite:

K	, 3	1	7	n	1	1 1	, П	υ	,	2	5	n n	3_
*	4	7	Δ	3	Y	I	Ħ	0	Z	Y	l	M	y
#	0	1	n	φ	4	W	X						
0	10	=	2	7	7	Ψ	Γ,	1					

This example should serve to remind us that very many of the so-called

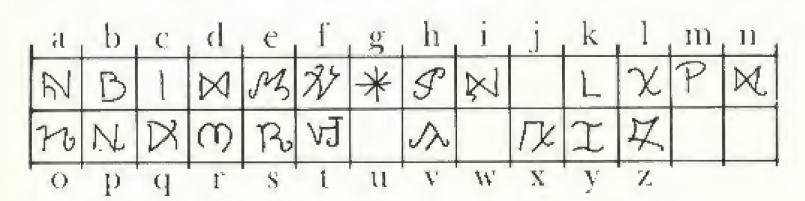
'secret' scripts are merely alphabets taken over from historic sources for magical purposes. Thus, the historic Samaritan book script recorded by JENSEN 1970 (for non-occult purposes) clearly formed the basis for a number of secret scripts:

L	×		2	7	F	3	1	, 0	υ	7	5	לו	מי	13 1
	N	অ	7	4	か	3	27	田	\$	T	I	2	M	4
	乙	V	7	भा	2	되	ம	N						
	0	y	5	7,	₹	7	Ψ	T				1		

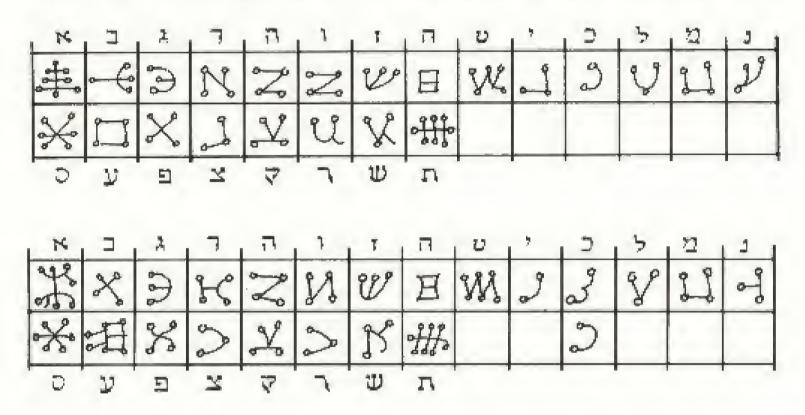
In this connexion, see the entry under SAMARITAN SCRIPT - but a sample from POSTEL 1538, who records two variants, is a good example:

L K	٦	1,	7	n	ት	1	П	υ	,	\supset	5	2	2
K	Œ	7	8	Z	M	4	X	5	Щ	Π	2	-	4
F	4	7	7	H	X	4	X	F	7		1	47	5
3	V	J	Щ	立	9	ω	2						
3	∇	7	5	P	J	W	5						
0	ע	E	7.	~	7	W	T				C -		1

In some cases such scripts were adapted from the Hebraic to the Roman or Greek alphabet (again for magical purposes), as for example in the alphabet recorded by VIGNERE 1586, which is called 'Phoenician' or 'Ionic', though only distantly related to originals of those names:



A glance at one or two of the characters in the so-called CELESTIAL SCRIPT recorded from mediaeval sources by AGRIPPA 1531 indicates something of the extent to which such scripts are derived from this Samaritan form. A whole series of alphabets has been more obviously derived - albeit imaginatively - from the variety of orthodox 'square' forms, as for example in two of those recorded by BARTOLOZZI 1675:



A large number of related Hebraic scripts are recorded in such texts as SELENUS 1624 and TRITHEMIUS 1508, as in the sources already mentioned above. In this Dictionary the following Hebraic or Hebraic-derived secret scripts are recorded: ADAMIC, BABYLONIAN, CANANEAN, CHALDEAN, CELESTIAL, MALACHIM, SAMARITAN, SOLOMONIAN, SUPERCELESTIAL and TRANSITUS FLUVII. See also SECRET SCRIPTS

HECADOTH Mag. Sigil given for the spirit named by HEYDON 1664 (but probably the cabbalistic Rechaloth was intended) to represent the letter H in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':

HELICTROPE

SIGNA 17C

HEMATITE

See HAEMATITE

HEPATIC ANTIMONY Alc. GESSMANN 1906

HEPHAESTOS See VIILCAN

HERB Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the ancient Greek alchemical texts: [6]

GESSMANN 1906 # 18 ALBERTUS 1974 # B

HERCULES Ast. Sigil given for a hypothetical planet, claimed by WEMYSS 1927 to be the 'ruler' of zodiacal Leo: ‡

HERMES See MERCURY.

HERMETICALLY SEALED Alc. GESSMANN 1906 records a sigil which is probably intended to cover the modern sense of the term (but see LUTUM SAPIENTIAE):

HERMETIC CROSS See CROSS and ORIGIN.

HERMETIC SIGIL Occ. DEE 1564 gives a sigil which is described as 'a small vessel containing the mysteries' and which must be regarded as the equivalent of the sigil hermeticum: The more complex sigil of the MONAD may also be taken as the hermetic sigil: SHELTON 17C gives the more frequent sigil: .

HERMETIC TETRAD Occ. In his imaginative treatment of Tarot symbolism, WIRTH 1927 gives the four sigils \(\) \(\phi \) \(\sum_{\text{off}} \) as the Hermetic Tetrad, and treats each individually in terms of the symbolism involved in their forms. A fifth sigil is derived from the first - the crescent form of the Moon \(\sum_{\text{off}} \) and this participates with the \(\sum_{\text{off}} \) to give the sigil (for example) \(\sum_{\text{off}} \) which is the basic SAL ALKALI, representing the primordial substance 'subject to the transmutation of the Moon'

and is of course related to the most frequent sigil for TAURUS, which zodiacal sign has a rapport with fertile earth. WIRTH 1927 further derives the sigil igorplus from igorplus by way of igorplus Such derivations are entirely speculative, however, and bear no relation to the historic etymologies of such graphic forms. The first of the tetrad, the solar sigil () is related to zero at one extreme, to the Sun at the other (see for example FOOL ARCANUM), with the alchemical matter of ALUM in between: the sigil is said to be 'Male, Active, Fixed' and is associated with Osiris and Reason, and with all other astrological solar connotations. The derived lunar sigil (is said to be 'Female, Passive, Mobile', and associated with Isis and Imagination, and with related lunar connotations. The second of the tetrad, the cross -- is related to the TAU and to the sphragis, and is thus essentially a symbol of life engaged in four-fold matter. Placed above a sign it is a symbol of achievement, as for example in the alchemical ANTIMONY which is in esoteric alchemy a redemptive sign, the spirit of O disengaging itself from the working of the material plane. The cross below a sign, as for example in the most frequent sigil for Venus Q is, according to the esoteric tradition, a symbol of 'redardation', representing the fail of spirit into The sigil for VERDIGRIS () shows the integration of this life principle within matter (see CROSS), a sign of equilibrium and The third of the tetrad, the triangle extstyle extstthe basis for the structure of the four elements: extstyle extEarth; The fourth in this tetrad, the square, [] is seen as a symbol of equilibrium, and represents a fall into the senses: from this he derives such sigils as the PHILOSOPHER'S STONE: By similar graphic logic, WIRTE 1923 traces an 'etymology' and meaning for each of the sigils for the seven planets, and indeed for some of the alchemical and astrological sigils. This rationale also underlies certain of his speculations as to the inner meaning of the TAROT pack.

HERMIT Occ. WIRTH 1923 relates this 9th arcanum of the Tarot pack to

the Mebraic TETH, and accords it the sigil which is a square divided into nine smaller squares, from which is derived the sigils and the latter said to be the figure 9, along with the 'primitive Teth':

HERSCHEL Ast. One of the early sigils for this planet is given in SIBLY 1817 and was later said to be derived from the initial of the discoverer Herschel. LEO 1914 saw a related variant # as a symbol of the unity of the three basic sigillic forms of 'Will, Wisdom and Activity' (see URANUS), expressing a higher grade of Mercury, of which he regards Herschel as a higher octave.

STRAGGLING 1824 # SHEPHERD 1971 ## Eventually re-named URANUS, the two names co-existed in astrological circles, and a large number of sigils, many of them personal to individual astrologers, has been developed.

HESTIA See VESTA

HETH Occ. The 8th letter of the Hebrew alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), for which many derivative forms are given within the tradition of secret alphabets, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675:

WIRTH 1927 equates Seth with the Tarot arcanum the JUDGEMENT, and thus with zodiacal Libra. In his study of the graphic etymology of the letter he gives the forms

which he associates with a pictographic 'hurdle', though as JENSEN 1970 suggests, the forms are probably derived from the Egyptian hieroglyphic with a pictorial value of 'lotus flower'.

HEXAGON Ast. Sigil derived from Greek manuscript by OMONT 1894 Prelating to the aspect of SEXTILE.

For the non-astrological form, see ELEMENTS, LOVERS ARCANUM, TERNARY and VAYU.

In its esoteric aspect, the hexagon is treated in depth by BLAVATSKY 1888, who terms it the hieroglyphic sonary. She records that it is

'the symbol of the commingling of the philosophical three fires and the three waters, whence results the procreation of the elements of all things. The same idea is found in the Indian equilateral double triangle. For though it is called in that country the sign of Vishma, yet in truth it is the symbol of the Triad (or the Trimurti). For, even in the exoteric rendering, the lower triangle With the apex downward, is the symbol of Vishnu, the god of the moist principle of water ... whilst the triangle, with its apex upward, / is Siva, the Principle of Fire, symbolized by the triple flame in his hand." BLAVATSKY 1888 makes the point that this sigil is wrongly called 'Solomon's Seal', and that it produces the Septemary and the Triad at one and the same time, as well as the Decad. 'For with a point in the middle or centre, thus XX it is a sevenfold sign, its triangles denote number 3, the two triangles show the presence of the binary; the six points are the senary; and the central point, the unit; the quinary being traced by combination, as a compound of two triangles, the even number, and of three sides in each triangle, the first odd number.' She further argues that this is why Pythagoras and the ancients made the number six, the senary, a sacred number of Venus, since the union of the two sexes is required to develop the generative force - the 'spagyrisation of matter by triads' (quoting RAGON 1853).

HIEROGLYPHIC SENARY See HEXAGON

- HIGHER MAN Occ. Sigil given by STEINER 1904 as representative of the higher trinity within man, as yet to be developed: the Spirit Self, Life Spirit and Spirit Man:
 See also FOURFOLD MAN.
- HIPPOCRATIC WINE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 gives two sigils, both derived from abbreviation: $\forall H$
- HIRCUS Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the fixed star, now alpha Aurigae, given by AGRIPPA 1510, but wrongly copied from the mediaeval manu-

script tradition (see ALAYOCH): This error has been continued by later copyists, so that the wrongly copied form has been adopted within the astrological tradition, even though it is in fact indistinguishable from the sigil used for ALDEBARAN.

HISMAEL Mag. Sigil given for 'geomantic spirit' by HEYDON 1664, said to be ruler of AQUISITIO and LOETITIA, but sigil is given by AGRIPPA 1531 as ruling spirit of the planet Jupiter: (\(\sigma\) HEYDON 1664 gives a variant:

HOMER'S GOLDEN CHAIN Occ. A series of sigils relating to the occult Aurea Catena Homeri or Annulus Platonicus is listed by HOMER 1723, with variants in brackets from HOMER 1757:

Chaos confusum ()

Spiritus Mundi volatilis incorporeus

Spiritus Mundi acidus corporeus

Spiritus Mundi fixus alcalicus corporeus

Materia prima omnium corporum sublunarium

Animalia

Vegetabilia, seu Azoth ()

Mineralia

Spiritus Mundi concentratus fixus seu Extractum Chaoticum purum

Perfectio consummata, seu Quintessentia Universalis ()

HOMER 1723 also gives within the text two variants for the extremes of CHAOS () and Perfectio ()

HOLY GHOST See THREE BAPTISMS.

HONEY Alc. Several mediaeval sigils have been recorded, a few of which are abbreviations for the Latin mel.

SHELTON 17C MI
SIGNA 17C R AD M
SOMMERHOFF 1701 & MP GESSMANN 1906 % D SCHNEIDER 1962 M

HORN Alc. GESSMANN 1906 C C 77

DIDEROT 1763 gives two sigils for stag's horn: Y Y

See also HARTSHORN

- HOROSCOPE Ast. OMONT 1894 records two Greek forms (the first being singular, the second plural) under the name horoscopes:
 FRESNE 1688 records two singular forms:
 HOROSCOPE: The Horoscopes:
 HOROSCOPE: HOROS
- HORSE-DROPPINGS Alc. DIDEROT 1763 gives the mediaeval sigils: \bigoplus \uparrow
- HORSERADISH OIL Alc. The Greek sigils from alchemical texts are formed from abbreviations of the Greek, recorded in BERTHELOT 1885: Φ

HOT WATER See WATER

HOUR Alc. Several mediaeval sigils have been recorded, a few of which are vestigial drawings of the hour-glass.

WORLIDGE 1651 区 3 分 VALENTINE 1671 文 SIGNA 17C 天 2 井 SOMMERHOFF 1701 人 4 工 II 分 片 公 3 DIDEROT 1763 甍 区

GESSMANN 1906 BY WM 1~ 3 H

LUEDY 1928 W SCHNEIDER 1962 [] 3 A

BERTHELOT 1885 records two plural forms (hours) from Greek alchemical manuscripts: L S

OMONT 1894 gives also a Greek abbreviation: S

HOURGLASS SAND Alc. GESSMANN 1906

- HOUSE OF GOD Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 16th arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic AYN, and accords it a personalised sigil of which is obviously related to the associated zodiacal sign Scorpic.
- HUMAN WORLD Occ. KIRCHER 1855 O-CCO See also ASTRAL WORLD, ELEMENTAL WORLD and WORLD OF INTELLIGENCE

HUMIDITY Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

NYDROGEN Alc. DALTON 1808 🕥

I CHING See TRIGRAMS

IGNIS FORTIS Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

 \triangle

IGNIS LENTUS See SLOW HEAT

IGNIS ROTAE Alc. VALENTINE 1671 gives the sigils $\textcircled{\triangle}$ but this term is almost certainly synonymous with the REVERBERATING FIRE, the ignis reverberius or ignis circulatorius for which SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the sigil (for both) $\textcircled{\triangle}$ and the sigils C for the latter. SCHNEIDER 1962 gives the sigils $\textcircled{\triangle}$ for the circulatorius. See also GRADES OF FIRE.

IMBIBITIO Alc. Sigil given in ALCHEMY 1650 for a process of distillation: $\frac{1}{3}$

IMMORTAL ADAM Occ. A sigil probably originated by DEE 1564, but as a concept derived from the Christian esoteric tradition of symbolism relating to the significance of alpha and omega: DEE 1564 links the sigil with the idea of 'the Immortal Adam', 'End', 'After the Formation of the elements', 'Manifestation', etc., and in connexion with the Christos, with 'King of all abiquitous'.

See also MORTAL ADAM and ELEMENTS.

INCERATION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil THE next to the

sign or constellation Sagittarius, perhaps to symbolise the alchemical process of Inceration.

INFINITY Occ. A modern sigil given by CIRLOT 1962 to represent the 'universe, the All' 'Infinity':
In this modern system of occult graphics, the modern sigil for the SUN is representative of 'the centre of infinity; the emanation or first cause':
Some occultists see the exoteric sigil for infinity, the lemniscate still used in mathematics OO as a union of the Sun and Moon, linked at the point of time and space: see GETTINGS 1973.

INFUSION Alc. Many of the mediaeval sigils given by GESSMANN 1906 are abbreviations for the Latin tinctura: $\overline{\mathcal{R}}$ \mathcal{T} $\overline{\mathcal{X}}^a$ $\overline{\mathcal{T}}$ $\overline{\mathcal{X}}^a$ $\overline{\mathcal{T}}$ $\overline{\mathcal{X}}^a$

INQUISITORIAL SCRIPT Occ. A script preserved by VIGNERE 1586 and said - on no sure showing - to have been used especially by the Inquisition, though it appears to belong to the series of scripts which are within the occult tradition termed Carolingian. See SECRET SCRIPTS.

_L a	, b	C	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	m	n
4	19	S	m	0+	tt	8	×	2		X	%	010	8
V	W	X	H	8	Δ		P		4	X	力		
C	p	q	1	S	1	u	V	W	X	У	Z		

INTEGRITY Occ. Sigil probably originated by KOCB 1930: ____

INTELLECT Occ. KOCH 1930 gives a highly personal sigil for 'intellect in action':

See also CREATIVE INTELLECT, DISORDERED INTELLECT and PASSIVE INTELLECT

INTELLIGENCIES Occ. Several variant sigils for each of the so-called 'planetary intelligencies' exist, and these may be examined in the

entries under the names of spiritual beings nowadays called Archangels but in certain esoteric documents, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1522, referred to as Intelligencies of the Spheres (see ANAEL, GABRIEL, MICHAEL, ORIPHIEL, RAPHAEL, SAMAEL and ZACHARIEL). Since the spheres were eventually associated with the planetary bodies, a large number of sigils attached to the Intelligencies were associated with the planets themselves. The following represent the most frequently used in the occult tradition:

INTELLIGENCE OF JUPITER: ACRIPPA 1531 RAPHAEL 1879

INTELLIGENCE OF MERCURY: AGRIPPA 1531 RAPHAEL 1879

INTELLIGENCE OF MOON: AGRIPPA 1531 RAPHAEL 1879

INTELLIGENCE OF SATURN: AGRIPPA 1531 RAPHAEL 1879

INTELLIGENCE OF SUN: AGRIPPA 1531 RAPHAEL 1879

INTELLIGENCE OF VENUS: AGRIPPA 1531 RAPHAEL 1879

Needless to say, the term intelligencies has nothing to do with the word intelligence in its modern sense.

Certain of the PLANETARY SYMBOLS are probably related to the different series of intelligencies.

INVERTED FENTACLE See DEVIL

In both alchemical and astrological contexts the word iron Alc. TRON is interchangeable with MARS, so that any of the numerous sigils for this planet may also represent the metal. A few of such sigils are also recorded as relating to both 'iron and steel'. The following forms have been given specifically for the metal: CROLLIUS 1612 / WORLIDGE 1651 C+3 SIGNA 17C & 本本 文本 本 《 & & FRESNE 1688 SOMMERHOFF 1701 = + / / F / L * WELLING 1735 DALTON 1808 (V) 了不多的意见不好声= 丹 GESSMÄNN 1906 LUEDY 1928 /

SCHNEIDER 1962 of ## X \$ S of F F CT/
SHEPHERD 1971 \(\)
BERTHELOT 1885 records some Greek forms from alchemical texts: \(\sigma \)

See also STEEL

IRON FILINGS Alo. ALCHEMICAL 17C 5

SIGNA 17C 8

GESSMANN 1906 8

See also MARS

IRON LEAF Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 gives two sigils derived from Greek alchemical texts: 3 + 9

IRON ORE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 gives a sigil from Greek alchemical texts:

IRON RUST Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 gives two siglls from Greek alchemical texts: $\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t}$



JAB Mag. Name, perhaps derived from Jabniel, one of the ruling angels of the Third Heaven, and sigil given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letters J and I in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':

JASON Ast. Hypothetical planet claimed by WEMYSS 1927 to be ruler of zodiacal Sagittarius, and to be in orbit between Saturn and Uranus: $\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} dt \, dt \, dt$

JASPER Alc. SIGNA 17C

JESUS Rel. TESTA 1962 records many of the ancient sigils for the name Jesus: \uparrow^{\times} \uparrow \downarrow \uparrow \downarrow \uparrow

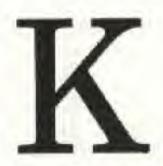
SCHEIBLE 1848 gives the sigil of for Jesus triumphant. See also CHRIST, CHRISTMON and CROSS.

JOD Occ. The 10th letter of the Hebraic alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT) for which many derivative forms have been given in the tradition of secret alphabets, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675: The grant of the WHEEL

OF FORTUNE. He gives the signific forms Z > 1 1 as the prototypes of the letter, which he says is derived from a vestigial drawing of a hand, though the etymology is actually connected with a vestigial hieroglyphic of the god Seth, representative of Lower Egypt.

- TUDGEMENT Occ. WIRTS 1927 relates this 8th arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Rebrew letter NETH, and accords it the sigil a so-called primitive Reth which in point of fact only approximates to a letter from the Old Phoenician script as given by JENSEN 1970. WIRTH 1927 also says that this figure approximates to our own number 8, for it was originally drawn: This form does not appear in the development of the Hebraic scripts, though it is found in (for example) the ETRUSCAN SCRIPT. The confusion may have arisen from the variant for the phonetic h in the Sinai script:
- JUGGLER Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this first arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Bebraic ALEPH, and thus to the constellation Orion and zodiacal Taurus. He accords the card the sigil \ and the point \cdot drawn as the centre of the pupil in the Eye of God, \cdot thus completing a cycle in the 22 arcana with the \cdot of the last in the series, the FOOL ARCANUM.
- JUNO Ast. Sigil given by WILSON 1819 for 'planet' (actually an asteroid) in orbit between Mars and Jupiter: \checkmark WILSON 1819 \checkmark SHEPHERD 1971 \checkmark
- JUPITER Ast. Modern sigil derived from the late mediaeval tradition, a printed example being HYGINUS 1482: 24. AGRIPPA 1531 traces its form to the sceptre, but this is imaginative, and as rare examples below indicate, there were many variants for which no such graphic etymology could be given. LEO 1914 says of Jupiter that it represents 'the semi-circle rising over the cross' and is 'the symbol of soul

liberating itself from matter'. BERLIN 42AD wy Ancient Egyptian: NEUGEBAUER 1959 Graeco-Byzantine: BERTHELOT 1895 OMONT 1894 Z CONJURATION 14C 47 21 ALCHYMICAL 14C RAGOR 1474 5 FIRMICUS 1499 2. BONATTI 150 R Cop St BERNARD 15C CANONES 15C = CAMPANUS 15C HOROSCOPE 15C 7-9 DOMOREM 15C LIBELLUS 15C SCALIGER 15C SCHEMA 150 72 SCOT 15C ZZ SIGNIFICATIONES 150 TRACTATULUS 15C 47-SCHYNAGEL 1500 2/ FIRMICUS 1510 4 3 Z AGRIPPA 1510 ALCHYMIA 1563 Z 2 4 B DARIOT 1557 ALCHEMICAL 1579 3G 古手 KIRCHER 1655 224 TABLE 1676 & 3 BELOT 1667 <u>2/</u> 8 9-60 / BE ALCHEMICAL 17C T > > 15 Y SHELTON 17C 27 号 4 3 日 9 MAGICI 17C ¥ WELLING 1735 SOMMERHOFF 1701 10 PYTHAGORAS 18C 2X MAGIE 18C \mathcal{Z}_{i} CHRISTIAN 1870 🎎 LUEDY 1928 20 7 4 - 7 7A3 & Fe Fe ES NEROMAN 1937 $Z^{\prime\prime}$ CARBONELLI 1925 records an early mediaeval manuscript form later mediaeval t whilst CAPPELLI 1949 records a mediaeval: The sigils given under TIN may be used synonymously with Jupiter. See also AQUISITIO, SPHERE, SPIRIT OF JUPITER and ZACHARTEL



KALI YUGA Occ. The sigil most usually linked with the DEVIL, supposedly as a vestigial drawing of the horns and goat-beard, is said by BLAVATSKY 1888 to be the esoteric sigil for the Kali Yuga, the 'Dark Age', which according to certain esoteric circles began about 4,500 years ago. The sigil is 'the sign of human sorcery, with its two points (horns) turned heavenwards, a position every Occultist will recognize as one of the "left-hand", and used in Ceremonial Magic'.

for which many derivative sigillic forms are recorded within the tradition of secret alphabets, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675:

WIRTH 1927 equates kaph with the Tarot STRENGTH ARCANUM, and thus with zodiacal Lec. In his record of the graphic etymology of the letter from the vestigial drawing, he traces a connexion with the idea of a palm, and there does indeed appear to be a link between the ancient forms and the heraldic plant of Upper Egypt, as indicated (in a non-occult context) by JENSEN 1970. WIRTH 1927 gives the forms

KEDEMEL Geo. Sigil given by HEYDON 1664 for one of the geomentic spirits:
This sigil is probably copied wrongly from AGRIPPA 1531, who gives a similar form for a spirit of Venus:

KEY See CLAVIS.

- KINDLE Alc. Two mediaeval sigils recorded by SIGNA 17C: TC XX
- KNE Mag. Sigil of a spirit (perhaps Kyniel) given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter K in the secret writing called 'The Alphabet of Angels and Genii':
- KYRIOTETES Ast. SUCHER 1975 appears to link the sigil for Aries \(\gamma\) with the Sphere of the Kyriotetes, otherwise known as the Dominions, the rulers of the Sphere of Jupiter.

 See INTELLIGENCIES.



LADY POPE Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 2nd arcanum of the Tarot pack with the Hebraic letter BETH, and with the constellation Cassiopeia: he accords the card the sigils of the horizontal single line — and the black disc • along with the binary | which relates to the columns behind the figure in the card.

LAHAD Mag. Sigil for spirit (perhaps derived from Lad, one of the name: for the angel Metatron) given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter L in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':

LAMP AIC. DIDEROT 1763 P. 2-

LAPIS Alc. For the generic sigils, see STONE. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the sigils for a number of different stones, as follows: Silex

Calaminaris: P D J + D Z J + C + Lapis Pumex: P Lapis Silex: Co

Lapis Prunellae: P P Lapis Pumex: P Lapis Silex: Co

Lapis Silex Ustus: A Lapis Tutiae: F Lapis Lazuli: L + T

For the last one, SIGNA 17C gives J J J J G

gives: N, J, J + T S V LUEDY 1928: V J J J G

and KOCH 1930: G

LAPIS ARMENIUS See MOUNTAIN BLUE

LAPIS LAZULI See LAPIS

LAYER UPON LAYER Alc. Several of these mediaeval sigils are clearly derived from the abbreviation of the latin stratum super stratum.

WORLIDGE 1651 585 + FF ALCHYMIA 1563 MM 666 ALCHEMICAL 170 MM FM GESSMANN 1906 L. DT SST FF

LEAD FILINGS Aic. BERTHELOT 1885 gives two sigils from the Greek alchemical tradition: $\updownarrow \gamma \qquad \bot \gamma$

LEAD OF ANTIMONY Alc. ALCHEMICAL 170 30

SOMMERHOFF 1701 LEAD OF THE PHILOSOPHERS Alc.

BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from ancient Greek LEAD ORE Alc. alchemical sources: 5

LEAD SALT Alc. SHELTON 170 Ty

Alc. GESSMANN 1906 records a mediaeval sigil: Zt LEAD SUGAR

BERTHELOT 1885 records a number of sigils all relating to LEAF the idea of loaf metal: \$\Pi \bar{E} \bar{\Bar} \Bar{\Bar} \Bar} See also COPPER LEAF, GOLD LEAF, IRON LEAF, SILVER LEAF and TIN LEAF.

LEMURIAN See EARTH.

Zediacal sign of the 'Lion', the printed sigil being derived LEO from the mediaeval manuscript tradition (see JANUA 14C below, for example), though ultimately from the Graeco-Byzantine tradition (see NEUGEBAUER 1959 below, for example), recorded in print by HYGINUS 1482: of the sigil is said by AGRIPPA 1510 to be based on the shape of a lion's tail, though this is entirely fanciful, as many of the mediaeval variants would suggest (even AGRIPPA 1510 uses variant sigil forms). Two common misuses of the sigil lead to confusion, and are worth recording. Sometimes the form ${}_{2}\Omega_{\sigma}$ is given for Leo, though this sigil is in fact the NODE of a planet, especially the one called caput draconis. An example of this mistake may be seen in the glyph used in the medal for the American Numismatic Association designed by Vineze in WHITTICK 1971. Another common error is the reversal of the sigil - an example of which may be see in SIBLY 1790, where it may to some extent be excusable in view of the reversal of the copper plate after engraving:

Ancient Egyptian; BERLIN 42AD] STOBART 2C A A3 £

SPIEGELBERG 1911

Graeco-Byzantine: NEUGEBAUER 1959 🤈 🤈 🧷

See also SPIRIT OF LEO and VERCHIEL

DIGBY 12C OZ GRAMMATICA 13C 9 9 ASTRONOMICAL 1400 CONJURATION 14C LEUPOLDI 14C JANUA 14C 🛂 ASTROLOGICAL 15C (5 MANSIONIBUS 1482 OZ QUADRANTIS 15C 28 BONATTI 15C RAWLINSON 15C Oで LAMBECIUS 1500 SCOT 15C 3 7 TABLES 15C (G THURNEYSSER 1574 U SCHYNAGEL 1500 () HIBNER 1651 () MARY 16C BELOT 1667 N SIGILLIS 17C 3 PROWSSE 17C J (, TABLE 17C C ZADKIEL 1835 J& SIBLY 1790 Jb SEPHARIAL 1920 O COLLIN 1954 NEUGEBAUER 1969 RUDHYAR 1970 JG CJ(, LUEDY 1928 records a related sigil from the Syrian astrological LEUPOLDI 14C gives a sigil for the constellation Leo: of and this is recorded by AGRIPPA 1510 for the sign.

LIBRA Ast. Zodiacal sign of the 'Balance'. The printed version of the sigil is derived ultimately from the Egyptian (see STOBART 2C below) via the Graeco-Byzantine, as for example in HYGINUS 1482: The sigil is said by AGRIPPA 1510 to be based on the form of a balance, but derivation from an Egyptian hieroglyph is more likely. Ancient Egyptian: BERLIN 42AD LL SPIEGELBERG 1911 ... ___ STOBART 2C ADA NEUGEBAUER 1943 سمّے ب WALTER 1970 records a Greek sigil: _- -CONJURATION 14C =--ASTRONOMICAL 14C ____ SCHYNAGEL 1500 -QUADRANTIS 150 OF TABLES 150 COLEY 17C LO FOOTE 1.7C

PYTHAGORAS 18C SIBLY 1780 SIBLY 1780 SAPKIEL 1835 SEMENTOVSKY 1897 SEMENTOVSKY 1890 SEMENTO

LIBRUM Alc. VALENTINE 1671 LC

CAPPELLI 1949 gives two mediaeval forms: A

LIFE See ANKH

In her complex numerological study BLAVATSKY 1888 gives LIGHT two sigils $|\bigcirc = \bigcirc$ as the 'sacred Ten (numbers or Sephiroth)' which are the 'Light' - though this is the occult light - 'through which all things were made'. A sigil given by GABELLA 1615 in the graphic theory of occult symbolism derived ultimately from DEE 1564 is 🦲 which carries the implication that the Sun and the Moon face to face, in an image of the first day when light was created. This latter sigil also represents the 'philosopher's light'. A sigil given in LAW 1772 - as part of the study of Boehme's graphic occult system is representative of half the nature of the created world: (other half is the sigil for WRATH. This light sigil is derived from his 'One Globe': () But see in this connexion EYE OF ETERNITY. A sigil given for the expansive principle of Boehme's theosophy, which may be associated with the light polarity of the dualism which pervades his thought, is the simple riangle . But see TERNARY. A sigil for light is derived by WELLING 1735 from the alchemical sigil for DAY, intended to symbolise the outpouring of spiritual forces on to the material plane: LEO 1914 gives the sigil \ominus for *Light* and Dark. It will be clear from the above notes that the Light of the occultists is not the 'light' of modern physicists. See the opposing sigils for DARK and WRATH, and also COSMOS.

LIGHTS See SUN and MOON.

LILITH Ast. In modern astrology, the name given to a hypothetical Earth-Moon, the so-called 'dark Moon'. SEPHARIAL 1918 \ominus COLDSTEIN 1961 ϕ

LIMATURA See IRON FILINGS.

LIME Alc. DIDEROT 1763 \subset 8 \subset \oplus KOCH 1930 $\overset{1}{\sum}$ BERTHELOT 1885 records a few sigils derived from the Greek alchemical tradition: $\overset{1}{\triangleright}$ $\overset{1}{\triangleright}$ $\overset{1}{\triangleright}$

LIME OF EGGSHELL Alc. SHELTON 17C \cap DIDEROT 1763 \bigcirc

LIME OF GOLD Alc. DIDEROT 1763 IT IS

LIME OF LEAD Alc. GESSMANN 1906

LIME OF LYE Alc. GESSMANN 1906

LIME OF VITRIOL Alc. DIDEROT 1763 \$ 3

LIMESTONE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 E E See also SILEX and STONE

LIQUEFY Alc. GESSMANN 1906

LIQUOR ALC. ALBERTUS 1974

LIQUOR OF CALCINATED LEAD Alc. DIDEROT 1763

LITHARGE Alc. ALCHYMIA 1563 S.

DIDEROT 1763 S.

BERTHELOT 1885 records three sigils derived from the ancient Greek alchemical tradition: 人(文C 人(

LITHARGE OF GOLD Alc. SHELTON 17C - ho DIDEROT 1763 P

LITHARGE OF SILVER ALCOHMICAL 17C DIDEROT 1763 H F SHELTON 17C 5

LIVING See ANIMALIA and ANKH.

LIXIVIUM Alc. SIGNA 170 TL & E X SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives for sal alkali fixum the sigils $4 \cup \mathcal{C}$ RX X A SCHNEIDER 1962 & F See also ALKALI

LIXIVIUM TARTARI Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

LODESTONE Ast. The following sigils were given under the names of lodestone, magnes or lapis magnes:

ALCHYMIA 1563 7 SHELTON 17C SHELTON 17C SIGNA 17C SIG GESSMANN 1906 🖟 M But see also MAGNET

WORLIDGE 1651 SIGNA 17C 🔫

LOETITIA Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomentic figures: 🕃 A multitude of variants (dots, stars, floral devices, etc.) is used to denote the same fourfold arrangement. Lostitia is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Air, the planet Jupiter, and the zodiacal sign Taurus. The following sigils, derived from late mediaeval sources, are sometimes used to denote the planet Jupiter, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503. AGRIPPA 1531 H A A A

LOVE Occ. Sigil given by KOCH 1930 as a rune meaning 'love': P

LOVERS ARCANUM Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 6th arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic VAU, and accords it (presumably because of the element of 'choice' which one may read into the iconography of the card) the sigil \times the important Pythagorean sigil which according to WIRTH 1927 is related to the 'primitive Vau', and the hexagram which within the occult tradition is one of the symbols of union, as for example in the 'union of opposites' of the FOUR ELEMENTS.

LUCIFER Mag. SCHEIBLE 1848 gives the sigil \(\frac{1}{2} \) for the spirit, and the sigil \(\frac{1}{2} \) for Lucifer and Beelzebub. The name Lucifer is also associated with the morning rising of the planet Venus in traditional astrology, and in certain mediaeval manuscripts one finds the Sphere of Venus marked the Sphere of Lucifer, though the sigils employed refer only to the planet VENUS, and not to the Spirit Lucifer.

See SPHERE

LUMEN MINUS See SILVER

LUNA See MOON

LUNA FIXA Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C 💢
GESSMANN 1906 😽

LUNAR Alc. OMONT 1894 gives the sigil & from Greek texts.

LUTATION Alc. The sigils are used exoterically for the operation of sealing or stopping up containers, and sometimes for the hermetic art itself, which is sealed from the outer world. But see LUTUM SAPIENTIAE.

WORLIDGE 1651 N FRANCKLYN 1627 J

SOMMERHOFF 1701 WIND TO A N GESSMANN 1906 N A ===

LUTE See BOTTLE, LUTATION and LUTUM SAPIENTIAE

LUTUM SAPIENTIAE Alc. The mediaeval sigils for lutum sapientiae or lutum philosophorum were often intended to denote the esoteric hermetic (or 'sealed') art itself - see LUTATION.

ALCHYMIA 1563 LAW

FRESNE 1688 🔲

WORLIDGE 1651 LM B ALCHEMICAL 17C SIGNA 17C F SOMMERHOFF 1701 9 7 100 Z DIDEROT 1763 J S GESSMANN 1906 8 300

CROLLIUS 1612

CROLLIUS 1670 \approx ALCHEMICAL 17C \vee C

LYE See ALKALI

LYE OF ASHES Alc. SHELTON 170 ==

LYE OF TARTAR Alc. GESSMANN 1906 🖺 But see also LIXIVIUM TARTARI



MACROCOSM See GREATER WORLD

MAGIAN SCRIPT See ADAMIC SCRIPT

MAGIC SYLLABLE Occ. A series of seven sigils, obviously linked with the planetary sigils, and given by MONTE-SNYDERS 1678 as being 'seven syllables' which together give the sound of the Materia Prima.

The first is linked with SATURN: $\frac{27}{5}$

The second is linked with JUPITER:

The third is linked with MARS:

The fourth is linked with VENUS:

The fifth is linked with MERCURY:

The sixth is linked with the MOON:

The seventh constitutes a union of the six sigils given above, and may be associated with the SUN, as the 'unifier' of the planetary influences in our solar system:

MAGISTERIUM See SECRET WISDOM

MAGISTER OF CROCUS Alc. DIDEROT 1763 +

MAGISTER OF SATURN ALC. DIDEROT 1763

MAGNES See LODESTONE

MAGNESIA Alc. In strict alchemical terms, this is said to be an ingredient of the PHILOSOPHER'S STONE, and consequently the sigils do not of necessity refer to the hydrated magnesium carbonate, and even in the late forms, it is unlikely that the sigils are intended for the element. DALTON 1808, who gives the form (3) is an exception.

ONOMASTICUM 1574 M SIGNA 17C \$\Pm\$ SCHEFFERS 1775 \Pm\$ \$\Pm\$ SCHNEIDER 1962 \$\Pm\$ ALCHEMICAL 17C \$\frac{1}{2} \\ SOMMERSHOFF 1701 \OHnote\tau_{7} \omega_{9} \\
LUEDY 1.928 \overline{D}_{-}

LUEDY 1928 records a related form from the Syrian alchemical tradition: \(\square{1} \)

BERTHELOT 1885 records two sigils from Greek alchemical texts: 📉 📈

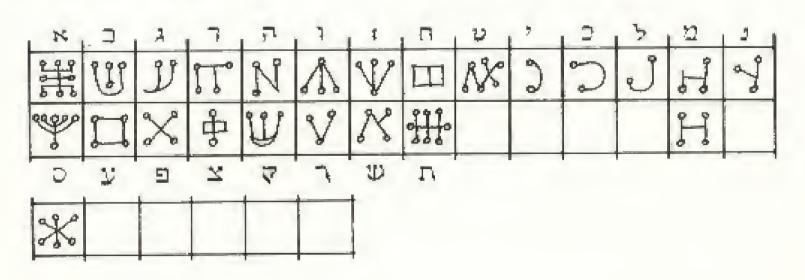
MAGNESIA OF GOLD Alc. ALCHEMICAL 170) \circ

MAGNESIA OF IRON ALC. ALCHEMICAL 17C

MAGNESIA OF SILVER Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C

MAGNET AIC. DIDEROT 1763 gives a sigil for the traditional LODESTONE, and one which is probably 'modern': $\frac{\Box}{V}$

MALACHIM SCRIPT Occ. One of the secret scripts derived from the cabbalist tradition (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), recorded by BARTOLOZZI 1875 with one variant letter from that recorded by AGRIPPA 1531:



MALCHIDAEL Mag. Sigil given by HEYDON 1664 as 'geomantic spirit', the genius of PUER, though the sigil is actually derived from that given as the ruling spirit of zodiacal Aries by AGRIPPA 1531:

AGRIPPA 1531 O

See also MALCHIDIEL

MALCHIDIEL Mag. Mediaeval sigils for the angel of Aries, given by BRAHE 1582: See MALCHIDAEL and SPIRIT OF ARIES.

MALE Occ. GEHEIME 1785 ①

MALE AND FEMALE Occ. A sigil given by MASSEY 1893 is intended to represent 'male and female united under other and more evident twintypes of the two sexes':

BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the form for 'Man as the cube unfolded': and explains the form as the image of the 3 horizontal (female) and the 4 vertical (male) forming the image of Man 'as the culmination of the deity on Earth, whose body is the cross of flesh.'

BLAVATSKY 1888 gives also the sigil | \(\) which is derived from the Greek form \(\) \(\) which means 'Moon', and which is also the symbol of the pillar and the circle (see for example the sigils for the LADY POPE).

BLAVATSKY 1888 also gives sigils for the male as a vertical \(\) the female as a horizontal \(\)— and the union in the CROSS. See also ORIGIN and YIN AND YANG

MALE ELEMENT Occ. Sigils given by KOCH 1930 in his highly personal system of symbolism:

MAN Occ. BERTHELOT 1885 gives the sigil A which is a derivation from the abbreviation for anthropos. In addition to the sigils and forms noted in MALE AND FEMALE, BLAVATSKY 1888 records the emergence of Man 'the body erect' | from the spiritual | to give the 'creative potency' | and the 'moving man' | This emergence of individuality from the spiritual gives rise to the Pythagomean sigil

of the binary, representative of 'choice' or 'moral choice': X
BLAVATSKY 1888 also gives for Deity, Universe and Man, the form:

MAN CRUCIFIED Occ. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the decussated 'Cross in Space' X as an image of the Platonic symbol of 'the second God who impressed himself on the Universe in the form of the Cross' - but links the idea of the human crucifixion with ancient initiation rites. See CROSS

MANIFESTATION Occ. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives a progressive series of sigils relating to the occult view of manifestation, the emergence of material life from the absolute spirit. Whilst the following sigils have been accorded individual entries, as indicated, the general outline of the graphic theory is as follows: from the ESSENCE () which represents the one unknown and unknowable infinite, emerges the sigil of manifestation, the first differentiation, which is sexless and infinite, or potential space within abstract space: () The sigil represents the spirit-principle, with its fructifying power unconcealed. stage is symbolized in the sigil for the MOTHER NATURE () which is the transformation of the point, the emergence of duality. This in turn becomes the sigil for the Mundame Cross, illustrative of the ORIGIN of human life, esoterically called the Third Root Race: igoplus When the encompassing circle of spirit disappears, the sigil of the cross is representing the fall into MATTER as the final accomplishment, at which point the Fourth Race begins. LEO 1914, influenced by BLAVATSKY 1888, gives the mundame cross 🕂 manifestation, but reasons that 'the perpendicular beam represents

See FORM and IMMORTAL ADAM.

MANIPULE Alc. DIDEROT 1763 m

penetrated by the Divine Spirit'.

MARBUEL Mag. Several sigils for this spirit have been recorded by SCHEIBLE 1848: 어딘 ヴ ーナレー

SPIRIT, the horizontal bar the animal or earthly principle being

marcasita argentea $\,$ alc. $\,$ sommerhoff 1701 $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ ALC. SOMMERHOFF 1701 & 8 LI FF # Jo MARCASITA AUREA MARCASITE Alc. ALCHYMIA 1563 CROLLIUS 1612 / 11 WORLIDGE 1651 8 JL/ PRESNE 1688 7 CROLLIUS 1670 ____ ALCHEMICAL 17C 8-1 🛇 VALENTINE 1671 SHELTON 17C # 11 FRANCKLYN 1627 & 11, SIGNA 17C P & & 3v3 4 SOMMERHOFF 1701 8 7 4 M B B W B Zo Y V F D GESSMANN 1906 4 + & 76 PO O C 2 PA 9 LUEDY 1928 M See BISMUTH

MARS Ast. The modern sigil is derived from the Graeco-Byzantine

MARRIAGE See MATRIMONY.

astrological forms, through the mediaeval manuscript tradition - see NEUGEBAUER 1959 below. The printed example is from HYGINUS 1482: 3 AGRIPPA 1531 traces its form to the dart, but GABELLA 1615 follows DEE 1564 and gives a more complex version ⊙-\-C claiming that it is derived from the FOUR ELEMENTS (-|-|-|), the Sun (\bigcirc) and the Moon (\bigcirc) . LEO 1914 says that the sigil ${\mathcal S}^{-}$ is 'really the cross over the circle' and 'is the symbol of spirit constrained by matter'. Ancient Egyptian: BERLIN 42AD 📈 Graeco-Byzantine: NEUGEBAUER 1959 BERTHELOT 1885 records several sigils from ancient Greek alchemical whilst OMONT 1894 gives a related variant: & texts (F) >A3 38 ALCHYMICAL 14C C CONJURATION 14C 3 > THESAURUS 14C RAGOR 1474 \bigcap^7 Z A BERNARD 15C Z CAMPANUS 15C HOROSCOPE 15C A CANONES 15C 😩

LIBELLUS 15C

SCOT 15C & TX	SIGNIFICATIONES 150 😩
TRACTATUS 15C ←P	LAMBECIUS 1500 AS
SCHYNAGEL 1500 🛊	AGRIPPA 1510 0
FIRMICUS 1510 🖒	ALCHEMICAL 1555° → ♂
ALCHYMIA 1563 # O+	DEE 1564 & 0-E.
BRAHE 1582 🛧	ALCHEMICAL 1579
CROLLIUS 1612	zieglerus 1620 숙
VALENTINE 1645 🛨	CROLLIUS 1670 5
TABLE 1676 &	FRESNE 1688
ALCHEMICAL 17C & 2 402 8 G	COLEY 17C X
SHELTON 17C & A TO A	
SOMMERHOFF 1701 5 子子子	3+08 0
WELLING 1735 &	GEHEIME 1785 8
CARBONELLI 1925 OF JIII O->	BURCKHARDT 1967

synonymously for Mars, in theory any of the above sigils may be used to denote the metal, and vice versa. See also PLUTO

Since the sigils used by alchemists for the metal IRON are used also

MATERIAL Occ. A series of modern sigils related to the idea of materiality (in contrast to the spiritual) has been given by CIRLOT 1962, in his personal theory of graphic symbolism: the sigils for the material and passive ___ and the material and active combine as two opposing principles to induce the material CIRLOT 1962 also gives a material quaternary: generation: In the earlier tradition, the 'material' is generally represented by reference to the hyle or MATTER.

See also EARTH, ELEMENTS and MATERIA PRIMA.

MATERIAL QUINTESSENCE GEHEIME 1785 > 0Alc.

MATERIAL WORLD Ast. HONE 1951 gives a personal interpretation of the traditional symbolism: -See also MATTER.

MATRIMONY Alc. WORLIDGE 1651

KOCH 1930 gives a highly personal interpretation of the sigil which he calls marriage, though this sigil really relates to the pact between the four elements, from which the sigil is constructed: This pact is the spiritual marriage underlying the phenomena of nature: the matrimony of the alchemists is of a different order, being an induced marriage, by way of the spagyric art, of entities which are by nature opposed.

MATTER Alc. KIRCHER 1655 gives the sigil T for materia, which is not quite the same as our modern 'matter'.

worlidge 1651 🎺

GESSMANN 1906 😭 moa %

BLAVATSKY 1877 gives - but in this connexion, see CROSS.

LUEDY 1928

LEO 1914 gives the common sigil for the MOON \(\) and says it 'symbolises the most subtle form of matter....It is the reflection of the Real, or its Shadow' - but see FORM.

See FALL OF MAN, MANIFESTATION, MATERIAL, MATERIA PRIMA and MATERIAL QUINTESSENCE.

MEAKNESS Occ. Sigil given by LAW 1772 in connexion with Boehme's occult system of symbolism: \triangle See WRATH

MEAL Alc. GESSMANN 1906 gives a sigil which probably means 'the edible part of grain or pulse', though meal was also a measure: ①

MEDICATED WINE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 \bigvee_{j}^{m}

MEGALOPIAN SCRIPT Occ. One of the secret alphabets recorded by VIGNERE 1586 (see SECRET SCRIPTS)

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k]	m	n
0	H	M	6	Z	I	T	VI	0		可	1	N	H
X	y	8	1	m	>	9			E	T	소		
O	р	q	ľ	S	ţ	u	V	W	X	У	Z		

MEHOD Mag. Sigil for a spirit (name perhaps derived from Maion), given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter M in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii': ###

MELANCHOLIA See EARTH and TEMPERAMENT

MEM Occ. The 13th letter of the Hebraic alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT) for which many derivatives are given within the tradition of secret alphabets, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675:

WIRTH 1927 equates Mem with the Tarot card the DEATH ARCANUM and thus links it with the constellation Draco. In his list of vestigial derivative forms for the letter he gives the forms which he traces back to the idea of 'water'.

menstruum a1c. sommerhoff 1701 ∇ ∇ ∇ ∇ ∇ Gessmann 1905 Ψ Ψ

MEPSISTOPHELES Mag. Sigil given by SHEIBLE 1848 \bigcirc with the sigil \bigcirc for 'Mephistopheles and the whole of his spirits'.

MEPHISTOPHIEL Mag. Several sigils are recorded by SCHEIBLE 1848, the

simplest forms of which are: 12 1/2 1/2 1/3 3 1/2

MERCURIUS VIVUS See QUICKSILVER

MERCURY Alc. A large number of different sigils have been used to denote the 'metal' and 'spiritual Mercury' of the alchemists, but the sigil for the astrological Mercury - that is, the planet - has, in its numerous forms, been used to denote also the metal. The following sigils were presented within an alchemical context;

ALCHYMIA 1563 Y 🔫 🛨 🛠

DEE 1564 ¥ ¥

ALCHEMICAL 1579 丰 子 半

ALCHEMICAL 17C MY \$ 0+ \$ 9c

SHELIFON 17C 口 叶 安 岩 山。 其 米 >++ > 一 金 SIGNA 17C to 丰 早 草

DALTON 1808 (.)

CESSWANN 1906 木木条本条件水子

SHEPHERD 1971 records two mediaeval variants: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

The astrological sigil is derived directly from the Graeco-Byzantine astrological tradition (see NEUGEBAUER 1959 below), a printed example being from HYGINUS 1482: 🌣 AGRIPPA 1531 traces its form to the caduceus, but a variant given by GABELLA 1615 is traced to a contraction of Sun and Moon over the cross of materiality, in the analytic method of DEE 1564, relating to the MONAD. LEO 1914 sums up the verbal tradition when he says that the sigil 4. 'represents the complete union of the three symbols (\bigcirc Will, \bigcirc Wisdom, and + Activity) in one, denoting perfectibility'.

Ancient Egyptian: BERLIN 42AD 9

Graeco-Byzantine: BERTHELOT 1885 💝

омонт 1894 . 9

Mediaeval: THESAURUS 14C

ALCHYMICAL 14C P

D'AILLY 1490 Oth

BONATTI 15C

CANONES 15C

NEUGEBAUER 1959 P

BERNARD 15C

CAMPANUS 15C

HOROSCOPE 15C

SIGNIFICATIONES 15C \$\frac{1}{2}\$ TRACTATUS 15C \$\frac{1}{2}\$ AGRIPPA 1510 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ AGRIPPA 1510 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ALCHEMY 1650 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ KIRCHER 1655 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ALCHEMY 1790 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ PYTHAGORAS 18C \$\frac{1}{2}\$ THIERENS 1931 \$\frac{1}{2}\$

A large number of sigils have been recorded by BERTHELOT 1885 from Greek alchemical sources, but it is rarely clear whether the astrological or alchemical meaning is intended by Hermes stilbon, the Greek term:

Generally, the sigils listed in the above alchemical section are also interchangeable with the astrological forms. See also ALBUS,

CONJUNCTIO, QUICKSILVER and SPIRIT OF MERCURY

MERCURY METALLICUM AIC. ALCHEMICAL 17C \$\frac{1}{4}\$

MERCURY OF ANTIMONY Alc. DIDEROT 1763

MERCURY OF COPPER Alc. SHELTON 17C

MERCURY OF GOLD Alc. SHELTON 17C

MERCURY OF IRON Alc. SHELTON 170

MERCURY OF LEAD Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 学し FRESNE 1688 学, ALCHEMICAL 17C 学 SIGNA 17C 学 された SHELTON 17C 学

SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the following sigils for Mercurius Saturni

DIDEROT 1763

praecipitatus: 7 4 promission Schneider 1962 also gives the following forms: / Fund & & ___

MERCURY OF LIFE Alc. DIDEROT 1763 gives two sigils which are probably not the same as Mercurius Vivus:

MERCURY OF SILVER AIG. SHELTON 17C

MERCURY PRECIPITATE Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 DIDEROT 1763

MERCURY SATURNI Alc. FRESNE 1688 \$

MERCURY SUBLIMATE AIC. WORLIDGE 1651 FRESNE 1688 -CC

ALCHEMICAL 17C \$\frac{1}{2} \land 63 \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}

MERCURY WATER Alc. GESSMANN 1906 $\mathcal{A} \approx 4 4$

METAL Alc. KIRCHER 1655 J SCHEFFERS 1775 🗹
GESSMANN 1906 🎖 😽 LUEDY 1928 🛠 See also MINERALIA and SEVEN METALS

METALLA IMPERFECTA See MINERALIA

METAL LIME Alc. KOCH 1930 平 早

MICHAEL Occ. Sigil derived from the mediaeval tradition by AGRIPPA 1565 (though it appeared in various related forms within the manuscript tradition much earlier): TRITHEMIUS 1503 appears to have made a mistake in giving the sigils for Michael, as these are the forms for ANAEL, for which the same source gives the sigil: Ztt/X/

An occult sigil which is certainly mediaeval, and presumably derived from the cabbalistic tradition, may be given only as PERSONAL 1980 - but see Introduction: $\frac{600}{c_0}$

MICROCOSMIC PENTAGON Occ. BLAVATSKY 1888 tells us that among other things, the five-pointed star (pentagram) represents man: the same source tells us that in Egypt the pentagon represented the 'defunct man' - an idea which was taken over by the early Christians in the so-called orantes figures. See also PENTAGRAM

MICZARIEL Mag. Two sigils, probably mediaeval in origin, are given by SCHEIBLE 1848: L. 3

MIDHEAVEN Ast. Greek sigils, now no longer used, even in derivatives, for the mesourania (the latin medium coeli), or culminating degree of ecliptic in a horoscope, the sigil for which is recorded by NEUGEBAUER 1959:

MILK Alc. ONOMASTICUM 1574 .-

MINED GOLD Alc. DIDEROT 1763 V 😡

MINERA Ala. SIGNA 170 X CARRICHTERUS 180 🕁

MINERALIA Occ. Sigil given by HOMER 1723, referring to the various combinations of the four elements devoid of spiritual or animating forces of the astral or etheric nature:

SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives under Mineralia 'those things which are neither Animal nor Vegetable', and provides a synopsis of general sigils as follows:

METALS: Sun: ① Moon: D Jupiter: 4 Venus: ♀ Saturn: †
Mars: ② METALLA IMPERFECTA: Antimonium: 古 Auripigmentum:
① Cinnabaris nativa: 古 Marcasita: 山山 Sulphur: ←

Nitrum: ① Alumen: ② Borax: ALL Sal Gemmae: ◇→ Sal Marinum: ⑤

MINERAL LEAD Alc. A Greek sigil is recorded by BERTHELOT 1885 from the alchemical tradition: $\frac{1}{100}$

MINERAL SALT Alc. A vast collection of mediaeval sigils exists, of which the following are the most common:

ALCHEMY 1650 分 日 古 GESSMANN 1906 3 分 4 2 尺 8 3 0 0 日 日 日 日 日 合 5 日 ◆ 日 日 月 ~ 4 2 5 5 59 日 本 日 日 月 ~ 4 2 5 5 59

See also SALT.

MINIUM Alc. ONOMASTICUM 1574 J.

SEELTON 17C A Z SOMMERHOFF 1701 4 Y

DIDEROT 1763 F. PO

GESSMANN 1906 F. F. PO Y S F 4 9 M K Y

MINIUM Alc. ONOMASTICUM 1574 J.

SOMMERHOFF 1701 4 Y

SOMERHOFF 1701 4 Y

SOMMERHOFF 1701

The alchemical Mercurius Saturni praecipitatus (see MERCURY OF LEAD) is probably minium.

MINUTE AIC. SHELTON 17C P.

- MIST Alc. A sigil recorded by BERTHELOT 1885 from Greek alchemical manuscripts as meaning 'condensed vapour', is a short-form of the word Naphele:
- MIX Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the sigils \mathcal{N} \mathcal{N} for commistio, and the sigil \triangle for permixtio.

 GESSMANN 1906 \mathcal{N}
- MOLIBDOCHALC Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records two Greek sigils from the alchemical tradition: $\frac{2}{3}$

Occ. Sigil given by DEE 1564 in his mystical theory of graphic forms: The composition of the sigil is complex, but may be resolved Moon $ec{}$ and four elements + supported to a union of Sun \bigcirc by Alchemical Fire (γ) a sigil related to the form used for ARIES. The complete sigil is usually called the Hieroglyphic Monad, and its form - as well as the underlying theory of its form - has influenced greatly subsequent occult teachings concerning graphic symbolism, notably Boehme (see LAW 1772 and CLAVIS) and GABELLA 1615.

MONTH Alc. ALCHYMIA 1563 🕳 WORLIDGE 1651 🍸 SHELTON 17C AL DIDEROT 1763 🗴 SOMMERHOFF 1701 🕅 🛛 🖂 💢 GESSMANN 1906 11

SIGNA 17C 🔀 CHASSANT 1884 (mediaeval) m

Ast. Modern sigil derived directly from the Graeco-Byzantine MOONastrological tradition (see NEUGEBAUER 1959), the printed example being from HYGINUS 1482: 《 AGRIPPA 1531 traces its form to the horns of the crescent. LEO 1914 departs somewhat from the tradition by linking his sigil for the Moon

(which is for him a symbol of 'the most subtle form of matter') with his sigil for light and dark (see LIGHT) which reminds us that the $\mathbb C$ 'semi-circle is...the symbol of the Moon and represents the soul in man, that which is neither wholly spiritual nor wholly material, but partakes of the nature of both and is the connecting link between the spirit and the physical body'.

Graeco-Byzantine: NEUGEBAUER 1959 ⊅ Mediaeval: ALCHYMICAL 14C ⊕-THESAURUS 14C CAMPANUS 15C 🔝 SCHEMA 150 🧷 AGRIPPA 1510 ALCHYMIA 1563 O ZEFX G X SMITH 160 🕀

CONJURATION 14C D BONATTI 150 & & HOROSCOPE 15C SCHYNAGEL 1500 -ALCHEMY 1650 & GIUNTINI 1583 🛞 PLANETS 1817 D

SILVER, which may be used synonymously with Moon.

GABELLA 1615 ASTROLOGICAL 1650 () RANDALL 1694 FT (SC CROLLIUS 1670 ALCHEMICAL 17C - TY (TY) ASTROLOGY 17C SHELTON 17C D() V X P DG SIBLY 1790 D SOMMERHOFF 1701 🗦 🗀 ZADKIEL 1835 CARBONELLI 1925 records four mediaeval variants: 🗵 🔉 🕰 📆 CHASSANT 1885 gives a mediaeval abbreviation for luna: La VERARDI 1972 records a sigil +) which may not in fact mean moon. BERTHELOT 1885 records an early form from an alchemical manuscript in Greek C and a rare sigil which is in fact a short form for the term selene: $\frac{H_1}{\sigma_1}$ The sigil given by CROLLIUS 1670 may have been derived from the Greek tradition: (See also FULL MOON, and the sigils used by the alchemists for the metal

MOON ARCANUM Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 18th card of the Tarot

pack to the Hebraic TSADE, and accords it the sigillic form:

(see HERMETIC TETRAD), and the standard post mediaeval sigil for the

zodiacal sign Cancer:

This latter WIRTH 1927 sees as the Chinese

symbol of the 'fecundated Cosmic Egg'.

MOON INCREASING Ast. SHELTON 17C \longrightarrow SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives two sigils \bigcirc \bigcirc for both luna crescens and ortus lunae, 'moonrise'.

MOONRISE Ast. SOMMERHOFF 1701 D 💎

MORNING Occ. KOCH 1930 gives a highly personal sigil, presumably a graphic to indicate the rising sun:

MORTAL ADAM Occ. A sigil originated by DEE 1564 (though derived

ultimately from the Christian esoteric tradition) to represent many connected ideas: () He associates the sigil with Mortal Adam, Beginning, Existing before the elements, the Mortifying Self and with the Christos and with Born in a Stable - all ideas derived from the connexion which the sigil has with the first letter of the Greek alphabet ALPHA.

See also IMMORTAL ADAM and ELEMENTS

MORTIFY Alc. LUEDY 1928

MOTHER NATURE Occ. In the sequence of sigils described by BLAVATSKY 1888, outlined in MANIFESTATION, the sigil \bigcirc is said to be a result of the transformation of the form \bigcirc which is itself expressive of 'the first manifestation of creative (still passive, because feminine) Nature'. This 'duality' sigil is expressive of 'the first shadowy perception of man', which is connected with procreation, and is feminine because 'man knows his mother more than his father'. The spiritual principle (which is the dot within the circle \bigcirc) is that which fructifies, and which is significantly concealed.

MOTION Occ. Sigil given by WELLING 1735, derived from diagrammatic sigils in DEE 1564, for 'second motion' which may be seen on one level as the motion of a point towards the periphery, related to the macrocosmic theory set out by DEE 1564, and which may on another level be linked with the influences of the Secundadeian spiritual influences of TRITHEMIUS 1522: A modern sigil given by CIRLOT 1962 to symbolise the 'movement in the Upper and Lower Worlds' is an extension of the related sigil for INFINITY: BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the sigil R for 'moving man'.

See also MAN

MOUNTAIN BLUE Alc. Abbreviation for the Latin lapis armenius recorded by SOMMERHOFF 1701 \mathbb{A} and GESSMANN 1906 \mathbb{A}

- MOVING MAN Occ. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the sigil R within this context, see ONE.
- MULTIPICATION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil on ext to the sign or constellation Aquarius, probably to symbolise the alchemic process of Multiplication.

MUNDANE CROSS See MANIFESTATION and ORIGIN

MUNDUS INTELLIGIBILIS See WORLD OF INTELLIGENCE

- MURIEL Mag. BRAHE 1582 gives two mediaeval sigils for this Angel of zodiacal Cancer: V29 Told HEYDON 1664 gives a sigil for Muriel as a 'geomantic spirit', the genius of Via, but this same sigil is given as ruling spirit of zodiacal Cancer by AGRIPPA 1531:
- MUTABILITY Ast. Modern sigil for the Mutable quality, recorded by DE VORE 1947:
- MUTABLE CROSS Ast. BAILEY 1934 uses the swastika to symbolise the 'material change and constant movement' of the four zodiacal signs Gemini, Virgo, Sagittarius and Pisces, the mutable signs:
- MYRIAD Occ. Sigil recorded by SHEPHERD 1971, probably from the ancient Egyptian bieroglyphic:
- MYSTERIOUS PLANETS Ast. ASTROLOGY 1917 gives three sigils said to represent three invisible 'planets' which are related to the signs Aries, Taurus and Gemini, and which will one day become visible as physical bodies. These invisible, and unnamed, planets are related to the zodiacal Hierarchies as follows:

 The Y Hierarchy of the physical plane:

The Hierarchy of the Astral Plane: ©
The Hierarchy of the Mental Plane: ©

MYSTERIOUS SIGILS Mag. RAPHAEL 1879 gives a large serious of sigils which he terms 'mysterious characters of the planets', which are in fact sigils derived from geomantic and magical sources - for example, a large number of them are the standard sigillic forms for the geomantic figures (see GEOMANTIC SIGILS):

JUPITER: D 古まマ×図 IN A 会録U M UBY R Yn A # IN N 2 中 E も V

MERCURY: E E T T B B X T J F F H H

100N: 1 1 1 8 8 . T. A 20 A/O 7/V

E B DE CHI DAD

VENUS: 白白×会区 図 全文 Xo A o 全 キタチャップ 計計 EM P 田 田 x M M M 8日 See also Planetary Symbols



- NATIVITY Ast. Various abbreviations from the mediaeval Latin nativitas and its grammatical forms, given by CHASSANT 1884: nath make make make
- NATURAL SULPHUR A.l. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition:
- NATURE Occ. KOCH 1930 gives a highly personal sigil:
 CHASSANT 1884 gives a mediaeval contraction for natura:
 See MOTHER NATURE and VEGETABILIA.
- NEBULOSA Ast. Eighth of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Nathrah in the Arabic astrological system, a sigil for which is given in MANSIONES 14C: $\frac{2}{2}$

NEGATIVE MARS See PLUTO.

- NEPTUNE Ast. The first sigils for this 'modern' planet were constructed around the initials LV for the discoverer, Le Verrier, and

sometimes (wrongly) L for Leverrier. SHEPHERD 1971 records three such obsolete forms: 4 4 Since 1871 various sigils have been invented by astrologers, perhaps based on the trident of Neptune, though WALTHER 1939 explains the form as being 'really a semicircle over the cross': Ψ DAATH 1901 claims that the sigil \mathfrak{P} — is in fact derived from a repetition of the forms for SAGITTARIUS, thus $rac{\mathscr{F}}{\mathcal{F}} rac{\mathscr{F}}{\mathcal{F}}$ and draws an unconventional connexion between this zodiacal sign and the planet. PEARCE 1893 ¥ ¥ ¥ SIMMONITE 1890 🗥 MODERN ASTROLOGY 1899 🛨 MODERN ASTROLOGY 1906 🔱 KOCH 1930 ₹ RAPHAEL 1933 THIERENS 1931 ቸ NEROMAN 1937

DE VORE 1947 RUDHYAR 1936 🕎 JONES 1941 Y SEMENTOVSKY 1950 Y FAGAN 1951 4 SEMENIO.

SIDEREAL 1951 F SPITZ 1959 🏋 McCAFFERY 1970 MAYO 1972 X RUDHYAR 1970 Y OKEN 1973 4

NESTORATS Mag. Three sigils have been recorded by SCHEIBLE 1848 for this spirit:

NICCOLUM Alc. SCHEFFERS 1775

NIGHT Alc. As might be expected, many of the early sigils are merely inverted forms of those given for DAY.

WORLIDGE 1651 / C VALENTINE 1671 VAL

OMONT 1894 records a sigil from Greek texts: 9

NITRE GLOBULES Alc. GESSMANN 1906 🕈 🛨 💠

NITRE SALT ALC. GESSMANN 1906 TO

NITRIC ACID AIC. GEOFFROY 1.718 \supset \bigcirc

DIDEROT 1763 \(\bigcup \)

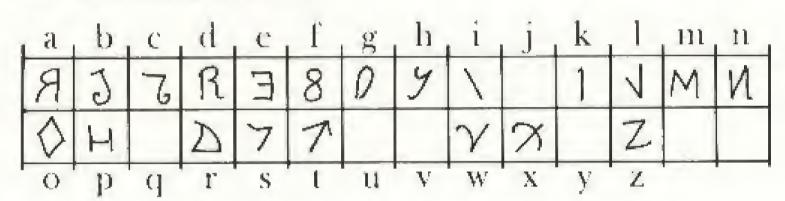
See ACID

NITROUS AIR Alc. Sigil for Lavoisier's air nitreux recorded by CROSLAND 1962

NITROUS WATER ALC. GESSMANN 1906 Fig.

NITRUM See SALTPETRE

NOACHITE SCRIPT Occ. One of the secret alphabets recorded by RIVIERE 1938 (see SECRET SCRIPTS):



NODE Ast. The term node is most frequently used without further designation for the Moon's Node, which is dealt with in the present context under CAPUT and CAUDA. However, in certain modern schools of astrology, especially in those concerned with heliocentric charts, the particular node of a planet is indicated by enclosing the traditional planetary sigil in the basic form for the caput or cauda, thus $\sqrt{2}b$ which is the 'node of Jupiter', taken from SUCHER 1970.

NOTA BENE Occ. Many highly personal sigils have been used by the alchemists, the following being common in early manuscripts, as for

NUMBER Alc. BERTHELOT 1985 gives the sign ξ from Greek alchemical texts.

NUN Occ. The 14th letter of the Hebrew alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT) for which many derivative forms are given within the tradition of secret alphabets, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675 of the letter of with zodiacal Aquarius, and in his list of derivative forms for the letter of traces the idea of 'water': the historic graphic etymology appears in fact to be from the Egyptian hieroglyphic with the pictorial value of (water) snake, as indicated in JENSEN 1970.

NUTMEG Alc. GESSMANN 1906 MM UMM. MY



- OBIIT Ast. CHASSANT 1884 records several mediaeval abbreviations and short-forms: OB 65 65 55 SMITH 16C See also DEATH.
- OCCULTATION Ast. Occultation by the Moon is recorded in the sigil given by RAPHAEL 1902:

 But see also ECLIPSE.
- OCCULT FIRE Occ. According to WELLING 1735, the following sigil shows Fire in all its attributes:

 See also FIRE.
- OCCULT SALT Occ. In the graphic system of WELLING 1735 the sigil is used to show Salt in all its attributes: See also SALT.
- OCCULT TRIANGLE Occ. In HERMES 1613 this simple sigil A is termed the triangle of the philosophers, and recorded as one of a series of occult structures. It is said to have a multi-layer significance, symbolising the numerous trinities within the alchemical works, such as SALT-SULPHUR-MERCURY, BODY-SOUL-SPIRIT, and even SUN-MOON-MERCURY since the 'Sun and Moon may not be productive without Mercury is the mediator'.

- OCCULT WATER Occ. Sigil given by WELLING 1735 to show Water in all its attributes:

 But see also WATER
- OCH Mag. The mediaeval sigil given by TRITHEMIUS 1503 for the planetary spirit of the Sun has survived with minor variations into modern times: 5 Scheible 1848 5 Shepherd 1971
- OCHRE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil (abbreviation) from the Greek alchemical tradition: $\overset{\omega}{\times}$ But see also YELLOW
- OCTAVE Occ. A sigil given by HERMES 1613 as the basic structure for what is called a 'magic vocabulary' concerned with a series of octaves and their inter-relationships:
- OCTONARY Occ. Sigil given by DEE 1564 in a graphic theory of occult symbolism connected with his MONAD: The sigil is said to be eight-fold because of the sum of angles and lines within its structure. Following on these indications of DEE 1564, the Rosicrucian GABELLA 1615 gives the form: See also OGDOAD
- OCULUS Ast. Ninth of the mediaeval lunar mansions (in fact oculus Leonis), called Al Tarf in the Arabic astrological system, a sigil for which is given by MANSIONES 14C: $\frac{O^{1/O}}{O}$ A sigil intended for amuletic use is linked with this lunar mansion, recorded by ABANO 13O3:
- OGDOAD Occ. In the ancient symbolic language discussed by BLAVATSKY 1888, the sigil 8 or 60 symbolises the 'eternal and spiral motion of cycles', which is symbolised in its turn by the Caduceus. It shows the regular breathing of the cosmos. This lemniscate, both in its sigil form and in diagrammatic form, plays an important part in

modern anthroposophical literature: see for example STEINER 1921.

OIL DISTILLATE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 °° . 💿 🖁 🧇

OIL OF ANTIMONY ALC. ALCHYMIA 1563 QL

OIL OF CHRIST Ale. DIDEROT 1763

OIL OF GOLD Alc. SHELTON 17C

OIL OF LILIES Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 부 章 숒

OIL OF ROSES Alc. SIGNA 170 OR

OIL OF SALTPETRE ALC. GESSMANN 1906 💢 💆

OIL OF SULPHUR ALC. SIGNA 17C 🖒 🕇 DIDEROT 1763 😂 🎜 GESSMANN 1906 🗜 🛊 💠

OIL OF TALC Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 & The

OIL OF TARTAR Alc. ALCHYMIA 1563 🔀 🏠 SIGNA 17C 4º % SOMMERHOFF 1701 40 分 V @ 下 % 图 先 7 丛 个 GESSMANN 1906 4n 000 A CARBONELLI 1925

OIL OF VITRIOL Alc. WELLING 1735 SOMMERHOFF 1701 Alc. SIGNA 17C

OLEUM SANSARI

OLIVE OIL AIC. VALENTINE 1671 ALCHEMICAL 17C TT. >< →

Rel. A number of sigils have been used since early times, based on the form of the last letter of the Greek alphabet, and generally intended to convey the idea of 'the end of things' The esoteric Christian aspect of the sigil is discussed by TESTA 1962, who gives a number of forms: $\omega \sim \Omega$ DEE 1564 constructs a sigil around the omega: 🚙 - see IMMORTAL ADAM.

A related sigil is given by VERARDI 1972, as the symbol of God: (+)Many variants of this sigil exist, especially in the Byzantine iconographic tradition.

The omega sigil is given most frequently in conjunction with ALPHA, but see also CHRIST, CHRISTMON and JESUS, and in reference to the Immortal Adam, see also MORTAL ADAM.

Occ. In the ancient symbolic language discussed by BLAVATSKY 1888, ONE the one on the (spiritual) plane above is 'no number', a circle: igcircwhich signifies among the On the plane below (physical) it becomes Alexandrian Initiates a body erect, 'a living standing man, he being the only animal that has this privilege'. By adding a head to this sigil, it was transformed into a P 'a symbol of paternity, of the

ereative potency', whilst the sigil \mathbb{R} signifies a moving man, one on his way. In the Pythagorean system, the odd numbers are said to be divine.

ONYX Mag. SIGNA 17C

OPAL Mag. SIGNA 17C

OPHIEL Mag. Mediaeval sigil for the planetary spirit of Mercury given by TRITHEMIUS 1503: 7
SCHEIBLE 1848 SHEPHERD 1971

OPHITES Ale. SIGNA 17C

horoscope was cast.

OPPOSITION Ast. Several early sigils, mainly involved with joining two circles (the celestial bodies) with a straight line, have come down to us from early astrological systems. The standard form is recorded by FIRMICUS 1499 who gave also the sigil as an alternative in a woodcut of a horoscope, the sigil cutting through the connecting line drawn between the two planets in opposition.

ASTROLOGICAL 15C o SIGILLIS 17C 8

SMITH 16C gives for ordinary opposition a variant co and for the opposition between Sun and Moon (see FULL MOON), the sigil copys which appears to relate to the most recent syzygy to the time for which the

ORIGIN Occ. In the sequence of sigils described by BLAVATSKY 1888, and outlined in MANIFESTATION, the sigil and called the mundane cross, marks the stage (esoterically the third root race) for the incarnation of humanity, the origin of human life in its physical embodiment. The cross within a circle 'symbolises pure Pantheism; when the cross was left uninscribed, it became phallic'. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives an alternative sigil for this symbolic Fall: explained as denoting the time 'when the separation of the sexes by natural evolution took

place - when the figure became \(\) ... the sexless life modified or separated - a double glyph or symbol': \(\) This encircled TAU was said by BLAVATSKY 1888 to have become (during the present period of evolution - that is, during the Fifth Race) in symbology the sacr' and in Hebrew n'cabvah, originally phallic in meaning, but changed into the Egyptian glyph \(\) the emblem of life (see ANKE) and 'still later into the sign of Venus: \(\) Then comes the Svastica (Thor's hammer, or the "Hermetic Cross" now), entirely separated from its Circle' - the circle being the spiritualising agent: \(\) - 'thus becoming purely phallic' in the sigil: \(\) See SWASTIKA. The sigils for Origin show therefore the origin of Man as a spiritual being, and the origin of Man as a material being, enmeshed in Nature.

ORIPHIEL Mag. Mediaeval sigil recorded by TRITHEMIUS 1503 for the planetary angel of Saturn:

ORMOLU Alc. Several mediaeval sigils have been recorded by GESSMANN 1906 for aurum pictorium:

OSSA Rel. Mediaeval contraction given by CHASSANT 1884: O

OUNCE Alc. A mediaeval sigil given by CAPPELLI 1949: $\sqrt{6}$ GESSMANN 1906 gives a series of mediaeval forms: $33 \ 2 \ 85 \ 9 \ 7 \ 63$ See also UNCIA.

OURANOS O_{CC} . OMONT 1894 records a Greek sigil $\longrightarrow \frown$ which represents the sky' and 'the home of the gods'. See also URANUS

OUTLET See RU

OXYGEN Alc. The sigil for the principe oxygine of Lavoisier, recorded by CROSLAND 1962: -

P

PALESTINIAN SCRIPT See HEBRAIC SCRIPT

PALLAS Ast. Perhaps the earliest sigil for this 'planet' (which is in fact an asteroid) in orbit between Mars and Jupiter is given by WILSON 1819: $\c \diamondsuit$ WILSON 1820 $\c \diamondsuit$ SHEPHERD 1971 $\c \diamondsuit$

PANTHEISM See ORIGIN

PAPAL CROSS See CROSS

- PAPILIO Ast. Twenty-fifth of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Alsa'd alsahbiyah in the Arabic astrological system, a sigil for which is given in MANSIONES 14C: $\frac{OO}{2}$
- PARNIEL Mag. Sigil for spirit (perhaps Parmiel was intended) given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter P in the secret writing called the 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii': $\frac{*}{*}$
- PARS Ast. Whilst there are very many different Arabian pars one for each planet save the Sun the name by itself usually refers to Pars Fortunae, the 'part of fortune', which is the hypothetical point occupied by the Moon if the Sun were to be on the Ascendant of the figure under review.

The common modern sigil is given (for example) by LILLY 1647: \bigoplus When another pars is to be indicated, the normal procedure is for the standard sigil to be given, followed by one of the sigils for the relevant planet: for example, the 'part of Mercury', sometimes called the part of commerce, may be set out: $\bigoplus \mbox{\colored}$

FREGOSUS 15C (X)

HOROSCOPES 15C +

HOROSCOPE 1614 &

ASTROLOGY 17C 4

COLEY 17C -

S1BLY 1790 💥

WILSON 1819 😿

STRAGGLING 1824 X.

RUDHYAR 1936

OMONT 1894 gives a Greek sigil derived from the word klipos, though this is a general term, there being many such pars in Greek astrology (see for example DAIMON): KJ

PARS CHM PARTE Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C XG

DIDEROT 1763 7 P GESSMANN 1906 + POL

PARS FORTUNAE See PARS

PART Alc. The mediaeval sigils given by GESSMANN 1906 refer to quantity, and have nothing to do with PARS: If I I

PASA See ANKH

PASSIVE INTELLECT Occ. Sigil originated by KOCH 1930: ==

PASSIVE PRINCIPLE Occ. A modern sigil given by CIRLOT 1962 for the 'passive, static principle': ---

PASTE Alc. Several mediaeval sigils have been recorded by GESSMANN 1906: Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø

PASTOR Ast. Twenty-second of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called AI Sa'd all Dhabih in the Arabic astrological tradition, recorded by

MANSIONES 140: 00

PATINA OF GOLD Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition:

PATINA OF SILVER Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition: \Box

PEARL Alc. DIDEROT 1763 NR

PEBBLE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 . See also STONE

PENDU See HANGING MAN

PENTAGRAM Occ. One of the recurrent sigils of occultism, with very many different levels of meaning: AGRIPPA 1531 reproduces it in symbolic form as representative of the form of the human body, an idea which is expressed in BLAVATSKY 1888, and (through the connexion of the sigil with the planet Venus) in SOMMERHOFF 1701, and in SCHULTZ 1963 (from a heliocentric point of view) - but see MICROCOSMIC PENTAGON. STEINER 1906 treats it as an ancient sigil of the Third Logos and of the Microcosm itself. In the esoteric tradition the pentagram is linked with the etheric or quintessential forces in man, which is perhaps why STEINER 1906 gives the sigil as a symbol of mankind developing itself: 'it is the star that all wise men follow as did

the priest-sages in ancient ages'.

The sigil has a wide and varied application: see for example both

DEVIL and POPE.

PERFECTION Occ. The sigil given by HOMER 1723 to indicate both

Perfection and the Universal Quintessence is actually the late

mediaeval sigil for the Sun:
HOMER 1757

PERIOD See PRIMORDIAL CIRCLE

PHALEG Mag. TRITHEMIUS 1503 gives a mediaeval sigil for this planetary spirit of Mars:
Two variant sigils are recorded, one by SCHEIBLE 1848 the other by SHEPHERD 1971:

PHILOSOPHER Alc. A mediagval abbreviation is recorded by CHASSANT 1884: php

PHILOSOPHER'S STONE Alc. SHEPHERD 1971 gives the sigil $\stackrel{+}{\bigtriangledown}$ which is one of the forms for SULPHUR upside-down.

PHILOSOPHIC EGG Alc. DIDEROT 1763 & LUEDY 1928

PEILOSOPHIC LEAD Alc. FRANCKLYN 1627 ()
SIGNA 17C ()

PHILOSOPHIC SULPHUR Alc. VALENTINE 1671 A

DIDEROT 1763 & CESSMANN 1906 A A

TAT

PHLEGMA Occ. Phlegma was originally one of the humours which regulated human temperament, and the sigils listed below are perhaps intended to refer to this humour. However, DIDEROT 1763 gives the sigil A which is probably intended to refer to sputum.

SCHNETDER 1962 records for Phlegma, aqua insipida, the sigils ()

but these forms appear to be derived directly from SOMMERHOFF 1701, who gives a specifically alchemical definition for the term, and calls it Aqua Mercurii prima.

WORLIDGE 1651 FRANCKLYN 1627

SHELTON 17C H SHELTON 17C SHELTON

PHLOGISTON Alc. BERGMANN 1785 400 DIDEROT 1763

PHOSPHORIC ACID Alc. SCHEFFERS 1775 -1-

PHOSPHORUS Ale. DIDEROT 1763 📐

HASSENFRATZ 1787 🗪 DALTON 1806 🔘

LUEDY 1928 💠

- PHUL Mag. TRITHEMIUS 1503 gives a mediaeval signi for the planetary spirit of the Moon: Schelble 1848 Shepherd 1971
- PHIGRIMAGE Occ. A sigil which was perhaps invented by KOCH 1930 is obviously intended to express the idea of 'pilgrimage through life', or some such idea:

 Within a chiromantic context, TRACTATULUS 15C gives a sigil which is probably intended to refer to the idea of a religious pilgrimage in the mediaeval sense:
- PINT Alc. Sigils given by DIDEROT 1763 for the measure of 0.9 litres liquid: +5 dP
- PISCES Ast. Sigil for the zodiacal sign of the 'Fishes', derived in its printed form from the later mediaeval manuscript tradition, as for

example in BONATTI 15C }{ but ultimately derived from Graeco-Byzantine forms, as in NEUGEBAUER 1959 below. The sigil is said by AGRIPPA 1510 to be based on the shape of the fishes, though graphic explanations within the framework of esoteric Christian symbolism relate the sigil to CHRIST (see for example MERCURY 1978 and GETTINGS 1978).

Ancient Egyptian: BERLIN 42AD ℓ STOBART 2C & 2 Graeco-Byzantine: NEUGEBAUER 1959 Mediaeval: DIGBY 1.2C JANUA 14C HYGINUS 1482 H FIRMICUS 1499 H QUADRANTIS 15C 27 SCALIGER 15C TABLES 15C) AGRIPPA 1510 THURNEYSSER 1574 N SIGILLIS 17C V DARIOT 1557 MAGICI 170 De PYTHAGORAS 18C NEROMAN 1937 🥰 🤾

SIDEREAL 1951 3-6

SPIEGELBERG 1911 L o e oc oc LEUPOLDI 14C 7-MANSIONIBUS 1482 🗡 ASTROLOGICAL 15C 9(RAWLINSON 15C " SCOT 150 H F. J-C X-SCHYNAGEL 1500 THURNEYSSER 1570 BRAHE 1582 BLUNDEVILLE 1602 FOOTE 17C) (ASTROLOGY 1719 X BOUCHE-LECLERCQ 1899 NEERACHER 1967

LEUPOLDI 14C gives a sigil for the constellation Pisces.

PLANETARY SPIRITS Occ. A number of sigils have been preserved from mediaeval sources relating to what are now usually called Planetary Spirits, though at least one group of these were originally the

daemons of the planets, and recorded under such name by AGRIPPA 1531. The PAIMON of occultism, like the daimon of the Greeks, was not of course the demon of popular love, though it has been confused with it in misinformed circles: only the kakadaemon resembled in any way the European demon. Accordingly, to avoid such associations and confusion, the sigils have been preserved under separate entries - see SPIRIT OF JUPITER, SPIRIT OF MARS, SPIRIT OF MERCURY, SPIRIT OF MOON, SPIRIT OF SATURN, SPIRIT OF SUN and SPIRIT OF VENUS. TRITHEMIUS 1522 gives a list of planetary spirits which he called Secundadeis or Intelligencies (the traditional word), and which have been since called Archangels: these are the tutelary rulers of historical epochs, however, and in TRITHEMIUS 1503 there is to be found a list of sigils attached to certain of the names of these Intelligencies, though it is likely that the planetary spirits of the Epochs are derived (via the Arabs) from the Gnostic tradition, whilst the latter groups which bear similar names are derived from the cabbalistic tradition; see the sigils given after the names in the following table, derived from TRITHEMIUS 1503.

PLANET	PLANETARY SPIRIT	PLANETARY ANGEL
JUPITER	BETHOR LU	ZACHARIEL BPP
MARS	PHALEG LL	SAMUEL +4
MERCURY	OPHIEL 127	RAPHAEL 1-9-1-1
MOON	PHUL H	GABRIEL JE JAPE
SATURN	ARATRON -	ORIPHIEL -
SUN	OCE L	MICHAEL 27 11/2
VENUS	HAGITH CELE	ANAEL & TOWN

PLANETARY SYMBOLS Occ. The following account relates to a group of sigils termed planetary which must not be confused with the modern application of the term: for the modern usage, see the lists of sigils under the headings of JUPITER, MARS, MERCURY, MOON, SATURN, SUN and VENUS. The following (alphabetical) list is derived almost exclusively from the mediaeval manuscript tradition, and few of the sigils within it have anything to do with the symbolism common to

astrology and alchemy, in spite of the association with the planetary names. Many of these sigils are probably derived from copies of Arabic and oriental letters or words, and have been used almost exclusively for magical purposes, as for example in prophylactic seals and amulets. An enormous number of these sigils have been preserved in manuscripts, and it would be both tiresome and ultimately pointless to list more than those which have, for one reason or another, entered the mainstream of occultism: the list below is therefore a select but incomplete anthology. The sigils are grouped (alphabetically) under the names traditionally ascribed to them, though the specific differences in their use is now somewhat obscure.

ANNULOS CARDAN 1557 gives the following: Mars: Mercury: Saturn: Sum_{z} Venus: CHARACTERS Jupiter:LUNAE 15C ~ Mars: ASTROLOGICAL 15C 🗡 CARDAN 1557 LUNAE 15C (P) Mercury: S Ju 9 X ASTROLOGICAL 15c 5 CARDAN 1557 2 LUNAE 15C

ASTROLOGICAL 15C VS for X by STR F T3
CARDAN 1557 X3 F L 7 W 3 7
LUNAE 15C X X F TO LL CUT3, T Sun tASTROLOGICAL 15C PS V 3 DEC V III I I Q CARDAN 1557 PS I S Z 3 Y 3 LUNAE 15C 2 1 20 X 3 J 3 Venus: ASTROLOGICAL 15C キ を り 3 8 ギ T 8 CARDAN 1557 8 3 323 を 対 ひ LUNAE 15C ア ールル 4円 そ を U/ DIVINE LETTERS Jupiter:AGRIPPA 1531 92 3 4 7 X T T T T T V NJ BRAHE 1582 PX t 1 I NO H H & N TRITHEMIUS 1503 9 MJ to I NO F DE MO Mars: AGRIPPA 1531 VV J-7 -7 -5 -5 -4
BRAHE 1582 VV J-7 -5 -5 -4 TRITHEMIUS 1503 WYZAL A 7 5 4 Mercury: ACRIPPA 1531 4-5 CO 3 -9 7-144 CO F AGRIPPA 1531 X Q SOET COLY VIXI BRAHE 1582 X S S CA TRITHEMIUS 1503 X \$ 32 CA Y

ASTROLOGICAL 15C 9 5 No. N. N. N. N. CV + N. C. CARDAN 1557 47 X 2 E E LUNAE 15C P & 75 Z 2

Moon:

Saturn:

Saturn: AGRIPPA 1531 I 手 小M J A Y BRAHE 1582 I F MM J A Y TRITHEMIUS 1503 & S F MINN X 7 NR AGRIPPA 1531 D J I FOR E CO9 I GALLO TRITHEMIUS 1503 TE E W 9 PM Venus: AGRIPPA 1531 SVT e天 8 ES BRAHE 1582 SVT 子 8 E TRITHEMIUS 1503 SV 丁 8 色 SIGILSJupiter: BRAHE 1582 → 5 → □ × + 6 × → CARDAN 1557 5 → 8 → □ × + 6 × → □ × SIGILLIS 17C 可自专会又于行业至例等 Mars: Mercury: BRAHE 1582 B Q V 215 * A.

CARDAN 1557

SIGILLIS 170 B G X X 7 6 3 7 9+ X

TRITHEMIUS 1503 B B R X Moon: BRAHE 1582 U X & 5 000 000 000

PLANE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 preserves two sigils derived from Greek alchemical manuscripts: 6°

PLATINUM Alc. SCHEFFERS 1775 DX DALTON 1808 P

- PLEIADES Ast. Mediaeval sigil for the star cluster, sometimes called the Atlantides, in the vicinity of 29° of the constellation Taurus, given by HERMETIS 13C: older on the constellation Taurus, AGRIPPA 1510 gives a variant which has entered the European occult stream of symbolism:
- PLUTO Ast. The most common European sigil (see HONE 1951 below) and the most common USA sigil (see JONES 1969 below) have surfaced from numerous suggestions made since the official discovery of this planet in 1930. The planet was named, and ascribed rulership over zodiacal Scorpio long before its official discovery, by PAGAN 1911, who gave the earliest sigil $\frac{Q_{3}}{2}$ which is the graphic equivalent of the

negative Mars which had rulership over Scorpio until that time.

Before this, there had been a hypothetical Pluto, claimed by WEMYSS

1927 to be ruler of Cancer and 'probably the most distant planet from the Sun'. WEMYSS 1927 gives two variants for this hypothetical planet:

but in a later edition of his book (subsequent to the discovery of the modern planet by Lowell) an attempt was made to designate the discovered planet Lowell-Pluto, a name which did not receive Wide acceptance, but which may have been instrumental in forming the common European sigil, from the initials of the suggested name:

WEMYSS 1933 suggested the sigil

for his own Lowell-Pluto.

THIERENS 1931 5

RUDHYAR 1936 \$\pmu\$

WALTHER 1939 \$\infty\$

EBERTIN 1950 \$\oplus\$ \$\pmu\$

HADES 1969 \$\pmu\$

EBERTIN 1970 \$\pmu\$

SIDGWICK 1973 \$\pmu\$

HAWKINS 1976 \$\pmu\$

PERSONAL 1980 \$\pmu\$

RAPHAEL 1933 —
NEROMAN 1937
RAPEAEL 1939
SEMENTOVSKY 1950
DEUTSCHE 1961
JONES 1969
MCCAFFERY 1970
KENTON 1974
MEYER 1976

MEYER 1976

MEYER 1976

MEYER 1976

MEYER 1976

PLUTO-LOWELL Ast. Sigil suggested by WEMYSS 1933: L
But see PLUTO

POLE STAR See CAUDA URSAE

POLISH ALC. SIGNA 17C 5-

PCPE Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 5th arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic letter HE, and accords it the sigil of the PENTAGRAM:

POPULUS Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures: * *

A multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) is used

to denote the same four-fold arrangement. Fopulus is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the 'planet' Moon, the element Water, and the zodiacal sign Capricorn. The following sigils are derived from the late-mediaeval tradition, and are sometimes used to denote the Moon itself, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

ACRIPPA 1531 🗏 😂 😂 🖯
TRITHEMIUS 1503 🔞 📖

potable Gold Alg. Alchymia 1563 🕂 †

onomasticum 1574 → 6 ○ Alchemical 17c ♀ ♀
sommerhoff 1701 → 8 ○ Gessmann 1906 %
schneider 1962 → 6

POTASSIUM Alc. ALBERTUS 1974 4

POTASSIUM NITRATE Alc. SHEPHERD 1971 (

POWDER Alc. Several of the mediaeval sigils below are used synonymously with those for DUST, and in both cases certain of the

POWDER OF BRICK Alc.

SHELTON 17C \square DIDEROT 1763 \square

PRAYER Occ. Two related early Christian sigils are recorded by

VERARDI 1972, though with modern (and perhaps imaginative) interpretations: 'prayer addressed by the World to God': 'prayer

rising to God from the Earthly and Lower World':

TESTA 1962 gives three sigils which depict the praying human: 'I' 'Y'

KOCH 1930 gives a highly personalised interpretation of the six-pointed star as being derived from a graphic form depicting the union of human prayer with the descending power of God: '

PRECIPITATE Alo. VALENTINE 1671 — まま
DIDEROT 1763 号 — GESSMANN 1806 —

PRECIPITATE OF LEAD Alc. VALENTINE 1671

PRECIPITATE OF MERCURY Alc. VALENTINE 1671 女。
SHELTON 17C 女 SIGNA 17C 女。

PREPARATION Alc. GESSMANN 1906 Ppt

PREVIOUS SYZYGY Ast. Two sigils have survived, but in both cases the references are generally to the opposition between the luminaries, rather than to the conjunction. A Graeco-Byzantine sigil is given by

NEUGEBAUER 1959 whilst SMITH 16C gives a sigil ∞ which is sometimes preceded by the abbreviation prae to denote the previous conjunction: prae δ or opposition: prae δ

- PRIAPUS TAURI Alc. GESSMANN 1906 records several sigils, all clearly related to the zodiacal sigil for TAURUS: 883
- PRIMAL POWER Occ. In the graphic system proposed by HONE 1951, the circle is said to symbolise eternity, the never-ending, 'hence spirit or primal power'. When a dot is placed inside the circle, to produce the modern sigil for the SUN, then 'the circle... signifies the beginning of the emergence of that power':
- PRIMORDIAL CIRCLE Occ. BLAVATSKY 1888 in her account of the occult theory of time dealing specifically with the birth of time, and with the earliest cycle of the year writes 'The first sign of this primordial circle and cycle made in heaven is the earliest shape of the Ankh-cross a mere loop which contains both a circle and the cross in one image' ... 'it is the ideograph of a period, an ending, a time.'

PRINCIPIA See ELEMENTS

See also ANKH and CROSS

PRINCIPIA CHYMICA Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the following sigils for the 'Chemical Principles' or Elementa, which are scarcely the 'Elements' of modern science:

SALT ⊖
SULPHUR ♀
MERCURY ♀
SPIRIT ♀
EARTH ▽

See also ELEMENTS

PRINCIPIA CORPORUM See ELEMENTS

PRITHIVI Occ. A sigil which is virtually an equivalent of the occidental EARTH element, given in oriental sources, and associated with the Muladhara, or Root Chakra:

PROJECTION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil on ext to the sign or constellation Fisces, perhaps to symbolise the alchemical process of Projection (which, needless to say, has nothing to do with the occult spiritual technique of Astral Projection, as it is wrongly termed).

PROOF See TEST.

PSOHDON Mag. SCHEIBLE 1848 gives four variant sigils for this spirit:

PUELLA Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures: **

A multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) are used to denote the same four-fold arrangement. Puella is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Water, the planet Venus, and the zodiacal sign Libra. The following sigils are derived from the late mediaeval tradition, and are sometimes used to denote the planet Venus, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531

AGRIPPA 1531

PUER Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures: **

A multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) is used to denote the same four-fold arrangement. Puer is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Fire, the planet Mars, and the zodiacal sign Aries. The following sigils are derived from the latemediaeval tradition, and are sometimes used to denote the planet Mars,

as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531 \Rightarrow + + \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow HEYDON 1664 \Rightarrow \downarrow

PUGILLUM Alc. A rough measure, used by alchemists, and defined as that which may be held in three fingers' or 'that which may be held between the thumb and the first two fingers', and limited in application to the measure of powders. GESSMANN 1906 records some mediaeval forms which are abbreviations:

PULVERISE Alc. SIGNA 17C 🚫 💢
GESSMANN 1906 A F X X H

PURGATIVE WINE Alc. SHELTON 17C \searrow

PURGE Alc. SIGNA 17C OU ON OU S

PURIFICATION Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

PURIFY Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 \$\mathcal{C}\$

FRANCKIYN 1627 \$\sum DIDEROT 1763 \QP \sum \frac{\pi}{2}\$

GESSMANN 1906 \$\mathcal{C}\$--\pi\$

FRESNE 1688 V SCHNEIDER 1962 V V E

PUTREFACTION Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 \uparrow ALCHEMY 1650 $\pm \Rightarrow$ SHELTON 17C $\pm \Rightarrow$ GESSMANN 1906 4

PUTREFY Alc. DIDEROT 1763 W/ JU But see PUTREFACTION.

PYRITES Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition for copper pyrites: \times and a number of related sigils for ordinary pyrites: \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap

PYROPHORUS Alc. SCHEFFERS 1775

PYTHAGOREAN SIGIL Occ. The ancient Pythagorean Y is explained by BLAVATSKY 1888 in terms of the binary (of 'Good and Evil') detaching itself from the single Monad. A more exoteric interpretation, relating the sigil to 'choice', is given by WIRTH 1923, who associates the figure with the LOVERS ARCANUM of the Tarot pack. The sigil is also listed by TESTA 1962 as one of the early Christian forms for the CROSS.



QUADRATURE Ast. Sigil given by SHEPHERD 1971 as an obsolete astronomical symbol for the SQUARE aspect: \Box

QUARTILE See SQUARE.

QUATERNARY Occ. DEE 1564 gives the sigil — as part of the graphic system underlying his MONAD, relating to the four elements (but see also TERNARY and OCTONARY, both of which are related to this form).

A series of modern sigils, presented as a logical graphic development, is given by CIRLOT 1962. The cross is 'spiritual and neutral': — whilst — is 'the spiritual quaternary acting upon the inferior ternary'. The 'spiritual, active or dynamic' principle is — whilst the 'spiritual, active quaternary acting upon the neutral' is — The 'spiritual quaternary in the universe' is — and the 'material principle within totality': — The 'two quaternaries - spiritual and material — within the totality' is —

It must be pointed out that these explanations in no way reflect the real occult nature of these sigils, and are purely modern inventions.

See also MATERIAL.

QUEDBARSHENNOTH Mag. A sigil for the spirit given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter Q in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii': $\frac{*+\frac{1}{2}}{2}$

QUICKLIME Alc. The calk viva of the alchemists, for which the

FOLLOWING Sigils are most fequently used:

ONOMASTICON 1574——

FRANCKLYN 1627

VALENTINE 1671

VALENTINE 1671

SIGNA 17C

SOMMERHOFF 1701

ONOMASTICON 1574 —

VALENTINE 1671

FRANCKLYN 1627

SOMMERHOFF 1701

ONOMASTICON 1574

VALENTINE 1671

FRANCKLYN 1627

SOMMERHOFF 1701

ONOMASTICON 1574

VALENTINE 1671

FRANCKLYN 1627

VALENTINE 1671

VALENTINE 1671

VALENTINE 1671

FRANCKLYN 1627

VALENTINE 1671

VALENT

QUINCUNX Ast. An astrological aspect of 150 degrees.

SIMMONITE 1890 QX RAPHAEL 1900 _____

RAPHAEL 1902 \(\nabla \) DE CIVRY 1931 \(\nabla \) HADES 1967 \(\nabla \)

QUINTESSENCE Occ. In its occult sense, the fifth element has been given few sigils, perhaps because it is the invisible one of the five, and its unstated presence in a sigil combining the 'visible' elements is understood (see ELEMENTS). As an invisible sigil, the quintessence may be regarded as being symbolised in the space at the centre of the sigil for the four elements recorded by SOMMERHOFF 1701:

HOMER 1723 gives the sigil igotimes as the tenth in the descending series of the so-called Golden Chain of Homer, symbolic of the 'Universal Quintessence', the spirit of which permeates the created world: this could of course be the sigil for the SPIRITUS MUNDI. BOMER 1757 gives a variant: 😜 See HOMER'S GOLDEN CHAIN. May for Heavenly Quintessence as though to GEHEIME 1785 gives distinguish this from the Natural or Earthly. GEHEIME 1788 gives the sigil [5.5] for Natural Quintessence and a related form for the Neavenly Quintessence: 🐺 . FRANCKLYN 1627 Qf
SHELTON 17C 🚓 🚉 亡 WORLIDGE 1671 🛣 VALENTINE 1671 🛨 🦈 SIGNA 17C 6 SOMMERHOFF 1701 9 4~ Qf VE + 90 DIDEROT 1763 5 4 GESSMANN 1906 Fa Fa E POTSSON 1891 🔎 LUEDY 1928 3 70 70 50 SCHNEIDER 1962 Q. But see also AKASHYA and ETHERIC

QUINTESSENCE OF WINE AIC. FRANCKLYN 1627 Q V SOMMERHOFF 1701 J.D. J.E. Z.E. ##-

QUINTILE Ast. Sigils given for the aspect of 72 degrees include SIMMONITE 1890 G... RAPHAEL 1901 Q.

MEYER 1974 **



RAIN WATER Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 equates aqua pluvialis with 'soft water', and gives the sigils: ∇ $R\nabla$ $R\nabla$ ∇ ∇ ∇ GESSMANN 1908 ∇ ∇ ∇ ∇ SCHNEIDER 1962 ∇ RERTHELOT 1885 records sigils from the Greek tradition: '55 585

RAPHAEL Mag. TRITHEMIUS 1503 records the mediaeval profile of for this Archangel who is within his system also one of the Secundade's or Intelligencies. BARRETT 1801 gives a variant form: profile or Indicates that theoretically any of the sigils for the planet MERCURY may also be used to denote Raphael, who is variously called 'the Angel of Mercury' or 'the Angel of Wednesday' in popular occult texts.

See SPHERE OF MERCURY

REALGAR Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 & CROLLIUS 1612 & OC FRESNE 1688 & CROLLIUS 1612 & VALENTINE 1671 \ TO SIGNA 170 & SIGNA 170 & OC FRESNE 1701 & OC FRESNE 1868 & OC

RECEIVER Alc. The sigil is intended to denote a piece of alchemical apparatus, for which GESSMANN 1906 gives two forms: Separatus, for which GESSMANN 1906 gives two forms: Se

RECIPE Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C BY SOMMERHOFF 1701 B 32 756

GESSMANN 1906 B 7 7 7 SCHNEIDER 1962 B 7

RECTIFIED SPIRIT OF WINE Alc. ALBERTUS 1974 $- \bigcirc_i$

RED ARSENIC Alc. ALCHEMY 1650 A ALCHEMICAL 17C - You on the SIGNA 17C oto oto

SHELTON 17C - 36

RED BOLE Alg. SIGNA 17C

RED LEAD See MINIUM

RED ORPIMENT ALC. SOMMERBOFF 1701 号 → 6 04 0 04 14 XX
GESSMANN 1906 ピ ふ で る 24 年 又 キ SCHNEIDER 1962 80 See also RED ARSENIC

RED PRECIPITATE OF MERCURY A1c. GESSMANN 1906 $\frac{\mathcal{C}^2}{\mathcal{C}^2}$

RED SULPHUR Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C 7 7 4 +

RED SULPHURET OF ARSENIC ALC. ALCHEMICAL 1650 $\gamma\gamma$ GESSMANN 1908 ALL of o See also RED ARSENIC and RED ORPIMENT

REDUCTION Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 2 & 22 CV

RED VINEGAR ALC. DIDERCT 1763 R.

RED VITRIOL Alc. DIDERCT 1763 A

RED WINE Ale. DIDEROT 1763 - 5

REGULE OF ANTIMONY Alc. DIDEROT 1763

REGULUS Alc. WORLINGE 1651 4 B

SCHNEIDER 1962 gives for Regulus antimonii medicinalis: For the sigils used to denote the fixed star commonly called Regulus, see the entry under COR LEONIS. SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives a sigil which might well be taken as relating to the astrological usage, but it is more likely intended for the alchemical term:

RELAH Mag. Sigil for spirit given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter R in secret writing called the 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii': ***

RLNOVATIO METALLORUM Alc. GESSMANN 1906 Φ

RESINA Ale. SIGNA 17C

SOMMERHOFF 1701 \$

RETORT Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 6 FRANCKLYN 1627 SCHEFFERS 1775 OCARRICHTERUS 180 (5° CESSMANN 1906 (5° CESS

SIGNA 17C \mathcal{F} R

DIDEROT 1763 P

POISSON 1891 C

LUEDY 1928

RETROGRADE	Ast.	All the	recorded	sigils for the retrograde motion o	f
the plane	ts appo	ar to be	based on	the capital letter of the word.	
IBN EZRA	1485 (B.'		HOROSCOPE 15C 724	
GIUNTINI	1583 f	2		WELLING 1735 B	
SIBLY 179	10 B	,		ZADKIEL 1835	
WEMYSS 19				DEUTSCHE 1951 RZ	

reverberating fire Alc. Gessmann 1906 🕰

WEMYSS 1933 B

SOMMERHOFF 1701 5, II REVERBERATING FURNACE Alc.

REVERBERATIO Alc. ALCHEMY 1650 - 8-SOMMERHOFF 1701 🛱 3. Bo signa 17c L gessmann 1906 H

RING OF POMEGRANATE Alc. Diderof 1763 Y

RISING Ast. CROSLAND 1962 records a Greek sigil: 💪

ROMAN VITRIOL Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 叶 小 胡 坎 坎 中 See VITRIOL.

ROOT Alc. GESSMANN 1906 ALBERTUS 1974 R BERTHELOT 1885 gives a sigil derived from the Greek alchemical tradition:

ROSE COLOUR Alc. GESSMANN 1906 TJ F T

ROSICRUCIAN SCRIPT Occ. One of the numerous secret cyphers attached to the Rosicrucian school has been recorded by BLAVATSKY 1877 under the name of The Sovereign Princes 'Rose Cross' cypher:



ROSY CROSS Occ. WIRTH 1927 gives the sigil as the union of the Rose and the Cross, the prime sigil of the Rosicrucian stream, 'the great mystery of occult generation'.

See also CROSS and HERMETIC TETRAD

ROYAL ARCH CYPHER Occ. A secret script, which exists in several variant forms, constructed around the disposition of the Roman alphabet within the spaces of a basic figure:

In the example script below, discussed by

BLAVATSKY 1877, the alphabet has been placed op QR ST y within the basic figure in concurrent adjacent pairs, though there are other methods of allocating the letters to

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n

I I I U U L U I I I I I I I I

I I I F V V A A > > < <

u

determine different variations as letter equivalents.

See SECRET SCRIPTS

RU Occ. Sigil derived by MASSEY 1883 from the Egyptian hieroglyph, and said to be 'the mouth or uterus of birth':

BLAVATSKY 1888 gives this sigil and a variant for 'floor, gate, mouth, place of outlet' and 'the place of birth' at which the sum rises, or is reborn. Both occultists see the Ru as the top circle

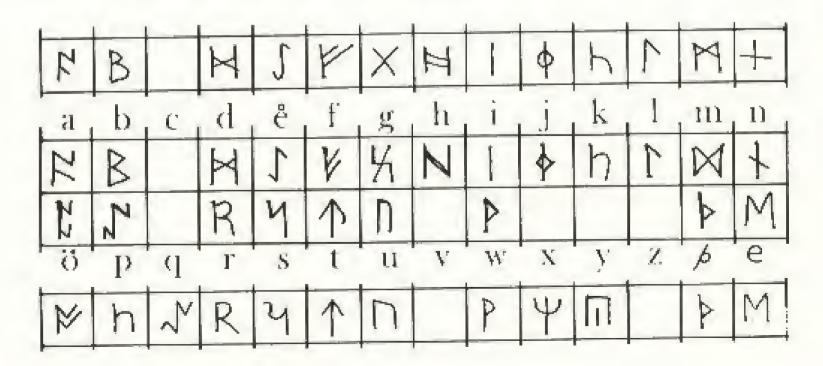
of the ANKH $\frac{Q}{Q}$ and thus related to the basic signl for CHRIST. BLAVATSKY 1888 says that it is 'the feminine type of the birth-place, representing the North', and sees it continued in the Cypriote RQ and the Coptic Ro: $\frac{Q}{Q}$ See also TIME.

RUBEUS Geo. One of the sixteen geomantic sigils: A multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) is used to denote the same four-fold arrangement. AGRIPPA 1531 links the sigil with the element of Fire, the planet Mars and the zodiacal sign Gemini. The sigils are also sometimes used to symbolise the planet Mars, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

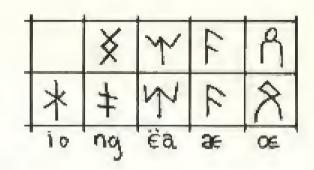
AGRIPPA 1531 To A To A To A

RUBY Mag. SIGNA 17C

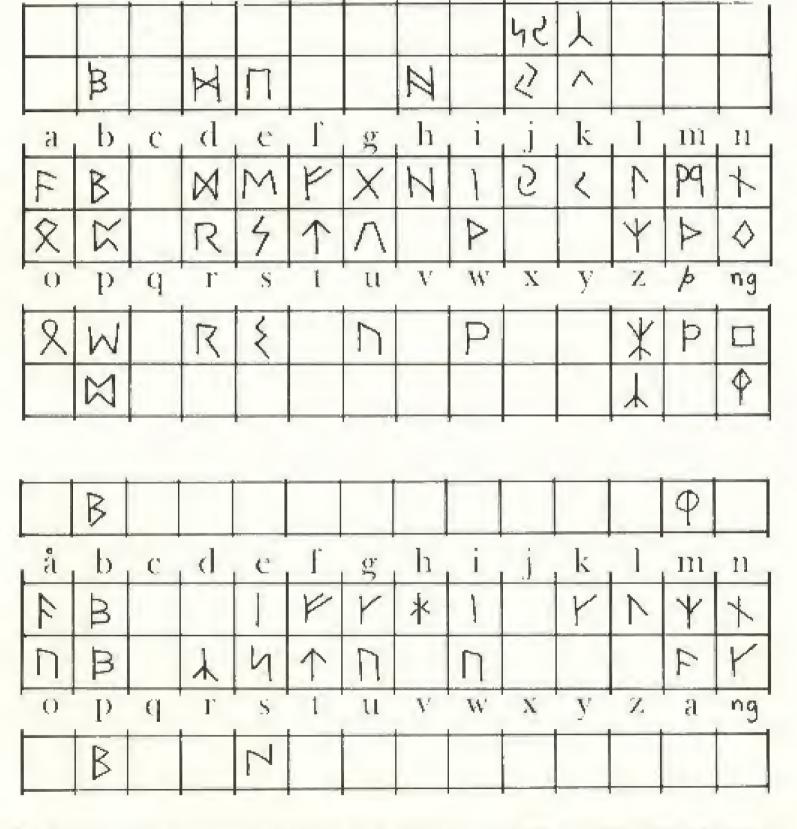
RUNES Occ. The Nordic runes consist of a group of loosely connected alphabets which were probably designed for magical purposes (the word perhaps being derived from the Gothic runa, 'secret', and cognate with New High German raunen, 'to whisper'), one or two of which have been used in occult texts, and collected by occultists as examples of secret alphabets. An example from the 12th century is given in OCCULTA 12C, in the form of two separate alphabets:



The letters for which there is no European equivalent are set out alongside, to the right. JENSEN 1970 makes a careful study of the runes, from which he selects variant forms, of which the Common German



Runes, set out below, are a good example: the two variant forms may be compared instructively with the lower group of 9th and 10th century Danish runes, also given by JENSEN 1970

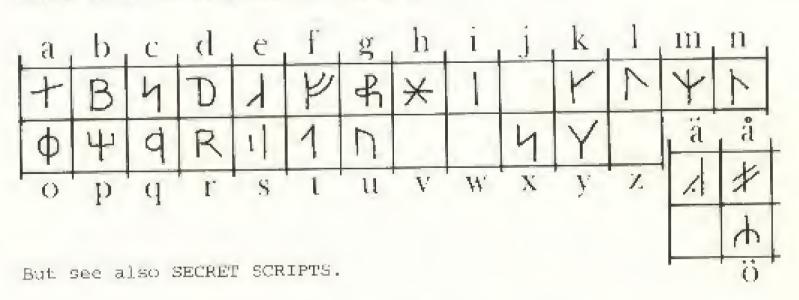


The runes have names which are acrophonic, and the following have been colled, with a small degree of necessary adjustment, from the

list given by JENSEN 1970 - a list which has much agreement with that list given alongside the runes reproduced in the twelfth century version in OCCULTA 120:

1	FEOH	belongings	B	BEORC	birch
n	ŨR	drizzle	M	EOH	
þ	(TH)ORN		爻	ING	(name of a god)?
V	$\overline{o}s$	god	M	MA.N	mani
R	$R \vec{h} D$	ride, wagon	1	LAGU	water
h	CEN		>=	$D \underline{\lambda} \underline{E} G$	day
X	GYFU	gift	8	\overline{E} (TH) EL	property
P	WYNN	pleasure	H	$\bar{A}C$	
H	$H \Lambda \mathcal{F} G L$	hail (storm)	R	AESK	
+	$N\overline{Y}D$	distress	M	$\tilde{Y}R$	
	īs	ice	W	$\overline{E}AR$	
ф	yĒR	year	*	IOR	
2	EOH		N	WEORD	bait
h	PEORD	horse (?)	d	CALC	
Ψ	EOLX	elk	M	$BT\overline{\partial}N$	
7	SIGEL	sun	×	$G\overline{A}R$	
1	$T\widetilde{I}R$	tree	. ,		

As a final sample of the runic alphabet, we may give the $Anglo\ Saxon$ Runes in a series given by JENSEN 1970:



RUST Alc. GESSMANN 1906 TITT \bullet \blacksquare \Box \Box \Box \Box \Box See also IRON RUST.



SACHIEL Mag. Sigils given by BARRETT 1801, derived from those given by TRITHEMIUS 1503 for the spirit Zachariel: 上上上 SCHEIBLE 1848 上上上上上上上上上

SACRED Occ. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition: $\widetilde{\mathcal{O}}$

SACRIFICE Occ. A common sigil for the zodiacal sign Libra is given by SUCHER 1975 in his highly personal graphic symbolism, as representative of the 'sacrifice of Divine cosmic forces': The same source gives as a parallel to this the sigil: Within the cosmoconception of SUCHER 1975 the cosmic Sacrifice is a necessary continuation to 'provide a fundamental impulse of evolution', and he gives as sigil for this the forms for CREATION Combined with those for sacrifice, in two new and personal sigils the

SAFFRON See CROCUS

SAFFRON FLOWER Alc. POISSON 1891 gives for safran de Venus the sigils \mathcal{S} \mathcal{S} SCHNEIDER 1962 \mathcal{S} See also CROCUS and CROCUS VENERIS

SAGITTARIUS Ast. Zodiacal sign for the 'Archer', the printed sigil for which is derived from the common mediaeval form, as for example in SCOT 15C, given in EYGINUS 1482: X AGRIPPA 1510 says that the sigil is based on the shape of an arrow, though the division between the arrow end and the material cross is more significant of the dual nature of the sign: χ^{N} Ancient Egyptian: BERLIN 42AD / STOBART 2C <- -SPIEGELBERG 1911 ← Graeco-Byzantine: NEUGEBAUER 1959 / / Mediaeval: DIGBY 12C ftt ASTRONOMICAL 1400 ->>> JANUA 14C 🔊 CONJURATION 14C +> LETPOLDI 140 +++ MANSIONIBUS 1482 -++ ASTROLOGICAL 15C FIRMICUS 1499 1 QUADRANTIS 150 C BONATTI 15C 💥 SCOT 150 A A A RAWLINSON 15C +H) SCHYNAGEL 1500 숙 LAMBECIUS 1500 i-AGRIPPA 1510 -GAURICUS 1539 DARIOT 1857 7 ALCHEMICAL 1555 PORTA 1593 🚓 THURNEYSSER 1570 HERMETIS 16C 🦼 BLUNDEVILLE 1594 -TRITHEMIUS 1650 VILLEFRANCHE 1661 BELOT 1667 X FOOTE 17C X COLEY 170 X MAGICI 17C GEHEIME 1795 CARRICHTERUS 18C & SIBLY 1798 } PYTHAGORAS 18C প GESSMANN 1906 🙊 MODER" ASTROLOGY 1906 🗹 LUEDY 1928 T NEROMAN 1937 NEUGEBAUER 1959 X for the constellation MANSIONES 14C gives the sigil [Sagittarius, whilst LEUPCLDI 14C gives the form -- and AGRIPPA 1510 1510: J See also ADNACHIEL and SPIRIT OF AQUARIUS

SAL Alc. In general, see SALT and the following five entries. SCHEFFERS

1775 gives the following specialist alchemical list:

Sal medius terrestris cum acido \timestris cum alcali \timestris cum alcali \timestris cum acido \time

SAL ALKALI FIXUM See LIXIVIUM

SAL GEMMA AIC. ALCHYMIA 1563 839

ALCHEMY 1650 5 CH WORLINGE 1651 8 ALCHEMICAL 170 - 71 3 B SHELTON 17C THE O

SAL MARINUM See SEA SALT

SALNITER Occ. Sigil given by BOEHMEN 1635 to represent the salniter of his occult system: The upper cross is the 'kingdom of glory', arising out of the fire of the ETERNAL DARK, which combines with the salniter to give the ETERNAL LIGHT.

SALT Alc. A large number of sigils have been preserved for common salt, though confusion reigns because these are frequently used for specific mineral salts. A sigil given by BEATUS 1613 is for alchemic salt: 🗔 but within the same text is a diagram presenting a cube as a symbol of the body in the trinity of Spirit, Soul and Body. Salt in its alchemical sense is therefore much more than our ordinary common salt: in the $tria\ philosophorum$, salt is commonly given the sigil (\cdot) as for example in GEHEIME 1788. In WELLING 1735 the sigil said to represent alchemical salt because it shows Fire and Water working as one. The following sigils, however, are given in alchemical texts, and probably are intended to refer to common salt. worlinge 1651 ロ 🖯 ② 🌣 🖔 🗿 本---339 € F ¥ ALCHEMY 1650 N. -- C SOMMERHOFF 1701 众参子18中29公益中又日口中 ※里又多中口和\$开路为军会

SAL TARTARI Alc. WORLINGE 1651 \$\frac{1}{4}\$

ALCHEMY 1650 \$\frac{1}{4}\$

DIDEROT 1763 \$\frac{1}{4}\$

ALBERTUS 1974 \$\frac{1}{4}\$

SCHNEIDER 1962 gives the sigils \$\frac{1}{4}\$ \$\frac{1}{4}\$ \$\frac{1}{4}\$ \$\frac{1}{4}\$ for \$Sal Tartar \$fixum which are identical to those given for \$Sal Tartari by SOMMERHOFF 1701.

SALT OF DEATH'S HEAD Alc. GESSMANN 1906

SALT OF IRON Alc. SHELTON 17C

SALT OF KALI Alc. CROLLIUS 1670

SALT OF LEAD Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 25 4

SALTPETRE AIG. ONOMASTICUM 1574 D

ALCHEMY 1650 \$\oplus \cdots \c

SALT WATER AIC. GESSMANN 1906 💝
See SEA SALT

SAL URINAE AIC. SOMMERHOFF 1701 # @ D 🖸 🚭

SAMAEL Mag. Mediaeval sigil for the spirit, sometimes said to be the planetary angel of Mars, and according to TRITHEMIUS 1522 the Secundadeian of Mars, for which TRITHEMIUS 1503 gives the sigillic form: 14-05

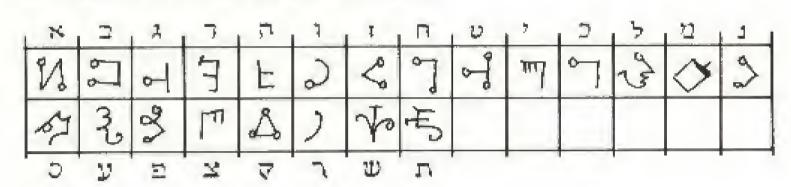
SAMARITAN SCRIPT Occ. A group of loosely related scripts used as secret alphabets and almost certainly derived from the historic Semitic Samaritan book script. BARTOLOZZI 1675 records one such alphabet which is reproduced here alongside the equivalent forms from the historic Samaritan given (for non-occult purposes) by JENSEN 1970:

10	g	7	今	B	15	M	æ	4	m	\approx	2	M	7
K	⊐	2	7	7	1	T	П	υ	,	2	5	מ	1
N	4	ろ	∇	X	13	R	R	\Diamond	m		2		5
3	∇		m	∇	5	,884	N						
0	y	5	Z	7	7	Ψ	U						
江	D	77	411	Z	4	E	N						

A related alphabet recorded by POSTEL 1538 makes an interesting comparison with these, for many of the letter forms are the same (below). A 'Samaritan' script more obviously developed for the

, ×	, =	, 2	7	n	7	7	n a	υ	, ,	٥	לו	מן	1 3
N	9	7	02	3	3	4		5	H	J	1	-	4
3	\triangle	J	सा	∇	9	w	7						
5	33	1	3	₹	7	ש	n		1		r		

secret script tradition is that given (below) by VIGNERE 1586, which, whilst to some extent still related to the historic forms, is imaginative and more in line with the letter-forms of the popular HEBRAIC SCRIPT used in secret cypher:



SAMEK Occ. The 15th letter of the Hebrew alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT) for which many derivative forms are given within the tradition of secret alphabets, notably those culled by BARTOLOZZI 1675: WIRTH 1927 equates Samek with the DEVIL ARCANUM of the Tarot pack, and in the letter-forms which he traces as the development for Samek ‡ 7 7 7 he claims a vestigial pictorial form of a 'pot' or 'container'. It is certainly more significant, however, that the letter-form might be traced back to the Egyptian hieroglyphic with the pictorial value for 'fish' - see JENSEN 1970.

SAND ALC. WORLIDGE 16C 53% SCHNEIDER 1962 36888

worlinge 16c ::: sommerhoff 1701 & S.A. :::::

SANDARAC Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 gives a number of sigils derived from the Greek alchemical tradition: $\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_{i} = C_{i} = C_{i}$

SANGUINE See AIR and TEMPERAMENTS

SAP Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from Greek alchemical texts which refers specifically to the 'juice of plants': X

SAPPHIRE Mag. SIGNA 17C $\frac{7}{4}$

SAVIOUR Occ. Sigil given in SCHEIBLE 1848, probably as an alternative for the Salvator, CHRIST:

Ast. Modern sigil derived ultimately from the Graeco-Byzantine tradition, as preserved for example in BERTHELOT 1885 (below), through the mediaeval, as for example in SCOT 15C 7 to the printed form in HYGINUS 1482; 7

AGRIPPA 1531 traces its form to the scythe, but this graphic etymology is suspect, as the various early forms of the sigil indicate. 1914 says of the sigil 7 that it was originally 'the cross over the semi-circle' and is 'the symbol of the soul bound by the form'.

Ancient Egyptian: BERLIN 42AD 🗆

Graeco-Byzantine: OMONT 1894 2

NEUGEBAUER 1959 で

ALCHYMICAL 14C 38 *Mediaeval:*

THESAURUS 14C

SCHEMA 15C H.

BERNARD 15C 岩

CAMPANUS 15C =====

DOMORUM 15C)=(

SCOT 15C LO 3 77. M

TRACTATULUS 1500 -9

ALCHYMIA 1563 有片样与

TAISNIER 1559 🕂

BLUNDEVILLE 1602

LILLY 1647 by

KIRCHER 1655 5

TABLE 1676 [9]

SHELTON 17C 5 8 9 V V P

GEHEIME 1785 7

STRAGGLING 1824 S

BERTHELOT 1895 Y)

conjuration 14c \mathcal{H} \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{S} RAGOR 1474 TAN

D'AILLY 1490 X

BONATTI 15C M X 3

CANONES 15C 1

LIBELLUS 15C

SIGNIFICATIONES 15C 77

SCHYNAGEL 1500 7

FIRMICUS 1510 15 P

DARIOT 1557 5

BLUNDEVILLE 1594 6

HOROSCOPE 1614

BEYDON 1650 12

MONTE-SNYDERS 1663 5

MAGICI 17C X8

WELLING 1735 🥞

PYTHAGORAS 18C 🦰

ZADKIEL 1835 🦈

RUDHYAR 1970 To To CAPPELLI 1949 gives a mediaeval short-form: Y

CARBONELLI 1925 records a mediaeval sigil: 20

LUEDY 1928 records a sigil from the Syrian astrological tradition: Since the alchemical term LEAD is synonymous with Saturn, any of the sigils recorded under this name may be used to denote the planet.

See also CARCER, SPHERE and SPIRIT OF SATURN

- SCHETHALIM Mag. Sigil and name given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter S in secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii': **

 In spite of the plural form, the name is intended to apply to one spirit, and may in fact be confused with Shetel.
- SCHIN Occ. The 21st letter of the Hebrew alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT) for which many derivatives and alternative forms are given within the tradition of secret alphabets, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675: WIRTH 1927 equates Schin with the WORLD ARCANUM of the Tarot pack, and records the forms by which the letter developed in the sequence WM WW The origin of which he sees in the idea of 'tooth', though it is more likely that the letter was derived from the Egyptian hieroglyph with the pictorial value of 'wood' or 'twig' see JENSEN 1970.
- Ast. Sigil for the zodiacal sign of the 'Scorpion'. SCORPIO printed version is derived ultimately from the mediaeval tradition, but this form may have been taken as for example in SCOT 15C TM from the Graeco-Byzantine tradition (see NEUGEBAUER 1959 below). The modern manuscript form frequently differs from printed forms, as in FOOTE 17C: YYL AGRIPPA 1531 tells us that the sigil was based on the shape of the Scorpion's sting, though both the Egyptian demotic forms, and the occult tradition (see for example BLAVATSKY 1888) would suggest a derivative from a pictograph of a serpent. Ancient Egyptian: STOBART 2C N SPIEGELBERG 1911 No N Graeco-Byzantine: NEUGEBAUER 1959 7 75 77/ W GRAMMATICA 13C T Mediaeval: DIGBY 12C onq

ALCHYMICAL 14C M CONJURATION 14C YM, LEUPOLDI 14C ASTROLOGICAL 15C QUADRANTIS 15C LAMBECIUS 1500 😓 AGRIPPA 1510 M M DARIOT 1557 MARY 16C MW HEYDON 1650 777 / COLEY 17C TE LUCCA 17C COC CO WELLING 1735 Yr PYTHAGORAS 1BC STRAGGLING 1824 77 WIRTH 1927 76 PERRY 1971

ASTRONOMICAL 1400 1 JANUA 14C W mansionibus 1482 🗸 🖂 BONATTI 15C W TABLES 15C SCHYNAGEL 1500 M GAURICUS 1539 3000 BLUNDEVILLE 1594 (A) SMITH 16C 7007 / GIBNER 1651 DOS FOOTE 17C MA MAGICI 17C 4/° M MAGIE 180 m SIBLY 1790 MY RAPHAEL 1903 M NEROMAN 1937. 💉

LUEDY 1928 records a sigil from the Syrian astrological tradition: Secure LEUPOLDI 14C gives the sigil of for the constellation Scorpio, while AGRIPPA 1510 records the variant form:

SCRUPULUS Alc. A measure of 20 grains.

VALENTINE 1671 —

SIGNA 17C 🗦

GESSMANN 1906 J J F

CAPPELLI 1949 records mediaeval sigils for five scrupuli: X and for half scrupulus: (for which GESSMANN 1906 records: (X Y Y

SEA Occ. BERTHELOT 1885 records two sigils from Greek alchemical texts, one of which refers to ordinary sea the other referring to the idea of an (unspecified) 'sacred sea':

SEAL See LUTATION and PLANETARY SYMBOLS.

SEAL OF SOLOMON Occ. One of the most common devices of occult symbolism, for which a wide number of different explanatory accounts has been given. A form is recorded in SCHRIRE 1966: An exoteric explanation for this form is related to the theory of the four elements and the corresponding fifth element (quintessence) which according to the esoteric tradition underlie the sensible world of appearance: thus the four 'visible' elements commingle around the invisible 'centre' of the fifth element:

Ascending elements FIRE \triangle

AIR 🛆

COMBINE:

Descending elements

WATER V

EARTH ST

However, see also SENARY, and the remarks on the derived sigil 3000 and its esoteric connexion with the Chain of Being, which relates to the ancient order of the planetary spheres, in the Introduction to this DICTIONARY. See also HEXAGON.

SEALS OF PLANETS Occ. A large number of sigils traditionally called seals have been preserved, though under a wide variety of names - see for example the forms given under MYSTERIOUS SIGILS and PLANETARY SYMBOLS. The following variants are derived from the mediaeval tradition, as recorded by AGRIPPA 1531, but it is to be noted that they are sometimes confused with the Intelligencies and Planetary Spirits given in the same source and in derivatives.

Jupiter:

Mars:

Mercury:

Moon:

Saturn:

Sun:

Venus:

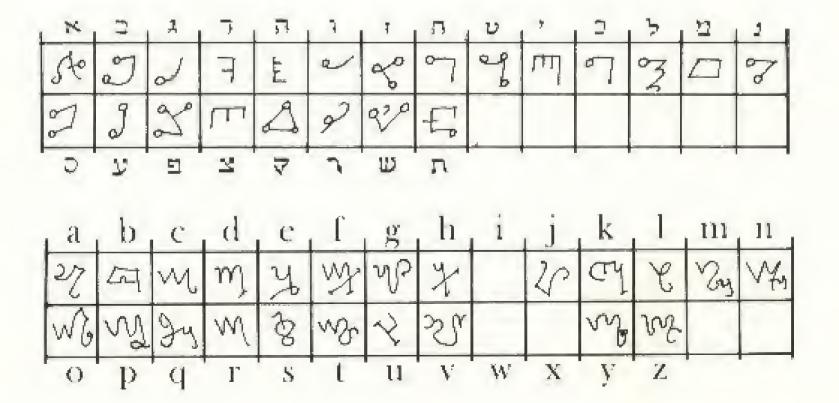




SEASALT Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 🖨 💢 🚗
GESSMANN 1906 🔀 🗷
But see also SALT WATER

SEAWATER Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition \(\sum \sum \pi \) which has nothing to do with the astrological sigil for AQUARIUS.

SECRET SCRIPTS Occ. An enormous number of secret alphabets have been recorded in the occult and hermetic tradition, very many of them of a somewhat dubious value, but a few of them used in the occult literature and in various artforms. Some of these alphabets are merely bowdlerised versions of genuine historic alphabets (see for example SAMARITAN SCRIPT). The fifty or so scripts recorded in this Dictionary have all been collected from occult texts (with the exception of most of the scripts in RUNES), and a great many of them have been derived from cabbalistic and Hebraic sources (see HEBRAIC The most well known of the Hebraic alphabets are those recorded by AGRIPPA 1531, the so-called TRANSITUS FLUVII, the MALACHIM and the CELESTIAL SCRIPT. The following three are (1) the TRANSITUS FLUVII script, given by WINKLER 1930, (2) a manuscript variant of the THEBAN SCRIPT, from ALCHEMICAL 1579, and (3) from BARTOLOZZI 1675:



K	٦	,1,	7	71	1	-7	П	υ	,		5	22	J 1
X	jij	W	ÿ	2	1	2	X	C	ů	n	W		₩
M	49	逍		M	20	28	ړو					1	V
0	ע	E	Z	₹	1	W	n						ı,
		S	H.										

Many non-Hebraic secret scripts - some of them entirely personal and fanciful - have been preserved, a few of them in manuscripts relating to the occult field, as for example the following from MAGICI 17C, in which the nature of the writing pen is itself used as the stylistic base for the script:

a	b	C	d	ϵ	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	m	11
H	6	I	2	E	7	3	-	*		*	k	To.	Ħ
-	7	*	4		4	۴			+	*	C		
0	p	q	r	S	t	u	V	W	X	y	Z	***	

LAMBECIUS 1500 preserves a page of manuscript alphabets relating to the secret or cryptographic tradition, one of which is clearly derived from the Greek alphabet:

. A	₿.	٢	Δ	E	Z	H	Θ	. 1	K	^	M	17	Ξ
þ	B	_	Δ	W	2	ч	2	1	7	Y	W	工	w
0	TT	4	6	_	٨	-0-	*	+	Ų				
O	TT	P	Σ	T	Υ	ф	×	Ψ	U.			,	,

and another which may give the appearance of being Greek-derived, but which in fact contains sigils from various sources and historic alphabets:

R	பு	λ	¢	4	Y	I	S.	6	77	A	#	6	w
4	1	0	Z	-0-	0	7	7	C)	7				

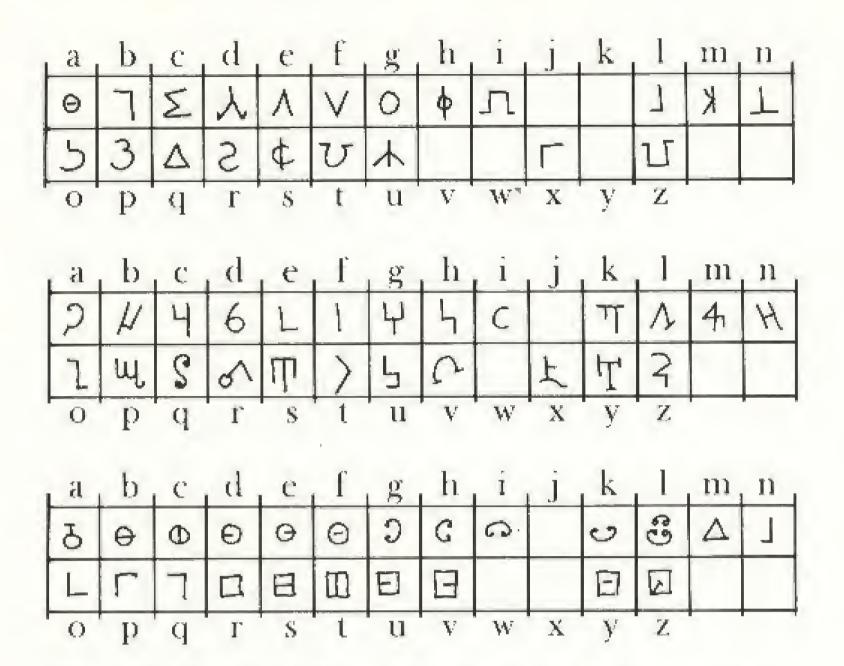
In addition to the fact that the alphabet just recorded is probably derived from different sources, it may well be that it is set out in a sequence which does not reflect the standard alphabetic order in either Greek or Roman, for an adjacent alphabet in the same manuscript (LAMBECIUS 1500) is obviously intended to transpose letters in the standard cryptographic manner:

Thus, reading in reverse order one obtains alpha \subset back to eta H and then omega ω backwards to theta θ . This example reveals something of the difficulty attendant upon the reading of such scripts, and even in the collating of the individual letter-forms.

BERTHELOT 1885 records two alphabets which are called the Hellenic and Greek Astrologic. These are representative of the types, designed for the Greek alphabet but, as tradition shows, adaptable to any other alphabet: the second is properly termed astrologic because it incorporates several sigils from the Greek horoscopic art - for example, the first sigil is the common form for the 'sun'.

1	8	L	8	E	8	~	e s	*	4	N	E	∞	3
Ø	w	7	6	1	7	Þ	X	*	ω			∞	
									2	1	2	E.	
												h	

Three further alphabets, all culled from SELENUS 1624, will indicate something of the variety of these cyphers: each of them is taken (in the sequence over) from the occultist writings of della Porta, Trithemius and Maurus:



Each of the preceding eleven alphabets has been given mainly as representative of the types of secret scripts - the Hebraic, the Greek and Roman, the personal and the random cyphers (sometimes based on a single alphabet with a volvelle to provide a number of potential alphabets equal to the number of letters in a particular sequence). The main 'traditional' scripts - open secrets, so to speak - recorded within this Dictionary are listed as follows: ADAMIC SCRIPT, ALCHEMIST SCRIPT, APOLLONIAN SCRIPT, BABYLONIAN SCRIPT, CANANEAN SCRIPT, CELESTIAL SCRIPT, CHALDEAN SCRIPT, ETRUSCAN SCRIPT, HEBRAIC SCRIPT, INQUISITORIAL SCRIPT, MALACHIM SCRIPT, NOACHITE SCRIPT, ROSICRUCIAN SCRIPT, ROYAL ARCH CYPHER, RUNES, SAMARITAN SCRIPT, SOLOMONIAN SCRIPT, SUPERCELESTIAL SCRIPT, TEMPLAR SCRIPT, THEBAN SCRIPT and TRANSITUS FLUVII.

SECRET WISDOM Occ. A sigil given in HERMES 1613 is called the

Quadrangle of the Secret Wisdom given as one of a series of graphic structures related to occult ideas. The sigil has a multilayer significance, but is virtually illustrative of the text attributed to Aristotle by the alchemists: Divide the alchemical stone into the four elements, rectify these, then conjoin them as one: in the whole you will have the Magisterium.

SECUNDADEIS See PLANETARY SPIRITS

SELENITE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records two sigils from the Greek alchemical tradition: C^{k}

SEMI-SEXTILE Ast. Most of the sigils for this aspect of 30 degrees are truncated forms of the SEXTILE.

PEARCE 1879 5★
DE GIVRY 1931 ¥

SIMMONITE 1890 Sx DE VORE 1947 \(\square\)

HADES 1967 ⊻

SEMI-SQUARE Ast. This aspect of 45 degrees is sometimes called the semi-quartile, and all the most commonly used sigils are derived from that used for the SQUARE.

ZADKIEL 1849 5 DE VORE 1947

PEARCE 1879 SQ DE GIVRY 1931 < HONE 1951 L

SENARY Occ. Sigil given by BLAVATSKY 1888 intended to show the commingling of the three (philosophical) fires with the three (philosophical) waters, 'whence results the procreation of the elements of all things'. BLAVATSKY 1888 claims that it is wrongly called the Seal of Solomon, and adduces argument as to why the sigil, with a central dot, is a decad:

SENSORY Occ. A modern sigil given by CIRLOT 1962 as 'sensory,

anthropomorphic principle': This view of the sigil does in fact find some support in the occult tradition, as for example in AGRIPPA 1531, STEINER 1904 and SUCHER 1970.

- SEPARATE Alc. The sigil is intended to denote the verbal sense of the word in ALCHEMICAL 17C:
- SEPARATION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil next to the sign or constellation Scorpio, either to symbolise the alchemical process of Separation, or (less likely) the alchemical Sulphur.
- SEPTENARY MAN Occ. Sigil given by BLAVATSKY 1888 to represent the image of the seven principles within man, the assumption being that the senary is symbol of physical man (the six dimensions of all bodies) plus the immortal soul, which is symbolised in the seven points of the The triangle is symbolic of the three 'higher spiritual beings of man - those human principles still capable of development, called in theosophical parlance Atma, Buddhi and Manas. The square represents those spiritual bodies which have been developed, if not yet controlled; the 'principle of animal desire' the Kama-rupa, the 'vehicle of life' the Linga-sarira, the power productive of vital phenomena, which is the Prana, and the physical body itself, which is built up from substances formed and moulded over the Linga-sarira by the action BLAVATSKY 1888 develops many parallelisms between the triad and the quaternary of this sigil, but broadly speaking the triad represents the cosmic or spiritual element (the upper Sephirothal) whilst the Quaternary, which emanates from the triad, symbolises the 'Heavenly Man', the sexless Adam-Kadmon, who may become a septenate by emanating from itself the additional three principles. also HEXAGON.

DEE 1564 makes of the simple cross a septenary from the addition of three \rightarrow (two lines and an intersection) and four \rightarrow (the four arms of the cross), which is clearly intended to link with the occult septenary of man's spiritual nature, seen either as the combination of

the body (four elements) with the three spiritual principles of what would in modern occultism be termed the etheric, astral and ego, or as the image of man related to the planets in his present state, along with his future spiritual development. DEE 1564 argues in a special graphic logic that the cross is at once the numerates:

ONE: + The cross alone.

TWO: — Two lines.

THREE: Two lines plus the point of intersection.

FOUR: - - The four arms of the cross.

The addition of 1, 2, 3 and 4 gives 10. The multiplication of the first triad with the second senary gives $21 (3 \times 7)$ - this argument is related to the alphabet of the Elizabethan because the cross (X) is the 21st letter.

See also DEITY

SEPTILE Ast. Sigil for the aspect of 51 degrees, 25 minutes, given by MEYER 1974: XX

SERAPHIM Ast. SUCHER 1975 appears to link the sigil for CAPRICORN $\bigvee f$ with the Sphere of the Seraphim, which are traditionally associated with the spheres beyond that of Saturn, most frequently with the stellatum, or with the zodiac.

See SPHERE OF SATURN

SESQUIQUADRATE Ast. The pure sigils for this aspect of 135 degrees are formed from the union of a 'square plus half a square', since the aspect relates to the addition of a pure SQUARE with a SEMI-SQUARE.

ZADKIEL 1849 ³⁶ D PEARCE 1879 55D

DE GIVRY 1931 DE VORE 1947

HADES 1967 (5) HONE 1951 [7]

SESQUIQUINTILE Ast. SIMMONITE 1890 imes

SETON See SPHERE

SETTING Ast. CROSLAND 1962 records the Greek sigil

SEVEN FORMS OF SPIRIT See CLAVIS and SEVEN METALS

SEVEN METALS Alc. GESSMANN 1906 gives a single sigil (for which LUEDY 1928 gives the variant), but the seven metals of alchemy are COPPER (see also VENUS), GOLD (see also SUN), IRON (see also MARS), LEAD (see also SATURN), QUICKSILVER (called also MERCURY), SILVER (see also MOON) and TIN (see also JUPITER). The most frequently used forms of the modern sigils for these metals (planets) are:

COPPER \$

GOLD ①

IRON O

LEAD 7

QUICKSILVER \$

SILVER C

TIN 2

See also CLAVIS

SEXES See ORIGIN

SEXTARIUS Alc. GESSMANN 1906 A Ew Je En Je

SEXTILE Ast. OMONT 1894 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition for this astrological aspect of 60 degrees:

KALENDAR 15C ++ SCALIGER 15C *

SIGILLIS 17C X

GESSMANN 1906

DE VORE 1947 *

SEXUAL ENERGY Occ. A sigil which is in fact a variant form for MARS is linked in an alchemical figure of the microcosm with the sexual parts, presumably to signify the earth-bound, or demonic, nature of the sexual energies, in VALENTINE 1645: \$\frac{1}{4}\$

In a similar manner, the sigil for the MOON is placed over the sexual parts in FLUDD 1617, the purpose being to link the sexual energies with the sublunar demonic forces:

SHEET Alc. A sigil which appears to be used to designate sheet or

leaf metals, given by GESSMANN 1906: 💆 🖅 🚞

- SIDUS FORTUNAE Ast. Sigil for the 24th of the mediaeval lunar mansions, which is called Al Sa'd al Su'ud in the Arabian system, given in MANSIONES 14C: $^{\circ}$
- SIDUS PARVUM Ast. The Sidus Parvum Lucis Magnae, sixth of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Han'ah in the Arabian system, given by MANSIONES 14C:
- SILEX Alc. SHELTON 17C gives \updownarrow whilst SCHEFFERS 1775 records the signiful $\overline{\mathbb{W}}$ for Terra Silices, and SHELTON 17C gives $\overset{\mathcal{O}}{\circ}$ for Silices usti but see BURNED PEBBLE and STONE

BERTHELOT 1885 records sigils from the Graeco-Byzantine astrological tradition: S C ALCHYMIA 1563 D X E C H S N WORLIDGE 1651 & Ty A D N Y E B 20

SILVER FILINGS Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition: \checkmark

SILVER LEAF Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition: \bigcirc GESSMANN 1906

SILVER MERCURY Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C Q
SHELTON 17C \(\frac{1}{2} \)

SILVER OIL Alc. SHELTON 17C J GESSMANN 1906)(

SILVER ORE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition:

SILVER SOLDER Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition: (

SILVER SPIRIT Alc. SHELTON 17C

SILVER SPLINT Alc. GESSMANN 1906 20See also SILVER FILINGS

 SKULL Alc. DIDEROT 1763 gives the following specifically for 'human skull': 2/
Sometimes CAPUT MORTHUM is confused with skull, though properly this

Sometimes CAPUT MORTUUM is confused with skull, though properly this is the undifferentiated residual powder at the end of an alchemical process, much as the skull is itself the undifferentiated remnant at the end of the alchemical process of life.

SKY Occ. BERTHELOT 1885 records two sigils from Greek alchemical texts which refer both to the physical sky as well as to the 'Heaven' as home of the Gods, the incorruptible domain in the Aristotelian sense:

SLOW HEAT AIC. SIGNA 17C A A A SOMMERHOFF 1701 A A A SCHNEIDER 1962 A A See GRADES OF FIRE

SMOKE AIC. SHELTON 17C | SIGNA 17C Y
SOMMERHOFF 1701 | P R
GESSMANN 1906 | KV

BERTHELOT 1885 gives a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition for smoke of in addition to one for aetherial smoke which may be related to the etheric phenomena of modern occultism:

SOAP Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 \diamondsuit VALENTINE 1671 \diamondsuit DIDEROT 1763 \bigstar GESSMANN 1906 \gimel

SODA AIC. DIDEROT 1763 211 12 = DALTON 1808

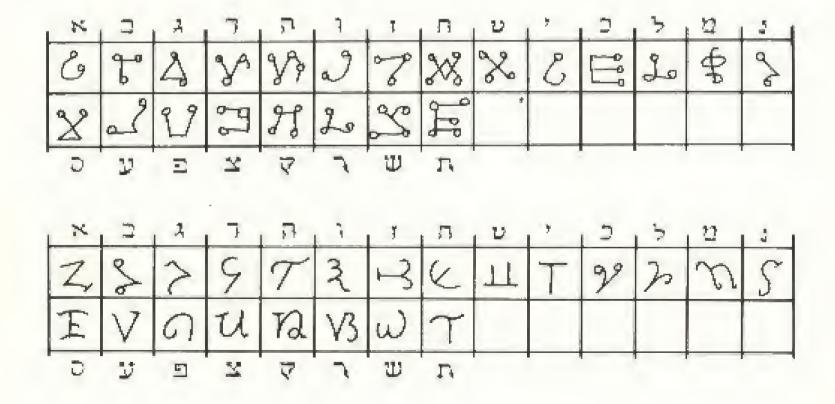
SOL See SUN

SOLAR Ast. OMONT 1894 records a sigil from the Greek astrological tradition: Solar But see also SUN.

SOLAR SYSTEM Ast. LEO 1914 gives the sigil which is said to symbolize 'both the centre and the circumference of the solar system'. From this sigil he derives the form of for light and dark (see LIGHT), which is unfortunately like the occult sigil for DEATH, from the Greek thanatos. But see also DEITY for a sigil derived from the theosophic tradition within which LEO 1914 worked.

SOL MERCURII Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C $\stackrel{\bigcirc}{+}$

SOLOMONIAN SCRIPT Alc. A number of secret scripts have been preserved in the occult tradition under this general name, of which the two below are given by VIGNERE 1586:



- SOLSTICES Occ. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the sigil of as representing the 'cross of the two equinoxes and the two solstices placed within the figure of the earth's path'.

 See also EQUINOX
- SOLUTIO Alc. The original connotation of resolving or setting free or dissolving appears to have stayed within certain alchemical contexts, but in a few cases the term is used of the power to release subjects from malignant magical influences. The following sigils are, however, almost certainly restricted to the earier alchemical meaning.

 ALCHEMY 1650 E ALCHEMICAL 17C SOMMERHOFF 1701 WWW P WWW.
- SCHNEIDER 1962 ~ FV FV FV See SOLUTIO.

A sigil recorded by GEHEIME 1788 is intended to designate the first part of the alchemical process of solve et coagulo: \bigoplus The second process is accorded the sigil: \bigoplus

SOOT ALC. GESSMANN 1906 2 53 4 2

SORATE Geo. Sigil supposed by HEYDON 1664 to be that for the 'geomantic spirit', the ruler of FORTUNA MINOR and FORTUNA MAJOR, but in fact a poor (reversed) copy of that given by AGRIPPA 1531 as ruling spirit of the Sun:

SORCERY See KALI YUGA.

SOUL Occ. LEO 1914 follows the hermetic tradition and links the sigil for the Moon D with the soul, as symbol of 'that which is neither wholly spiritual nor wholly material, but partakes of the nature of both, and is the connecting link between the spirit and the physical

body'. BONE 1951 follows in the same theosophic tradition, and gives the sigils \smile) relating to the astrological context. Sometimes the use of a sigil suggests that the denotation is in fact confused with the word SPIRIT, as for example in AUREUS 1613, who gives the form \rightleftharpoons for sulphur or soul. Within a strictly religious context, CHASSANT 1884 gives a short-form for the Latin anima, of mediaeval derivation: \circlearrowleft See also ANIMALIA and SPIRIT-SOUL.

SPANISH WINE Alc. DIDEROT 1763 🖽 👍

SPHERE Occ. A mediaeval short-form is recorded by CHASSANT 1884 for the Latin sphera, which does not refer to the body of the planet but to the spiritual area within its orbit: fpa

BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek astrological tradition, intended to refer to the celestial spheres in general: \$\int^{a\gamma}\$

As the entries under specific planets below indicate, it was usual for astrologers to use the sigils which we would now designate to the planetary bodies themselves to denote the spheres. However, ISIDORUS 12C gives the following forms which, since they stand outside the familiar planetary sigillic tradition, may be taken as symbolising the spheres which were in later cosmologies confused with the planets:

LUNA (MOON) \$\infty\$

MERCURIUS 😂

LUCIFER ('MORNING STAR' VENUS) - VESPER ('EVENING STAR') SOL (SUN) O

SETON (JUPITER) ==C=

SATURNUS (4)

CROSLAND 1962 records a general form, said to be mediaeval: (+)

SPHERE OF JUPITER Ast. In the mediaeval astrological system, this sphere is associated with the Dominions or Kyriotetes, linked with the idea of Virtue or Justice - but see the entry on SPHERE, above. Working from the mediaeval forms, BRAHE 1582 gives the planetary

- sigil ____ but any of the forms for JUPITER could theoretically be used to denote the sphere, as could the sigils for the INTELLIGENCIES who move the spheres, or the named ruler ZACHARIEL. But see also SPIRIT OF JUPITER.
- SPHERE OF MARS Ast. In the mediaeval astrological systems, this sphere is associated with the Virtues or Virtutes, the Dynamis of the Dionysian system. BRAHE 1582 gives a standard planetary sigil for the sphere of but any of the forms for MARS could be used in theory to denote the sphere, as could the sigils for the INTELLIGENCIES who move the spheres, or the named ruler SAMAEL. But see also SPIRIT OF MARS.
- SPHERE OF MERCURY Ast. In the mediaeval astrological system, this sphere is associated with the Archangels, the tutelary spirits of Nations. BRAHE 1582 gives the standard planetary sigil \$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\$ but any of the forms for MERCURY could theoretically be used to denote the sphere, as could the sigils for the INTELLIGENCIES who move the sphere, or the named rulers RAPHAEL, OPHIEL or Zadkiel. But see also SPIRIT OF MERCURY.
- SPHERE OF THE MOON Ast. In the mediaeval astrological system, this sphere is associated with the angels, the guardian spirits of individual human beings (though the word ANGEL is frequently used in a generic sense for all the different Orders of spiritual beings). BRAHE 1582 gives the standard lunar sigil (but any of the forms for the MOON could in theory be used to denote the sphere, as could the sigils for the INTELLIGENCIES who move the spheres, or the named ruler GABRIEL. In modern western occultism this sphere is called karmaloca, in esoteric Christianity, Purgatory. See also SPIRIT OF THE MOON.
- SPHERE OF SATURN Ast. In the mediaeval astrological system, this sphere is associated with the Thrones, the spiritual beings who mark the end of time. BRAHE 1582 gives the standard planetary signl $\frac{1}{2}$ but any of

the forms for SATURN could theoretically be used to denote the sphere, as could the sigils for the INTELLIGENCIES who move the spheres, or the named rulers CASSIEL or ORIPHIEL. But see also SPIRIT OF SATURN.

- SPHERE OF THE SUN Ast. In the mediaeval astrological system, this sphere is associated with the Powers or Exusiai, whose virtue is that of Prudence. BRAHE 1582 gives the standard modern solar sigil () but any of the forms used for SUN could theoretically be used, as could the sigils used for the INTELLIGENCIES who move the spheres, or the named ruler MICHAEL. But see also SPIRIT OF THE SUN.
- SPHERE OF VENUS Ast. In the mediaeval astrological systems, this sphere is associated with the Archai, those spiritual beings who rule over the Ages, and sometimes (as in the celestial system outlined by Dante) with the Principalities. BRAHE 1582 gives the standard planetary sigil Q but any of the forms for VENUS could theoretically be used, as could the sigils for the INTELLIGENCIES who move the spheres, or the named ruler ANAEL. But see also the two different sigils given under SPHERE, and see also SPIRIT OF VENUS.
- SPICA Ast. A late-mediaeval sigil for the binary alpha Virginis is given by AGRIPPA 1510, which is in fact a variant on the sigil given for the identical fixed star under the name ACHIMER: To For a study of the graphic nature of this later sigil, see MERCURY 1978. The fourteenth of the mediaeval lunar mansions is sometimes also called Spica, being the Al Simak of the Arabian astrological system, for which a sigil is given in MANSIONES 140: 'O'

AUREUS 1613 gives the sigil \$\overline{\text{Y}}\$ for 'Mercury or Spirit' in the triad of SOUL \$\overline{\text{C}}\$ (Sulphur), BODY \$\overline{\text{C}}\$ (Salt) \$\overline{\text{Q}}\$ and SPIRIT. In the series of sigils on the descending scale of the Golden Chain, HOMER 1723 gives the following sigils:

Incorporeal spirit of the vital world: \$\overline{\text{C}}\$

Acidic and corporeal spirit of the world: \$\overline{\text{C}}\$

Alkaline and corporeal spirit of the world: \$\overline{\text{C}}\$

See HOMER'S GOLDEN CHAIN and SPIRITUS MUNDI.

SCHEIBLE 1848 gives the sigil \$\overline{\text{C}}\$ for 'He conquers by way of the spirit'.

BLAVATSKY 1877 gives \$\overline{\text{C}}\$ as the true monad - but see also CROSS.

See CLAVIS and SPIRIT-SOUL.

- SPIRIT OF CANCER Mag. Numerous sigils exist, most of them of rather dubious importance. The following mediaeval forms are derived from TRITHEMIUS 1503: 1503
- SPIRIT OF CAPRICORN Mag. Numerous sigils exist, most of them of dubious importance. The following forms are derived from TRITHEMIUS 1503:

SPIRIT OF COPPER Alc. SHELTON 17C TO GESSMANN 1906 8
See also SPIRIT OF VENUS

SPIRIT OF GEMINI Ast. Numerous sigils exist, most of them of somewhat dubious importance. The following mediaeval forms are derived from TRITHEMIUS 1503: The same source gives three sigils for Ambriel, 'the angel of zodiacal Gemini':

SPIRIT OF GOLD Alc. SHELTON 17C $\frac{36}{5}$ GESSMANN 1906 $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{8}{5}$ See also SPIRIT OF THE SUN

SPIRIT OF IRON Alc. SHELTON 17C

SPIRIT OF JUPITER Mag. AGRIPPA 1531 gives a mediaeval sigil which has entered the mainstream of occult symbolism:

SPIRIT OF LEAD Alc. SHELTON 17C 5

SPIRIT OF LIBRA Mag. Numerous sigils exist, most of them of dubious importance. The following forms are derived from TRITHEMIUS 1503:

The same source gives two sigils for Zuriel, the angel of zodiacal Libra:

- SPIRIT OF MARS Mag. AGRIPPA 1531 gives a mediaeval sigil which has entered the mainstream of occult symbolism:

 See also SAMAEL and SPIRIT OF IRON
- SPIRIT OF MERCURY Mag. AGRIPPA 1531 records a mediaeval sigil which is not alchemical, but related to the magical form. Due to frequent copying, this has now become one of the main sigillic forms:

 GESSMANN 1906 See OPHIEL and RAPHAEL
- SPIRIT OF THE MOON Mag. AGRIPPA 1531 gives two mediaeval sigils which have entered the mainstream of occult symbolism: These have at times been wrongly copied, as for example in the forms given by RAPHAEL 1879:

 and such copies have become 'standard' forms. See also CABRIEL
- SPIRIT OF SAGITTARIUS Mag. Numerous sigils exist, most of them of dubious importance. The following mediaeval forms are derived from TRITHEMIUS 1503: (-++ c-)-c

 The same source gives two sigils for Adnachiel, the angel of zodiacal Sagittarius:
- SPIRIT OF SALT Mag. CARRICHTERUS 18C
- SPIRIT OF SATURN Mag. AGRIPPA 1531 gives a mediaeval sigil which has entered the mainstream of occult symbolism:

 See also AGIEL, ARATRON, CASSIEL, ORIPHIEL and SPIRIT OF LEAD
- SPIRIT OF SCORPIO Mag. Numerous sigils exist, most of them of dubious

SPIRIT OF SILVER Alc. SHELTON 17C X
See also SPIRIT OF THE MOON

SPIRIT OF SULPHUR Alc. CARRICHTERUS 18C 🚓

SPIRIT OF THE SUN Mag. AGRIPPA 1531 gives a mediaeval sigil which has entered the mainstream of occult symbolism: \(\sqrt{2} \)
See also MICHAEL, OCH and SPIRIT OF GOLD

SPIRIT OF TARTAR Alc. CARRICHTERUS 18C #

- SPIRIT OF TAURUS Mag. Numerous sigils exist, most of them of dubious importance. The following mediaeval forms are derived from TRITHEMIUS 1503:

 The same source gives three sigils for Asmodel, in the guise of the spirit of Taurus:
- SPIRIT OF TIN Mag. SHELTON 17C 2 7.

 GESSMANN 1906 4 1

 See also SPIRIT OF JUPITER.
- SPIRIT OF VENUS Mag. AGRIPPA 1531 gives a mediaeval sigil which has entered the mainstream of occult symbolism:

 See also ANAEL and SPIRIT OF COPPER
- SPIRIT OF VIRGO Mag. Numerous sigils exist, most of them of somewhat dubious importance. The following mediaeval forms are derived from TRITHEMIUS 1503:

 The same source gives four sigils for Hamliel, the angel of zodiacal

SPIRIT-SOUL Occ. SUCHER 1975 links the sigil South Isis imagery, along with the graphic ideas expressed in his sigils for SACRIFICE, and with the zodiacal forms for the sign Taurus: 'To the supreme spiritual "Sun" forces of Life are now added the Moon-like forces of cosmic-existence'. One takes from this the component sigil as representative of the Cosmic Soul, the sigil as representative of the cosmic spirit. The combined sigil is undoubtedly Rosicrucian in origin, however, though rarely found divorced from a complex setting, and rarely given a specific meaning, though see for example STEINER 1910, where it is accorded a different meaning.

See also AKASHYA and PLUTO

SPIRITUS MUNDI OCC. GESSMANN 1906 F See HOMER'S GOLDEN CHAIN
SPIRITUS PER ASCENSUM Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 See SPIRIT

SPIRITUS PER DESCENSUM Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 See SPIRIT

SPOONFUL Alc. DIDEROT 1763

SQUARE Ast. Sigils used for the square aspect of 90 degrees, as for

example in the Graeco-Byzantine form preserved by OMONT 1894: **D
KALANDAR 15C gives a mediaeval example:

See also QUADRATURE

STAGNATED Alc. GESSMANN 1906 Ø ©

The following fixed stars have been accorded individual sigils within the astrological tradition: ALDEBARAN, Algol (see CAPUT ALGOL), Algorab (ALA CORVI), ALPHECCA, Antares (see COR SCORPIONIS), Arcturus (ALTAMECH), CAPELLA, Deneb Algedi (CAUDA CAPRICORNI), PLEIADES, Polaris (see CAUDA URSAE), Procyon (see CANIS MINOR), REGULUS, Sirius (see CANIS MAJOR), SPICA and VULTUR CADENS.

STELLAR INFLUENCE Ast. SCHEIBLE 1848 🔨

STIBLUM See ANTIMONY

STONE Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 — VALENTINE 1671 N

SOMMERHOFF 1701 V P P F KIRCHER 1655

SCHEFFERS 1775 P

GESSMANN 1906 P V V

SHELTON 17C gives three sigils, though presumably each is related to a particular kind of stone: P O P

BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition relating to the plural 'stones' 11 derived from the Greek Lithos. See also LAPIS

STOPPING See LUTATION

STRATIFICATION Alc. DIDEROT 1763

STRENGTH ARCANUM Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this lith card of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic CAPH, and accords it a sigil which he describes as 'the pentagram described in the hexagram', for which he gives the version:

This is, of course, a hexagram within a hexagram, and the correct sigil should no doubt be:

STRONTIAN Alc. DALTON 1808

SUBLIMATE Alc. The following sigils are generally used for the nounal denotation:

ALCHEMICAL 17C

ALCHYMIA 1563

FRESNE 1688 = 50

SHELTON 17C \longrightarrow DIDEROT 1763 \Longrightarrow \Longrightarrow \Longrightarrow The following appear to be used for the verbal:

ALCHEMICAL 17C -2 12 1

253

SOMMERHOFF 1701 A L. R V V V X SOMMERHOFF 1763 & C X Y Y Y X SESSMANN 1906 X C X X Y Y

SUBLIMATED ARSENIC Alc. GESSMANN 1906 🗲 🛇 📜 🚞 —

SUBLIMATED CALAMINE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 VI VI

SUBLIMATED SULPHUR Alc. GESSMANN 1906

SUBLIMATED WINE ALC. ALCHEMICAL 17C $0 \rightarrow 0 + 0 \rightarrow 0$ (CESSMANN 1906 & 7)

SUBLIMATED ZINC OXIDE Alc. DIDEROT 1763

- SUBLIMATION Alc. MICHAELSPACHER 1616 gives the sigil next to the sign or constellation Libra, either to symbolise the alchemical process of sublimation, or (less likely) alchemical Roman vitriol.
- SUBSTANCE Occ. WELLING 1735 gives the sigil \diamondsuit to represent the tangible universe, the meeting of Fire and Water, the respective sigils for which are the opposing directions of the simple triangle, representing the upward striving of fire \triangle and the downward striving of water: ∇

SUCCEDENT Ast. DE VORE 1947

SUFFICIENT Alc. Short-form of Latin quantum sufficii, given by ALCHEMICAL 17C: 95

SUGAR AIC. SIGNA 17C 66
DIDEROT 1763 ©

gessmann 1906 🔀

SUGAR OF LEAD ALC. GESSMANN 1906 Z5

SULPHUR Alc. Very many sigils exist, of which those given below are merely the most common. CARBONELLI 1925 reproduces four of the most frequently used in post-mediaeval documents: $A \times A$ $A \times A$ BERTHELOT 1885 gives a few sigils from the Greek alchemical tradition for ordinary sulphur $A \times A$ $A \times A$ for unburned sulphur $A \times A$ and natural sulphur: $A \times A$ $A \times A$ A

SULPHUR NIGRUM ALC. CROLLIUS 1612 志

ALCHEMICAL 17C 志

DIDEROT 1763 全 上

SCHNEIDER 1962 会 子

See also BRIMSTONE

SULPHUROUS MATTER Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records two sigils from the Greek alchemical tradition: $\Box Q = -0.0$

SULPHUR PHILOSOPHORUM Occ. CROLLIUS 1612 \updownarrow CROLLIUS 1670 \bigstar SHELTON 17C \Leftrightarrow $\overset{\leftarrow}{\updownarrow}$

DIDEROT 1763 gives two variants for Sulphur of the Prophets: 🕺 🛕 SULPHUR TARTARI Alc. GESSMANN 1906 FR FR SULPHUR VIVUM Alc. VALENTINE 1671 Occ. ALCHEMY 1650 SUMMER SHELTON 17C * * GESSMANN 1906 X H X >(V KOCH 1930 ? SUN The common sigil used in modern times, the encircled dot ① was introduced during the Italian Renaissance (see SOLAR 1978) from the esoteric Christian tradition. Prior to that, in both alchemical and astrological texts the sun was symbolised by means of one or other of the Graeco-Byzantine sigils, most usually the which is presumably a derivative of the short-form helios. Graeco-Byzantine: NEUGEBAUER 1959 & ALCHYMICAL 14C C CONJURATION 14C 🔷 💠 RAGOR 1474 € ♦ 8 THESAURUS 14C On BERNARD 15C 🔿 🔆 BONATTI 15C & DOMORUM 15C LIBELLUS 15C 🔷 SIGNIFICATIONES 15C 🛇 SCOT 15C C> AGRIPPA 1510 FIRMICUS 1510 A AGRIPPA 1531 26 ALCHEMICAL 1555 来 OE SCALIGER 15C 🗘 💯 🚥 👉 ALCHEMICAL 17C A D b 3 ALCHEMICAL 1579 & RANDALL 1694 PLANETS 1617 SHELTON 17C @ # A f & DC SIGILIS 17C 4 SIBLY 1790 🔅 🏋 CARBONELLI 1925 (mediaeval) 🗁 🖔 🌶 LUEDY 1928 gives and also records a sigil from the Syrian

See also GOLD, a term used synonymously with Sun in many alchemical

See also MICHAEL, SORATH and SPIRIT OF THE SUN

astrological tradition: 8

SUN ARCANUM Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 19th arcanum of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic KOPH. Since the astrological associations of the card include the Sun and zodiacal Gemini, WIRTH 1927 gives the sigils the latter of which corresponds more to the iconography of the card than to any zodiacal tradition.

SUPERCELESTIAL SCRIPT Occ. One of the numerous alphabets from occult sources, given by RIVIERE 1938 alongside a Roman alphabet:

a	b	С	d	e	ſ	g	h,	i	j	k	1	m	n
X	2		9			09	97	3		2	29	2	Pa
20	٥	P	9	29	2	9			2		ماره		
O	p	q	1	S	l	1,1	V	W	X	У	Z		

If this alphabet is translated liberally back into its original Hebraic equivalent, then it will be seen to closely resemble the CELESTIAL SCRIPT used by occultists:

	×		1	7	,7.	1	1 1	П	υ	7	2	לן	22	1
	N	Z	9	0	97	9	oro	99	0	1	2	27	25	2
- 1					P		W							
٠	0	ע	F	3	V	7	Ψ	R		F				

See also HEBRAIC SCRIPT and SECRET SCRIPTS

SWASTIKA Occ. In her study of the ancient symbolic language,
BLAVATSKY 1888 says that 'few world symbols are more pregnant with
real occult meaning than the Swastika': In It represents the
four cardinal points, the Zenith and the Nadir, and is thus a SENARY,
and might reasonably be used as a sigil for the ZODIAC, if not for
the horoscope chart. The initiated may trace its form according to
BLAVATSKY 1888 'the relation of the Seen and the Unseen'. In the
Macrocosmic work it is called the 'Hammer of Creation' and 'refers to

the continual motion and revolution of the invisible Kosmos of Forces'. It points to the cycles of Time of the world's axes and their equatorial belts: 'the two lines forming the Swastica meaning Spirit and Matter, the four hooks suggesting the motion in the revolving cycles'. Applied to the Microcosm it depicts man between heaven and earth, the right hand being raised at the end of the horizontal arm, the left pointing to the Earth. It is, insists BLAVATSKY 1888, 'at one and the same time an Alchemical, Cosmogonical, Anthropological and Magical sign, with seven keys to its inner meaning'.

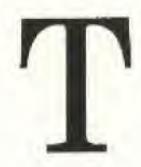
See also ORIGIN, WHEEL OF FORTUNE and WORLD ARCANUM

SWELLING Alc. Used in the sense of 'tumour'.

FRANCKLYN 1627 SHELTON 17C J

SYZYGY Ast. OMONT 1894 records a sigil from the Greek astrological tradition: ()

See Introduction, and also both FULL MOON and PREVIOUS SYZYGY.



TALC Alc. VALENTINE 1671 X SHELTON 17C X
DIDEROT 1763 家 会 CESSMANN 1906 夕 & 七十十 DIDEROT 1763

□ (1930 □ (19

TAO Occ. Name and sigil given by STEINER 1906 as 'the language of Nature': O This sigil is of course derived from the ANKE.

TAPHTHARTHARATH Geo. Supposed by HEYDON 1664 to be a geomantic spirit, ruler of Albus and Conjunctio: 🔫

Occ. Sigil and name given by STEINER 1906 and said by him to TAROK be 'known to the Initiates of the Egyptian Mysteries': See TAU.

TAROT Occ. The sigils used by WIRTH 1927 in connexion with his attempt to relate the Tarot arcana to the cabbalistic tradition are given under separate headings as follows: CHARIOT, DEATH ARCANUM, DEVIL ARCANUM, EMPEROR, EMPRESS, FOOL ARCANUM, HANGING MAN, HERMIT, HOUSE OF GOD, JUDGEMENT, JUGGLER, LADY POPE, LOVERS ARCANUM, MOON ARCANUM, POPE, STAR ARCANUM, STRENGTH ARCANUM, SUN ARCANUM, WHEEL OF FORTUNE, WORLD ARCANUM. See also HERMETIC TETRAD

TARTAR Alc. ALCHYMIA 1563 4° /
WORLINGE 1651 早餐 / 业 光 ALCHEMY 1650 %/ 己丙

TARTAR SALT ALC. GESSMANN 1906 A P & T > -

TAT Occ. An Egyptian hieroglyph, given in sigillic form by SHEPHERD 1971 as meaning myriad:

TAU Occ. Claimed by many scholars to be the earliest form of the CROSS, though BLAVATSKY 1877 traces its occult meaning to a combination of Greek letter and Arabic number, giving it as a 'symbol of life, and of life eternal: of earthly life, because (gamma) \(\) is the symbol of the Earth (Gaia), and of 'life eternal' because the figure 7 is the symbol of the same life linked with the divine life:

TESTA 1962 records some of the early Christian forms: $\mathcal{C} \subset \mathcal{T} \subset \mathcal{T}$ GETTINGS 1978 traces the use of the sigil in certain architectural and artistic forms: \bigcirc

BLAVATSKY 1888 derives the sigil from the Tau, perhaps in error, and calls it the 'Astronomical Cross of Egypt'.

The Tau is also the 22nd letter of the Hebraic alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT), and many derivatives have been given for the letter within the tradition of secret alphabets - notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675:

WIRTH 1927 equates the card and letter form with the FOOL ARCANUM of the Tarot pack, and traces the graphic forms \times \times \uparrow \uparrow back to the idea of CROSS. As JENSEN 1970 shows, the Tau may be traced back to an Egyptian hieroglyphic with the pictorial value of the 'sign of Life', the Egyptian ANKH:

TAURUS Ast. Zodiacal sign of the Bull. The printed version of the sigil is derived from the late-mediaeval manuscript tradition, which links with one of the forms used in the Graeco-Byzantine - see as example, HYGINUS 1482:

The form is said by AGRIPPA 1531 to be based on the shape of the bull, horns, but the derivation from the earlier tradition would appear to deny this: see for example GETTINGS 1978.

Ancient Egyptian: STOBART 2C SPIEGELBERG 1911 X

Graeco-Byzantine: OMONT 1894 7 NEUGEBAUER 1959 >-2 7

DIGBY 12C OVO

ASTRONOMICAL 1400 (2)

LEUPOLDI 14C TA

FIRMICUS 1499

SCHYNAGEL 1500 X

BONATTI 15C 3

SCOT 15C T W TT

BLUNDEVILLE 1594

PROWSSE 1,7C

SOMMERHOFF 1701 8

HADES 1969 🥰

NEUGEBAUER 1959 > 7 7 8

GRAMMATICA 13C 9 9 9 7 7 8

JANUA 14C 4 9 9 8

MANSIONIBUS 1482 0mg 8

LAMBECIUS 1500 9 8

ASTROLOGICAL 15C 9

QUADRANTIS 15C 17

AGRIPPA 1510 Co

MAGICI 17C

TRACTS 17C

WILCZKOWSKI 1947

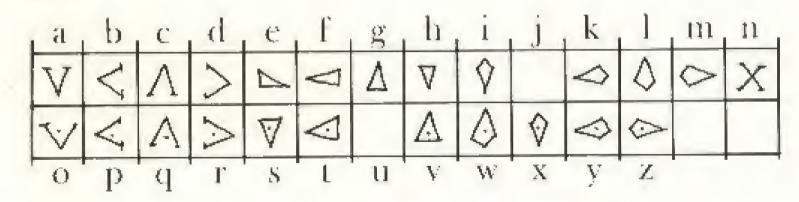
LUEDY 1928 records a sigil from the Syrian astrological tradition:
LEUPOLDI 14C gives the sigil of for the constellation Taurus,
while AGRIPPA 1510 gives the form:

TEJAS Occ. Sometimes called Taijas or Agni, this is the oriental equivalent of the FIRE element, associated with the Manipura or Navel chakra: A The sigil is said to be of a red colour, and is recorded by AVALON 1919.

TEMPERAMENTS Occ. The four so-called 'Hippocratic' or 'Gallenic' humours are the expression on the microcosmic plane of the working of the four ELEMENTS, as follows: AIR is associated with the Sanguine, EARTH with the Melancholic, FIRE with the Choleric, and WATER with the

Phlegmatic. In almost every case, these four temperaments are represented by sigils derived from those used to denote the four Elements, and the standard form of symbolism would therefore be: MELANCHOLIC 😽 🤝 SANGUINE A A = # CHOLERIC A A Zo 33 PHLEGMATIC V W The wide range of sigils associated with these elements may be used to denote the four aspects of the human temperament - for example, TRITHEMIUS 1503 gives sigils specifically for COLERA: 🛆 SANGUIS: PITULA (Phlegmatic): igtriangledown MELANCHOLIA: igoplus but these sigils are used in his earlier list for the ELEMENTS. GETTINGS 1965 records four groups of sigils for the chirognomical types, related to the four temperaments: FIRE (male): Z (female): Q AIR (male): Z(female): ♀ WATER (male): √ (female): √ EARTH (male): ♀ (female): + In a manuscript from Cotha (given in KLIBANSKY 1964) the following forms are found alongside images of the four temperaments as riders: CROLERIC: * SANGUINE: PHLEGMATIC: * and MELANCHOLIC:

TEMPLAR SCRIPT Occ. One of the SECRET SCRIPTS recorded by RIVIERE 1938:



TENTH HOUSE $A_{\rm St}$. OMONT 1894 records a sigil from the Graeco-Byzantine astrological tradition for the mesourania, the equivalent of the modern MIDHEAVEN: $\sim \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

TEREBINTH Alc. The various contexts would suggest that the sigil refers to the resin (or to the turpentine), rather than to the terebinth tree itself.

DIDEROT 1763 DV ER

GESSMANN 1906 SSS

- TERNARIUS OCC. GABELLA 1615, following DEE 1564 in some respects, gives two 'trinity' sigils. The first is related to the theory derived from the modern sigil for the SUN () which is pictured as the closing of the ternarius around the central point: }

 The second consists of two lines, in which the copula is presumed at their junction:

 DEE 1564 gives the TERNARY in a related form, as the sum of the two lines of the cross, meeting at the intersection (which is the third element):

 thus is the triad of body, soul and spirit.
- TERNARY Occ. In the ancient symbolic language discussed by BLAVATSKY 1888, the sigil \(\int \) is said to be 'the first of the geometrical figures', and it is accorded a complex esoteric interpretation relating to the triadic nature of the spiritual world: see for example TERNARIUS.

In the series of sigils given by CIRLOT 1962, as a logical graphic development, the 'neutral and successive' ternary is \triangle whilst \triangle is 'evolutive, since the vertical axis is the greater' and ∇ is 'involutive since it is inverted'. Such thought-out symbolism relating to the triad ultimately goes back to Boehme's use of the triangular sigils given in LAW 1772, relating to the cosmic struggle between the MEAKNESS \triangle and the WRATE: ∇ As indicated in LAW 1772, these unite to form the SEAL OF SOLOMON: ∇ See ARCHETYPES.

TERRA DAMNATA See CAPUT MORTUUM

TERRA LEMNTA AIC. SOMMERHOFF 1701 ∇ 11-7
SCHNEIDER 1962 $\overline{\Box}$

TERRA SIGILLATA ALBA Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 🚓 🕏 🛐

TERRESTRIAL Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Graecc-Byzantine alchemical tradition: \in

TEST Alc. It is likely that these sigils recorded by GESSMANN 1906 were intended as the equivalent of argumentum or proof in an alchemical operation:

for which many derivative forms have been given within the tradition of secret scripts, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675:
WIRTH 1927 equates Teth with the HERMIT card of the Tarot pack, and gives a graphic etymology for the letter (+) (+) (-) (-) (-) which he traces back to the idea of 'tree'.

TETRAD See HERMETIC TETRAD

TETRAGONUM Ast. OMONT 1.894 records the Greek sigil \square which denotes the equivalent in Greek astrology of the SQUARE aspect.

THEBAN SCRIPT Occ. One of the most famous of all SECRET SCRIPTS, recorded by AGRIPPA 1531:

a	b	C	d	e	f	g	h	i	j,	k	1	m	11
n	9	m	m	7	my	V	y	V		m	Z	3	Z
m	2	2	m	8	Y		9		Ju	m	m		
O	p	q	1	S	1.	ш	V	W	X	y	Z	1	

THIRD EYE Occ. Sigil given by BLAVATSKY 1888 as development of the sigil for RU, and (presumably) linked with the chakra between the eyebrows:

THIRD ROOT RACE See ORIGIN and MANIFESTATION

THOR'S HAMMER See ORIGIN

THREE See ARCHETYPES and TRINITY

- THREE AIRS Occ. Three separate sigils representing the 'three airs' are recorded in HERMETICUM 17C: 33 0 🙃
- THREE BAPTISMS Rel. Sigils derived from early Christian sources and recorded by TESTA 1962, as follows:

BAPTISM OF FIRE: > - \$

BAPTISM OF THE HOLY GHOST: Y

BAPTISM OF WATER:

- THREE EARTHS Occ. Sigils given in HERMETICUM 17C as the 'three earth sigils': $\capp2$ \leftrightarrow
- THREE FIRES Occ. Sigils given in HERMETICUM 17C as the 'three fire sigils':
- THREE PRINCIPLES Occ. STEINER 1906 gives three symbols by which in every age the 'three Divine principles have been represented in occultism' The is the First Logos, the Godhead, the is the Second Logos, or Macrocosm, while the is the Third Logos, or Microcosm. The connexion between these three are conceived as a creative relationship. The first Logos is the 'one primal source and centre of manifestation', and may be conceived as 'a life-begetting warmth' suffusing the whole universe by which the macrocosmic life is quickened and reflected in the creative activity of the human soul.
- THREE WATERS Occ. Sigils given in HERMETICUM 17C as the 'three water sigils': ∇ \bigcirc
- THREE WORLDS See ASTRAL WORLD, ELEMENTAL WORLD and WORLD OF INTELLIGENCE
- THRONES Ast. SUCHER 1975 links the sigil for Pisces # with the sphere of the Thrones, which is traditionally the sphere of SATURN. See also SPHERE OF SATURN.

TIGILLUM Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 F FRESNE 1688 Y
SCHNEIDER 1962 7 4 4 7 × 7 7 7 4
But see also CRUCIBLE and MELTING POT

TIME Occ. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from a number of Greek and Graeco-Byzantine manuscripts, almost certainly derived from the word Chronos: CHASSANT 1884 (mediaeval) to CROSLAND 1962 records the Greek form *

But see also GETTINGS 1968: *

See PRIMORDIAL CIRCLE

TIN Alc. Whilst the following sigils are given specifically for this metal, all the numerous sigils given under JUPITER may well be used to denote this metal, and the two terms are used synonymously by the alchemists.

TIN ASHES Alc. GESSMANN 1906

TINCTURE Alc. ALCHEMY 1650 T
ALCHEMICAL 17C A
SCHNEIDER 1962 T 5

TIN FILINGS Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 gives two sigils from the Graeco-Byzantine alchemical tradition: \mathcal{Z}

TIN LEAF Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Graeco-Byzantine alchemical tradition: $\sum_{i=1}^{\infty}$

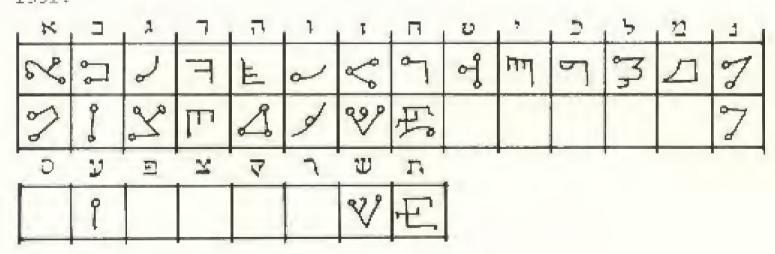
TIN ORE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Graeco-Byzantine alchemical tradition: $\frac{2}{5}$

TIN PLATE Alc. SHELTON 17C 27

- TIN SPIRIT Alc. The sigil recorded by GESSMANN 1906 has nothing in common with the sigils given under SPIRIT OF JUPITER, despite the cautionary note given under TIN above: $\frac{3}{1+1}$ Presumably this sigil relates to an essence or extract of the metal.
- TIRIEL Mag. Sigil For a spirit, said to be one of the angels of Mercury, given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter T in the secret writing called the 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':
- TOGETHER Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records two sigils from the Greek alchemical tradition: \bigvee \bigvee

TOPAZ Alc. SIGNA 170 D

TRANSITUS FLUVII Occ. One of the most famous of secret alphabets relating to the HEBRAIC SCRIPT, called in some occult texts Crossing the River, or Passing the River. The example given here is from BARTOLOZZI 1675, with two minor variations in that given by AGRIPPA 1531:



TRANSPLUTO Ast. HAWKINS 1976



TREBS Ast. Sigil for the twentieth of the mediaeval lunar mansions,

called Al Na'am in the Arabian system of manzils, recorded in MANSIONES 14C: ::

\equiv	$CH^T TEN$	虻	creative	strong	heaven		father
	K^TUN	沙华	receptive	yielding	earth		mother
	$CH\widehat{E}N$	震	arousing	inciting	thunder		first son
==	K'AN	块	abysmal.	dangerous	water		2nd son
三三	$K\widehat{E}N$	艮	keeping still	resting	mountain		3rd son
==	SUN	*	gentle	penetrating	wind]	lst.	daughter
	LI	建 在	clinging	light-giving	fire 2	2mcl	ßaughter
-	TUI	羌	joyous	joyful	lake B	3rd	daughter

See also YIN AND YANG

TRIGONUM Ast. OMONT 1894 records a Graeco-Byzantine sigil, the trigonum, which is the equivalent of the modern TRINE aspect: \triangle

TRINE Ast. Sigil for the astrological aspect of 120 degrees, derived from the earliest Graeco-Byzantine manuscript tradition (see TRIGONUM), given for example in KALENDAR 150:

LUCCA 17C gives the form

but this is rare.

TRINITY Ref. To judge from the numerous records, virtually any three-pointed sigil may be used to denote the idea of trinity, even though a specialist use might be intended by the particular form (see TRINE for example). The early Christian sigils recorded by TESTA 1962 include the forms:

VERARDI 1972 gives

whilst KOCH 1930 gives the forca and SHEPHERD 1971 gives the triquetra all of which are common in occult and esoteric sources.

See also TERNARIUS.

TRIPLE ALPHA See ALPHA.

TRIQUETRA See TRINITY.

TRISTITIA Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures, given by AGRIPPA 1531: A multitude of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) are used to denote the same four-fold arrangement.

Tristitia is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Earth, the planet Saturn, and the zodiacal sign Scorpio. The following sigils are derived from late-mediaeval sources, and are sometimes used to denote the planet Saturn, as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503.

AGRIPPA 1531 Fig. X Y

TRITURATE Alc. DIDEROT 1763

TRUE SALTPETRE Alc: WELLING 1735 proposes the following sigil, in his personal graphic system:

TSADE Occ. The 18th letter of the Hebrew alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT) for which many derivative forms are given within the tradition of secret scripts, notably those collected by BARTOLOZZI 1675: The first with the MOON ARCANUM of the Tarot pack, and traces the derivative forms of the letter that the letter to the Idea of 'javelin'. It is likely, however, that the letter

is derived from an Egyptian hieroglyphic with the pictorial value of 'countenance', which in the $\it Rierarchic\ script$ was written: $\it \Omega$

TURPENTINE See TEREBINTH

TURQUOISE Mag. SIGNA 170 (A)

TOTIA Alc. Generally, this is the name used for crude zinc oxide.

ALCHYMIA 1563 子 8 ALCHEMICAL 17c 夫 士

SHELTON 17C 本 大 中 中 C 中 中

ALCHEMICAL 17C gives the sigil 分 for tutia preparata.

SCHNEIDER 1962 gives the sigils 全 子 下 大 秦 Ecr tutia Alexandrina.

CARBONELLI 1925 共 LUEDY 1928 末

TWO BROTHERS Ast. SOMMERHOFF 1701, under the term duo Frates, gives three groups of sigils which are, astrologically speaking, representative of opposing polarities, but which are from the point of view of sigillic structure based on similarities of forms which have been reversed. These analyses of the three pairs are not provided by SOMMERHOFF 1701, but are given here by way of explanation:



ULCER Alc. FRANCKLYN 1627 🗸 SHELTON 17C 👡

UNBURNED SULPHUR Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 gives a sigil derived from the Graeco-Byzantine alchemical tradition:

UNCIA Alc. The alchemical OUNCE. SIGNA 17C $\frac{3}{2}$ CAPPELLI 1949 records a mediaeval short-form: To scanetder 1962 6 6 6 7 73 The half uncia is usually given: $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{2}$

- UNION Occ. Sigil given by GEHEIME 1785 derived from the idea of union attained through the alchemical process of solve et coagulo, though the sigil does appear to be used for the union of opposites, as for example in the union of male and female, Sun and Moon, Mars and Venus, and so on, as well as for the union of Sulphur and Mercury, so clearly indicated within the form of the sigil.
- UNITY Occ. Sigil given in HERMES 1613, with a multi-layer meaning, for such principles as Mercury of the Philosophers, the Materia Prima, and for the Mercury which is 'the beginning, purpose and end of the alchemical work':

 DEE 1564 intended his famous MONAD sigil to represent Unity.

CIRLOT 1962 gives a single dot . to represent 'unity, the origin'.

UNIVERSAL MERCURY Alc. WELLING 1735 proposes the sigil (2) as part of his theory of graphic symbolism.



UNIVERSE Occ. KIRCHER 1655 \ See DEITY

URANUS Ast. The modern sigil is generally explained as being derived from the initial letter of Herschel, as for example in HONE 1951: NHowever, already WILSON 1819 calls the planet Ouranos, and accords it the sigil: H and VARLEY 1828, who still calls it Herschel, and ascribes it rule over the zodiacal Aquarius, gives it a related form of sigil: The planet is still called Herschel in certain astrological texts. As with the other so-called 'modern' planets, the sigils used to denote this planet are highly personal ones, and more than often the result of confused thinking, or of somewhat specialist views of the nature of symbolism: for example, the author uses the sigil - which has, so far as he knows, never been published. LEO 1914 says that the sigil 'symbolises the unity of the three symbols (• will,) wisdom and + activity) on a higher grade than Mercury, of which it is the higher octave'. The following sigils are by far the most common.

WILSON 1819 IH PEARCE 1893 HL MODERN ASTROLOGY 1906){(THIERENS 1931 T EBERTIN 1950 O SHEPHERD 1971 H MEYER 1974 0C

PERSONAL 1980 +C

See also HERSCHEL

SIMMONITE 1890 ASTROLOGY 1917
NEROMAN 1937 RUDHYAR 1970 T PERRY 1971

URINAPHATON Mag. SCHEIBLE 1848 gives two sigils for this demonic being: ofo 2 to 1

URINE Alc. WORLIDGE 1651 gives the following sigils: \lozenge σ_{+}

UXOR ODORIFERA See SILVER



VABAM Mag. Name and sigil for this spirit given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letters U and V in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':

VALERIAN Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a Greek sigil:

VAFOUR Occ. BERTHELOT 1985 gives the Greek alchemical signil $-\frac{\Lambda}{\theta}$ — from a text which implies that this is a celestial vapour: see both SKY and CELESTIAL VAPOUR.

vapour bath Alc. diderot 1763 β β Gessmann 1906 \vee $\vee\beta$ β

suggesting the idea of 'opening' or 'entrance', then the significance of the link with both the LCVERS ARCANIM and with the Pythagorean sigil for 'choice' (suggested by WIRTH 1927) \text{Y} which relates to the form of the Mombite equivalent, becomes clear.

- VAYU Occ. An oriental equivalent of the European AIR element, associated with the Anahata or Heart chakra: X The sigil is recorded in a Western context by AVALON 1919, and is said to be smcky grey colour.
- VEGETABILIA Occ. The following sigils do not refer specifically to vegetative life, but to the concatenation of forces which through an invisible activity support vegetative life: thus, in terms of modern occultism, the term is approximately the equivalent of the ETHERIC.

 HOMER 1723

 But see also HOMER'S GOLDEN CHAIN.

VENEREAL DISEASE Occ. SHELTON 17C

VENTER ARIETIS Ast. The second of the mediaeval lunar mansions, called Al Butain in the Arabian astrological system, the sigil being preserved in MANSIONES 14C: 50

A sigil which has been employed in amuletic use, and associated with this mansion, is given by ABANO 1303:

VENTER GEMINORUM See SIDUS PARVUM

VENTER LEONIS See CAPILLUS

VENTER VIRGINIS Ast. A sigil given in ABANO 1303 was employed for amuletic purposes, and associated with the thirteen lunar mansions of the astrological tradition: 37.246

VENUS Ast. The modern sigil for this planet is derived ultimately

manuscript (see for example CONJURATION 14C), the printed version being found in HYGINUS 1482: AGRIPPA 1531 traces its form to the mirror, but DEE 1564 gives a construction from the Sun and the four elements. LEO 1914 says that the sigil A is 'symbol of Spirit triumphant over matter, circle over cross' (see HERMETIC TRIAD), though this largely contradicts the hermetic tradition which sees the Venusian impulse as essentially involving a descent into incarnation, an entanglement in matter (hence perhaps the esoteric significance of Agrippa's 'mirror'). When SOMMERHOFF 1701 wrote Venus Microcosmi sunt Renes, he had in mind that the 'renes' were the seat of human affections — a distinct link with the Venus Pudica of both the occult and the artistic tradition.

Egyptian demotic: NEUGEBAUER 1959 🤻 Graeco-Byzantine: BERTHELOT 1885 OMONT 1894 6 CONJURATION 14C 👤 MEDIAEVAL: RAGOR 1474 THESAURUS 14C 9 CANONES 15C DOMORUM 15C 3scот 15c ♀ LIBELLUS 15C SCALIGER 15C S 小方 SIGNIFICATIONES 15C AGRIPPA 1510 P SCHYNAGEL 1500 👤 DARIOT 1557 R GIUNTINI 1583 PLANETS 1617 P ALCHEMICAL 17C P 🕏 🞐 🖂 TABLE 1676 SHELTON 17c 9 @ 15 25 VALLEMONT 1707 C ** # ? \$ + 10EDY 1928 } \frac{1928}{1928} SOMMERHOFF 1701 天 早 冬 厂 SIBLY 1817 QDEUTSCHE 1961 CARBONELLI 1925 (mediaeval) CHASSANT 1884 gives a mediaeval form See also the sigils used by the alchemists for COPPER, a term which is

See also AMISSIO, HEXAGON, ORIGIN and SPHERE OF VENUS

synonymous for Venus.

VERCHIEL Mag. BRAHE 1582 gives several mediaeval characters for the 'angel of Leo':

HEYDON 1664 gives the same name as the genius of the geomantic Fortuna minor and Fortuna major, though the sigil he gives for this genius is probably related to that given for the ruling spirit of Leo by AGRIPPA 1531:

VERDIGRIS Alc. There is some confusion regarding the many sigils which have been preserved to denote verdigris, a confusion which probably stems from the variety of names by which the sigils are described or listed. The following are selected from the least dubious of the numerous sources.

VERMILION A/c. SHEPHERD 1971 gives the sigil $\frac{1}{2}$ but before the use of modern dye pigments, this was one of the names given to the pigment of CINNABAR.

VESPERUS See SPHERE

VESTA Ast. Symbol (perhaps) originally given by WILSON 1819 for a planet (actually an asteroid) in orbit between Mars and Jupiter: WILSON 1819 KOCH 1930 KOCH 1930 KOCH 1971 SHEPHERD 1971 SHEPHERD 1971 STATEMENS 1931 suggested of the significant for the 'planetary principle' of the Roman Vesta and the Greek Hestia, as the 'higher octave' of Mars.

VIA Geo. Sigil for one of the sixteen geomantic figures: A large number of variants (stars, dots, floral devices, etc.) is used to denote the same four-fold structure of the sigil. Via is linked by AGRIPPA 1531 with the element of Water, the planet Moon, and the zodiacal sign Leo. The following sigils are derived from late mediaeval sources, and are sometimes used to denote the Moon - as for example in TRITHEMIUS 1503 who gives (no doubt in copyist error), the form: Sample 1531 Sam

VINEGAR Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records several sigils from the Greek 3 · O · E alchemical tradition: TABLE 1676 SIGNA 17C 💥 🕂 VALENTINE 1671 🔀 🕂 🗧 SOMMERBOFF 1701 TO X & FT CAL X OR B & DIDEROT 1763 (*) Gessmann 1906 😾 🖺 🏵 VE 🗠 🕸 33 For three-fold distillated vinegar, the following sigils are given: VALENTINE 1671 X +++ SHELTON 17C + SOMMERHOFF 1701 SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the following for distilled vinegar: \mathcal{J} 群 新 % 42 × C × 全 水 中 SCHNEIDER 1962 records the sigil $\sqrt{\perp}$ for Acetum vini rubri, and vinum mortuum, WALTER 1970 gives two of the more simple sigils derived from the ancient Egyptian alchemical tradition: 5 ,0,

VIRGIN Occ. The 'cabbalistic' sigil for virginity is given by SHEPHERD 1971 but in regard to this sigil, see RU.

SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives the sigils for Virgin Earth.

GESSMANN 1906 gives for Virgin Wax: The zodiacal sign VIRGO is sometimes called Virgin.

VIRGIN EARTH See VIRGIN.

See VIRGIN and WAX. VIRGIN WAX

Ast. Zodiacal sign of the 'Virgin', the printed version of the sigil given by HYGINUS 1482, derived from the mediaeval manuscript tradition: My The sigil is said by AGRIPPA 1531 to be based on the shape of an ear of corn - the Spica carried in the arms of the constellation figure, but this suggestion is as unfounded as the suggestion of KIRCHER 1655 that it was derived from three ears of corn. ALLEN 1899 records the idea that the sigil is derived from the initials MV, for MARIA VIRGO, though an esoteric tradition derives the form from a legend concerning the Fall of Man (see GETTINGS 1978). BERLIN 42AD C 2 STOBART 2C 2 Egyptian demotic

SPIEGELBERG 1911

Graeco-Byzantine NEUGEBAUER 1959

DIGBY 12C Y MEDIAEVAL.

CONJURATION 14C 700

LEUPOLDT 14C

FIRMICUS 1499 ASTROLOGICAL 15C

QUADRANTIS 15C

TABLES 150 X

TRITHEMIUS 1503 TOP

AGRIPPA 1510

THURNEYSSER 1570

SIGILLIS 17C 📯

HOROSCOPE 1614

BELOT 1667

MAGICI 17C

FREHER 1717 YY

GENEIME 1785

CARRICHTERUS 18C

WILSON 1820

ASTRONOMICAL 1400 MC

JANUA 14C 9

MANSIONIBUS 1482

LAMBECTUS 1500

BONATTI 15C YM

RAWLINSON 15C Y

SCHYNAGEL 1500 Y

MESSAHALAH 1504

DARIOT 1557 Y

THURNEYSSER 1574 YOR

BLUNDEVILLE 1602

MEYDON 1650

LUCCA 17C

TRACTS 17C

WELLING 1735

GEHEIME 1788

PYTHAGORAS 18C

ZADKIEL 1835

POISSON 1891 TO WIRTH 1927
RUDHYAR 1970 MP
PERRY 1971

GESSMANN 1906 ME P NEROMAN 1937 MA NEERACHER 1967 MA

LUEDY 1928 records a signiful from the Syrian astrological tradition: 96 LEUPOLDI 14C gives the signiful for the constellation of Virgo.

See also SPIRIT OF VIRGO

VIRIDE AES See VERDIGRIS

VISHNU Occ. The occidental sigil for the element of WATER is linked by BLAVATSKY 1888 with Vishnu, the 'god of the moist principle and water (Narayana, or the moving Principle in Nara, water)' as an exoteric symbol:

VITRIOLIC ACID Alc. GEOFFROY 1718 > ()

DIDEROT 1763 ()

VITRIOLIC FLOWERS Alc. GESSMANN 1906

VITRIOLIC SALT Alc. GESSMANN 1906 T

- VITRUM Alc. Generally these sigils are applied to GLASS, and are accordingly listed under this heading, but within a specifically alchemical context the sigils may sometimes be applied to the idea of a 'glass vessel'. For vitrum (unspecified application) ALCHEMY 1650 gives the forms X XX sommerHoff 1701 T % 3 8 33 XX P 0 0 0
- VOLATILE Alc. GEOFFROY 1718 \wedge GESSMANN 1906 \wedge \wedge \wedge SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives \wedge \wedge for volatile and \ominus \vee for sal volatile.

VOLATILE ALKALI See AMMONIA

- VOLATILE SAL ALKALI Alc. GEOFFROY 1718 \bigcirc ^ DIDEROT 1763 \bigcirc ^ See also AMMONIA
- VULCAN Ast. The following sigil is given by THIERENS 1931 to symbolise the Roman Vulcanus and the Greek Hephaestos as planetary principles in astrological esotericism:
- VULTUR CADENS Ast. Mediaeval form for the sigil used to denote the fixed star the modern alpha Lyrae, sometimes called Vega, recorded in HERMETIS 13C:



FRANCKLYN 1627 X SHELTON 17C X gessmann 1906 🏏

Mag. Sigil and name for spirit given by HEYDON 1664 to WASSOGA represent the letter W in the secret writing called 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':

wash in Lye Alc. Gessmann 1906 55

WATER Occ. The majority of the following sigils were undoubtedly originally intended to denote the element of water, the principle of liquidity, rather than the specific liquid now expressed by the word.

BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition: 🗘 and one which, whilst appearing in the Greek forms, is probably

from the Egyptian: 🍣 ALCHEMY 1650 ∇

CROLLIUS 1670 V 4 ALCHEMICAL 17C V/21 XX

FRESNE 1688

SIGNA 17C 🖅 🗫 🚟

SOMMERHOFF 1701 S E AS V V J A S C. V C.

DIDEROT 1763 B B CARBONELLI 1925

CARBONE

DIDEROT 1763 🔄 🖔 GESSMANN 1906 👢

LUEDY 1928 gives in error:

WELLING 1735 records three specialised sigils, the first of which is

intended to show a 'reflection' of the higher spiritual forces (but in the same text, the sigil is used also to denote common destructive sulphur): The second sigil is said by WELLING 1735 to represent the 'invisible spiritual Water', that occult water which was supposed to have existed before the descent of Lucifer: 💟 The third sigil given by WELLING 1735 may be confused with other sigils, for example with one of the forms for ORPIMENT: Q. Among other rarities, OLIVER 1826 gives the sigil $\wedge \wedge \wedge \wedge$ as an 'Ancient Egyptian symbol' for elemental water. For common water, DIDEROT 1763 gives two variants 🏹 📮 1906 gives three $extstyle eta_{i}$ extstyle eta $extstyle eta_{i}$ as recording a sigil for hot water: For unsavoury water, GESSMANN 1906 gives the form: KOCH 1930 gives the sigil \bigcirc which may be wrongly copied from those given for the THREE WATERS. SHEPHERD 1971 gives one sigil of circa 1400: 🚣 and one sigil claimed to be cabbalistic: Besides the sigils listed for the special types of Water set out below, see also RAIN WATER and THREE WATERS.

WATER BAPTISM See THREE BAPTISMS.

WATER BATH Alc. GESSMANN 1906 gives the following sigils for the Balneum Mariae: MB B JTY 70 VY V L

WATER HAND Pal. In modern chirognomy, the sigil $\sqrt{2}$ is used to denote the male Water hand type, sometimes called the Sensitive hand, given in GETTINGS 1965. The female Water hand is accorded the sigil: $\sqrt{2}$

WATER OF LIFE Alc. VALENTINE 1671 \$\footnote{\chi}\$ \text{Alchemical 17C }\footnote{\chi}\$ \text{DIDEROT 1763 \$\langle \chi}\$ \text{Alchemical 1982 \$\footnote{\chi}\$ \text{EH Alchemical 1982 }\footnote{\chi}\$ \text{Alchemical 1982 }\footnote{\chi}\$ 1982

SOMMERHOFF 1701 gives various recipes, and the following sigils: 8 本

WATER OF MERCURY Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C

WATER TRIPLICITY Alc. Sigil recorded by (perhaps indeed devised by)

AGRIPPA 1510 to symbolise the three water signs of the zodiac (Cancer,

Scorpio and Pisces) of which the sigil is merely a rather obvious

amalgam: (Cancer)

Usually, in an astrological context, one of the common sigils for WATER

is used to represent the water triplicity, and DE VORE 1947 (for

example) gives the form:

- WAXING AND WANING MOON Ast. Sigil given (perhaps originated) by KOCH 1930 in his somewhat personal collection of sigils:
- WEEK Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 records a mediaeval graphic system in which ONE WEEK is TWO WEEKS \(\sumeq \overline{\gamma} \) THREE WEEKS \(\sumeq \overline{\gamma} \) and FOUR WEEKS: \(\sumeq \overline{\gamma} \)

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES For alchemical weights and measures, see page 320.

WHEEL OF FORTUNE Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this loth card of the Tarot pack to the Hebraic JOD, and accords it the sigils \lesssim \Leftrightarrow the first of which is the SWASTIKA, the last two of which are claimed to represent the number 10, and are thus related to the symbolism of the DECADE.

WHITE ALC. BERTHELOT 1885 records the sigil 👭 from the Greek

alchemical tradition. For the European forms, see ALBUM

WHITE AMBER Alc. SHELTON 170 5%
GESSMANN 1906 BS B B+

WHITE BOLE AIC. GESSMANN 1906 AB AB

WHITE COAGULATE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records the sigil \sqrt{f} from the Greek alchemical tradition.

WHITE CORAL Alc. SHELTON 17C

WHITE LEAD AIC. ALCHEMICAL 17C & SIGNA 17C & F

POISSON 1891 F

LUEDY 1928 L

SCHNEIDER 1962 F CFY R F

DIDEROT 1763 OF S GESSMANN 1906 HH - F KOCH 1930 HH +

WHITE OF EGG See ALBUMEN.

WHITE OXIDE OF ARSENIC See WHITE ARSENIC

WHITE VINEGAR Alc. DIDEROT 1763

WHITE VITRIOL Alc. ALCHEMY 1650 8 F

SOMMERHOFF 1701 F E E F F F F

DIDEROT 1763 F F F F F F F

GESSMANN 1906 7 A M F F F F F F

LUEDY 1928 P F F A A F F F

See also VITRIOL

white wine Alo. sommersoff 1701 太木 & U N 2

DIDEROT 1763 27 以

GESSMANN 1906 6 0 U 月

LUEDY 1928 月 SCHNEIDER 1962 以

But see also WINE

WICK Alc. DIDEROT 1763

GESSMANN 1906

WILL Occ. LEO 1914 gives the modern sigil for the SUN to symbolise the power of the human will: \odot

WIND FURNACE Alc. GESSMANN 1906 gives three sigils for the fornax portabilis:

WINE Alc. ALCHEMICAL 17C DIDEROT 1763 🗡 🏆 GESSMANN 1906 / F BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek tradition: CROSLAND 1962 records the Greek sigil for sweet wine: 9 SOMMERHOPF 1701 gives a number of variants, as follows: VINUM ADUSTUM XX (V) VINUM V + 3 VINUM ALBUM 2, N T 本 多 VINUM CIRCULATUM 👍 VINUM CORRECTUM VINUM COCTUM 👈 VINUM HIPPOCRATICUM VI VI VINUM EMETICUM \= VINUM MEDICATUM V VINUM LAXATIVUM 🗸 VINUM MORTUUM 🔘 👭 🤟 VINUM RUBRUM VR VINUM SUBLIMATUM A

WINTER OCC. ALCHEMY 1650 WC SHELTON 17C VVI SOMMERHOFF 1701 🎮 🙉

GESSMANN 1906

Occ. LEO 1914 gives the standard sigil for the MOON to symbolise human wisdom: 🔍 KOCH 1930 gives the sigil / which is perhaps wrongly derived from the sigil hermeticum.

WITHOUT WINE Alc. A sigil recorded by GESSMANN 1906 is no doubt a short-form for sine vino: V

WOOD Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701 A GESSMANN 1906 A CA & косн 1930

SCHNEIDER 1962 CA

WOOD ASHES ALC. GESSMANN 1906 Œ

WOOL Alc. SOMMERHOFF 1701

WORLD ARCANUM Occ. WIRTH 1927 relates this 21st card of the Tarot pack to the Rebrew letter SCHIN, and accords it the sigil of the CROSS, or the 'primitive tau'+ imes as well as the SWASTIKA: oxdotsSince the World card has within its design the four fixed signs of the zodiac, symbolised in the FOUR EVANGELISTS, a basic cross formation may indeed be said to underlie the design: however, this card is graphically the reverse of the HANGING MAN, and should perhaps be given the sigil: 🛖

WORLD OF INTELLIGENCE Occ. KIRCHER 1655 gives two related sigils for the Mundum Intelligibilem: 6 See THREE WORLDS

WOUND Alc. SHELTON 17C 💢 🤫

WRATH Occ. Sigil given by LAW 1772 in connexion with Boehme's occult system of symbolism \times which contrasts with MEAKNESS. A sigil which is the equivalent is derived from Boehme's One Globe () and stands in contrast to LIGHT:)

But see also EYF OF ETERNITY.

XYZ

YANG See YIN AND YANG

YELLOW Alc. LUEDY 1928 records the sigils $-\frac{1}{4}$ $+\frac{1}{4}$ $+\frac{1}{4}$ for yellow ochre. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition: $\frac{1}{4}$ CROSLAND 1962 records a Greek abbreviation: $\frac{1}{4}$

YELLOW AMBER Alc. GESSMANN 1906 gives a short-form, derived from the Latin succinium citrinum: SC = S YC

YELLOW ARSENIC Alc. GESSMANN 1906

YELLOW COAGULATE Alc. BERTHELOT 1885 records a sigil from the Greek alchemical tradition: \mathcal{E}

YELLOW ORPIMENT Alc. GESSMANN 1906

YELLOW WAX A.C. SOMMERSOFF 1701 SE - FFF SCHNEIDER 1962 AFF X TT See also WAX

- YIN AND YANG Occ. BLAVATSKY 1888 gives the sigils for yin and yang as verticals, but it is more usual for them to be expressed as horizontals, even in Chinese texts, and in the translation of the I CHING by WILHELM 1951: —— and —— In an ancient sigil called in Chinese t'ai chi, the yin and yang are united in a circle, as areas of 'dark' and 'light' respectively, each containing within itself a seedling element of the other, in the form of a small dot:

 The doctrine underlying these important polar opposites is extremely complex, but in simple terms, the yin is feminine, dark, lunar, hidden, passive and receptive: the yang is masculine, light, solar, external, active and penetrating. It is the interaction of these polarities which are figured in the series of eight TRIGRAMS which underlie the philosophy of the Hexagrammic sequence of the Chinese I Ching.
- YOLK OF EGG Alc. GESSMANN 1906 records several sigils, three of which are constructed around the capital letter V, from the latin vitellus:
- VSCHIEL Mag. Sigil for spirit (perhaps Yaschiel) given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter Y in the secret writing called the 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':
- ZAIN Occ. The 7th letter of the Hebrew alphabet (see HEBRAIC SCRIPT),

ZAZEL Geo. Sigil given by HEYDON 1664 for the geomentic spirit, ruler of Tristitia and Carcer:
A variant sigil is given by AGRIPPA 1531 for the ruling spirit of Saturn:

ZELAB Mag. Sigil for a spirit, given by HEYDON 1664 to represent the letter Z in the secret writing called the 'Alphabet of Angels and Genii':

ZODIAC Ast. PERSONAL 1980

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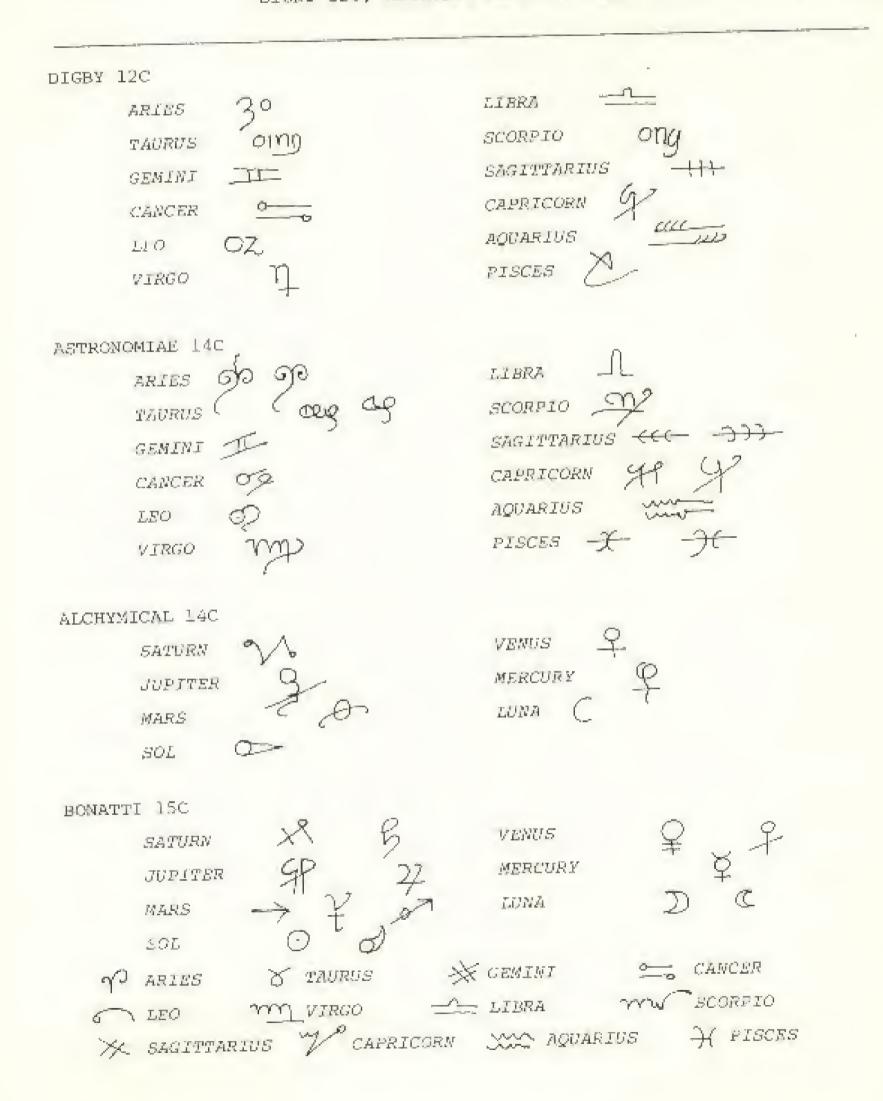
Appendices

The following appendices consist of selections of sigils designed to give a general view of the development of a number of important forms from mediaeval to modern times. A series of sigils from four mediaeval manuscripts may be compared with forms 'authorised' by the printing press in AGRIPPA 1531, through to the modern sigils of DEUTSCHE 1980. A selection of frequently used alchemical sigils from WORLIDGE 1651 are set alongside the neo-alchemical forms of BERGMANN 1785. Specialist derivatives and variants on all these sigils may be studied in the individual entries within the Dictionary.

The Appendices are:

- A selection of mediaeval astrological sigils from DIGBY 12C, ASTRONOMIAE 14C, ALCHYMICAL 14C & BONATTI 15C.
- 2. A late fifteenth century selection of sigils from AGRIPPA 1531.
- 3. A seventeenth century alchemical list from WORLIDGE 1651
- 4. A selection of early eighteenth century sigils from SOMMERHOFF 1701.
- 5. An eighteenth century nec-alchemical list from BERGMANN 1785.
- 6. Sigils considered 'standard' in modern astrology from WILSON 1819.
- 7. 'Standard' sigils in modern astrology from DEUTSCHE 1980.

A selection of mediaeval astrological sigils from DIGBY 12C, ASTRONOMINE 14C, ALCHYMICAL 14C & BONATTI 15C



A late fifteenth century selection of sigils from AGRIPPA 1531.

Y	Aries	Genius	of	Aries	od
8	Taurus	Genius	of	Taurus	3
TT	Gemini	Genius	ϕF	Gemini	220
<u> </u>	Cancer	Genius	of	Cancer	상
D	Leo	Genius	of	Leo	1/3
mp	Virgo	Genius	of	Virgo	\gg
	Libra	Genius	of	Libra	5-7-
W	Scorpio	Genius	of	Scorpio	4.00
\rightarrow	Sagittarius	Genius	of	Sagittari	ius 🔷
P	Capricorn	Genius	of	Capricorn	o J
***	Aquarius	Genius	of	Aquarius	Q
×	Pisces	Genius	of	Pisces	<u>6</u>
to	Saturn	Genius	of	Saturn	9
4	Jupiter	Genius	of	Japiter	
8	Mars	Genius	of	Mars	2
\odot	Sun	Genius	of	Sun	40
8	Venus	Genius	of	Venus	<u>C3</u>
文	Mercury	Genius	of	Mercury	5
a	Moon	Genius	of	Moon	ද ද
		Genius	of	Earth	20
		Genius	οĨ	Water	0
		Genius	of	Fire	09
aput /	Algol)	† -1			Pielades + 11 9 1
ldeba	ran 🎇				Hircus 200
njs M	major \$ +++	·C			Canis minor 449
or Lea	onis 🎞				Cauda ursae
la co:	rvi <u>} </u>)]			Spica

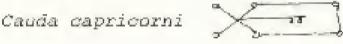
(APPENDIX 2 continued)

Alchameth -____

Elpheia

Cor Scorpi

Vultur cadens



Characters of Saturn: I. f. AVA X 3 W Characters of Jupiter: W 3 今 子 Z 平 N 工 帯 V Y J Characters of Mars: WALD JUSA ONLO Characters of Venus: 877 7 8 8

Characters of Mercury: 40% CL 3 3 Hr C/2 7 Characters of the Moon: X ()

GEOMANTIC CHARACTERS

Via:

Populus: 日 😝 🖯 🖯 Conjunctio: 日 日 💢 🛨 工 工 (1) ① Z 🛣 💯

Albus: 모 및 모 모 보

Amissio:由南义会义由此兴久点的

Puella: 今年中中女女

Fortuna major: 早 ♥ ♥ ♥ ♥ ♀ ¥

Fortuna minor: 古合 A A A 古古

Rubeus: 占 A B B B

Puer: ♦ + ♦ ♦ 4 4

Agnisitio: 中中X 冬 本 中 次 以 8 甲 @

Loetitia: 白白 A 白

Carcer: 中自中中中人

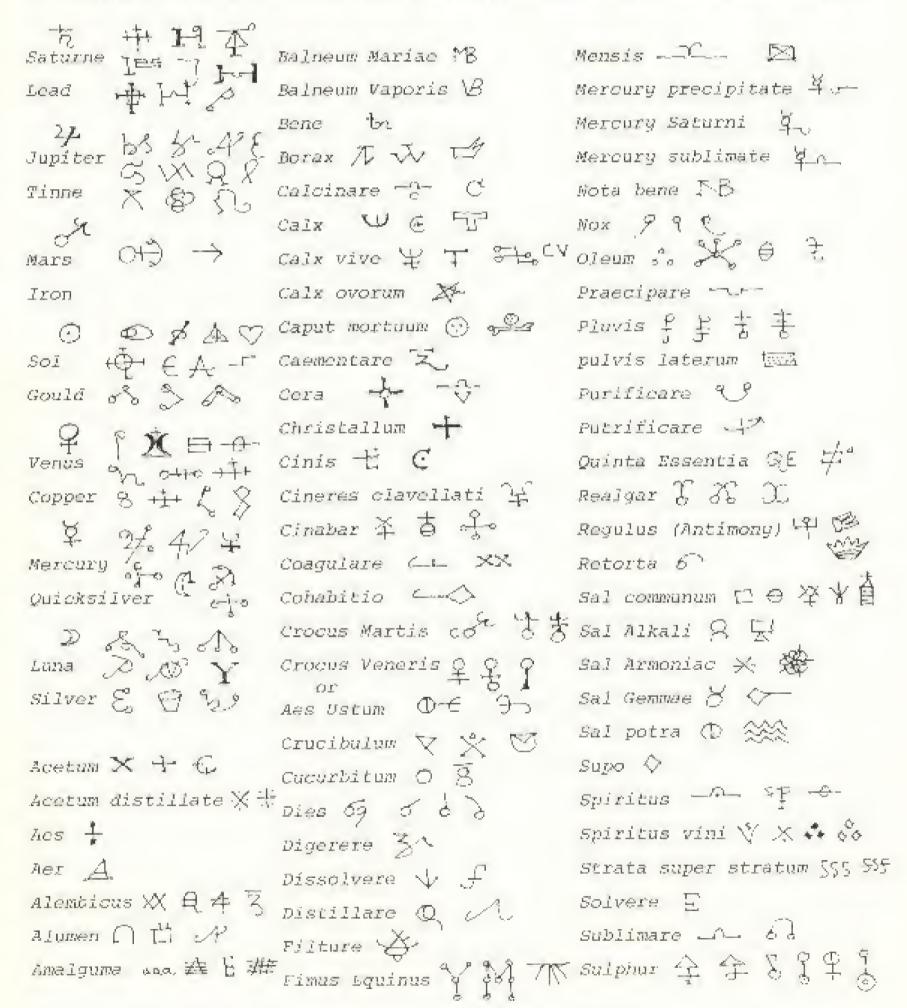
Tristitia: 早日 🛱 🛱 🤿 🤤

Caput draconis: F Y V V V

Cauda draconis: 土 大 太 A A

A seventeenth century alchemical list from WORLIDGE 1651

A Table of Chymicall & Philosophicall Charecters with their significations as they are usually found in Chymicall Authors both printed & manuscript.



(APPENDIX 3 continued)

Annus —er Flegma 🔀 Sulphur vive 🔑 Antimonium $\ddagger \diamondsuit$ Fluere \beth Sulphur Philosophorum 🛧 Aqua ∇ $\otimes \otimes$ Gumma f + fSulphur nigram 🕏 Tartar 早餐的八业光 Aqua Regis \heartsuit Ignis riangleAqua Vitae riangle riangle riangle Ignis rotae riangleSal Tartari Talcum $\overline{\Sigma}$ Arena ::: 4% Lapis Caliminaris 챗 Terra 🤝 Arsenicum - & & C Lapis -Tigillum F f C Hi Lutare N Tutia 💢 本 文 Lutum sapientiae LVI あ Vitriolum 中中中サオ Aurichaloum $\beta = \frac{\text{Magnes } 6}{\text{Marchsita}}$ Vitrum O- Q Viriãe aeris 🕀 Auripigmentum 🚓 🎞 Materia 🦯 Urina 🔗 🛷 Matrimonium &

A selection of early eighteenth century sigils from SOMMERHOFF 1701

FIRE A Z 3 ZO

EARTH V I D V T AIR A 可 公 会 丰 日 WATER V & 8 U L V V 围
TAURUS & V ARIES V V GEMINI II 🔀 II II CANCER 69 VIRGO MY MY MY AAA 150 V No 66 66 SCORPIO M TH M LIBRA === sagittarius imes \updownarrow \Rightarrow \bigstar AQUARIOS XXX XXXX PISCES DE)(💢 NIGHT O P 3 E W S DAY AND NIGHT & T I II WEEK \(\sum_{\text{.}}\) MONTH \boxtimes $\Omega \subset \Omega$ YEAR + 133 JUPITER J. FU ON F 4428 SATURN & TU Y 1x # F MARS of 2 F

ALCHEMICAL WEIGHTS & MEASURES

One librum to S IST X

Half a librum to S

One Uncia 3;

Half an uncia 3/3

Drachma 3;

Two drachma 3;

Scrupulus >;

Five scrupuli X

24 granae X

Manipulus M;

Pugillus P;

Half manipulus Mb;

An eighteenth century neo-alchemical list from BERGMANN 1785

ACIDS	ALKALIS
$+ \mathcal{D}_{L}$ vitriolic	Own pure fixed vegetable
+ ① nitrous	Own pure fixed mineral
+ G marine	On pure volatile
🔀 agua regia	
+ acid of Fluor	EARTHS
O+C arsenic	₽ pure ponderous
→ t borax	The pure calcareous lime
÷ ⊕ sugar	¥ p pure magnesia
+ 🛱 tartar	pure argillaceous
+ + sorrel	Ty pure siliceous
$+ \subset lemon$	
+ of benzoin	V water
+ 🔘 amber	A vital air
$+ \bigotimes sugar \ of \ milk$	phlogiston
4: acetous distillated	A matter of heat
+ milk	4. sulphur
+√~ ants	⊕ 4 saline hepar
+8 fat	Sy spirit of wine
七全 phosphorous	$e^{\frac{\pi}{c}}$ aether
+ Prussian blue	°, essential oil
Aerial	① unctuous oil
	METALLIC CALCES
	¥2 ⊙ gold ¥2 8 bismuth

# 0	gold	お兄	bismuth
¥ 200	platina	¥ ?	nickle
¥ D	silver	400	arsenic
字も	lead	48	cobalt
¥ 9	copper	平分	zinc
¥ 3	iron	平古	antimony
42	tin	平色	manganese

Sigils considered 'standard' in modern astrology from WILSON 1819

saturn h	venus Q	$_{PALLAS}$ \Leftrightarrow
JUPITER 2	MERCURY \$	ceres 7
MARS 3	THE MOON (<i>зино</i> 💆
THE SUN 🕥	URANUS H	VESTA 💆
ARIES O	TAURUS &	GEMINI II
CANCER O	LEO S	VIRGO MX
LIBRA 🕰	SCORPIO M	sagittarius \mathcal{I}
CAPRICORN VS	AQUARIUS XXX	$_{PISCES}$
SQUARE []	SEXTILE *	OPPOSÍTION 8
TRINE 🛆	сомлинстион в	
DRAGON'S HEAD	DRAGON'S TAIL &	PART OF FORTUNE

APPENDIX 7

'Standard' sigils in modern astrology from DEUTSCHE 1980

SATURN TO	VENUS 9	JUPITER 21
MERCURY \$\frac{\varphi}{2}\$	MARS 3	MOON 27
SUN ①	URANUS H	NEPTUNE Ψ
PLUTO U	DRAGON'S HEAD N	
ARIES Y	TAURUS 8	GEMINI I
CANCER O 6	LEO N	VIRGO MY
LIBRA =	SCORPIO M	sagittarius 🗸
CAPRICORN &	AQUARIUS \approx	PISCES)(

Index of Sigils

MY AIM IN CONSTRUCTING THIS INDEX has been to reduce a vast number of the more frequent sigils to a formal classification which will facilitate identification, and thus supplement in a useful way the entries within this Dictionary. Towards this end, I have reduced some 5,000 sigils to small distinctive groups on the basis of a two fold division. The first division is based on a count of strokes comprising the sigils - a division loosely allied to the character count favoured by the Chinese lexicography - whilst the second division is based upon salient 'recognition features' within the sigils themselves. By this two fold division a very large number of sigils has been reduced, by a fair graphic logic, to groups which may be presented in the space of approximately two pages - indeed, in most cases, within the space of one page only.

My first division is in terms of character strokes. The sigils have been divided according to the number of strokes (straight lines, curves, circles, and so on) which give them their distinctive forms. For example, the following three sigils are each different forms for MERCURY:

m ž ž

A simple count of the number of strokes underlying these three forms reveals each sigil to belong to a different primary class, thus:

mequals 1 つ つ which gives THREE STROKES

Quals し 0 1 ー which gives FOUR STROKES

Quals し 0 1 ー which gives FIVE STROKES

A curved loop is counted as THREE STROKES, on the grounds that it consists of an enclosure with two arms, thus: —

Because of this, a sigillic form for MERCURY such as — would be counted as consisting of FIVE STROKES, on the following basis:

पू equals ∪ O d→ which gives FIVE STROKES.

In practice, one must be careful to distinguish such a 'three stroke' loop from the form — which is in fact actually made up from two strokes, one being a straight line, the other a curve. Similarly, the 'three stroke' must be distinguished from the form — which is made up from the small circle and the curve, thus: 0

What may at first appear to be a somewhat complex matter, proves in fact to be very simple. Anyone who wishes to identify an unknown sigil, in order to find the relevant entry in the *Dictionary*, must first count the number of strokes from which the sigil is constructed. Suppose, for example, one wishes to seek the identity and meaning of the three sigils:

4 2 ====

The first occursists of the constituents: / / - 9

Accordingly, one would therefore seek the forms (and hence the identity) of each of these three sigils in the columns ranged under the prime class of FOUR STROKES.

By means of this prime division, only five groups are established.

It proved impracticable to extent the index beyond the limits of sigillic forms constructed from more than five strokes. However, the very large number of sigils included within such limitations require a further basis of division to make them manageable. I have accordingly adopted a subdivision based on salient recognition principles, which reduce these groups considerably.

An relates to OIL OF TARTAR

relates to LIME OF EGGSHELL
relates to SATURN

Within the respective entries of the *Dictionary*, further information relating to meaning, source, and so on, will be found.

This second basis of division, by salient recognition principles, has led to the following groupings, alongside which I give here two examples to help in identification of the class.

ONE STROKE

One line or point (page 331) · —

TWO STROKES

Two straight lines (page 322)
One straight line and one curved (page 333)
Both strokes curved (page 335)
Large circle and one stroke (page 338)
Small circle and one stroke (page 340)
O

THREE STROKES

THREE STROKES (continued)

One small circle plus one straight line (page 349)

One small circle plus two straight lines (page 350)

Three straight strokes forming enclosure (page 351)

Three straight lines forming open sigil (page 352)

Two straight lines, in cross or T, forming open sigil (p.354)

Two straight strokes, forming enclosure in sigil (page 355)

Two straight lines giving open sigil (page 356)

One straight and horizontal stroke(page 358)

One straight line at angle (page 361)

Curved, forming open sigil (page 362)

Curves with enclosure (page 363)

FOUR STROKES

Large circle enclosing lines (page 364)

Large circle with three straight lines (page 365)

Large circle with three lines (page 366)

Large circle with lines cutting circle (page 367)

Small circle with straight lines (page 368)

Small circle with one curved stroke (page 369)

Small circle with at least two curves (page 370)

Small circle isolated within sigil (page 371)

Two circles plus straight lines (page 372)

Two circles plus at least one curve (page 373)

FOUR STROKES (continued)

FIVE STROKES

Sigil incorporating large circle (page 389)

One large circle (page 391)

Small circle with straight strokes (page 392)

Small circle with at least one curved line (page 394)

Two small circles (page 396)

Three or more small circles (page 398)

Five straight lines forming triangular shape (page 399)

Five straight lines forming quadrilateral in sigil(page 401)

Five straight lines giving open sigil (page 402)

Five curves only (page 404)

FIVE STROKES (continued)

Four straight lines in sigil (page 405)

Three straight lines in sigil (page 407)

Two straight lines within sigil (page 409)

One straight line in sigil (page 410)

ONE STROKE - One line or point

*	ARCHETYPES	C	CRYSTAL	0	EGG
	UNITY		LEAD	_	ESSENCE
			I.IME		ETERNITY
_	LADY POPE				FIRE
	MATTER	6	RETORT		GENIUS OF WATER
	PASSIVE PRINC.				GREATER WORLD
		C	WATER		HERMETIC TETRAD
	WATER				INFINITY
		0	DUNG		MANIFESTATION
1	ACTIVE	1			MATERIA PRIMA
Į.	BODY ERECT	5	AMBRIEL		NIGHT
	JUGGLER				ONE
	ONE	کے	AMNIXIEL		OXYGEN
		0			PRIMAL POWER
1	PLANETARY S. (D)	>	SPIRIT OF GEMINI		SOLAR SYSTEM
J	THREELENI D. (D)	6	DETECT OF CEMENT		SUN SISTEM
	MERCURY	5	PLANETARY S. (C)		THREE AIRS
5	MERCHIEL	C	PLANETARI S. (C)		
-29		-			UNITY
4	HALF	\circ	MOON		VITRICL
			PHILOSOPEIC LEAD		
\cap	ALUM		SILVER	0	ALUM
Δ	ALUM	C	SOUL	0	ANTIMONY VITRUM
1 .	LIME OF EGGSHELL				
		9	DISTILLATION	5	ARSENIC
2	DISSOLVE		DUNG	-	CHARACTERS OF EL
			PLANETARY S. (C)		GUM
3	PLANETARY S. (S)				SAND
-		9	FIMUS EQUINUS		VENUS
a.	LEO		LEO		7 KW-1 1
	SOAPSTONE			2	PLANETARY S. (S)
		G)	PURIFICATION	0	5 Thursday Co.
0	LEO		FORTI TURITUR	2	VITRIOL
10	MEG	0	TEO	6	VIIKIOH
\bigcirc	, CAPUT	9/	Dec	^	LABIC
0		-1	CUDICH	1	LAPIS
	LEO	\circ	CHRIST	1	G117.7.11
0	1.00	00		0	CHALK
~ 0	LEO	100	SATURN	_	
				(CHALK
\circ	SOUL		ABYSS		
			AIR		LADY FOPE
\bigcirc	PURIFY		AKASHYA		
			ALUM		EARTH
J S	ARIES		ANTIMONY VITRUM		
			BLOODSTONE		
2/	SUMMER		CUCURBITA		
V	SUMMER		CUCURBITA CUPELLA		

TWO STROKES - Two straight lines

	ARIES	X	EARTH	V	ELEMENTAL WORLD
•	MARCASITE	/\	QUATERNARY	1	SESQUIQUINTILE
	OIL OF TARTAR		SALTPETRE		~ ~ ~
	PLANETARY S. (C)		SULPHUR		AIR
	TARTAR		TALC		
			TAURUS	1.5	LADY POPE
	CREATION		VINEGAR		
	CROSS		VITRUM	+	WHITE LEAD
	MARS		WORLD ARCANUM	•	
	SALTPETRE				
	TAU	×	WINE		
	TINCTURE	,			
		}	UNCIA		
	QUINCUNX		A Tanah I a		
	PLANETARY S. (C)	T	ANGULAR		
/	AQUA FORTIS	7	CADENT		
774.00	23/241 23/23/23/2		IRON		
1	- AURICHALCUM		PLUTO		
1	CHAOS		PLUTO-LOWELL		
	CROSS		SEMI-SQUARE		
	CRUCIBLE				
	DISTILLATION		SLOW HEAT		
	ELEMENTS				
	EUCHARIST		INTEGRITY		
	FALL OF MAN	_			
	FOUR ELEMENTS	>	FIRE		
	HERMETIC TETRAD	-			
	MANIFESTATION	/	EGGSHELL		
	MATERIAL WORLD				
	OCTONARY /		CHARACTERS OF EL.		
	ORPIMENT				
	QUATERNARY	7	CRUCIBLE		
	TERNARIUS	ſ	MELTING POT		
	VINEGAR		OIL OF TARTAR		
	VITRIOL		VITRIOL		
	WORLD ARCANUM		WHITE VITRIOL		
4	Fornce	1	P.C. C. C. L. L. L.		
	CROSS	1	EGGSHELL		
9	cross		SEMI-SQUARE		
7.	- CROSS	1	SEMI-SQUARE		
	CHARACTERS OF EL.		PEWI-PÄONYE		
	Commercials of En.		PLANETARY S. (D)		
_	✓ AIR		richipgent a. $\langle D \rangle$		
1	CHRIST	1	PHLEGMA		
	CROSS	Τ	F CHILDREN		
	CRUCTBLE	V	SKILLET		
	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	/			

TWO STROKES - One straight line and one curved

7	INFUSION	9	ANTIMONY PLANETARY S. (D)	7	PLANETARY S. (D)
Y	CALX			7	AES USTUM
li I	CROSS SMOKE	D	AQUA FORTIS	2	ANTIMONY
	DMORE	0	BOLE		MINITERIORI
W	AMNIXIEL	1	BODE		PLANETARY S. (D)
	CALX	11	GEMINI		
	CALX METALLORUM	-1	VITRIOL	\Box	BOILER
		10			ETERNAL DARK
4	CALX METALLORUM	-	FIRST		PLANETARY S. (D)
4	STIPLE TO LETTE	u.	3 T 5 D DOWN!		PLANETARY S. (S)
111	SILVER	D	ALABROTH		SALT
4	LEAD	1	MOON		SWIII
4	SALT	1.1	T. Tarana	9	LEO
		1	URINE)	
(MARS	61		3	CEMENT
Ţ	MOON	6	CALX		
_		_	CROCUS MARTIS	C	CALCINATE
4	CRYSTAL			_	Car have a second
1	FYSRIS) -	AES USTUM	5	SPIRIT
7	LEAD		CROCUS VENERIS FURNACE	0.5	CAPRICORN
h	SP TURN		VENUS		CAPUT
/	TARTAR		VEROB		
		-	CINDERS	Ţ	PLANETARY S. (C)
- 12	SATURN			O	
i.		->	SILVER	1	CUPELLA
k 2	SATURN		Sin a const		
2	DI ENDONE II (21))	MERCURY	1	SPIRIT OF SCORPIC
\subset \downarrow	PLANETARY S. (C)	\sim	MOON	~7	METAL
d	CINNABAR	7	710004	ال.	Mitan
\$	CROCUS	70	CAPRICORN	\rightarrow	MOON
	MERCURY			-1	SCRUPULUS
	SAFFRON PLOWER	-6	DISSOLVE	-	
	SALT		PLANETARY S. (C)	-	PISCES
	WEITE ARSENIC		0.012.7		0030 00010
	OBDARTUR DOTEMAY	1	SUN	\leq	SOAPSTONE
1 1	CREATIVE POTENCY	_	PLANETARY S. (C))	CALCINATED TARTAL
P	ONE	and the same	TIMESTAL TARRET OF COL		CALL THAT I
7	ONE RU	1	RETORT		
P	ONE RU SATURN	7	RETORT	£\>	PLANETARY S. (C)
P	RU	<i>J</i> +	RETORT PLANETARY S. (D)	+>	PLANETARY S. (C)
P P	RU	<i>J</i>		2 2	PLANETARY S. (C) CANCER
2 4 9	RU SATURN PUGILLUM	J +		2 21 0	CANCER
P P P	RU SATURN	J (4	PLANETARY S. (D)		

TWO STROKES - One straight line and one curved (continued)

<u>~</u>	CANCER	1	CALCINATED TARTAR
9	PLANETARY S. (C)	40	PLANETARY S. (S)
4	ARIES	X	ELECTRUM
V	CROCUS VENERIS	3	SALT
V	QUICKLIME	CA	CALCINATE
\subset	TUTIA		SULPHUR
S	PLANETARY S. (S)		SPOONFUL
8	SILVER PAINT	7	CALX CHYMICUS
Z	IRON	Ya	CAPRICORN
4	SILVER PAINT	8	NIGHT
10	ROMAN VITRIOL		HISMAEL
J	HISMAEL	\ \	PISCES
1	PLANETARY S. (D)	CX	DISTILLATION
1	CINNABAR	2 OZ	BRONZE
8	MARS	O/C	CRUDE METAL
5	MERCURY	A	PURIFICATION
G	CROCUS MARTIS	S	PURIFY
et	PLANETARY S. (S)	6	DRACHMA
X	CRYSTAL	B	ARSENIC
5	PLANETARY S. (D)	\bigcirc	SALTPETRE
N	DRY	Ą	CAUDA
S	COPPER		
5	HASMODAI		
\2	SALTPETRE		

P.		U (Maria 6)
SPIRIT OF TAURUS	E PLANETARY S (D) REDUCTION	PLANETARY S (C.)
2) CAPRICORN	SILVER TIN	C/ LEO
) 2 REDUCTION	431	2. LEO
SALTPETRE	E / GRAIN	6 TEO
2		S CALCINATED TARTAL
WINE	E 9 QUINTESSENCE	<u> </u>
A	REDUCTION	G & ALDM
SAVIOUR	E. In harmonia in the	Ö = ======
2, WHITE WINE	FLANETARY S. (S)	AJTJ ALBUM
~ WILLE WINE	E PLANETARY S. (C)	Quirgo
2) CALCINATE	C 111111111111111111111111111111111111	- Z INOS
	PLANETARY S. (C)	SILVER
SCRUPULUS	-	0
	S LIXIVIUM	TAURUS
→ BQUINOX	0	
FIRE	3 SAL GEMMA	PLANETARY S. (S)
O SPIRIT OF VIRGO	PLANETARY S. (C)	O PLANETARY S. (D)
10 SFIRIT OF VINGO	J PLANETARY S. (d)	UC PLANETARY S. (D)
V OIL OF TARTAR	0	/// SCORPIO
RED SULPHUR	PLUTO	
		CO) LEAD
V ARIES	STEVER	C)
CREATION		PLANETARY S (D)
CROSS	○ RU	O
HAMALIEL JUPITER	C LIGHT	d LEO
MELTING POT	MOON	2 CAPRICORN
MERCURY		\sim
MONTH	VIRGIN	2 , SCAPSTONE
1	4.0	
No Jason	M LAPIS	ALUM
∠ BOLE]] LAPIS	2_ DISTILLATION HOUR
O BORAX	b LAPIS	JUPITER
4	γ PLANETARY S. (C)	0
A VOLATILE	PLANETARY S. (S)	C) PLANETARY S. (C)
	VITRICI.	J
DELANETARY S. (S)	6	EVE
	n Hasmodai	MUTABILITY
ω OMEGA	6 LEAD	L. L. DITTON
E MOON	i) LEND	O PLUTO
٠ ١٠٠٠٠١	6 HALF-DRAGMA	ASBESTOS
E PLANETARY S. (C)	7	

TWO STROKES - Both strokes curved (continued)

0	SILVER	96	PISCES	5	COPPER
0	SILVER		REALGAR SILVER	0	LEO
-				J	
C	ASHES	I	ALUMEN PLUMEUM	3	MARS
	CINDERS		DUST	-	
	MOON		PISCES	G	DROP
	ORPIMENT		POUND	J	FLUX
03	MARS		POWDER SOAPSTONE		MOON
1	1-hearter)		SOMPSTONE	~	CAPRICORN
.)	SCRUPULUS	53	ALUM	7,	GEMINI
		2	BORAX		CHAILT
75	ALUM		CINNABAR	E	SALT
-	CAUDA		FEMALE	·t-	
	PURIFICATION		FORM	G	SILVER
	SPIRIT OF LEG		MOON	5	
	TARTAR		MOON INCREASING	_	NIGHT
0 3			MOONRISE		
(2)	ALUM		QUICKSILVER	0	GENIUS OF FIRE
1	FIX		SOUL		CDADE
) 3	r rv		TOPAZ	5	GRADE SAND CUPEL
-	AES USTUM	m	ARSENIC		TIGILLUM
0	CROCUS VENERIS	(C	BORAX		TIGIDAGIS
			MATTER	5	LEO
9	PISCES		MOON		
r ,	TIN		MOON DECREASING	\mathcal{L}	LEO
			SILVER		
X	DECOCTION		WISDOM	Ч	LEÓ
	GRAIN		* for a co	ال	
	PISCES	9	APAS	9	PLANETARY S. (C)
K	EBULLITION		GOLD MOON	~ · ·	CICII
J (EDOLLI I I I I I		PEILOSOPHER	5	SIGIL
\mathcal{X}	CALX METALLORUM		SEXUAL ENERGY	13	OUNCE
-/_	CAPRICORN		SILVER	0	7,4401
	HANAEL		WATER	CH	PLANETARY S. (C)
	MATERIA PRIMA			C.	
	MOON	A	WATER		
	PISCES			0	
	PLANETARY S. (D)	PHER	PHOSPHORUS	de	PLANETARY S. (C)
	QUICKSTLVER	0		0.0	
	REALGAR SAL ALKALI	. W	CHARACTERS OF EL.	J.	PUGILLUM
	WARM	. 04	PLANETARY S. (C)		DOLE
	105 4474 4	ON	TEMPETARE S. (C)	CL	SOLE
DC	PULVERISE	11.	COAGULATE	.2	PUGILLUM
<i>a</i>				0	and the translated for the de-

TWO STROKES - Both strokes curved (continued)

0	LEAD PUGILLUM	1	DISTILLATION
	SILVER	E	HOUR
P	CALX METALLORUM	Cl	KEDEMEL
17	AÏR	C_{3}	KEDEMEL
P	CALCINATED ALUM	13	HALF
2	POUND	A	SALT
Y	MARS	6	TAURUS
\sim	CAPRICORN	3	SATURN
2	MELTING FOT	B	SUN
w	SOAPSTONE		
5	CANCER		
6	CANCER		
J	PLANETARY S. (S)		
5	TAURUS		
7	TAURUS TIGILLUM		
X	SAL TARTARI		
\propto	CALX QUICKLIME		
G	SULPHUR		
8	GLASS VITRUM		
α	FIRE		
D	RECEIVER		
8	POPULUS		
C	SAL ALKALI		

TWO STROKES - Large circle and one stroke

\ominus	SALT	-0-	ORPIMENT	0	GLASS
			REVERBERATIO	_	OIL
-0	OLIVE OIL		SAL GEMMA		OIL DISTIBLATE
			SALT		OIL OF TARTAR
Θ	AHENUM		SALTPETRE		SALT
	AIR		SANDARAC		
	ALCALICUS		SPIRIT OF WINE		
	EARTH		SULPHUR	(3)	CINNABAR
	ELEMENTS				
	HOLY DEITY	\sim	GLASS	(0)	ALUM
	I,IGHT				
	Z.13.1TH	(T)	ALUM	$\succ \prec$	MARCASITE
	MANIFESTATION		SPIRIT		TAURUS
	MOTHER NATURE				111011110
	MOTION	(2)	MCTION	L.	BORAX
	PLUTO		TIME TOTAL	0	IRON FILINGS
	SALT	d	PASTE		LUNA FIXA
	SILVER	X			
			QUICKSILVER		SAL GEMMA
	SPIRIT	_	C 1 1 TOTA COORS ED		
	THREE EARTHS	\bigcirc	SALTPETRE	8	SALT
5			STAGNATED		TAURUS
0	VERDIGRIS		VITRUM	\ \ \ \	
				O	MURIEL
\oplus	ACIDUS	0	ALBUMEN		
	AZOTE		CINNABAR	OC	GOLD
	DIDO		COSMOS		POTASH
	MALE ELEMENT		ESSENCE	, minus	
	ORIGIN		EYE OF GOD	\mathcal{Q}	SAL ALKALI
	POTASSIUM NITRATE		HYDROGEN		
	SALSITER		INFINITY	-0	CANCER
	SALTPETRE		JUGGLER	1	
	SPIRIT		MALE	4	SUN
	THREE WATERS		MANIFESTATION		
			PERFECTION	6	ALUM
0	FLOWERS OF BRASS		POTABLE GOLD	Chr	SOAPSTONE
4			PRIMAL POWER		
(1)	IRON		SUN	05	SALT
			SUN ARCANUM	and a	-,
1	MARCASITE		THREE PRINCIPLES	0	SOAPSTONE
4	SALTPETRE		ETECHNIC PROTECT	00	Contract to Contract
	VITRIOL	(3)	DEATH		ALKALI
	V 1 1111011	0	OBIIT	Q	AQUA REGIS
0	CNOKE		ODILL	\circ	
1	SMOKE		COOLDD		BORAX
1	CUINI	\odot	DECADE		CASSIEL
Φ	SUN				CINNABAR
	BORAY	(0)	ALBUMEN		COPPER
			CIRCULUS DUPLEX		CRYSTALLISED V
0	EARTH		COPPER		MARMATITE

TWO STROKES - Large circle and one stroke (continued)

8	MARCASITE MINERAL SALT	0	MOON
	OGDOAD PLANETARY S. (C)		PROJECTION
	PLANETARY S. (D) POTASH	Q	PLANETARY S (S)
	PRIAPUS TAURI SAL ALKALI	Q.	ALUMEN PLUMEUM
	SAL GEMMA TUTIA VERDIGRIS	Ŕ	CRYSTAL QUINTILE SOAPSTONE
	WATER OF LIFE WHITE ARSENIC WHITE VITRIOL	0	MARCASITE SALTPETRE
∞	INFINITY OGDOAD	0	SUN
	OPPOSITION	D	CRUDE METAL BRONZE
Ô	HAURIENS PRIMUS SIDUS FORTUNAE	\oplus	CONCH
Ô	CORNUA SCORPIONIS	P	MARCASITE
٥	ZINC	0	OSSA
00	OIL SUGAR	3	SILVER
8	POPULUS	©	COPPER
0	SUN	0	WHEEL OF FORTUNE SAL GEMMA
6	RETORT TIN	3	VULCAN
\bigcirc	RECEIVER	8	LEAD
P	WHITE VITRIOL		
0-	TAURUS		
0	MOON		
9	SOAPSTONE		
(Q)	CALCINATED GOLD GOLD		

TWO STROKES - Small circle and one stroke

Φ	GLASS	8	SUN	60	DISTILLATION LEO
9	ANTIMONY	6	BURNED ALUM	\cap	
0	CROSS		DAY	86	LEO
1	DAY	α	COADACTED CO DI	\circ	- 100
	DISTILLATION	ú ·	CHARACTERS OF EL.	26	LEO
	SALTPETRE VERDIGRIS	4	SALTPETRE	90	PLANETARY S. (S)
		d	LILITH	90	GENUINE SULPHUR
P	CHARACTERS OF EL.		MARS	4	
	MELITING POT		MERCURY	1	LEO
	NIGHT		OIL OF TALC	0	
	VENUS		SALT	<u>س</u> ے	PLANETARY S. (S)
q	QUINTESSENCE	- 0	COPPER	1	CALX
7		5_3	DEATH	6	
φ	SMOKE		EARTH		CHARACTERS OF EL
4	77.102.22		SPIRIT		COAGULATION
8	ALUM		SPIRII	_	DUMODA
U	1.110/11	67	LEO	0 ,	RETORT
0	NIGHT		TEO		D211
	ARSENIC	-	ARSENIC	~2	DAY
	TSONDER CC.		ARSENIC	1	ONE NEWSTER
ø	HOUR	~~~	DATE STEED TO	Φ	SAL ALKALI
	1100.5	8	SOLVERE	_	- 4-
a	NIGHT	<u>~</u> 1	5077	6)	LEO
1	NIGHT	و)	BOLE		
	LET CLUM			9	DISTILLATION
0	NIGHT	ال	VFOM		
	VERDIGRIS	_			WHITE VITRIOL
		9	DISTILLATION	_	
	CROCUS MARTIS			9	DISTILLATION
			LEO	P."	SAL GEMMA
C-	CONJUNCTION				STINER
		()	ARSENIC		
)	CONJUNCTION			20	WHITE ARSENIC
	DAY	\bigcirc 9	CAUDA	-	
	VITROM			(0)	ARSENIC
		20	FIRE		
) -	COPPERAS		SOOT	(50	DUNG
\bigcirc	PLANETARY S. (S)	. O	DISSOLVE	6/	AUTUMN
		\circ	LEO	U	
0	CONJUNCTION		SOLVERE	0	HAURIENS SECUNDUA
	DAY	, - .		_	10 THE R. P. LEWIS CO.
		Ch	ANTIMONY	CO	PREVIOUS SYZYGY
1	GENUINE SULPHUR	0	LEO	Open Territor	
6.3	MERCURY			B	ARSENIC
				0	a man to the detailed of the New

8	OGDOAD WATER
5	CAPRICORN
S	VINEGAR
)o	MAGNESIA OF GOLD
	CAPRICORN
6	TERRESTRIAL
1	SAL ALKALI SALT OF KALI
А	
()	COBALT
V	MERCURY TAURUS
6	EYE
0	DISTILLATION BONES
	MYRIAD
0	CORNUA ARIETIS
ಂ	CONJUNCTION
3	SILVER PAINT
0-3	EARTH
8	COLD
4	OCCULTATION
e?	LEO
ಲ್ಡ	LEO

THREE STROKES - Large circle with lines inside

\odot	VEGETABILIA		EVOLUTION MINERALIA	<u>(L)</u>	LEAD
Θ	EARTH	(ORIGIN PAU	P	PLATINUM
\oplus	AHENUM	_	ANIMALIA	0	MYSTERIOUS PLA.
\oplus	SPHERE VEGETABILIA	V .)	COAPSTONE	0	SAL AMMONIAC
\oplus	ALUM CALX CAPUT MORTUUM CREATION CROSSWEEL	0 0	RYSTALLISED VER. SENUINE SULPHOR VERDIGRIS VITRIOL VITRIOLIC ACID	0000	SAL AMMONIAC MARCASITA AUREA SEPARATION
	CRYSTALLISED VER.	U (D)	TITRIOL		GOLD
	DEATH EARTH FALL OF MAN	100	COLCOTHARUM	(WHITE VITRIOL
	FORM HERMIT		CONJUNCTIO VERDIGRIS	(3)	AGATE
	MALE AND FEMALE MANIFESTATION ORIGIN	4	CONJUNCTIO	0	SUN
	PARS QUATERNARY		SODA		
	ROSY CROSS SULPHUR)IL		
	VERDIGRIS VITRIOL	~	ONEY CROCUS VENERIS		
\oplus	SUBLIMATION	(1) s	SILVER		
\otimes	ALUM AMISSIO	(C) 8	STAGNATED		
	CAPUT MORTUUM CHRIST	() 8	SUN		
	DEATH EUCHARIST	000	ONICKTIWE		
	FERMENTATION MATERIA PRIMA	9 1	THREE AIRS		
(7)	ALUMEN PLUMEUM	① s	SALTPETRE		
T	ANIMALIA ATLANTIS	⊙ •	APUT MORTUUM		
	CROSS EARTH	⊘ 9	GODA		

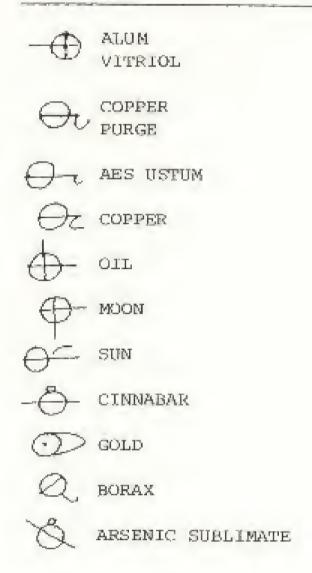
THREE STROKES - Large circle with lines outside

ري	n i cocm	£	CROCUS VENERIS	a	MINIUM
0	DIGEST	Υ,		<i>=</i>	
	REALGAR TAURUS	Ø	ARSENIC SUBLIMATE	9	ETHERIC
	TAURUS	0+	COPPER DIGESTION MARS	2	FLOWERS OF BRAS. LITHARGE
S	SOAPSTONE		VENUS	∞	SCORPIC
()	SPRING TAURUS	of	TAURUS	2000	SAL AMMONIAC
Υ	PRIAPUS TAURI	\bigcirc	RETORT	06	POTASH
0	REALGAR	0-1	CHARACTERS OF EL.	0	VITRIOL
8	VINEGAR	$\bigcirc \neg$	DAY	80	RED ORPIMENT
ち	ANTIMONY BORAX	○ ~	AURICHALCUM	20	AUTUMN FIRE
	CINNABAR EARTH	0-0	SAL GEMMA VITRUM	ρδ	FLOW
	FORTUNA MINOR JUPITER MARS	2	売工 約	J	DIGEST
	THREE FIRES VENUS	P	CALCINATE	2	QUINTESSENCE
7	ANTIMONY REGULUS	S,'	DAIMON	පි	RED ORPIMENT
*	IRON	R	COBALT GRADES OF FIRE	5	RED VINEGAR
0	MARS QUICKLIME	α	POTASH	0	SUN
~X	MARS	I	VENUS	S	SUN
L	CROCUS MARTIS	9	AIR BELL METAL	\Diamond	MARCASITE
~>	ANTIMONY	+	COPPER	8	CINNABAR
-/			FEMALE FORTUNA MAJOR	2	LUTUM SAPIENT.
σ Ω	ANTIMONY		VENOS VERDIGRIS	8	DAIMON
Q'	LEC	\bigcirc	BRASS	11	
Image: Control of the	CARCER	4	CROCUS VENERIS VENUS		
þ	CROCUS VENERIS	2	PLANETARY S. (C)		

THREE STROKES - Large circle with strokes both inside and outside

7	75	. 10
⊕ SUN	U LITHARGE OF GOLD	TIN
→ LOETITIA	OIL	O LEAD
⊕ GOLD	CRYSTAL	Ø QUICKSILVER
ARMENIAN BOLE EARTH	TRISTITIA	MARS
£ SALTPETRE	→ VERDIGRIS	Ø MARS
T MAGNESIA	→ EARTH	PASTE
T MAGNESIA SALTPETRE	WHITE VITRIOL	WHITE VITRIOL
HALF OUNCE	CALCINATED ALUM	CALCINATED ALU
EARTH MONTH	SALT	⊖— SALT
SAL GEMMA	T SALT	O+ Quicksilver
of taurus	SULPHUR WAX	O+ ACID
₩ MARCASITE	1 MOV	NITRIC ACID
& CALAMINE	-CROSS HARMATITE	OPPERAS THREE WATERS
ODIGEST	PARS SALT ZODIAC	VITRIOL WHITE VITRIOL
CALCINATED GOLD	ZODIA.	(T)—— VITRIOL
PARS	CALCINATED TARTAR	(B~ VITRIOL
T PISCES	VERDIGRIS	₫Ъ HIMDION
PLANETARY S. (S)	ARMENIAN BOLE VERDIGRIS	O VITRIOL
COPPER	A HAMALIEL	OC GROCHE MANAGER
1	7.	CROCUS VENERIS
ARMENIAN BOLE	\$ OIL	OC. ORPIMENT MORTAL ADAM
BOLE CALAMINE	D ANTIMONY	ROMAN VITRIOL
CINDERS FIRE HAND	Ø PASTE	CINNABAR
MENSTRUUM NITRE GLOBULES	O OLIVE OIL	-O- FORTUNE
SULPHUR	SPIRIT OF VIRGO	O. LONIUM

THREE STROKES - Large circle with strokes both inside and outside (cont.)



THREE STROKES - Two small circles plus stroke

Ï	AES USTUM ANTIMONY	y	ARIES NODE	9	VERDIGRIS
	ARSENIC CHARACTERS OF EL.		PURIFICATION REALGAR	0 0 —	GLASS
	CHRIST COPPER FILINGS	6 9	ASCENDING NODE	-00 -	SULPHUROUS MATTER
	NICCOLUM OPPOSITION	مہد	OLEUM SANSARI	60	QUICKSILVER
	PLANETARY S. (C) WHITE ARSENIC		PURIFY	050	MERCURY
	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	4	I DICEL I	\in	WHITE ARSENIC
C	DISTILLATION	9	TAURUS	Δ.	CORCUL METON
CO.	PLANETARY S. (S)	99	CAPUT'	90	COAGULATION
~		\vee		/	ALUM
5	WHITE ARSENIC	6	NODE	O	AURICHÄLCUM
0			SAL VITRI		BRASS
8	ZINC		INCIA		DISTILLATION GOLD
8	PLANETARY S. (D)	a - 10	SOAPSTONE		OPPOSITION
O.	SPIRIT OF GOLD	0 0			RED ARSENIC
_		00	QUICKSILVER	0	
8	VITRIOL	arin.		0	DISTILLATION
~	TAND THE	06	CAPUT	0	ANGEL
80	BORAX		DESCENDING NODE	0	IRON FILINGS
8	CINNABAR	0			
,		0/6	LEO	10	ALBUMEN
-E-	CINNABAR	0-		0	ALUM
	ORPIMENT	\bigcap	JUPITER	0	
	VITRIOL	0 0	SUBLIMATE	00	WHITE ARSENIC
	YEAR		WHITE WINE	/8	CHIENTERCSIONICE
-2	COAGULATION		ASCENDING NODE	0	QUINTESSENCE
O	CONOSDETTION	60	DESCENDING NODE	60	CHARACTERS OF EL.
8	DIGEST	_		·O	
		63	OUNCE	20	QUINTESSENCE
3	SAL GEMMA			/	
85	WEDGIDS CODITIONE	6 9	MERCURY SUBLIMATE	00	SATURN
00	MERCURY SUBLIMATE		ARSENIC	-0	WHITE ARSENIC
*	SALT	c¢	BORAX	đ	WHILL SHOUSE,
4			GLASS	20	CHARACTERS OF EL.
S	PURIFY		OPPOSITION	C-0	
			WHITE ARSENIC	@	SUN
09	BOLE			Œ.	VENUS
	DRACHMA	0-0	WHITE ARSENIC		
	OIL OF TARTAR			®	AGATE

THREE STROKES - Three small circles

- CORONA
- MERCURY OF LEAD
- & CONCH
- AQUA REGIS

 ETHERIC

 OIL

 OIL DISTILLATE

 OIL OF TARTAR

 OLIVE OIL

 SULPHUR
- o o AQUA REGIS
 - O COOPERTA
- 000 WHITE ARSENIC
- OOO CALX CALX METALLORUM
- 000 WHITE ARSENIC
- BOILED OIL
- oo MINIUM
- So PASTOR
- OS BRACHIUM
- TIN

TEREE STROKES - One small circle plus two curves

	MARCASTTE	63	LEO	02,	LEO
		7	MERCURY SUBLIMATE		
v	SPIRIT	and to		9	APOLLO
		- O.C.	CHARACTERS OF EL.		
P	TAURUS	_	LEO	رفح	CINNABAR
00	DESIGNE	92	PURIFICATION		
S	REALGAR SAL AMMONIAC	-	PORTFICATION		
		250	LEO		
L	HOUR	0.			
70	IRON	9	LEO		
	STEEL	م م			
		8)	LEO		
مسح	FLOW	40	CHET TWO BE		
O	IRON	\mathcal{O}_{ζ}	SUBLIMATE		
1	TRON	0	SALSITER		
А	FLOWERS OF BRASS	05	DO PLANT DE LA PROPERTIE DE LA		
36		So	DISTILLATION		
(2)	WHITE ARSENIC				
- 1.2		Co	ADAMAS		
R	COAGULATION	~			
<u></u>	CAPRICORN	ЭС.	AQUISITIO		
	CAPRICORN	4	AQUISITIO		
w	CAPRICORN	\approx	1,20		
		x̂	AMISSIO		
The	CANCER	,,,,			
		S	VITRIOL		
J. S	CALCINATED TARTAR	1 -			
0-	T 17313	69	CANCER		
Po	LEAD	1	SUN		
0	ARIES	Com	150/11		
		101	AKASHYA		
20	GENIUS OF EARTH		OTUJE		
<i>y</i> 6			SPIRIT-SOUL		
2	OIL OF TARTAR				
0.1	ONDOTCORN	5	PLANETARY S. (C)		
y,	CAPRICORN		ADTEC		
~1	MALCHIDAEL	3°	ARIES		
	E AC ALLA CO LA SI, DO C C ALCO CA	03	I,EO		
90	PISCES	3			
میں ام	^	03	TARTAR		
0	CAPUT MORTUUM				
	DEATH	ω	SCORPIO		

THREE STROKES - One small circle plus one straight line

(a				0.	
Y	STEEL.	20	AUTUMN	\times	PLANETARY S. (S
1	CROCUS VENERIS)—	PLANETARY S. (S)	3	SULPHUR
	MARS MERCURY	>	SPIRIT OF TAURUS	%	ALUMEN PLUMEUM
(0)	VINEGAR		SPIRIT OF PISCES	2	PLANETARY S. (S
,		٥	BORAX	6	BOLE
12 1-7	STAR		WHITE ARSENIC	o k	ARSENIC
4	SALTPETRE	00	SAL ALKALI	200	PLANETARY S. (C
A)	NEPTONE	<u>0</u> ← c	AES USTUM GLASS	2	SACRED
9	PLUTO		PLANETARY S. (S)	1	
ψ	NEPTUNE	6	DISTILLATION	0	ARSENIC SUBLIM.
60	AES USTUM	£	ANTIMONY FLOWERS	~~	ARIES
'n	LEAD ORE	<u>~~</u>	MERCURY	J.	COPPER
8	AURICHALCUM	-70	TAURUS	3	MARS
<i></i>	BRASS IRON FILINGS	00	BOLE	Ø	RETORT
þ	ARIES	0	LEO	8	SON
8	SALT	(0)	CUCURBITA	000	SAL GEMMA
4	ANTIMONY HEPAR	(5)	ANTIMONY	19	SATURN
M	ALUMEN PLUMEUM	3	BÖLE		
7	PLANETARY S. (S)	S	LEAD		
16	PLANETARY S. (S)	X	CALCINATED TARTAR		
R	SAND CUPEL	29	TARTAR		
9.	LEAD	8	CAPRICORN		
le george	MINIUM SATURN	X	AQUISITIO		
) 	CROCUS MARTIS	5	UNBURNED SULPHUR		
	CROCUS VENERIS	50	VENUS		

THREE STROKES - One small circle plus two straight lines

CIRCULATING FIRE	×	TUTIA	9	PLANETARY S.	(C
POTASH			4		
SAL ALKALI	→	ALUM	0-1	PLANETARY S.	(S
	1	CRYSTALLISED VER.	- F		
CARDINALITY		FIXED CROSS	100	OIL	
		ZODÍTAC	1		
			<i>a</i>	SAL ALKALT	
ECCCUET :	4	ADGENIC SIBI	4,0	DAL HERRIEL	
EGGOHELL	Ju	ARBENIC BOBL.		THE PARTITION THE PERSON	40
	-/	021100 00700	7	PLANETARI 5.	(2
MARCASITE	20	SILVER PAINT			
			O i	ALUM	
ALBUMEN	8	SILVER			
EGG YOLK			70	SILVER	
SAL GEMMA	-3	CROCUS MARTIS			
			$\rightarrow \circ$	PLANETARY S.	(5
AUDIM MUSTONA	_	SPOONETH.	,		1
AURUM MOSICOM	O .	SPOONFOL	1	m 2x 3.0	
		Vanner	0	DHY	
PLANETARY S. (S)	B	SULPHUR	1		
	1		0	DAY	
POTABLE GOLD	0	SUN			
	1		_0_	LIBRA	
JUPITER	J	BORAX			
	0		0	LIBRA	
ONEGIN	-0-	FALT		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
arreit om	Ţ	SELLI		COTORA TRACT	
CHRIST	P		0	GENINI	
	1	POTASH			
CHRIST			- Li	CINNABAR	
	-9	VNKH	- 1		
CHRIST	<u>k</u>	CAPRICORN			
CHRISTMON		OIL OF SULPHUR			
		ORIGIN			
AMISSIO					
CRUCIBLE					
		VENUS			
WINE	4				
	₫.	CINNABAR			
SULPHUR	_				
	9	SKILLET			
CHI DEND	_				
6, (Jan. 65 (Jak		and determined the company of the co			
Name of the same o	1	A 1.10M			
MERCURY	á				
	_	VERDIGRIS			
COAGULATION	A-47-72-7				
		VITRUM			
CRYSTALLISED VER.	9				
	4	DAY			
SALT					
was at the day to	< →				
	POTASH SAL ALKALI CARDINALITY DRACHMA EGGSHELL MARCASITE ALBUMEN EGG YOLK SAL GEMMA AURUM MUSICUM PLANETARY S. (S) POTABLE GOLD JUPITER ORIGIN CHRIST CHRIST	POTASH SAL ALKALI CARDINALITY DRACHMA EGGSHELL MARCASITE ALBUMEN EGG YOLK SAL GEMMA AURUM MUSICUM PLANETARY S. (S) POTABLE GOLD JUPITER ORIGIN CHRIST CHRIST	POTASH SAL ALKALI CARDINALITY ERACHMA EGGSHELL MARCASITE ALBUMEN EGG YOLK SAL GEMMA AURUM MUSICUM PLANETARY S. (S) POTABLE GOLD JUPITER ORIGIN CHRIST CHRIST	POTASH SAL ALKALI CARDINALITY DRACHMA EGGSHELL MARCASITE ALBUMEN EGG YOLK SAL GEMMA AURUM MUSICUM PLANETARY S. (S) POTABLE GOLD JUPITER ORIGIN CHRIST CHRIST	POTASH SAL ALKALI CARDINALITY DRACHMA CRYSTALLISED VER. FIXED CROSS ZODIAC GO SAL ALKALI CRYSTALLISED VER. FIXED CROSS ZODIAC GO SAL ALKALI CARBONIC SUBL. ARSENIC SUBL. ARSENIC SUBL. ARSENIC SUBL. ALBUMA SILVER PAINT ALBUMA SILVER EGG YOLK SAL GEMMA CROCUS MARTIS AURUM MUSICUM SPOONFUL SOONFUL DAY PLANETARY S. SULPHUR CHAIST CHRIST CHR

THREE STROKES - Three straight strokes forming enclosure

\wedge	AMMONIA	X	SAL AMMONIAC	
£	ARCHETYPES			
	CREATION	∇	MELTING POT	
	CREATIVE INTELLECT	/\	PLANETARY S. (C)	
	DESCENDANT		PLANETARY S. (S)	
	EMPEROR		POTASH	
	FIRE		SAL AMMONIAC	
	HEAT		TIN	
	HERMETIC TETRAD			
	HIGHER MAN	+	SPIRIT OF WINE	
	LIGHT			
	MEAKNESS	X	HOLY DEITY	
	MINIUM	1		
	OCCULT TRIANGLE	_X_	DISORDERED INTELLECT	
	TEJAS	> 1		
	TERNARY	\mathcal{A}	ALUM	
	TRIGONUM	1 1	a seed to be	
	TRINE	Δ	ASCENDANT	
	TRINITY		COPPER	
	WISDOM		COLLEK	
	WIBDAM	1	ALEPH	
^	FTRE	-4-	WITTLE	
	SLOW HEAT	1	LEG	
	STOW HENT	/4	LEO	
	Or Ob FIDER	1	METERING DOT	
/	SLOW HEAT	/\	MELTING POT	
		4		
1	FIRE	1	JUPITER	
1			TIN	
	SLOW HEAT	1		
\/		-	DISTILLATION	
\geq	SAL GEMMA		MELTING POT	
			MINIUM	
\sim	CHARACTERS OF EL.		SKILLET	
	ELEMENTS		TARTAR	
	FOUNTAIN WATER		TIGILLUM	
	MALE ELEMENT			
	PHLEGMA	=	CRUCIBLE	
	PLANETARY S. (C)	,	SKILLET	
	PLANETARY S. (S)		TIGILLUM	
	TEMPERAMENTS			
	TRINE			
	WATER			
	WRATH			
∇	PHLEGMA			
_	PLANETARY S (C)			
1	PLANETARY S (S)			
*	(/			

THREE STROKES - Three straight lines forming open sigil

11	MARCASITE	×	CALAMINE	7	JUPITER
					SALT
	AQUA REGIS		CALCINATE		TARTAR
	AQUARIUS	_	ANIMALIA	Ĺ,	PLANETARY S. (D)
	-	-	ANTIMONY VITRUM	-	
1000	IRON		FLANETARY S. (C)	\wedge	VITRIOL
			PLANETARY S. (D)		E also de to the total contract
-	LEAD		Phandimit 5. (b)	NI	LUTATION
	LEAD	4 5	S CHEST CHART CHARA	3 1	TOTALEON
	r Dan	1,1,	AURICHALCUM	7	- 517 FAID SITCHED
	LEAD			-	DAY AND NIGHT
	PASSIVE INTELLECT		DAY AND NIGHT	11	
			QUADRATURE	\sim	VINEGAR
-	AQUARIUS				
			NIGHT	\times	TIN
	AQUA REGIS	-			
	_	7	ARIES		TIN
111	ACTIVE INTELLECT	-		^	
		F	FLOW	-+-	FIXATION
1	EARTH HAND	1	1 110%	1.	TIMITION
-		$-\Sigma$	CHRIST	1	C NOT COM
	JESUS	١	CHKISI	1	SATURN
	WHITE LEAD			1	
		1	NIGHT	1	AIR
-	CHARIOT		SUCCEDENT		SAL AMMONIAC
,	HERCULES				
	MERCURY	11	TERRA LEMNIA	1	WAX
	WHITE ARSENIC				
	WHITE LEAD	11	TIGILLUM	-7	TUTIA
		- 1			
+	PUER	-	MELTING POT	4	OIL OF TARTAR
		L		/	
	PLANETARY S. (S)	1	AQUA FORTIS	>	WHITE VITRIOL
	PUELLA		112011		The state of the s
		1 1	SAL ALKALI	1	ARSENIC SUBLIMA
1_	DOODTNINGTED		SAL ALKALI		MISTREE DODELLIS.
7	BIQUINTILE	TT	CAR MATE	4	C-7-T-C
	RED SULPHUR	١.	CANE		SALT
		71		·И	
+	CAPUT MORTUUM	11	SAL ALKALI		VITRIOL
15		-		1	
44	AIR	1	CHARACTERS OF EL.	1	CALCINATED GOLD
1 .		1		1	
	SAGITTARIUS		SALTPETRE	/ /	CRUCIBLE
	SEXTILE				
*			CROSS	/	CROCUS MARTIS
X	SAGITTARIUS	13	TAU	4	
		3.4		4	SAL AMMONIAC
1-1	BRASS	Y	IRON		
-	PHLEGMA			11	SAL AMMONIAC
	SUN	T	BORAX	À	
		V			

THREE STROKES - Three straight lines forming open sigil (continued)

			Marie Control of the
*	AMMONIA	\wedge	VOLATILE
	CHRISTMON FIXED STAR PRAYER	/X	CROSS
	SEXTILE STAR	\rightarrow	ALPHA
	SUMMER	\leftarrow	SAGITTARIUS
\times	FIXED STAR -	>	MARCASITE PUTREFACTION
	STAR WHITE ARSENIC		SAGITTARIUS
	William Edward	-1	IRON
*	CROSS	/	MARS
			SAGITTARIUS
1	NIGHT'	T	SACITARIUS
$\times !$	CERISTMON	1	PLANETARY S. (S)
不	QUINCUNX	,	
		J	DISSOLVE
Y	CROSS	7	SILVER
Ļ	EXPECTANT SOUL		SUBLIMATE
	LOVERS ARCANUM	./	
	PRAYER	12.	FURNACE
	PYTHAGOREAN SIGIL	1.1	CURRENCE OF FI
	TRINITY	1 7	CHARACTERS OF EL.
	VAU) 1	CHARACTERS OF EL.
5 /	*17 C31101	garan 200	CHARACTERS OF III.
\sim	NEGHT	T-	CALX CHYMICUS
\ /	COPPER	7	
* >	COPILIC		AIR
\rightarrow	SEMI-SEXTILE		
		7	PLANETARY S. (C)
\vee	SEMI-SEXTILE		
\sim	COPPER		
$\langle \rangle$	SOLPHUR		
\vee	FIXATION		
\forall	DESCENDING SALVATION PRAYER		
X	QUINCUNX		
\triangle	ALPHA		

THREE STROKES - Two straight lines, in cross or T, forming open sigil

¥	COPPER MAGNESIA OF IRON	J	PLANETARY S. (S)	+	ANTIMONY
	MERCURY SUBLIMATE	不	SAL ALKALI	++	ACID
	NEPTUNE	T.	TIGILLUM	10	LEAD
	QUICKSILVER	7	TUTIA	-	ARSENIC
半	ANTIMONY	JT	SOAPSTONE	*	TUTIA
	MERCURY NEPTUNE	7	WHITE PREC. OF M.	7	SATURN
	QUICKLIME	5	PLANETARY S. (S) SATURN	3	LEAD SATURN
215	ANTIMONY				
7	QUICKSILVER	1	SATURN	5	AMBRIEL LEAD
+	MERCURY QUICKSILVER	5	SATURN	,	SATURN
1	JUPITER	To	SATURN	ち	LEAD
4	TEST TUTIA	2	CALCINATE	5	CERES
	PILGRIMAGE		AURICEALCUM	2	CERES
4	PLUTO	4	PLANETARY S. (D)	4	TUTIA
+-	PLANETARY S. (S)	21-	AQUA FORTIS JUPITER	9-	PLANETARY S. (S)
+	URANUS		TIN	01	QUICKSILVER
(3)	SAL ALKALI .		WARM	O Can	COLCENTIONS
	SAL ALKALI	7	TIN WARM	$\stackrel{\vee}{\times}$	SAP
-	PLANETARY S. (S)	<u>+</u>	URINE	10	CALX METALLÓRUM
				1	
-	RED WINE		SATURN	7	SUBLIMATE
	CROCUS	—h	ANTIMONY	1	CHRIST TRIUMPHANT
_	CALCINATE	7	LEAD SATURN	7	NEPTUNE
U	PLANETARY S. (D)	+	LEAD		LIME
+	PLANETARY S. (D)	1	SATURN	(+	CRYSTAL
I	ANIMALIA	+>	SULPHUR	040	CROSS

THREE STROKES - Two straight strokes, forming enclosure in sigil

+	CHRIST	₽	SOLUTIO	$\rightarrow \rightarrow$	QUICKLIME
_		P	TAROK	9	RETORT
0	DISTILLATION MELTING POT	-	TAU	$\overline{\varphi}$	POTASH
7	TARTAR	季	SAFFRON FLOWER)	QUICKLIME
7	CRUCIBLE	D	NIGHT	7	QUICKLIME
4	VINEGAR	T)	PLANETARY S. (D)	E	QUINTESSENCE
2_	DULL FIRE	8	ZĀZĒL	√ ?	STONE
Q	MERCURY SUB.	3	MERCURY	A	AQUA FORTIS
As	MUINIM	X	QUICKLIME	920	SALTPETRE
V	MOON	あ	CINNABAR	Œ	VERDIGRIS
7-	SPRING	4	CHRIST	1	MAGNESIA
2	VINEGAR	\$	STEEL		VITRICL
X	ROMAN VITRIOL	<i>\$</i> *	STEEL	\subseteq	CRYSTALLISED VER
\leq	WHITE ARSENIC	9	CRYSTAL		CAPUT
C.	TARTAR	P	POWDER	+	CAUDA
<	MOON	\otimes	WAX	A	ALEMBIC
$\langle \cdot \rangle$	CALX	\times	YELLOW WAX	7/	AQUA REGIS
G.	CALX METALLORUM	1	LEO	P	CHARACTERS OF EL
3	ALEPH	X	MARS	\$	CINNABAR
Ð	VITRIOL	7=-	MARS	10	VITRIOL
-D	SOAPSTONE	8	SILVER PAINT		
£	MOON	P	CUPELLA		
P	LAMP		HOUR		
	PLUTO	^			
		2	HONEY		
K	MOVING MAN SAL ALKALT		SLOW HEAT		

THREE STRCKES - Two straight lines giving open sigil

\$/	AQUA REGIS MENSTRUUM	n	LIBRA OURANOS	$\rightarrow \sim$	MONTH
	SPIRIT OF WINE		SKY	A-1	MERCURY
	WATER OF LIFE		SPIRIT		MERCGRE
	ANA 1 7010 A) 1 19 70 10		SUBLIMATE	C-	CANE
¥	SPIRIT OF WINE		VINEGAR	~4	THIVE
S	Se was all des la market		V IIII CIII	7	CANCER
V	QUICKLIME		LIBRA	_	
-	~		OMEGA	フ	CALX METALLORUM
IV.	QUICKLIME	1		`	
_			SUBLIMATE	\mapsto	SAGITTARIUS
\sim	MINERAL SALT				PLANETARY S. (D)
1			SODA	\subseteq	
V	LEAD	7		6,	PHLEGMA
,	TITLE TOTAL CORN.	ی ک	DAY	71	
V	YELLOW WAX	-	DRACHMA	-	LITHARGE
(A)	STONE		MARS MINERAL SALT	41-	MELTING POT
V	STONE		PLANETARY S. (C)	1.0	Lights Tives Levil
\bigcap	REGULUS		SAL AMMONIAC	5	MERCURY
-	THE STATE OF THE S		SALT	1	
1	FIXED	~		no	HOUR
		⋖ -	MICZARIEL	1	
7	FILTER	7		10	SATURN
. 7		3	PLANETARY S. (S)		
Language Control	FIX			V	SUBLIMATE
A 1		\in	STONE	1	
4	ALUM				LAPIS
NJ		S	OIL	·+ .	
/	ALUM	\Box		4	CALX
Δ	ALPHA	7	NOUR	T.	r TDD2
11	ALPRA	\Rightarrow	OTT	1	LIBRA
5	PLANETARY S. (C)	42	OIL	1	PLANETARY S. (D)
6	THREELENT D: (C)	\mathcal{F}	OIL	F	PLANETARY S. (5)
C	PLANETARY S. (C)				Thursday or fol
		6	OIL	+	PLANETARY S. (C)
\times	ALKALI	P.Z.			
/ 2		7	FLORES	2.	PLANETARY S. (C)
$\mathcal{N}_{\mathcal{L}}$	MELTING FOT	_		1	
Ų		-	ALUM		DAY AND NIGHT
χ_{\cdot}	SUBLIMATE				
		~	PLANETARY S. (D)		LUTUM SAPIENTIAE
<u></u>	EARTH	7		Œ	
	PRECIPITATE	ميأ	PLANETARY S. (S)	4	SUN
1	A RINGTO A T	34	APTRO	15	en à Tudi O Tu
	ANNEAL	4	ARIES		TARTAR
	CALCINATE	2.4	MONTH	10	110210
		-	MONTH	1, 0	HOUR

THREE STROKES - Two straight lines giving open sigil (continued)

PLANETARY S. (S)	70	CALCINATED LEAD	2	CALCINATED ALG
↓ SALTPETRE	4	PLANETARY S. (S)	·2	Flx
SCRUPULUS	57	COAGULATION	V	FIXED
COAGULATION	3/	VIRGO	\bigcirc	LIME
QUICKLIME	.5	SATURN	坐	QUICKLIME
SUBLIMATE		COAGULATE		
>> PLANETARY S. (S)	2	PLANETARY S. (S)		
C LUCIFER	7	SALT		
RECEIVER	3	PLANETARY S. (S)		
FROTE OF NITRE	7	PLANETARY S. (S)		
∠∠_ FIX	NX.	VIRGO		
VERCHIEL	H.	WHITE ARSENIC		
J-2 SOAPSTONE	4	VINEGAR		
Sx semi-sextile	7	SCRUPULUS		
* SATURN	2	JUPITER		
>-y IRON	.<	TERNARIUS		
E MOON	- 1	MILK		
√ \ SUBLIMATE	Ċ	HALF		
JUPITER	C	CINDERS		
X JUPITER	25	ARIES		
CHRISTMON	J.	LAPIS		
CAPRICORN	Y	MARS		
YNOMITUA [X	CRUCIBLE		
⊻_ ANISE	X	CRUCIBLE		

THREE STROKES - One straight and horizontal stroke

20	SAL AMMONIAC	-	DUNG	76	CROCUS MARTIS
<u> </u>	PISCES	\overline{x}	MINERA	之	CALCINATE
\rightarrow	MOON	>—₹	CINDERS VITRIOL	J	PLANETARY S. (D)
	PISCES SILVER PAINT			77	JUPITER
21	5.5.695	C	ALUM	_	MERCURY
) - (,	PISCES		VENUS	-	HALF LITRE
H	LEAD	2	BISMUTH	66	
2 /			COPPER	-{-	GEMINI
H	PISCES		MARCASITE	20	TARTAR
1-0	SATURN	\propto	AQUA REGIS	7-2	
1			ARIES	5	TIN
$\rightarrow \in$	DUST		CALAMINE	1	SAL ALKALI
25	SILVER		PLUTO SAL AMMONIAC	J	SHE BEKEET
V. 1	03/174/04		SPIRIT	+ 2	TIME
76	EXTRACT	0.0		_1_	
0 0	SUMMER	Y	ARIES	to	CROCUS VENERIS
26	ALUM	T	BORAX	Tu	PLANETARY S. (S)
J (PISCES	negles	PLANETARY S. (S)	5	TAURUS
	PLANETARY S. (C) POTABLE GOLD		PLANEIRRI D. (D)	C,./U	TAURUS
	SCAPSTONE	JZ	LEO	tt	POUND
	THREE FIRES	6.0		C	
3.6		. A.J.	VIRGO	Yi	PLANETARY 5. (D)
7(DREGS PISCES		POIDT	JT	MINIUM
	PIGCEO	a.	EQUAL MARS	سا کی	MINION
76	PISCES	4.5		\rightarrow	MOON
		JAI	AUTUMN	. 1/0	
77	ASTRAL WORLD	3		J-	LODESTONE
20	Digorg	V	GLASS	~	LUTUM SAPIENTIAE
A	PISCES	2	CALCINATED TARTAR	7	TOTOM SAPIENTIAL
	AMEN	L	CARCINALED TAKTAK	M	SCORPIO
, ,	PISCES	7.	JUPITER	2 2	
	WAXING AND WAN.			$-\frac{\xi}{r}$	MARS
2	CAMPHOR	5	TIN		MERCURY SUBLIMATE
ス	CAMPRON		CASSRIEL	,	PERCOLA SUBLIFIED
1-0	PLANETARY S. (S)	X	PLANETARY S. (D)		ANTIMONY
6 7	GID TOT	21	TUDICED	2	AQUARIUS
7	ZURIEL		JUPITER TIN	S-com	WANTER
			TIA		

THREE STROKES - One straight and horizontal stroke (continued)

JT ALUM CAPRICORN MIJJA 7 - E MARS 3___ AQUARIUS SAGITTARIUS → SAL ALKALI SPIRIT JC ALUM LUTUM SAPIENTIAE Y TIN ─── VINEGAR VIRGO → SAL ALKALI TINCTURE 2 PLANETARY S. (D) SATURN SATURN SAL ALKALI SALT - ANTIMONY A WHITE VITRIOL WHITE VITRIOL PULVERISE NIGHT VI NIGHT △A 1GNIS FORTIS

THREE STROKES - One straight and vertical stroke

	V- 2001 · · · 10 4 · · · 2 2011 201 2				
\rightarrow	BORAX CALX METALLORUM	4	TIN	4	VIRGO
	FIRE	B	GYPSUM	m	SULPHUR
个	LIBRUM	B	BEELZEBUB	n	MERCURY
SIC	SAL AMMONIAC	D	DECILE	3	MERCURY
\propto	HORN			P	SALTPETRE
*	QUICKSILVER	fr	LEAD		
	SAL AMMONIAC WHITE CORAL	R	HONEY		
米	MERCURY	R	BODY ERECT		
	MINIUM POUND		RAIN WATER		
	QUICKLIME	R	BORAX VAPOUR BATH		
X	YELLOW WAX				
ب	PLANETARY S. (S)	14	CHARACTERS OF EL. TIN		
12	SATURN	R	RETORT		
3	JUPITER	九	COPPER		
\$	INFUSION TINCTURE	Sp	SPIRIT		
S	SATURN	43	SUN		
	SATURN	Œ	TAURUS		
\$	PLANETARY S. (S)		YELLOW		
J. F.	CAPRICORN		- YELLOW		
40	JUPITER		JUPITER		
40	PLANETARY S. (S)		CASSIEL		
N	SORATH	E	POTASH		
12		@}	PLANETARY S. (S)		
7	TAURUS	A.	RED BOLE		
3	CONJUNCTION	9	DRAGON'S BLOOD		
02-1	CALCINATE	5	PARADIA & DIVIDIA		

THREE STROKES - One straight line at angle

		A Color	н
Z	CUPELLA JUPITER	ALEMBIC S	SANDARAC
1 -		ANTIMONY	RETORT
る	CALCINATE	SATURN	ZAZEL
31	PISCES	PLANETARY S. (D)	ZAZEL
1	JUPITER	S TARTAR 2.	SOLVERE
		REDUCTION	
1	RED SULPHUR	TARTAR	BODY
2	RED PREC. OF MER.	OS SCORPIO	SAL AMMONIAC
J. V	AMALGAM	~	
27	SAGITTARIUS	LEAD	
×	MINIUM	JUPITER	
		BOLE	
3	MAGNESIA	COPPER	
3	PLANETARY S. (S)	Q verdigris	
3	PLANETARY S. (0)	7) BISMUTH	
3	PLANETARY S. (D)		
Sp	CRYSTAL	SILVER PAINT	
~	SCORPIO	FHILOSOPHIC LEAD	
		OC CUPELLA	
7	YELLOW WAX	PLANETARY 5. (D)	
S	WITHOUT WINE	CAPRICORN	
G	TIN	S PLANETARY S. (C)	
z/c	SAL AMMONIAC	` (
3	POUND	PLANETARY S. (C)	
8/	SULPHUR	CAPRICORN	
(DZ	QUICKLIME	Coagulation	
X		CAPRICORN	
53	CALCINATED ALUM	VIRGO VIRGO	

THREE STROKES - Curved, forming open sigil

C	CALX		75	JUPITER	2	PLANETARY S. (A)
Ċ	HORN		X	CHRIST	Th	LAPIS
ε	JUPITER SEXTARIUS		£	HONEY	d	MARCASITA ARGEN
5-6	PLANETARY	S (C)	\approx	HONEY	Tu.	WHITE LEAD
	PLANETARY		4	PLANETARY S. (C)	42	CAPRICORN
3	CAPRICORN	100	S	PLANETARY S. (C)	-	QUICKLIME
	PLANETARY	s (c)	Sv	PLANETARY S. (D)	4	SATURN
	SIGIL	5. (0)	4	LUTUM SAPIENTIAE	2	CALX CHYMICUS
70 C	MERCURY		>>	QUICKSILVER	X	SILVER PAINT
711	PLANETARY	S. (S)	CF	PLANETARY S. (D)	7	CANCER
\mathcal{M}	HONEY SCORPIO		E_	AMBRIEL	-83	SATURN
m	SCORFIO		~ 3	CAPRICORN	3	SATURN
m	GRADE		2	PISCES		SEA
	SPIRIT OF	MINE	J	CALCINATED TARTAR	3	TERNARIUS
m	PLANETARY		8	JUPITER	∞	MERCURY SAND CUPEL
200	VIRGO	J. (N)	3	CALCINATE	S	DRACHMA
w,	VIRGO		4	JUPITER	0.0	EQUINOX
C W	CAPRICORN		Z	CEMENT	A.	VOLATELE
wi	WINTER		3	CAPRICORN	-	PURIFICATION
	EAGLE		E3	TIN	~	ALUM
	PISCES		Q	ALKALI	26	PEARL
W-	TAURUS		€	HONEY) (1)	SUBLIMATED WINE
5	SAND		K	TIN	Ñ.	SALT
S	SATURN		35	PLANETARY S. (S)		SALT
Name and			H	PLANETARY S. (D)	(2)	SCRUPULUS

THREE STROKES - Curves with enclosure

2	TIN	ASCENDANT
REALGAR		~
ARIES	PISCES	JUPITER
ARIES	C PISCES	Ca sandarac
COPPER	. O.	a
TAURUS	PLANETARY S. (C)	DROP
ARIES	T PISCES	M LEAD
6 JUPITER	C DISTILLATION SILVER	MERCURY
SULPHUR	TIN	SAP JUPITER
O VITRIOL		ano
1	C SALT	PLANETARY S. (
GUM	WATER BATH	95 SUFFICIENT
(Danimare	PISCES	J. SUFFICIENT
TAURUS	CO PISCES	T SUBLIMATE
GOM GOM	-C SALTPETRE	56
0	3	IR PEARL
CHRIST	PISCES	J €
		P CALCINATED ALL
PRIMORDIAL CERCLE	S SAL ALKALI	LEO
> CAPRICORN	_S DISTILLATION	C
CHERRODAN	> 3 D101,1,11111111111	O MOON
GI BORAX	DISTILLATION	WEITE VITRIOL
\alpha	Θ	2
ST SAL GEMMA	PISCES	⊅ SILVER
S WOOM	O LUTUM SAPIENTIAE	MOON ID
L PLANETARY S. (C)	J MARCASITE	(E MOON
T CAPRICORN	2 QUINTESS. OF WINE	& CAPRICORN
PLANETARY S. (C)		Y SILVER
C SULPHUR	of LIBRA	MARCASITE
ALUM	C TIN	CAPRICORN
AES USTUM	P TIN	O RU
⊃9 calx	A- TARTAR	D SUN
	A VINEGAR	T POUND
9 DISTILLATION	C C AINEGAR	X TOOK!

FOUR STROKES - Large circle enclosing lines

€	EUCHARIST
₩	PARS TALC VERDIGRIS
*	CHRISTMON
\oplus	POPULUS SPIRIT OF SALT
	POTASH
1	VITRIOL
1	HONEY
	CORAL IGNIS ROYAE
	BYSS
	ABYSS
\otimes	CINNABAR
	PHOSPHORUS
1	COLCOTHARUM
Θ	AHENUM DEITY
I	CERES
(2)	ZINC
\odot	ANTIMONY
\odot	SALT
1	COLCOTHARUM
1	FROIH OF NITRE
⊕)	LODESTONE
	EXTRACT

(D)	VERDIGRIS
(D)	VERDIGRIS
0	SOAPSTONE

ATEANOR PLUTO

CAPUT MORTUUM
SAL URINAE
SUN

8 SAL URINAE

DEATH

CALX

(3) VINEGAR

FOUR STROKES - Large circle with three straight lines

CROCUS VENERIS VENUS WHITE ARSENIC PROPER WHITE ARSENIC PROPER WHITE ARSENIC PROPER WHITE ARSENIC PROPER WHARS STEEL PLOWERS OF A PLOWERS OF A PROPER WHITE ARSENIC PROPER WHARS STEEL PLOWERS OF A PROPER WHITE ARSENIC PROPER WHARS STEEL PLOWERS OF A PROPER WHITE WHITE COPPER PRECIPITATE VENUS CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS VEN			-
CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS VENERIS COPPER AAES USTUM AURICHALCUM BROWES COPPER COCUS VENERIS COPPER COCUS VENERIS COCUS VE	O TIN	BODY	Z BARTH
PCOPPER AES USTUM AURICEALCUM BRONZE COPPER FILINGS CROCUS MARTIS CROCUS VENERIS WHITE ARSENIC PLOUD REASS WHITE ARSENIC PLOUD REASS WHITE ARSENIC PLOUD REASS WHITE ARSENIC PLOUD RECUS MARTIS ANTIMONY FLOW ARRS PLOWERS OF A PLOWERS OF A PLOWERS OF A PLOWERS OF A PRECIPITATE P	VENUS		TUTIA
P COPPER AES USTUM AURICEALCUM BRONZE COFFER COPPER FILINGS CROCUS VENERIS VENUS WHITE ARSENIC PLOY BELL METAL BELL METAL BELL METAL BELL METAL BELL METAL BELL METAL CROCUS VENERIS WARS STEEL FLOWERS OF A TRON MARS STEEL FLOWERS OF A TOPPER ANTIMONY FLOW. FUTRIOL TOPPER ARS USTUM COPPER PRECIPITATE VENUS CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS MARTIMONY CROCUS M	CROCUS VENERIS	T	GLASS
ALS USTUM AURICEALCUM BROWZE COPPER FILINGS COPPER FILINGS CROCUS VENERIS VENUS WHITE ARSENIC PROPER CROCUS VENERIS WHITE ARSENIC PROPER CROCUS VENERIS FILOWERS OF A ANTIKONY FLOW. FIRST FOWDER PRECIPITATE VENUS CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS VENERIS FILOWERS OF A ANTIKONY FLOW. FILITHARGE OF SILVER CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS MARTINONY CROCUS	COPPER		1
BRONZE COPPER FILLINGS CROCUS MARTIS IRON MARS VENUS WHITE ARSENIC PROCUS VENERIS WHITE ARSENIC PROCUS VENERIS WHITE ARSENIC PROCUS VENERIS PROCUS VENERIS		1	<u> </u>
COPPER FILINGS CROCUS VENERIS VENUS WHITE ARSENIC PELL METAL BEALL METAL PERCEPTION MARS CROCUS VENERIS FLOWERS OF A FLOWER	BRONZE		✓ CROCUS MARTIS
VERUIS WHITE ARSENIC VIRUM VIRUM VIRUM CROCUS MARTI CROCUS MARTI PRANS STEEL PRANS CROCUS VENERIS TRON MARS ANTIMONY FLOW. TOUET FOWDER PRECIPITATE VERUS CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS V		O IRON	ANTIMONY FLOWERS
BELL METAL BRASS GROCUS VENERIS FLOWERS OF A ANTIMONY FLOW. FUTRIOL AES USTUM COPPER PRECIPITATE VENUS CROCUS VENERIS		STEEL	GLASS
BELL METAL BEASS CROCUS VENERIS THOM MARS CROCUS VENERIS THOM MARS CROCUS VENERIS THOM MARS TH	WHITE ARSENIC	VITRUM	CROCUS MARTIS
BRASS CROCUS VENERIS IRON MARS LITHARGE OF SILVER ANTIMONY FLOW. DUST POWDER PRECIPITATE VENUS CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS VEN	Q. BELL METAL		GLASS
TOROUS VENERIS LITHARGE OF SILVER LITHARGE OF SILVER ANTIMONY FLOW. ANTIMONY FLOW. LITHARGE OF SILVER ANTIMONY FLOW. ANTIMONY FLOW.	-A	STEEL	FLOWERS OF ANT.
TITHARGE OF SILVER ANTIMONY FLOW. ANTIMONY FLOW. POWDER PRECIPITATE VENUS COPPER COPPER CROCUS VENERIS			COPPER
PROBLER PRECIPITATE VENUS SULPEUR COPPER COPPER COPPER PALLAS CINNABAR CROCUS VENERIS	LITHARGE OF SILVER	. 1	OF VITRIOL
POWDER PRECIPITATE VENUS COPPER COCUS VENES COCUS VEN	DUST :	O	A DETAIN
VENUS PALLAS CINNABAR CROCUS VENERIS CROCU	C) POWDER		0 + 0,1172
CINNABAR CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS VENER	PRECIPITATE	COPPER	I MARTINE
CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS	VENUS	63	9
CROCUS VENERIS CROCUS VENERIS	♀ _{SULPEUR}		P MERCURY
DEATH CINNABAR GOLD MERCURY VERDIGRIS VERDIGRIS OIL OF LILLES NITRIC ACID VENUS NITRIC ACID CROCCUS MART	© CROSS	CROCUS VENERIS	CROCUS VENERIS
The sold of Lilies of Acid of Crocus Mart Sold of Lilies of Acid of Crocus Mart Result of Lilies of Acid of Crocus Mart	'	Q DEATH	↓ → ↓ ANTIMONY
PAURICHARCUM POIL OF LILLES NITRIC ACID NITRIC ACID POIL OF LILLES NITRIC ACID CROCUS MART	₹ GOLD	A WELCURY	The Bros Alleior
POIL OF LILLES NITRIC ACID VENUS NITRIC ACID O DISTILLATIO RECUS MART	Q AURICHALCUM	VERDIGRIS	+ O+ GOLD
P VENUS NITRIC ACID → CROCUS MART → ACID → ACID	Co	> D NITRIC ACID	TOTA AIMEGWE
X SALT		NITRIC ACID	O DISTILLATION
A TENT	R SALT	+CID ACID	CROCUS MARTIS
	6		
SALTPETRE SALTPETRE	& SALT	SALTPETRE	

FOUR STROKES - Large circle with three lines

	B D 10 B Y 100 BOARS MAY 1 1		
2	MARS	9	URANUS
2	MERCURY	2	VESTA
7	MARS STEEL	2	VENUS
0-8		5	ANTIMONY FL.
0 0	MARS	9	AES USTUM
0	MARS SAMAEL	يُعِيَّ ا	COPPER
07	STEEL	2	VENUS
\$	CROCUS VENERIS	3	GOLD
5	CROCUS VENERIS	0	МООМ
	CROCUS VENERIS	0	SUN
Δ	ELEMENTS	63	GOLD
,	MERCURY SPIRIT	4	MAGISTER OF CR.
	SUBLIMATED MER. THREE WATERS	ă	VITRIOL
P	MERCURY	2	FOUNTAIN WATER
P	MERCURY	8	MINERAL SALT
b	MERCURY	9	DUST
8h	MERCURY OF LEAD	18	SALT
K.	QUICKSILVER	8	BORAX
K	MERCURY	6+	URINE
80	MERCURY OF LEAD	Š	MERCURY
R	NATURAL SULPBUR	,	
704	QUICKSIVLER		
7	ANTIMONY FLOWERS		
3	STEEL		

FOUR STROKES - Large circle with Lines cutting circle

			7		
\$	ANTIMONY REG. CINNABAR	Þ	TUTIA	\$	MERCURY WATER
	SALT	O	GOLD FOIL	*	ANTIMONY STEEL
早	NITRE GLOBULES OIL OF SULPHUR	\$	WHITE VITRIOL	赤	VENUS
=	CINNABAR	T	SALT OF LEAD	20	CRYSTAL
101	SPIRIT OF WINE	()	PARS BLUE VITRIOL	Ø	COPPER
- () - 1	ORPIMENT SPIRIT	4	SPIRIT OF TARTAR	3	FIRE HAND TEMPERAMENT
rOn	SILVER	P3	OIL	3	IRON
$\Theta \rightarrow C$	SAL	D>	OIL OF VITRIOL	200	TALC
DR	AETTOM	\$	CALAMINE	2 B	BORAX
Ѐ	LEAD		ARMENIAN BOLE	20	BORAX
우	TAU	£ ~	SALTPETRE	Se.	BORAX
⊕	CALCINATED ALUM	D	HORSE-DROPPINGS	B	CRYSTAL
-(4)	FURNACE	X Ø	CRYSTAL	QX	QUINCUNX
- On	PURGE	4	AQUISITIO	Qu	QUINTILE
===	PURGE	\ \ \ \ \ \ \	AMISSIO QUICKSILVER	\bigcirc	STEEL
- →	IRON	T-	CROCUS VENERIS	0+	MERCURY
J	VITRIOL	P	COPPER	-2-	BRONZE
\$	ETERNAL LIGHT	2	NITRE GLOBULES	20	SILVER
00	VITRIOL	2	MINUTE	Color Color	BORAX
0-0	VITRIOL	2	SAGITTARIUS	1	REVERBERATIO GOLD
⊕ €	AES USTUM CROCUS VENERIS	$\subseteq \Phi$	NITRIC ACID	(A)	SAL TARTARI
	GREEN VITRIOL	Φ	RENOVATIO MET.	<u></u>	ANTIMÓNY REG.

FOUR STROKES - Small circle with straight lines

√ ∘	SATURN	4	AQUA FORTIS	*	SAFFRON
	CHALCITE	10	OIL OF TARTAR	ķ	SAFFRON
X	CRUCIBLE	1	GUM	1	MARCASITE
[DAY	1	SUBLIMATE	1	WHITE ARSENIC
4	STEEL	271	IRON	 0 	YMOMITMA
~]	PLANETARY S. (S)		MARS SILVER PAINT	>	TAURUS
Гс	HERB	70	IRON	011	GEMINT
	RIVER	,	MARS	⊢0 −1	SPIRIT
_0]	CINNABAR	N-	ORMOLU		VERDIGRIS
110	CJPELLA	8	MARS	-1-0	SALTPETRE
Lat	POTASE	a m	LITHARGE OF SIL.	17	MALCHIDAEL
8	ALUM	\uparrow	CROCUS MARTIS	[Planetary s. (C
(3)	ARMENIAN BOLE		MORNING URANUS)	MOON
-	LAPIS	£			SPIRIT OF VIRGO
9	DISTILLATION	٥	MARS		
-6	CROSS	X	IRON	X	PLANETARY S. (S
专	ANTEMONY	~	FLOW	0.	WHITE ARSENIC
Ŝ	SUBLIMATED ARSEN.	F	PLANETARY S. (S)	7	SFIRIT OF CAMCS
	TIGILLUM	7	CHARACTERS OF EL.	×	TIME
9	SKILLET'	======	QUENTESSENCE	0	ARSENIC
ø∕\	STELLAR INFLUENCE	-1-	VENUS	Ą	SALT
		7	JUPITER		
8	HOUR	9	WHITE ARSENIC		
\triangle	IGNIS ROTAE		MARCASITE		
	OIL	ķ	ANKH CHRIST		
1	MARCASITE		CHRISTMON SAL AMMONIAC		

FOUR STROKES - Small circle with one curved stroke

L. /		<u> </u>		Ć A	
Ť.	MERCURY QUICKSILVER	15	WHITE ARSENIC		CALCINATED HARTSHORN
4	QUICKLIME	5	CROCUS VENERIS	~~	PURIFY
	NEPTUNE	-	LEAD	√-°	PLANETARY S. (C)
まま	MERCURY	3	AQUA REGIS SATURN	J	OIL DISTILLATE
(t)	PLUTO	5	SATURN	- E	SUBLIMATED WINE
ada.	QUICKSILVER	7	SPIRIT OF ARIES	2×	AURUM MUSICUM
F	IRON	10	LEAD OF ANTIMONY	Ġ	CRYSTAL
至	MERCURY	3.2	DISTILLATION	Q()	WHITE VITRIOL
O -1-	POWDER	7.	QUICKSILVER		SAL ALKALI
SP	SIGIL	2/1	SATURN	50	REVERBERATIO
2,	PLANETARY S. (S)	X	ANTIMONY FLOWERS	Le	LIBRA
P	PLANETARY S. (C)	-	SPIRIT OF TAURUS		VENUS
\$ (AES USTUM	N	WHITE VITRIOL	\sim	VITRIOL
≽ €	STAR	+	ANTIMONY FLOWERS		LEAD @
ofo	SOAPSTONE	\$	CROCUS METALLORUM	1/6	ROMAN VITRIOL
→ -]	TIN	5	CROCUS VENERIS		
3	SPIRIT OF WINE		SATURN		
4"	LITHARGE OF SILV.	7-6-	POUND		
95	CAUDA	+-	HALF-LITRE		
The	CAPUT	ر کی	ARLES		
£	CAPUT	6	VENUS		
<u>√</u> 2	POTASH	110	COPPER		
9	MINERAL LEAD	\times 9	CHRIST		
17	LEAD	X	LIXIVIUM		

FOUR STROKES - Small circle with at least two curves

J.	ASCENDANT	3	PISCES	an s	TAURUS
°کب	SOUR	ريائي	CROSS	9	PURIFICATION
æ	AURICHALCUM	Fro	HAMALIEL	<i>م</i> س٠٠	PLANETARY S. (S)
Y	PLUTO	77-0	ZURIEL	06	LEO
E	CHRIST	°-₹\\;	PLANETARY S. (S)	3	SILVER
2	WATER	£-30	SPIRIT OF LIBRA	V	MYSTERIOUS PLAN
F	PLUTO	E,	PLANETARY S. (C)	eV	SCORPIO
Se	URANUS	ob	SOAPSTONE	E	GEMINI
)6	POTABLE GOLD	ep)	MOLIBDOCHALC -	臭	CHRIST
术	SOAPSTONE	Zo	ARIES		
\sum_{n}	SPIRIT OF SUL.	200	AMBRIEL		
3	PLANETARY S. (D)	W	INTELLIGENCIES		
£	MERCURY QUICKSILVER	<i>-</i>	JUPITER		
Y	MERCURY	63	TARTAR		
9	TIN	28	JUPITER		
J-0-1	SAL ALKALI	90	URINE		
3.	SCORPIO	2	CUPELLA		
0	PLANETARY S. (S)	~ ⁸	DISTILLATION		
\$	SPIRIT OF CAPR.	12	CUPELLA		
-707-3	REALGAR	To	MARCASITA AUREA		
w	SCORPIO	\$	SULPHUR		
9	PLANETARY S. (D)	29	JUPITER		
J	BOTTLE)—{	BORAX		
9	GOLD	X.	BOLE		
1	RETORT	Ü	IRON MARS		

FOUR STROKES - Small circle isolated within sigil

_	SPIRIT YEAR	Querran of	STONE
	ILAK	~~	MATTER
-0	CELESTIAL VAPOUR		
	SMOKE	رقه	White Arsenic
	YEAR	000	SALTPETRE
	OUNCE		SHLIPPIRE.
10	UNCIA	ong	SCORP 10
10	HERB		
0 }	CINNABAR		
10	CUPELLA		
~~	MYSTERIOUS PLAN.		
, V			
あ	QUICKSILVER		
*	URANUS		
8	OIE MOV		
\$	PLUTO		
~7	(FO		
·Z.	List		
え。	FIRE		
P			
60	TAURUS		
1.	AZUM		
00	SOAPSTONE		
To	PLANETARY S. (S)		
P	FLANEIBRI 3. (0)		
2_5	CALCINATED TARTE	\R	
-	or, on despens		
0-5-0	OIL OF TARTAR		
105	LIBRA		
r-3-1	LIBRA		
40	OIL OF TARTAR		
3	PLANETARY S. (C)		

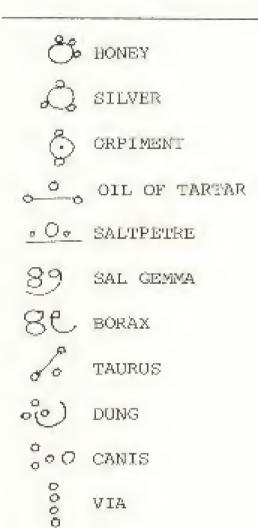
FOUR STROKES - Two circles plus straight lines

	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
Sp	CANCER DAY AND NIGHT	7-0	AES USTUM	(SALTPETRE WATER
19.	CANCER	Ī	CUCURBITA		WEITE ARSENIC
27	DAY	3-	AES USTUM ANTIMONY	\Longrightarrow	THREE FIRES
G 0	DAY AND NIGHT SALTPETRE	Ъ	ARSENIC BRASS	a 10	WHITE ARSENIC
do	DAY AND NIGHT		CROCUS VENERIS POTABLE GOLD	000	WHITE ARSENIC
		-	TOTALL GOLD	10	ARSENIC
19	DAY AND NIGHT	.9	BRASS	O-S	CALAMINE
0/	Dist sman falteri	9	BIM33		
<u>_</u>	CAT BUREOUS	9	CDIDIES OF CO. D		HOURGLASS SAND
-0	SALTPETRE	<u></u>	SPIRIT OF GOLD		WHITE ARSENIC
0	CANCER	q	COURT PARTIE II I	10	MITTER DOCUME
		ð	SULPHUR	6	WHITE ARSENIC
	SALTPETRE	-1	THE 000 DIES 1117		O.T. Therefore
9	DODAN	∞	PHILOSOPHIC SUL.	010	ORPIMENT
0	, BORAX	0 1		L	VINEGAR
9 9	30.00	9-1	MARCASITE	0	
\sim	ARIES	α		(F)	SAL TARTARI
	PURIFICATION		VITROM	()	
	RISING			6	SALTPETRE
	TAURUS	8	ABYSS	1	
	WATER OF LIFE			8	LIXIVIUM
A		()-()-1	CROCUS MARTIS	0	
9 9	ASHES OF TIN	D		8	FLAVOUR
	LODESTONE		-SPIRIT	~	
	MAGNET			00	FROMS
	SETTING	001	CROCUS MARTIS		
0/0	CAUDA	2/2	CROCUS VENERIS		
20	COPPER	00	WHITE LEAD		
0	LODESTONE	10	ACID		
06	LEO	2	REALGAR		
06	CALCINATE	90	DUNG		
20	SUN	10	ORMOLU		
ទ	AQUA FORTIS	D. P.	HELIOTROPE		
+-	MERCURY SUBLIMATE	®	and the state of t		
	QUICKSILVER	00	DISSOLUTION		
A.	ne ·		ORPEMENT		
7	COPPER		RED ARSENIC		
0			A SOURCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		

FOUR STROKES - Two circles plus at least one curve

80	PURGE	69	CANCER	200	SCORPIO
No	ARIES	00	CANCER	2	CROCUS MARTIS
,	ARSENIC CORAL	50	CANCER	B	LIME
ove	ARIES	-	CANCER	(B)	QUICKSILVER
00	SANDARAC	6-8	CANCER MOON PROPERTY	9	FILTER
9.8	PURIFY	(5)	MOON ARCANUM	8	MYSTERIOUS PLAN
16	CAUDA		CANCER	80	CRYSTAL OF SAT.
A.	MERCURY	69 8	CANCER	20	CRYSTAL OF SAT.
8	SAL ALKALI	15	SUBLIMATED MERC.	Å	WHITE WINE
4	MOOM	700	INTELLIGENCIES	A	FLOWERS OF ST.
	WHITE LEAD	80	REALGAR	A	WHITE ARSENIC
J	CAPRICORN MOON	T	SPIRIT OF MOON	0	SPIRIT OF ARIES
F	DISTILLATION	2	SPIRIT OF SAT.	عر بح	DAIMON
06	JUPITER		ALUM	8	MERCURY SUBL.
109	ARSENIC	ୌ.ଡ	SUBLIMATE	Q=0	TIN
20	CALCINATED TARTAR	99	REALGAR	0	THIRD EYE
	CALCINATED TARTAR	20	PLANETARY S. (S)	9	ANTIMONY
5	CANCER	>-	ARSENIC	3.	WHITE VITRICL
60	BOLE		FURNACE	90	ELECTRUM
60)	CANCER	o-)	SPIRIT OF SAG.	6	SILVER
\sim	CANCER	} {	FIRE	\propto	RED WINE
56	SUGAR	modern O	STONE	Â	WHITE WINE
60	CANCER	حيهي	WHITE ARSENIC	36	ARSENIC
	SAL AMMONIAC	\$ 00 \$\frac{1}{2}\$	MATTER	0	CAPUT
69	DAY AND NIGHT	20	PLANETARY S. (C)	2	CKAX
		ong	SCORPIO	· 9	WHITE ARSENIC

FOUR STROKES - Three or more circles



FOUR STROKES - Straight lines producing quadrilateral enclosure

į	EARTH		POWDER OF BRICK	II	GEMINI
	FIRE FIXED STAR	.43	College T Samue 1011	,]	
	FOUR-FOLD MAN		ORPIMENT	A	GEMINI
	HERMETIC TETRAD		Carmonena		SATURN
			SALTPETRE	×	
	LUTUM SAPIENTIAE	$+_{2}$	NETETING DOO	$\langle \rangle$	AQUISITIO
	MATERIAL	+3	MELTING POT	\Diamond	
	NATURE	1.1		\times	AMISSIO
	PLANETARY S. (S)		AIR	- 11	
	PRITHIVI		AURICHALCUM	\times	BRASS
	SALT		BRASS		GRADES OF FIRE
	SATURN		BRICK DUST	. 4.7	
	TETRAGONUM		GEMINI	XX -	ALEMBIC
	URINE		HOUR		AURICHALCUM
			IRON	44/	
	SALT		LEAD	Ж	GLASS
			MARCASITE		GRADES OF FIRE
	SESQUIQUADRATE		STERT.	1/	
			ZINC	\rightarrow	MATRIMONY
	CALCINATED GOLD			^	
		#	GEMINI	A	ALPHA
7	LIME OF GOLD			B	CALCINATED ALUM
	MERCURY	3/1	ASHES		CALCINATED REOF
	QUICKSILVER	7/~	CINDERS	4	ALUM
\Diamond	ANTIMONY	>>	CINDERS		LODESTONE
	BRASS	1.0		— T	
	CARCER	H	GEMINI)	SAL GEMMA
	HOLY DEITY	1 1			
	MATERIAL		GEMINI		DISTILLATION
	SOAP	,	HOUR	£ 1	
	VITRUM				LEAD
		11	DUNG		
/ > -	COPPER		FURNACE		
\checkmark			GEMINI		
1	TARTAR				
V		12	HOUR		
\Diamond	PLANETARY S. (D)	1	VERDIGRIS		
Ŏ	WEI MING DOM				
1	MELTING POT	_//_	GEMINI		
>	DIAMETRADA O /DA		SATURN		
	PLANETARY S. (D)		413777 677 7 7 3		
4	m. p.m. p		GEMIN1		
	TARTAR	the -	HOUR		
	SPIRIT OF ARIES	77	GEMINI		

FOUR STROKES - Four straight lines producing triangular enclosure

4	CARCER CROCUS MARTIS	-	WATER	X	PLANETARY S. (S)
	LEAD MARS	\forall	SATURN	X	PLANETARY S. (C)
	PUELLA SATURN	\	LEAD SATURN	\boxtimes	PLANETARY S. (S)
	SULPHUR VINEGAR	Z	COVERED POT	$\overline{\nearrow}$	EARTH
4	PUER	X	PLANETARY S. (C)	\sim	WATER OF LIFE
\triangle	CAUDA	X	PHLEGMA	\rightarrow	LUTATION HOUR
4	PLANETARY S. (D) SAL ALKALI	4	SAL GEMMA	F	JUPITER
A	HERMETIC SIGIL		AMALGAM	\angle	GOLD
4	MINIUM	<u>A</u>	AIR	\forall	EARTE
4	TARTAR	7.5	AIR	1_1	DULL FIRE
\forall	AIR EARTH ELEMENTS	F	WHITE ARSENIC CINNABAR		
	RAIN WATER WATER	1	VENUS		
∇	EARTH	47	TALC		
F	EARTH		TARTAR		
∇	MENSTRUUM	AV	AQUA REGIS CHRIST TRIUMPHANT		
∇	WATER OF LIFE	A	RED VITRIOL SEPARATE		
V	CAPUT	A	PLANETARY S. (S)		
\triangleleft	AQUA FORTIS CARCER PUER		MERCURY		
\Rightarrow	PUELLA	\bowtie	CROSS PYRITES		
X	EARTH	$\overline{}$	WHITE ARSENIC		
7	EARTH	X	CONJUNCTIO HOUR		

FOUR STROKES - Four straight lines producing open sigil

				3	
*	CHRIST	=	SAL AMMONIAC		COAGULATION
	FIXED STAR	+		,	CROCUS MARTIS
	PLANETARY S. (S)		CROSS		PLANETARY S. (S)
	SAL AMMONIAC		DEVIL ARCANUM		
	SEXTILE				PLANETARY S. (S)
			CROSS		
	STAR	- 1	CRUSS	11/	and the second second
	STAR ARCANUM	1.			MARCASITE
	WHITE ARSENIC	1-1-1	LAYER UPON LAYER		
					TRON
<u> </u>	CINNABAR	4	CROCUS MARTIS	h	
			EARTH HAND	4	QUICKLIME
\times	JUNO		IRON		201011111
					AND THOMAS CARO
来	CHRIST		MARS	I	ANTIMONY REG.
			OIL OF TARTAR		SATURN
7.	CARDER ODE		SAGITTARIUS	1/2	
	COPPER ORE		SULPHUR	477	ANTIMONY REG.
1			TEMPERAMENTS		
$\overline{}$	FIXED STAR		I EFFE ERCOPILIA C.S	Ţ.,	MODGHESS OF TERM
		/1)+-	MERCURY OF LEAD
大	BORAX	1	PUTREFACTION		
		1. 3		_/_	PLANETARY S. (C)
	CAUDA	\rightarrow	AIR		
1			CINNABAR		MARACSITE
	VERDIGRIS		MARS		
1			SAGITTARIUS	TZ	CHARACTERS OF EI
不	VERDIGRIS		SAGITIMETOS	1/	CHARACTERS OF EI
		()			
Y	CAPUT	7	COAGULATION		CROCUS MARTIS
-1-		,	MARS		
	METAI,		SACITTARIUS	11/	NEPTUNE
				-1-	
\equiv	PLANETARY S. (S)	+	MARS	1 1 3	MARCASITE
		V		J	
1	CONJUNCTIO		SEXUAL ENERGY	•	NEPTUNE
			SWELLING	. 1	
	(28 UD 3		TUTIA	L)	PRAYER
	CAUDA		VITRIOL		
	OIL OF TARTAR			+_	WHITE BEAD
			WATER		MILL TO SHOW FOR
	PLANETARY S. (S)	4	79.7, I 5.IV	5.0	
r	SOAPSTONE	_		~X,	TIN
		\sim	JESUS	-74-	
Ŧ	CLE TOLDE				BORAX
	CAPUT		EGG YOLK	,	
				7.	BORAX
	CAUDA		SAGITTARIUS	- V	and the second of the second o
			PROTITURINO	7	75 CON 18 18
	JUPITER			1/	BORAX
		\wedge	SAL ALKALI		
W. T. T.	CT. I RMMANACTOR	1			QUICKLIME
	SAL AMMONIAC	×77	SAGITTARIUS		
		\times '			

FOUR STROKES - Four straight lines producing open sigil (continued)

	B. S. B. S.				
1	VIRGO	/	MERCURY OF LEAD	11-	GEMINI
1	WHITE LEAD	Jan -	TARTAR	X	PISCES
-+++	JESUS SAGITTARIUS	买	PYRITES	X	TIGILLUM
	CAPUT MORTUUM	V	LAPIS	γ—— —	DAY
L	CHARACTERS OF EL.	<u>N</u>	LUTATION	I_{	WATER
	AES USTUM ASHES	4	FIX	>	GLASS
	CINDERS PLANETARY S. (D)	$\stackrel{\checkmark}{=}$	SEMI-SEXTILE	^_	HEAVEN
E	AMALGAM	——-i	CHARACTERS OF EL.	4	JUPITER
La .	PURIFY		FOUR ELEMENTS QUATERNARY		DAY
J 77	LIBRA		PLANETARY S. (D)		IRON
111	LIBRA		SUGAR	TV	HOUR
14-	MARCASITE			11-1	JESUS
<u>↓</u>	BORAX	 _	FIRE JUPITER SULPHUR	\vee 4	HIPPOCRATIC WINE
^	MERCURY SUB. MINTUM SALTPETRE	2	SAL GEMMA		
××	ALEMBIC	Z_{\perp}	ALUM		
	COAGULATE VITRUM		PLANETARY S. (C)		
17	ARIES	\times	AQUA FORTIS		
*	OIL OF TARTAR PLANETARY S. (S)	$\sqrt{}$	PLANETARY S. (S)		
	VAPOUR BATH	M	LODESTONE		
\forall	SWELLING	<u></u>	ANTIMONY REG.		
₹	PLANETARY S. (D)		SATURN		
<	PHLEGMA	V	SWELLING		
$\vee\!\!\vee$	MAGNESIA OMEGA	\sim	HOUR		

FOUR STROKES - Three straight lines incorporating enclosure

	1 1 2 -				
D	TRINITY	\square	MELTING POT	X	TUTIA
\triangle	FIRE HERMETIC SIGIL	4	OIL OF TARTAR	早	SALT
M	OIL OF TARTAR	3	MARS	⊥_ji.	POTASH
5	CIRCULATING FIRE	Az	CAPUT MORTUUM	本	SALNITER
Z_>	SANDARAC	1-0	ALKALI CAPUT MORTUUM	3	MINERAL SALT
40	CALCINATED ALUM	40	LIXIVIUM	$\overline{\Box}$	CHARACTERS OF EL.
<u>\\</u>	CIRCULATING FIRE	4	AMBRIEL SPIRIT OF GEMINI		LIME OF EGGSHELL
<u>s</u>	STELLAR INFLUENCE	~	ELEMENTS		BRASS
\triangle°	AIR	7	ELEMENTS	X	COPPER
Š	ALEMBIC	7	SALT	\sim	BRASS
25	CIRCULATING FIRE	<z7< th=""><th></th><th>-</th><th>SALTPETRE</th></z7<>		-	SALTPETRE
\triangle	AIR	10	QUICKSILVER	7-1	SATURN
Au	SALT	⊂F -7	VEGETABILIA	1-t-	SATURN
\triangle	WOOD	27	SAGITTARIUS	(ID	GLASS
A	MARS	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	PLANETARY S. (C)	-1-B	DECOCTION
$\overline{\nabla}$	WATER	7	SALTPETRE	VB	UNITE
\triangleright	RAIN WATER	*	CHRIST CHRISTMON CROSS	4	MARS
$\triangle S$	AQUA REGIS	HP	PREPARE	4	MARS
\triangle	RAIN WATER	P		A	HOUR
Z	BOUR	to 1	DUST -	TR	EARTH
X	PLANETARY S. (D)	1	AQUA FORTIS		
今	COPPER	D 日	BRICK.		
X	OIL OF TARTAR	R	PLUTO		
$ \bigcirc $	CRUCIBLE	*	JESUS		

FOUR STROKES - Three straight lines producing open sigil

8	STEEL	17	ROSE COLOUR	3	SATURN
Z	SAGITTARIUS	4	TIN	15	SPIRIT OF GEMINE
-+-+->	SAL ALKALI	The	LIBRUM	5.	LIME OF LEAD
4	MARS	-}-	OIL	1	PLANETARY S. (D)
43	CONJUNCTION	\sqrt{V}	CALCINATED LEAD	1	MINERAL SALT
7	IRON MARS	UT	CHARACTERS OF EL.	15	PINT
		Kr	MATTER	15	OIL OF SATURN
X_ 'Y	CROCUS MARTIS	JT_L	CHARACTERS OF EL.	3/2	CINNABAR
<u> </u>	IRON	27	WHETE WINE	J.D	CASSIEL
. 1	SAL AMMONIAC	~7	PLANETARY S. (D)	12	SODA
₹-1=>	CONJUNCTION	5	BRASS	45	GLASS
17	FUTREFACTION SULPEUR NIGRUM	21	SODA	1-6	IRON
3	SALT	21-	SALT	43	SATURN
-7	PLANETARY S. (D)	24	STEEL	27	SKULL
-3-	IRON	J-L	LITHARGE OF SIL.	$\stackrel{\times}{\sim}$	SATURN
3	JRON	7,	МОМТН	\sim	QUICKSILVER
_	CHARACTERS OF EL			407	PLANETARY S. (D)
3	ALEMBIC =	مبا	PLANETARY S. (D)	K)	CALCINATED LEAD
30	ZINC	J	ALUM	T	CALX METALLORUM
+	AMALGAM	X	MARS	77	CAPRICORN
7++	MERCURY	to	FLOWERS OF LEAD	6Ŧ	TIN
丰	MERCURY	3	TIN	$\overline{\times}$	CHRIST
$\chi_{1}\mathcal{F}$	CALX	~	SUBLIMATE	1	ANNEAL
14-	PLANETARY S. (S)	Zu	ALUM	₹.	JUPITER OIL OF TARTAR PLANETARY 5. (C)

FOUR STROKES - Three straight lines producing open sigil (continued)

		U.			
12	VIRGO	5	CALX	Y.	PULVERISE
24	STEEL	U	CALX	3	FLANETARY S. (S)
3	SCORPIO	5	SAL GEMMA	127	PLANETARY S. (C)
Tim	MERCURY OF LEAD	77	LEAD	4	PLANETARY S. (8)
3	MARS	+	LEAD SALT	\mathcal{D}	CROCUS VENERIS
\	BORAX	Ti	CALX	ϵ	*Õnickriwe
丰	MAGNESTA	13	SAL GEMMA	f.M	COPPER
9	QUICKSILVER	ス。	SAL AMMONIAC	27	FIX
美	CALX	22	JUPITER	W,	PLANETARY S. (D)
+	VCID	24	JUPITER	15+	RETROGRADE
Ć	AURICHALCUM	25	JUPITER :	_^	LIBRA
y	AURICHALCUM	9	JUPITER		DISTILLATION
F	ANTIMONY VITRUM	27.	JUPITER		HEAVEN LAPIS
7<	VITRIOL	2%	JUPITER		LIBRA POUND
7-	VITRIOL	41	HERMETICALLY S.		SACRIFICE
F-]_	LEAD) ! 11	HERB		SUBLIMATE
7-4	LAYER UPON LAYER	7 F			PRECIPITATE
<u> </u>	DIGEST	-77	SATURN		WHITE PREC. OF M.
-	GOLD	Le Te	CALCINATE		PLANETARY S. (S)
$\neq_{\mathcal{O}}$	HORN		CALCINATE	5	SILVER PAINT
37	IRON	LS-1	PLANETARY S. (C)	d	VINEGAR
$C \uparrow$	CROCUS MARTIS	≥	PLANETARY S. (S)	1	WICK
-1-	WHITE LEAD	S₩	SEMI-SEXTILE	-/2	WHITE VITRIOL
/					

FOUR STROKES - Two straight lines with enclosure

	23				
¥	FORTUNA MAJOR MERCURY	67	ARSENIC	9	ANKE CAPRICORN
		\boxtimes	VINEGAR	A	SUN
	FORTUNA MINOR	S	QUICKLIME		
	RUBEUS	92	ANTIMONY	\$	IRON
T	ALBUS	8	CASSEROLE	7	JUPITER
	PATINA OF SILVER	3	BOILER	24	JUPITER
4	SILVER FILINGS	- Q		\otimes	FONEY
C	QUICKSILVER	J. C.	CALX CHYMICUS] (LEAD
+2)	MOON	AR	MOUNTAIN BLUE		JUPITER
)(-	PISCES	A	CALCINATE	-T	EARTH
€	PISCES	A	BOTTLE		CUPELLA
2-6		\mathcal{F}	AMALGAM	\mathcal{Z}_{1}	
F	GEMINI PISCES	Ac	AQUA REGIS	4	WATER OF LIFE
	SATURN	4	ANTIMONY		WATER
)	PLANETARY 5. (C)	B	TIN		FIRE
Ħ	GEMINI	Q/	RETROGRADE		
2={	SATURN	'X			
$\supset \Sigma$	GEMINI	R.	RECIPE RETROGRADE		
TP.	GEMIN1	6=	CALX METALLORUM		
M	GEMIN1	ونے	PINT		
<u>m</u>	SATURN	92	PLANETARY 5. (D)		
££-	SATURN	AG=	REALGAR		
4	TARTAR	44)	MARS		
	MONTH	×			
	ARSENIC	4-	SATURN		
-4	ARSENIC	1.	OIL OF TARTAR		
\bigcirc	MADDINEC	4	OLU OF TAXIAR		

FOUR STROKES - Two straight lines producing open sigil

E 46 E 4					
4	ARSENIC MARS	7	ARIES	K	SACHIEL
	SAGTTTARIUS	$\overline{\zeta}$	CELANDINE	ರ್ಗ	TARTAR
φ	NEPTUNE	之	TIN -	12	TARTAR
+	AES USTUM	之	CALCINATE)TIC	TARTAR
)	NEPTUNE	4	TIN	717	MERCURY
X	CONJUNCTIO	\times	CEMENT	X	ALPHA
举	MERCURY	100	OCHRE	13.	CINNABAR
$\stackrel{\sim}{+}$	SUBLIMATED MER.	×	SPIRIT	$\sqrt{1}$	LIME
*	MERCURY	X	JUPITER	ET	PLANETARY 5. (C)
27	JUPITER PISCES	u ~	TIN	5	PLANETARY S. (S)
_		· · · · ·	MELTING POT	-4z_	CEMENT!
25	CALX CHYMICUS	7	VIRGO		PLANETARY S. (S)
21	CONJUNCTION	cc/	CALCINATED HARTSHO	ORN	MINIUM
1	CONJUNCTIO	$\sqrt{3}$	VAPOUR BATH	2°~~~	
45	WHITE ARSENIC	21	COAGULATION	20	ANTIMONY REG.
+20	ARSENIC SUB.	W	PLANETARY S. (D)	7	
2+	RUST	M	MIX	27	SAL GEMMA
4	ASTRAL WORLD		PLANETARY S. (D) WATER OF MERCURY	74	TRITURATE
0	POTASH	A	BRASS	2/5	VALUMN
-	_ VIRGO		EYE OF ETERNITY	15	SOAPSTONE
h		7	SAL AMMONIAC	<i>≫</i>	PLANETARY S. (9)
مثہ م	CANCER		SILVER SALT	2	VIRGO
21/	SILVER	∌ ∈	URANUS	4	SALT OF LEAD
5	VITRIOL	~×	CALCINATED WARTS.	~~~	SCORPIO
E	ASHES OF WOOD	8	MERCURY	5	ALUM
b (FIXED STAR		MENCONT)	13201

FOUR STROKES - Two straight lines producing open sigil (continued)

,		4		
35	CROCUS	$ \sqrt{\nu} $	BORAX	
	ANNEAL CALCINATE	D	CALCINATE	
− ⊱	CALCINATE	Ze -	ZINC	
Za	SUBLIMATE	<u></u>	TUTIA	
-6-	WAX	-30-		
	QUICKLIME			
<u> </u>	SPIRIT			
\$-	SALTPETRE SPIRIT			
	SPIRIT			
4	SUBLIMATED ARS	SENIC		
E	ZACHARIEL			
3	RECIPE			
7	CHARACTERS OF	EL.		
75	WHITE ARSENIC			
26	LAPIS			
#	SAL AMMONIAC			
ЭFС	SAL AMMONIAC			
Art	WATER OF LIFE			
4	RECIPE			
3/2	JUPITER			
5	FILTER			
7	BORAX CALX			

FOUR STROKES - One straight line with enclosure in sigil

X	SATURN	12	SACHIEL	R	GRAVEL BATH
F	MARS	\$ C	MERCURY	B	ARMENIAN BOLE
8	COAGULATION	Š	SULPHUR	QÀ.	WOOD
3	CAPRICORN LUTUM SAPIENTIAE	8	SAL GEMMA	~G-	POTASH
\ R)	CAPRICORN	H	PISCES	B2	RED WINE RETROGRADE
~~~	SAL ALKALI	FP	PREPARE	13.	RECIPE
V\$	CAPRICORN	49	FRONS	25	SALT
76	CAPRICORN	5	SATURN	-1-	
È	CAPRICORN	45	SATURN	Ą	TARTAR
3	CALX CAPRICORN	£	LEO LIBRUM	~? ?a	BORAX
7	CAPRECORN	97	VIRGO		ANTIMONY
Zs	LUTUM SAPIENTIAE	- <del>w</del>	COPPER		ANTIMONY
7	CAPRICORN	$-\omega_{\nu}$	AES USTUM		MERCURY QUICKSILVER
5	CAPRICORN	2	TIM	Fa	PLANETARY S. (
5	MINERAL SALT	Fe.	SULPHUROUS MAT.	€0-7.	
37	CORNUA ARIETIS	CE	PLANETARY S. (S)	<del></del>	DISTILLATION
3	CAPRICORN	ttj	COAGULATION		ALEMBIC
16	TIN	-8-3	FIRE	シー) ラン	GLASS
te	VOLATILE	50	BOLE	M	CLESCO
<del>\$</del> -	COPPER	te	VOLATILE		
+6	CAPRICORN	400	COBALT		
P	SACHIEL	Au	SALT		
<u></u>	ZACHARIEL	产毛	AQUARIUS		

### FOUR STROKES - One straight line within open sigil

<u> </u>	CAMPBOR		23	AMBER
m.	VIRGO		Jst	POUND
$m_{\perp}$	SCORPIO		تميہ	ANNEAL CALCINATE
m	SCORPIO		TE	
m	VIRGO		~ )	POUND
'n	SCORPIO		The state of the s	TIN
5	AES USTUM		75	LEAD
)>	MERCURY		555	LAYER UPON LAYER
T	OUNCE			
T	CALCINATED TA	ARTAF	}	
7-3	SCRUPULUS			
a	CALCINATE			
3	PLANETARY S.	(S)		
Š	VIRGO			
•	PLANETARY S.	(S)		
(	SODA			
4	PLANETARY S.	(C)		
	PLANETARY S.			
3	STEEL			
335	SAGITTARIUS			
well	ALKANET			
775	ALKÄNET			
B	RETROGRADE			
W	FUNDERE			
30	PLANETARY S.	(S)		
305				

# FOUR STROKES - Curves with enclosure within sigil

$\mathcal{R}$	ALKALI	81	MINERAL SALT	MD	VIRGO
6	SAL GEMMA	2	MERCURY	m	VIRGO
30	ALKALI	<b>&amp;</b>	CAPRICORN	m	VIRGO
SE	MINERAL SALT	23	AMBER	773	JUPITER
20	TIXIAION	570	REALGAR	AB	TIN
~\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{\bar{	VIRGO	T.	CAPRICORN	194	TIN
4-	CAPRICORN	75	SCORPIO	E.	TIK
7	LUTUM SAPIENTIAE	7)°	CAPRICORN	-E-	CAPRICORN
74	MARCASITE	6	CAPRICORN	3	LUNAR
7	LUTATION	3	CALCINATED TARTAR	NI	WHITE COAGULATE
X			PISCES		POPULUS
3	PLANETARY S. (S)	26	PISCES		SUN
~8	LUTUM SAPIENTIAE	26	CAPRICORN	$\rtimes$	LUNA FIXA
76	CAPRICORN	J.s	POLISH		IMMORTAL ADAM
08	JUPITER	9	MUD	2	MINERAL SALT
9-	LEAD	Č.S	SALSITER	<del>4</del> 43	TIN
Yo	CAPRICORN -	9	SALTPETRE	328	SATURN
~=	CAPRICORN /	10	SATURN	3	REALGAR
$\mathcal{L}$	CAPRICORN	3	SATURN	Oa.	MARCASITE
K	LIXIVIUM	<del>)                                    </del>	MAN	$\alpha a$	FLOUR
3	TIN	<u>)</u> >>	SALTPETRE	aa)	EQUAL
8	CALCINATED GOLD	92	AQUA FORTIS	-82	SULPHUR
3	GUM	$\gamma^z$	FIRE	$\mathcal{Q}$	TIN
2-(	PISCES	mp	SCORPIO	4	YELLOW WAX

### FOUR STROKES - Curves only

m	SCORPIO	$\partial \gamma$	LAPIS
	SCORPIO	Ny	HOUSE OF GOD
My	SCORPIO	$\sim$	
mg	SPIRIT OF WINE	A.	WHITE LEAD
94O	SCORPIO	C1	VITRIOL
	VIRGO		
M	VIRGO		
MD.	VIRGO		
M	MIX		
90	VIRGO		
m	VIRGO		
m	MONTH		
45	GUM		
N	PLANETARY S. (C)		
Me	SCORPIO		
Cy2	VIRGO		
حيع	SEXTARIUS		
(3	VIRGO		
5	SUBLIMATE		
5 L	WHITE LEAD		
37	INFUSION		
90	CUPELLA PISCES		
35)	QUICKSILVER		

# FIVE STROKES - Sigil incorporating large circle

CAPUT MORTUUM	07	AIR HAND	=======================================	POWDER
ANTIMONY		MARS	2	TIN
SUN		STEEL FILINGS	害,	PRECIPITATE
URINE	$Q_{i}$	IRON FILINGS	-	ARMENIAN BOLE
CHRYSOCOLLA			4	ANTIMONY
MARCASITE	<b>→</b>	-3	£	COPPER FILINGS
MARCASITE	4	VITRIOL	4	VINEGAR
MARCASITE	1	TRANSPLUTO	\$	CINNABAR
MARCASITE	र्द	COBALT	=	POWDER
MINERAL SALT	1	IRON	7	RED VITRIOL
COMET	9	IRON	9	VENUS
CROCUS VENERIS	3	CROCUS MARTIS	\$	GARNET
WHITE ARSENIC		SAGITTARIUS	8	CROCUS VENERIS
CALX METALLORUM	$\leftrightarrow$	MARS	9_	VENUS
MEAL	$\Longrightarrow$	MARS	F	DUST
QUATERNARY	9	HOMER'S GOLDEN CH PERFECTION	· 옥 _.	AES USTUM
VERDIGRIS	,	QUINTESSENCE	立	ANTIMONY CROCUS VENERIS
VINEGAR	2	COPPER CROCUS VENERIS	\$	PRAYER
SAL URINAE	(÷)		#	SAL GEMMA
CALCINATED VITRIOL	子		Q'	CROCUS VENERIS
ANTIMONY	\$		\$	QUICKSILVER
BIRDSEGGS	X CX		78	MERCURY
AURUM MUSICUM	A T		\rangle \tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{	MERCURY
IRON	I.		X	MERCURY METAL.
MARS	王	BLOODSTONE	-Y-z	PRECIPITATE OF 1
	ANTIMONY SUN URINE CHRYSOCOLLA MARCASITE MARCASITE MARCASITE MARCASITE MINERAL SALT COMET CROCUS VENERIS WHITE ARSENIC CALX METALLORUM MEAL WINE QUATERNARY VERDIGRIS VINEGAR SAL URINAE CALCINATED VITRIOL ANTIMONY BIRDSEGGS AURUM MUSICUM TRON	ANTIMONY SUN  URINE CHRYSOCOLLA MARCASITE MARCASITE MARCASITE MARCASITE MINERAL SALT COMET CROCUS VENERIS WHITE ARSENIC CALX METALLORUM MEAL WINE QUATERNARY VERDIGRIS VINEGAR SAL URINAE CALCINATED VITRIOL ANTIMONY BIRDSEGGS AURUM MUSICUM TRON	ANTIMONY  SUN  SUN  STEEL FILINGS  CHRYSOCOLLA  MARCASITE  COMET  CROCUS VENERIS  WEITE ARSENIC  CALX METALLORUM  MARS  MEAL  WINE  QUATERNARY  VERDIGRIS  VINEGAR  COOCUS VENERIS  VERDIGRIS  VINEGAR  COOCUS VENERIS  VERDIGRIS  VERDIGRIS  VERDIGRIS  VERDIGRIS  COOPER  CROCUS VENERIS  VENUS  ANTIMONY  BIRDSEGGS  AURUM MUSICUM  PLANETARY S. (D)  PLANETARY S. (D)	ANTIMONY  SUN  SUN  STEEL FILINGS  CHRYSOCOLLA  MARCASITE  MARCASI

#### FIVE STROKES - Sigil incorporating large circle (continued)

Z.	MERCURY	9	VENUS
<u>\$</u>	MERCURY OF LEAD		VITRIOL
4	MERCURY OF LIFE	200	VERDIGRIS
Z	MERCURY OF GOLD	⊕e	VERDIGRIS
	VERCHIEL	<b>⊕</b>	OIL OF VITRIOL
0-	VITRIOL	2	VINEGAR
40	MELTING POT	Å	OIL
9+	OIL OF ANTIMONY	8	PHILOSOPHIC EGG
4	PARS	DC.	SELENITE
A.	VERDIGRIS	FAR	MINED GOLD
<del></del>	SAL URINAE	TO S	FLOW
<del>=</del>	OLIVE OIL	2×	<b>ONINCANX</b>
$\oplus$ - $v_1$	VITRIOL	org	TAURUS
401	MOON	Got	PLANETARY S. (S)
(D-6	CROCUS VENERIS	J.C.	MINERAL SALT
OHX	CONGELATION		
8-	FARS		
$\leftarrow \odot$	ACID		
3,8	QUINTESSENCE		
8	TAURUS		
F	TAURUS		
S	ZINC		
R	ZINC		
-\$-	OIL		
Dy	VITRIOL		

### FIVE STROKES - One large circle

13	CALX	R	COPPER	10.	TIN
3	WHITE ARSENIC	60	CROCUS VENERIS	ofi	URINE
0	ELEMENTS STRONTIAN	18	CROCUS VENERIS	$\oplus$	SAL URINAE
$(\exists)$	VERDIGRIS	¥	JUPITER	Œ	ELECTRUM
( <del>%</del> )	EARTH	£.	MERCURY	29	TIN
(F)	AHENUM	\$	CROCUS VENERIS HAEMATITE		
9	SAL URINAE	용	POTABLE GOLD		
H	SAL GEMMA VERDIGRIS	80+	SPIRIT OF WINE		
X	SAL GEMMA	$O_{\downarrow}$	LEAD		
本	VITRIOL	340	MARS		
PH CH	CINNABAR	8	DAY		
		-9-	ORPIMENT		
02,	MARS STEEL	D	VERDIGRIS		
OX	CROCUS MARTIS	Q	URINE		
<b></b>	VITRIOL	<b>*</b> (1)→	VERDIGRIS		
	CROCUS MARTIS	果	CRYSTAL		
5 ±6	CINNABAR	Æ,	CRYSTAL		
恵恵		04	SAL ALKALI		
	VENUS	$\ominus \triangle$	VOLATILE SAL AI	ъĸ,	
Ø	LEAD	>D	VITRIOLIC ACID		
0	GOLD	$\Theta$	JUPITER		
4	VENUS	(5)0	CROCUS VENERIS		
87	SMOKE		WHITE ARSENIC		
9	CAPUT MORTUUM	المكيا	WHITE ARSENIC		

### FIVE STROKES - Small circle with straight strokes

		7 50 6			
*	PLANETARY S. (S)		ELEMENTS	F- 1	PLANETARY S (5)
+0+	AURUM MUSICUM	0-	ELEMENTS	F-7_0	OLIVE OIL
9	WATER OF LIFE	[9]	REGULUS	$\ll$	ALUM
9~	CALCINATED ALUM	4	och	<del></del>	GEMINI
$\sim +$	THREE BAPTISMS		OCH	9	MARS
8	DARKNESS	4	GLASS	7	TIN
0	LIGHT	[T]	CHARACTERS OF EL.	1	TIN
TIP.	SAL AMMONTAC		OIL	LJ	NEPTUNE
<u>&gt;</u> 0	ORPIMENT	4.	MARCASITE	700	NOTA BENE
S	GOLD SOLDER	Z2.	LAPIS	1/2	SODA
81	MARCASITE	<del>\</del>	IRON		CALCINATED ALUM
A .	SAL ALKALI	071	IRON ORE	M	MAGNESIA
X	TOGETHER	7	ANTIMONY	1	PLANETARY S. (C)
LX.	STEEL	07	IRON	7	STEEL
$\uparrow$	URANUS	O A	IRON	— <i>О</i>	CAUDA LEONIS
D. P. P. P.	DAY	\$	PLANETARY S. (A)		WAX
OXXX	DUST	K	TRINITY	1	YELLOW WAX
がき	POWDER	5	FLOWERS OF BRASS	6	CALCINATED TARTAR OLIVE OIL
H	URANUS	∠ -5—1	SPIRIT OF COPPER		VINEGAR
iti	URANUS				SUBLIMATED ARS.
H	URANUS	() -L	VERDIGRIS	4	CROCUS
F-1-1	HERSCHEL	1 jo	MELTING POT	_&	SAFFRON FLOWER
-	URANUS			40	TARTAR
F	WHITE VITRIOL	F	PLANETARY S. (S)	<u> </u>	EMPEROR
	_	.\	SPIRIT OF GEMINI		

FIVE STROKES - Small circle with straight strokes (continued)

A	TARTAR
	WINE
*	CROSS
	URINE
$\Diamond$	BRASS
[0]	CINNABAR RUBY SATURN
-0-	ORPIMENT
	PLANETARY S. (S)
$\Diamond$	AURICHALCUM
rd,	PATINA OF GOLD
6	GOLD SOLDER

# FIVE STROKES - Small circle with at least one curved line

53	CANCER	08	CROCUS MARTIS	40-3	SPIRIT OF WINE
J.	MINERAL SALT	C.F.	CINNABAR	\$	FILTER
	CRYSTALLISED VER.	42	QUINTESSENCE OF W	ı. Ş	MERCURY
J.	MARCASITE	2	IRON	8	SODA
علم	MOLIBDOCHALC	2	GEMINI	9 2	JUPITER
Wo	PLANETARY S. (D)	X	PLANETARY SYMBOLS	Œ	CALX
83	MINERAL SALT		SPIRIT OF SCORPIO	-60	JUPITER
39	SAL GEMMA	4-9	LEAD	g.	WHITE LEAD
97	MINERAL SALT SAL GEMMA	V9	SALT	—~~	YEAR
4	SAGITTARIUS	Ý.	MERCURY	-J	CALAMINE
-6 -6	IRON	<del>=+</del>	ALCOHOL -	_{	LAPIS
· <del> </del> g1	IRON RUST	\$	TIN F	_ro	PLANETARY S. (C)
\$ P	MARS	7	MAGNESIA -	-6	VAPOUR
<u>}</u>	CAPRICORN	¥	MERCURY	F.	NEPTUNE
6 C	ASHES OF LEAD	द्ध	MERCURY	-(1)	NEPTUNE
	AQUA REGIS	3L	MAGNESIA ** MERCURY	Les.	PLANETARY S. (C)
0-KY	WHITE LEAD	Š.		-60	FLOW
At	VITRIOL	H	MERCURY OF LEAD MERCURY SATURNI	<del>J</del>	LUTUM SAPIENT,
8-	ALUM	¥ ·		K-3	LILY
P	PHILOSOPHIC EGG	チ (+2	MERCURY OF AND	Of	GOLD ALLOY
\( \rac{C}{\rac{A}{A}} \)	QUINTESSENCE	80	MERCURY OF ANT.	Fort	CROCUS VENERIS
£°	OIL	YU X	SEVEN METALS	300	COMPOSITION
T.	EOROSCOPE	Ĉ z	VERDIGRIS		LIME
L	TO TOWN OF L	5	VERDIGRIS	m.	MORTIFY

FIVE STROKES - Small circle with at least one curved line (continued)

5-0	OIL OF SATURN	-13	PLANETARY S. (S)
FR	SATURN	( ₄ )	PLUTO
7	CHARACTERS OF EL.	5	PLANETARY S. (S)
X	STRING SILVER	39	SALT
34	CAFRICORN	2	SAFFRON FLOWER
2	CAPRICORN	Ĵ.	GUM
NJ	NOTA BENE	ong	SCORPIO
S.F	COPPER	∞ <u>∃</u> -	SAPPHIRE
Sp	SPIRIT	Lu	SMOKE
	CROCUS VENERIS	78	WATER BATH
m	VERDIGRIS	G.	SILVER ORE
0-H-X	CONGELATION	Š	SILVER ORE
a-P	ALUMEN PLUMEUM	<u></u>	AURUM MUSICUM
y	TAURUS	-p	CAPRICORN
-8-	VITREOL	3	BLUE
Syl	PLANETARY S. (D)	B	URINE
750	QUINTESSENCE		
wo	SCORPIO		
æg	TAURUS		
ong	TAURUS		
Q	SYZYGY		
91	TIN		
645	SPIRIT OF LEO		
2,0	PLANETARY S. (S)		

#### FIVE STROKES - Two small circles

	and the second second	d was f			
0++0	COPPER MERCURY	623	REALGAR	\$	IRON
	QUICKSILVER WHITE LEAD		VITRIOL	67	DIGEST
0	HUMAN WORLD	5-3-	SULPHUR NIGRUM	ge	STEEL
<del>-)(</del> 0	RED ARSENIC	ŧ	BRIMSTONE SULPHUR NIGRUM	T T	TIN ORE
	RED ORPIMENT	4	SULPHUR NIGRUM	<u>\$</u>	CROCUS VENERIS
<del>-110</del> 0	SPIRIT OF CAPRICOL	RN &		٠ ٢	CUPELLATION
~~	RED ARSENIC	∠ ₅ }	MINERAL SALT	To go	VALERIAN
<del>-00</del> ]	IRON RUST	-8-1	ANNUS PHILOSOPHIO	cus 4 8	QUINTESSENCE
2 7	ALUM	18	ORPIMENT	am	INTELLIGENCIES
Pa	SUBLIMATE	1-8-	MINERAL SALT	78	DISTILLATION
20	RED ORPIMENT	+8 →	YEAR	0/-	VERDIGRIS
00	RED ARSENIC	3-8	SAL GEMMA	er Z	RED ARSENIC
0	RED ARSENIC	77	MERCURY OF LEAD	6 6	
~~-i-	TUTIA	\$ .	SEVEN METALS	C & 2	MERCURY
4.	RED ORPIMENT	2	SAL GEMMA	01	PLANETARY S (C)
9		Ž.	ACID	0>	COPPER
F (4)	WHITE ARSENIC	A -	VINEGAR	्व	CHARACTERS OF EL
82	LODESTONE		SUN	8	AQUA REGIS
<u>0−)</u> -0	PLANETARY S. (A)	1-8-	ANTIMONY	8	ARIES
oho	LITHARGE	4-8	DIGEST	8	WATER OF LIFE
C-Lo	MALCHIDIEL	84	SUBLIMATED MER.	20	SPIRIT OF WINE
Sto	GUM	T87	COAGULATE	Sez	SEXTARIUS
<u></u>	OIL	1/81		50	SILVER
60	REALGAR	0	CONDENSED VAPOUR	E2_9	SILVER
25	REALGAR	Lat	SAL GEMMA	9/1	SATURN
0				V -	

#### FIVE STROKES - Two small circles (continued)

PLANETARY S. (S) SPIRIT OF GEMINI INTELLIGENCIES
CROCUS VENERIS
VERDIGRIS
ROOT
VIRGO
CAPRICORN
CAUDA SCORPIONIS
CAPRICORN
ASHES OF LEAD
CAPRICORN
TIN HONEY ANTIMONY CAMPHOR VERDIGRIS GLASS

# FIVE STROKES - Three or more small circles

o<∘	SAGITTARIUS	60	PLANT
0-10	SULPHUR	08	BORAX
070	VITRIOL	619	IRON
0 1	TAURUS	990	STEEL
0-10	QUICKSILVER	-4	STEEL
o	VITRIOL	673	CHARCOAL
c	MOON	600	WHITE ARSENIC
Ġ	ROMAN VITRIOL SALTPETRE	5	SUBLIMATE
	WHITE VITRIOL		REALGAR
o jo	VITRIOL	80	HOUSE
0 0	VITRIOL	X	WOOD
20	RED ORPIMENT RED SULPHURET OF	ars. D§	COPPER
	SAL ALKALI	<u></u>	WHITE ARSENIC
٥	CAPRICORN ORPIMENT	<u> </u>	oculus
99	ARIES	000	QUICKLIME
8	POTASH		
	SAL ALKALI		
	WATER OF LIFE		
go	PLANETARY S. (C)		
000	SPIRIT OF WINE		
æ.	ORPIMENT		
J.	CUPELLATION		
20 b	QUICKSILVER		
75	SPIRIT OF COPPER		
K	SALT		

FIVE STROKES - Five straight lines forming triangular shape

$\forall$	BLUE	$\nabla$	CONJUNCTIO	$\nabla$	SUN
$\triangle$	LAPIS	$\neg \Delta$	ALBUS	A	AIR
$\forall$	FORTUNA MAJOR	Z.	PURGATIVE WINE	41-	NITROUS AIR
47	CAPUT	77-	STONE		FORTUNA MAJOR
$\forall$	WATER	$\vdash \!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	EARTH	太	CAUDA
A	WATER	77-7	AIR	\$	AQUA FORTIS
A	EARTH	$L\Delta$	SLOW HEAT		FIXED SULPHUR FLUX
	TRISTITIA	$\wedge$			PHILOSOPHER'S ST.
			ANTIMONY	Y	
V	FORTUNA MAJOR		ARSENIC	$\vee$	QUICKSILVER
			CROCUS MARTIS		SALT
27	AQUISITIO		ELEMENTS		Lot day a
~	11%0		PALLAS	7	COR TATAL
7-7	GR TANK			Y	CAPUT
7//	CAPUT		PUER	-4-7	
A .			SOUL	V	CAPUT
$\triangle$	LOETITIA		SPIRIT OF SULPHUR	4	
			SULPHUR		FORTUNA MAJOR
$\triangle$	AMALGAM		WORLD ARCANUM	Ť	
			MONED THE THEORY	11	
$\triangle$	FORTUNA MINOR	4	FLOWERS OF SULPHUR	Y	PUELLA
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		a non-ball of believed	7	THE
4	CAUDA	$\triangle$	FIII DHUD	77	PUER
44	CAODS	4	SULPHUR	· ^	
$\triangle$		-7		4	PUER
777	CAUDA	$\rightarrow$	QUICKSILVER	,	
Λ		1		!	VITRIOL
41	AMISSTO	4	FLOWERS OF SULPHUR	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
		_		$\nabla$	BORAX
A	RUBEUS		CALCINATED ALUM	Ϋ́	Loren
		11		~~^`	
A-	SOUS FORMIC	11	* 1170	X	MERCURY SUBLIMATE
7	AQUA FORTIS	$\Rightarrow$	LEAD		
-7				$\wedge \wedge$	1GNIS FORTIS
A	CONJUNCTIO	At	NITROUS AIR	Fan V	WHITE
4					
Æ,	FORTUNA MINOR	<u> </u>	ARSENIC	NA	CROSS
£-3		+			rengated for he
747	AQUA REGIS	$\times$	CINNABAR	. ^	84 T21 TTT34
1	CANAGE TARREST	all the same	C TIMESTOWN	بسرسب	MINIUM
5-7	TO DOTA				
4	FARTH	1	AQUA FORTIS		MOON
_>_		K		V	
ZA.	WATER OF LIFE	1	AQUA FORTIS	18	LUTATION
V					

FIVE STROKES - Five straight lines forming triangular shape (continued)

1111 7 to 4.E	
$\Diamond$	FOUR EVANGELISTS
V	FOUNTAIN WATER
1	ANNEAL
abla	AQUA FORTIS
11	CROCUS MARTIS
+1>	CALCINATION
1	BOIL
X	AQUISTTIO
*	AMISSIO
EA	ANAEL
F	VINEGAR
1	CALCINATED LEAD
	QUINCUNX
A-Z	TARTAR
$\Leftrightarrow$	SUBSTANCE
_1	MUENIM
A	WHITE VITRIOL
2	WEEK
1	BORAX

FIVE STROKES - Five straight strokes forming quadrilateral in sigil

				<u></u> .	
47	ROMAN VITRIOL		JUDGEMENT MERCURY SUBLIMATE		BLEND
	LEAD		SALTPETRE		CHARACTERS OF EL.
$\Box$	TERRA LEMNIA		SHEET	1	CALCINATE
	LEAF MATERIAL	₹===	SHEET		EARTH
	SAL URINAE		FIXITY HONEY	T	CALCINATE
	DISTILLATION		TIN SAL URINAE	À	SIGIL
#	URINE		URINE WHITE WINE	$\Diamond$	CHARIOT
	ZINC	$\Diamond$	ANTIMONY	7	HAEMATITE
##	ANTIMONY	Δ	HOLY DEITY SUN		MERCURY SUBL.
###	JESUS	V	ANTIMONY —	——————————————————————————————————————	SALT CALCINATED TARTAR
+++	WHITE ARSENIC	$\Diamond$	AURICHALCUM BRASS		COPPER
*	QUINTESSENCE OF WINE		SOAP SULPHUR	1-	CALCINATED TARTAR
1	ARSENIC		SUN URINE	47	CALCINATED TARTAR
===	MARCASITA AUREA	<b>_</b>	SAL GEMMA	11.	COPPER
4	HONEY	$\Diamond$	CINDERS		
<u></u>	SULPHUR	1	PUELLA PUER		
177	AMISSIO	$\rightarrow$	DAY		
4	AQUISITIO	N.	PLANETARY S. (D)		
7	ANTIMONY DAY	1	LEAD		
(	NIGHT	•	SATURN		
	MELTING POT	F	MINIUM		
	MINERAL SALT	F	PLANETARY S. (D)		
	FURNACE	I	DUNG .		

### FIVE STROKES - Five straight lines giving open sigil

<del>-+!-+</del> -	SAGITTARIUS	17	SAND	X	CHRIST TRIUMPHANT
K	CASTOR OIL		TIN	I,	BORAX
$\rightarrow$	SAGITTARIUS		ZINC	$ \sqrt{} $	PUTREFY
t	PUTREFACTION	t	DAY	$\vee\!\!\!\vee\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	WATER HAND
$\xrightarrow{\hspace*{1cm}}$	SAGITTARIUS	7	JUPITER	大	LAPIS
T	VITRIOL	1	PLANETARY S.	(D) M	VITRIOL
I	VITRIOL	<u>    -</u>	JESUS		WHITE VITRIOL
4	MARS		NIGHT	$\gamma$	TOGETHER
1	CHARCOAL	Œ,	AURICHALCUM	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	COPPER
Z	CROCUS MARTIS	5	AURICHALCUM	+ +++	CALX QUICKLIME
7	SAGITTARIUS	<u>T_</u> _T	TIN	+	
7	MARS	$\times$	LAPIS	*	CROSS
V	SAGITTARIUS	**	DISTILLATION	2	SKILLET
12	IRON	4	ESSENCE	大	COPPER
<b>T</b> ,	BORAX	,	NEPTUNE	1	BORAX
V	PUTREFACTION	7-	CINDERS	7	LUTATION
+-	COPPER	1-1-1	CINDERS POTASH	7	SODA
+	CINDERS		SULPHUR	N	WATER
4	ASHES	+7	CINDERS	<b>承</b>	ALPHA
<u>-</u> -	AES USTUM	/- <del></del>	TIN	W	CHRIST TRIUMPHANT
M	WINE	4	DIGEST	$\wedge$	CHRIST TRIUMPHANT
\\	YELLOW WAX	7	TIN	全	SAGITTARIUS
17		1	LAPIS	W	HOUR
	SALTPETRE CHARACTERS OF EL.		MARCASITE	天	VENUS
76.	CHIMICIEMS OF BELL			1	

FIVE STROKES - Five straight lines giving open sigil (continued)

	WATER	Z-7	TARTAR
F	IRON	Z	TRINITY
	MATTER		VINEGAR
	LIMESTONE	1	VIA
	MINERAL SALT	N	BORAX
$\sum_{i}$	PLANETARY S. (C)	N.	BORAX
	SAL ALKALI	Z	ANNEAL
$\overline{\mathbb{X}}$	FIX	-+7	ACIEL
- / -	DISTILLATION	4	APADIEL
1	PLANETARY S. (S)		
F	COPPER		
12	CRUCIBLE		
$\overrightarrow{\bot}_{\lambda}$	JESUS		
F7	ANTIMONY REGULUS		
Z7-	TIN		
<u> </u>	SALT		
Æ	EMETIC WINE		
V	QUINTESSENCE		
大大	DUNG		
1_ 1	EARTH OF LEMNO		
<u></u>	FOTASH		
_   \	TARTAR		
<del></del>	TALC		
美	PLANETARY S. (S)		

# FIVE STROKES - Five curves only

VIRGO	Se	JUPITER	8	QUICKSILVER
VIRGO	29	JUPITER	Ō	WINE
VIRGO	8-C	KINDLE	S	HAEMATITE
VIRGO	Kur	SMOKE	X	SILVER OIL
LAYER UPON LAYER	Lin	SMOKE		
SALTPETRE	90	GRAIN		
VIRGO	20	PLANETARY S. (C)		
CALCINATED ALUM	7	LUTUM SAPTENTIAE		
CHARACTERS OF EL.	ee/s	MIDHEAVEN		
VIRGO	28	COAGULATION		
MAGNESIA	э <del>-</del> č	BORAX		
COAGULATION	3	PLANETARY S. (S)		
CAPRICORN	290	SALT		
TIN	333	ALKANET		
CAPRICORN	E	MOON		
CAPRICORN	25	LEO		
MOON SILVER	利	MARCASITE		
CALCINATED GOLD	C-C	ALBUMEN		
	(F. (	ALBUMEN		
TAURUS	±	ALBUMEN		
	D/O	SPIRIT OF TAURUS		
		SCORPIO		
SIGIL	St	WHITE ARSENIC		
	VIRGO VIRGO VIRGO VIRGO LAYER UPON LAYER SALTPETRE VIRGO CALCINATED ALUM CHARACTERS OF EL. VIRGO MAGNESIA COAGULATION CAPRICORN TIN CAPRICORN CAPRICORN CAPRICORN SILVER CALCINATED GOLD SULPHUR TAURUS CAPRICORN CHARACTER	VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  LAYER UPON LAYER  SALITPETRE  VIRGO  CALCINATED ALUM  CHARACTERS OF EL.  VIRGO  MAGNESIA  COAGULATION  CAPRICORN  TIN  CAPRICORN  CALCINATED GOLD  SULPHUR  TAURUS  CAPRICORN  CHARACTER	VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  LAYER UPON LAYER  SMOKE  SALIPETRE  GRAIN  VIRGO  CALCINATED ALIM  CHARACTERS OF EL.  VIRGO  CAGULATION  MAGNESIA  COAGULATION  CAPRICORN  CALCINATED GOLD  SULPHUR  TAURUS  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CALCINATED GOLD  SULPHUR  TAURUS  CAPRICORN  CHARACTER  WHITE ARSENIC	VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  VIRGO  CAYER UPON LAYER  SALIPETRE  VIRGO  CALCINATED ALUM  CHARACTERS OF EL.  VIRGO  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  MOON  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  MOON  SILVER  CALCINATED GOLD  SULPHUR  TAURUS  CAPRICORN  TAURUS  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  MOON  SILVER  CALCINATED GOLD  SULPHUR  TAURUS  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  SULPHUR  TAURUS  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  SULPHUR  TAURUS  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  CAPRICORN  SPIRIT OF TAURUS  CAPRICORN  CHARACTER  WHITE ARSENIC

# FIVE STROKES - Four straight lines in sigil

<b>⊢</b> -7∿4	BRONZE	余	PHILOSOPHIC SUL.		HONEY
$\vdash \cap \dashv$	ANTIMONY	1s	CALCINATE		JUPITER URINE
-n- 7	WHITE LEAD	7	SULPHUR NIGRUM		ALUM
-<	GRADES OF FIRE	4	BLACK TALC	d d	SALT
_X_	EGG YOLK YELLOW WAX	4	PHILOSOPHIC SUL.	IJ^	SALT
	LUTATION	幺	SULPHUR	Es	MEPH1STOPHELES
~	MOON DECREASING MOON INCREASING	<b></b>	PLANETARY S. (D)	$\Box$	FILTER
	MOON RISE SILVER	X	CONJUNCTIO	20	SEMI-SQUARE
	WAX YELLOW WAX	4	AQUA FORTIS		SEMI-SQUARE
−€√-	DISTILLATION	4	RAIN WATER	SII	SEMI-SQUARE
$\bigcirc$	OMEGA	P	RAIN WATER		HONEY
	MOON DECREASING	K	PLANETARY S. (C)	土。	QUICKLIME
	MOON INCREASING	4	AQUA FORTIS	之。	LIME
-J	SPIRIT	7	ABSORBENT EARTH	F	CASSIEL
=,-	SPIRIT	$\overline{\forall}$	ABSORBENT EARTH		ASMODEL
-	LEAD	$\Diamond_i$	MEPHISTOPHELES	·z/	CASSIEL
to	GOLD	$\leftarrow \Diamond$	COHABITIO	17-	VITRIOL
T.	PRECIPITATE	8	AURICHALCUM	7Zn	QUICKLIME
=	HORSEDROPPINGS	$\Diamond$	SUN	20	QUICKLIME
E	SPRING	0	SUN		JESUS
五	CONJUNCTIO	$\Diamond \sim$	FILTER	7	TIN
24	MOIVIXIL	Ż,	PLANETARY S. (5)		PLANETARY S. (S
As	CALCINATE	[0]	CIRCULATING FIRE	*	SAL AMMONIAC
2	SULPHUR		DISTILLATION	) Z	QUICKLIME
- / /				'	

FIVE STROKES - Four straight lines in sigil (continued)

)	SEASALT	美	MERCURY	血	TUTIA
F	SEPARATE	J.	ANTIMONY	15	SUBLIMATE
S	SILVER	¥	QUICKSILVER	ES	PUTREFACTION
W	VIRGO	Ŷ	FIXATION	XP	CHRIST
40	SPIRIT OF AQU.	Y'	WHITE LEAD	1	STEEL
1,5	JUPİTER	H	BORAX	乓	PLANETARY S. (D
411	JESUS	#	RED SULPHUR	6	PLANETARY S. (S
3	RECIPE	NO.	REGULUS	T	PLANETARY S. (D
3	SAL AMMONIAC	CIT	MARCASITE	c 3	SAL GEMMA
VI	VINEGAR	HC/	MARCASITE	$\overline{\Lambda}$	EARTH
44	CONJUNCTION	2/11	ADATIEL	6	CALCINATE
1	MERCURY	2	CONJUNCTION	\$	ARSENIC SUB.
2+>	CONJUNCTION	4	OIL OF TARTAR	A	SALTPETRE
	MERCURY	2+>	JUPITER	}{	SAL GEMMA
Fb	LAPIS	57	SAGITTARIUS	X	SAL GEMMA
F	PLANETARY S. (D)	387	MARS	H	SAL ALKALI
+++	PLANETARY S. (D)	747	SAGITTARIUS	3	PLANETARY S. (C)
I-c	PLANETARY S. (C)	1	SAGITTARIUS	ZT^	EXTRACT OF COR.
7-E	COAGULATE	2	ULCER		OCULUS
FC	PLANETARY S. (C)	1	PLANETARY S. (S)	*	SPIRIT
42	MINERAL SALT	43	PUTREFACTION	*	CHRIST
00	FIRE TRIPLICITIES	28	ADNACHIEL	- 15 °	TIME
AS	GRADES OF FIRE	NA.	SOAPSTONE	*	TAU
\$	FIX	Œ.	VERCHIEL	12	PLANETARY S. (S)
		250			

# FIVE STROKES - Three straight lines in sigil

$\Delta$	REVERBERATING FIR	RE 2	PLANETARY S. (D)	-3-	GRADES OF FIRE
X	SPIRIT OF SILVER	<i>Y</i>	ALUM	Fr	SPIRIT OF TAURUS
5	SULPHUR	Á	ALUM	25-	PLANETARY S. (S)
3	STONE	7	AMBRIEL	G_3	PLANETARY S. (S)
A	ALKALI	EF.	PLANETARY S. (C)	TSV	POTASH
9	RED IRON ORE	The same	OPAL	工	POTASH
$\langle \hat{\chi} \rangle$	PLANETARY S. (A)	B	BENJAMINE FLOWERS	4	CALCINATED SILVE
4	AQUA REGIS	21/	BORAX	Q.	SELENITE
Š	VITRIOL	1	CAPRICORN	DIT	FULL MOON
A	QUICKLIME	35	VESTA	PP	PREPARE
8	MOON ARCANUM	76	PYRITES	H	PULVERISE
$\nabla 2$	AQUA REGIS	45	JUPITER	99	GEMINI
B	ANAEL	Be	RECIPE	275	BORAX
1/3	LEO	1	PYRITES	217	MARCASITE
£	AMALGAM	<del>&gt;</del> (v	SUMMER	2c	
$\mathbb{H}$	AMALGAM	5	SUN		EARTSHORN
#	CINNABAR	3/	FLANETARY S. (C)		
Jey Y	BORAX		RED VINEGAR		
(T	FULL MOON	emana.		U	
76	LITHARGE	2	PLANETARY S. (S)	F	
14	LIBRA		LIBRA	F	
	COMPOSE				PLANETARY S. (S)
			GRADES OF FIRE		PLANETARY S. (S)
	PLANETARY S. (C)				PLANETARY S. (S)
			DODELL'ANTE	7-	PLANETARY S. (D)

# FIVE STROKES - Three straight lines in sigil (continued)

الريح	NIGHT	11	STONE 2	QUICKLIME
1-00	NIGHT	7	JUPITER	JUPITER
140 H	NIGHT	* 7	PLANETARY S. (S)	SILVER PAINT
T	ANNEAL	R+	EARTH F1	FLOWERS
1-4	ALUM	25	POTASH	MINERAL SALT
2	ANNEAL	90	AEITOM OBBIWENL	MARCASITE
(±2)	TARTAR	-k-L	MARS BS	RETROGRADE
5	SEXTARIUS	<b>₩</b>	ALUMEN PLUMEUM	
€1	SILVER PAINT	2_(0)	CINDERS	
<del>)(</del>	POTABLE GOLD	#	PULVERISE	
r <del>) (</del> -1	COMPOSE	+	DUST	
96	FAEX VINI	À.	BURNED ALUM	
Fr.	LAPIS	NR	NITRE	
E	LIMESTONE	B	NOTA BENE	
Œ	WOOD ASHES	RA	MANIPULE	
一十	ASHES OF HARTS.	131	MIST	
J-+-C	CINDERS	W	PLANETARY S. (D)	
J-C	ANTIMONY	15)	FOG	
		2	CALCINATE	
2+5	NEPTUNE	No	BORAX	
赤	MERCURY	5	CALCINATED HARTSHORN	
¥	CALX METALLORUM	M	LITHARGE	
4	SULPHUR	87	MARS	
7	TARTAR	Q87	PURIFICATION	

# FIVE STROKES - Two straight lines within sigil

				B. B. B.	
-2-	WHITE LEAD	$\Rightarrow$	MARS	256	SUBLIMATE
	PREPARE	< P	MARS	Z	CEMENT
-5-	GRADES OF FIRE	$\iff$	SAGITTARIUS	#	DUST
~~~w	MICHAEL	2	MARS	73	JUPITER
رحم	PLANETARY S. (C)	1	IRON	42	MERCURY
An	SUBLIMATE	1	MARS	4	REALGAR
Zp	LIME OF VITRIOL	5	MARS	23	HOUR
70	COPPER	20	STEEL	445	STEEL
VĴ	CAPRICORN	m	SCORPIO	حرو	FIRE
V3	CAPRICORN	2	PLANETARY S. (C)	· X	PLANETARY S. (C
vg	CAPRICORN	$\gamma n \rightarrow$	SCORPIO	(x)	GREEN
rg	CAPRICORN	3.2	FIREPROOF	7	GUM
V2)	CINDERS	BZ	BATH	B-	AQUA REGIS
40	CAPRICORN	31	CORONA	\swarrow	CAMPHOR
9-1	ALKALI	13/	BISMUTH	\mathscr{X}	SUMMER
Q_L	CHARACTERS OF EL.	85	MINIUM	750	SULPHUR VIVUM
Ty	CAPRICORN	50	SALT	704	SPIRIT OF WINE
5	CASSIEL	Coy	WHITE LEAD	.7.	VINEGAR
Y	WHITE LEAD	D	PART		SUBLIMATED WINE
WX	VIRGO	42	PARS	7	RAPHAEL
4	SUN	F2	PARS	*	CROSS
63	PLANETARY S. (S)	8	JUPITER	五	MINIUM
	SATURN	A	MOON	mx	SCORPIO
22	PLANETARY S. (D)	7	TARTAR	1./-	TIN
				~	

FIVE STROKES - One straight line in sigil

SAGITTARIUS	43	WASH IN LYE	CAPRICORN
ANNEAL ANNEAL	ولم	CHARACTERS OF EL.	AURICHALCUM
J PLANETARY S. (C)	王	QUICKSILVER	REGULUS
CAPRICORN	m	VIRGO X	MELTING POT
CAPRICORN	12-	PLANETARY S (C)	
25 CAPRICORN	-wS	PREVIOUS SYZYGY	
TAURUS	·÷·)	SUBLIMATED WINE	
STIN TIN	at	POWDER	
SUBLIMATE	-)))	SAGITTARIUS	
SALTPETRE	33	CINNABAR	
WATER	TT !!	SMOKE	
B reverberatio	\bigcirc	SKULL	
Root Root	(00)	ATHANOR	
RETROGRADE	CD	TAURUS	
RETROGRADE	Sort	PLANETARY S. (D)	
VAPOUR BATH	M	. VIRGO	
B PUGILLUM	J^	PLANETARY S. (S)	
ER TEREBINTE	?—-€	PISCES	
PARS CUM PARTE	20	COPPER	
EL PLANETARY S. (C)	\mathcal{H}	TARTAR	
CIP JUPITER	24-0	PISCES	
ORPIMENT	4.0	POTASH	
TI PLANETARY S. (C)	545		
18 CAPRICORN	et-		